

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

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Staff: LRO-SD
 Staff Report: 3/21/05
 Hearing Date: 4/13-15/05

REVISED CONDITIONS AND FINDINGS

Application No.: 6-04-38

Applicant: Dave and Sheri Jocis

Agent: Joe Astorga

Description: ~~Substantial~~ Partial demolition and remodeling reconstruction of a previously-conforming 1,779 sq.ft., two-level duplex resulting in a 2,135 sq.ft., three-level duplex including removal of a 3-ft. high concrete privacy wall that encroaches three feet into the public right-of-way (Ocean Front Walk) and reconstruction along the western property line on a 2,213 oceanfront lot.

Lot Area	2,213 sq. ft.
Parking Spaces	4
Zoning	R-N
Plan Designation	Residential North (36 dua)
Project Density	39 dua
Ht abv fin grade	30 feet

Site: 703 & 705 Zanzibar Court, Mission Beach, San Diego, San Diego County.
 APN 423-314-01

Summary of Commission Action:

Staff recommends the Commission adopt the following revised findings in support of the Commission's action on January 12, 2005. In its action, the Commission approved the project with special conditions addressing submittal of final plans, timing of construction and removal of the concrete privacy wall and portion of existing duplex that encroaches into the public right-of-way.

Date of Commission Action: January 12, 2005.

Commissioners on Prevailing Side: Vice Chairman Kruer, Iseman, Neely, Peters, Reilly, Secord, Shallenberger.

STAFF NOTES:

Project History:

The subject permit application was received on 4/15/04. On 5/3/04 Commission staff sent a letter to the applicant requesting additional information (i.e., specifically, a demolition plan). On 5/24/04 the applicant's agent met with Commission staff to discuss the letter, but refused to provide the requested demolition plans. The project was thus scheduled for review at the Commission's July 14-16, 2004 Meeting with a staff recommendation of denial. Upon receipt of the staff report, on 6/30/04 the applicant's agent submitted a letter requesting a three-month postponement of the project to respond to the staff recommendation, specifically requesting that the item be heard in San Diego. Subsequently, the project was again scheduled for review at the October 2004 hearing in San Diego, pursuant to the applicant's request. On 10/7/04 the applicant's attorney faxed a letter to the San Diego office requesting that the item again be postponed. In that letter, it was stated that the project was being modified to respond to staff concerns and that revised plans would be submitted at a later date. As the applicant had already used the one-time automatic right to postponement to respond to the staff recommendation, the second postponement needed to be granted by the Commission and was on 10/14/04. On November 23, 2004, the applicant submitted revised plans and asked that the revised project be heard at the January 2005 Commission meeting.

Summary of Staff's Preliminary Recommendation:

Staff is recommending that the Commission deny the proposed duplex reconstruction as it will result in construction of new development in a non-conforming location resulting in adverse impacts on visual resources and public access, inconsistent with Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act as well as the City of San Diego certified LCP, which the Commission uses for guidance in this area. The City's LCP requires that all development observe a 7-ft. setback from the western property line adjacent to Ocean Front Walk in this area of Mission beach. The existing duplex does not comply with the LCP. The project involves substantial demolition and reconstruction of a pre-Coastal Act residential duplex that is partially located on public right-of-way (Ocean Front Walk—the public boardwalk). However, the applicant represents the project as only a remodel and small addition to the duplex and thus, proposes to retain the non-conforming setbacks.

The applicant has recently revised the plans to remove the 18" encroachment into the public right-of-way for the existing duplex and to remove the existing 3-ft. high privacy wall that extends three feet beyond the western property line into the public right-of-way and to reconstruct it along the western property line. While the applicant claims to retain 50% of the existing exterior walls, it appears the project still involves the demolition of more than 50% of the exterior walls to redevelop the property. In any case, the project will convert the existing first floor to parking for the new development, then add new second and third floors as well as a roof deck on top of the third floor.

In addition, the proposed project will result in increasing the degree of non-conformity of the existing structure. The nonconforming setback on the first floor that is located within

the property lines of the subject site will remain unchanged but the setback of the existing second floor will be changed in addition to the construction of a new third floor. Currently the second floor setback meets LCP setback requirements. However, the proposed new second floor and the third floor will not as they are proposed to be set back 3 ft. from the property line, almost directly over the first floor. However, the LCP requires that levels above the first level be setback further beyond the required first floor setback so as to "step back" the development. In this case, that setback for the upper levels should be 10 feet but the applicant proposes to observe only a 3 ft. setback. Thus, the proposed project will result in a three-story solid wall of development directly adjacent to the public boardwalk, with no "step-back feature for upper levels" as required by the LCP. Since the applicant is proposing to essentially reconstruct the duplex, yet still maintain its non-conforming setbacks, resulting in adverse impacts on both public access and visual resources inconsistent with Coastal Act, staff recommends that the development be denied.

Substantive File Documents: Certified Mission Beach Precise Plan and Planned District Ordinance; Encroachment Maintenance and Removal Agreement No. 02-024-7; CDP #6-02-125

I. PRELIMINARY STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

MOTION: *I move that the Commission approve Coastal Development Permit No. 6-04-38 for the development proposed by the applicant.*

STAFF RECOMMENDATION OF DENIAL:

Staff recommends a **NO** vote. Failure of this motion will result in denial of the permit and adoption of the following resolution and findings. The motion passes only by affirmative vote of a majority of the Commissioners present.

RESOLUTION TO DENY THE PERMIT:

The Commission hereby denies a coastal development permit for the proposed development on the ground that the development will not conform to the policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act. Approval of the permit would not comply with the California Environmental Quality Act because there are feasible mitigation measures or alternatives that would substantially lessen the significant adverse impacts of the development on the environment.

The staff recommends the Commission adopt the following resolution:

I. MOTION: *I move that the Commission adopt the revised*

*findings in support of the Commission's action on
January 12, 2004 concerning approval of Coastal
Development Permit No. 6-04-38.*

STAFF RECOMMENDATION OF APPROVAL:

Staff recommends a YES vote on the motion. Passage of this motion will result in the adoption of revised findings as set forth in this staff report. The motion requires a majority vote of the members from the prevailing side present at the January 12, 2005 hearing with at least three of the prevailing members voting. Only those Commissioners on the prevailing side of the Commission's action are eligible to vote on the revised findings.

RESOLUTION TO ADOPT REVISED FINDINGS:

The Commission hereby adopts the findings set forth below for *Coastal Development Permit No. 6-04-38* on the grounds that the findings support the Commission's decision made on January 12, 2005 and accurately reflect the reasons for it.

~~II. Findings for Denial.~~

~~The Commission finds and declares as follows:~~

II. Standard Conditions.

See attached page.

III. Special Conditions.

The permit is subject to the following conditions:

1. Final Plans. PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, the applicant shall submit final plans for the construction of the proposed additions that have been approved by the City of San Diego. Said plans shall be in substantial conformance with the plans submitted by Concepts West date stamped 11/22/04 with this application and shall be subject to the review and written approval of the Executive Director.

The permittee shall undertake the development in accordance with the approved plans. Any proposed changes to the approved plans shall be reported to the Executive Director. No changes to the plans shall occur without a Coastal Commission approved amendment to this coastal development permit amendment unless the Executive Director determines that no additional amendment is required.

2. Timing of Construction. No construction shall take place for the project between Memorial Day weekend and Labor Day of any year. Access corridors and staging areas shall be located in a manner that has the least impact on public access via the maintenance of existing public parking areas and traffic flow on coastal access routes. (No street closures or use of public parking as staging areas).

3. Removal of Concrete Privacy Wall and Portion of Duplex that Encroaches into Public Right-of-Way. PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY OF THE DWELLING UNITS, the applicant shall provide evidence to Commission staff that the retaining wall and other structural walls have been removed from the public right-of-way.

III. Findings and Declarations.

The Commission finds and declares as follows:

1. Project Description/Permit History. The project involves the ~~partial~~ substantial demolition and remodel of an existing two-story, 1,779 sq.ft. duplex on a 2,213 sq.ft. oceanfront lot ~~and reconstruction of a new duplex in its place.~~ The first floor of the existing duplex is 1,275 sq.ft. and the upper floor is 504 sq.ft. After the ~~remodel~~ reconstruction, the new duplex will consist of lower level parking and a small bathroom (35 sq.ft.), a middle level residential unit (1,050 sq.ft.) and an upper level residential with a roof deck above (1,050 sq.ft.) for a total of 2,135 sq.ft. in three stories. Currently there are two parking spaces on site. Two additional spaces are proposed for a total of four on-site parking spaces. The southwestern corner of the existing duplex structure presently extends 18' beyond the western property line into the public right-of-way for a distance of 11 linear feet. The remainder of the western façade of the structure (37 linear feet) is set back two feet from the western property line. In addition, there is a 3'0" concrete masonry wall which extends three feet into the public right-of-way.

On November 23, 2004, the applicant submitted a revised set of building plans for the proposed project and asked the application be modified to include the revisions. The revised plans reflect the removal of the portion of the duplex which extends beyond the western property line and the reconstruction of the western wall such that it is in alignment with the western façade of the remainder of the existing duplex (2-foot setback from western property line). This results in a reduction of 22 sq.ft. to the first floor for a total of 1,253 sq.ft. In addition, the applicant proposes to remove the 3'0" concrete masonry wall which presently extends three feet into the public right-of-way and rebuild it on private property along the western property boundary.

The existing structure is located at the southeast corner of Zanzibar Court and Ocean Front Walk (the public boardwalk) in the Mission Beach community of the City of San Diego. The Ocean Front Walk boardwalk was originally constructed in 1928, and runs along the western side of Mission Beach from the South Mission Beach Jetty north approximately 2.36 miles to Thomas Avenue in the community of Pacific Beach. At that

time, the concrete walkway west of the project location was approximately 11 feet wide, with a seawall/bulkhead on the seaward side, and a 12-foot wide right-of-way inland of the walkway. West of the seawall is sandy beach. Historically, there were a variety of privately maintained fences, walls, decks, landscaping, and patio improvements located within the 12-foot wide public right-of-way seaward of the western property lines of all of the oceanfront lots in this location.

Commencing in August 1999, the Commission approved three permits (#s 6-99-90, 6-00-123 and 6-01-29) for the City of San Diego to remove the private encroachments in the right-of-way from Ventura Place to Santa Barbara Place. In January 2000, the Commission approved the companion permit to CDP #6-99-90 et al, for the widening of the boardwalk between Ventura Place north to Santa Barbara Place (subsequently revised to extend north to Santa Rita Place only) (CDP Nos. 6-00-1 and 6-01-29).

All of the private encroachments between Santa Barbara Place north to Santa Rita Place have subsequently been removed. In addition, the boardwalk widening between Ventura Place and Santa Rita Place as well as the installation of a landscape buffer strip has already been completed pursuant to the above-cited permits. Specifically, the previously approximately 11-foot wide boardwalk has been expanded by approximately 9 feet with an additional 3-foot wide landscape buffer area on the inland side of the improved boardwalk. Thus, the overall improved width of the boardwalk is now approximately 20 feet. The expanded boardwalk separates wheeled traffic from pedestrian traffic and consists of an 8-foot wide walking lane on the west side of the boardwalk, a 12-foot 3-inch wide two-way bicycle/skateboard lane east of that, and a 3-foot wide landscape buffer along the inland side of the expanded boardwalk, thus using the remaining portion of the public right-of-way. The purpose of the 3-foot wide landscape strip is to serve as a buffer between the residential properties and businesses and the public boardwalk. The City is responsible for maintenance of the landscape buffer.

During this same time period, the Commission approved several permits for the construction of a 3 ft. high privacy walls on private property adjacent to the public right-of-way. However, because some existing residential structures were constructed years ago with little or no setback from the property lines, the City and the Commission allowed some privacy walls to be constructed within the 3-ft wide landscape strip subject to an Encroachment Removal Agreement in which the property owner agrees to remove the wall in the future. All of the permits required that the wall not encroach any further west than the 3-foot wide landscaped buffer area. Similar to the restrictions placed on the respective projects by the City's encroachment removal agreements, the Commission approved such projects with a special condition addressing future development. Specifically, that condition notified the property owners that if the existing residential structure was substantially altered such that 50% or more of the existing walls are demolished or removed, the wall must be removed. Pursuant to CDP #6-02-125/Jocis, the Commission approved a permit for the 3 ft. high privacy wall in the public right-of-way fronting the subject property, subject to the conditions described above.

Although the City of San Diego has a certified LCP for the Mission Beach community, the subject site is located in an area where the Commission retains permit jurisdiction. Therefore, Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act is the standard of review, with the City's LCP used as guidance.

2. Existing Non-Conforming Structures. The duplex structure which exists on the property today is non-conforming with respect to required development setbacks from property lines. The existing residential structure extends to the western property line (with a small portion—11 linear feet ---extending 18" beyond the western property line into the public right-of-way of Ocean Front Walk – the public boardwalk and does not provide the 7 ft. building setback as required by local ordinances that are also part of the certified LCP (Mission Beach Planned District Ordinance).

In addition, an existing 3 ft. high privacy wall also encroaches into the City's right-of-way. The principal structure (duplex) and 3 ft. high privacy wall are nonconforming structures because they are inconsistent with local law that is part of the certified LCP. Specifically, Section 103.0526.4 of the Mission Beach PDO states the following:

SEC. 103.0526.4 MINIMUM YARDS FOR BAYSIDE AND OCEAN FRONT WALKS

A. The minimum yards for Bayside and Ocean Front Walks shall be as follows:

[...]

1. "R-N" Subdistrict, Ocean Front Walk – seven feet for the first story and for additional stories above the first story; three feet for 50 percent of the lot fronting on the walk and five feet for the remaining 50 percent.

[...]

Based on discussion with City staff, the above provision requires that in addition to the required 7 ft. setback on the first floor, additional levels need to be setback an additional amount 3ft/5ft. such that these upper levels step back from the lower level. The existing duplex and privacy wall do not conform with the certified LCP. The duplex currently extends into the public right of way on the first floor and is not sited at least 7 feet from the western property line.

3. Retention of Non-Conforming Structures. As noted above, the applicant proposes to demolish a substantial-portion of the existing 1,779 sq. ft. two-story duplex and rebuild and expand the demolished portions resulting in a 2,135 sq.ft., three-level duplex. In addition, the remaining portions of the duplex located within the required setback area will be retained, but will be substantially-altered with interior demolition and redesign. Although most of the exterior walls located on the first floor will remain, the interior area will be completely renovated~~demolished~~ and converted from living area to parking. Currently the existing duplex includes 1,275 sq. ft. of living area on the first floor with 2

parking spaces provided by a carport and 504 sq. ft. of living area on the second floor. With the proposed project, the existing first floor will be converted from a 1,275 sq. ft. residential unit to 4 covered parking spaces, a small bathroom, a patio and an open storage area resulting in 35 sq. ft. of floor area. The 504 sq. ft. second floor, which currently sets over the first floor in the northeast corner of the building will mostly be partially demolished and reconstructed as a 1,050 sq. ft. residential unit. The proposal also includes a new third level which will be a 1,150 sq. ft. residential unit with a small roof deck above. Again, the proposed residential structure does not meet the required setbacks from Ocean Front Walk for any of the floors and in fact encroaches slightly into the public right-of-way. The applicant has recently revised the proposed project to remove the concrete masonry wall that extends three feet into the public right-of-way, as well as 11 linear feet of the western façade of the structure (at the southwest corner of the building); and to reconstruct this portion of the building such that it will be in the same alignment with the remainder of the western façade (two feet inland from the western property line)—where a setback of seven feet is required.

At issue with the subject project is whether the proposed demolition/remodel is so substantial that the failure to bring the duplex into conformance with current standards of the LCP causes the entire revamped building to be inconsistent with the LCP. ~~The demolition/remodel will essentially result in a new duplex on this site. As a new duplex, the project is inconsistent with the LCP setback requirements (which the Commission has found to be consistent with Coastal Act policies concerning protection of public access and visual resources). In its approval of past projects involving partial demolition and reconstruction of an existing structure, the Commission has found that if more than 50% of the exterior walls of a structure are being demolished, the proposal constitutes the development of a new structure and therefore, the entire structure must be brought into conformance with the current requirements.~~

In this particular case, the plans submitted by the applicant indicate that approximately 56% of the exterior walls would be retained. Thus the project does not represent new development. In order to further assure that no more than 50% of the exterior walls will be demolished, Special Condition #1 requires submittal of final plans in substantial conformance with the plans submitted with the permit application that have been approved by the City of San Diego. However, the plans are unclear. As such, although the Commission cannot be entirely certain that more than 50% of the exterior walls of the existing structure will be demolished, the best conclusion possible given the available evidence is that is the case.

~~Section 13252 of the California Code of Regulations identifies the type of repair and maintenance work that can be done without triggering a requirement to bring the entire structure into compliance with the Coastal Act, including, in cases such as this, bringing non-conforming structures into conformance with current requirements. Specifically, subsection (b) states:~~

~~(b) Unless destroyed by natural disaster, the replacement of 50 percent or more of a single family residence, seawall, revetment, bluff retaining wall, breakwater,~~

goin or any other structure is not repair and maintenance, under Section 30610(d) but instead constitutes a replacement structure requiring a coastal development permit.. [Emphasis added]

Thus, even if it is not clear if 50% or more of the exterior walls are being removed, it is clear that more than 50% of the existing structure is being replaced. The Commission finds that the proposed demolition, remodel and renovations are so extensive they do not constitute repairs, improvements or alterations within the meaning of the regulations. Rather, the work amounts to new development through reconstruction of the existing duplex.

4. Whether the Project Increases the Degree of Nonconformity. The proposed project also increases the degree of nonconformity of the existing structure. The concern is, if nonconforming use regulations are interpreted to allow substantial demolition of a structure and reconstruction of an essentially new development in the same nonconforming location, when only the nonconforming portion is retained and renovated rather than demolished, the intent of the yard area setbacks will not be met. This is problematic because the setbacks are established as a routine matter to separate private development from public areas, to achieve consistency in development patterns and to protect views and access available to the public. In this particular case, the structure is proposed to be redeveloped-remodeled in a manner that is inconsistent with the Coastal Act and the certified LCP. The Commission finds the redevelopment-remodeling of the property structure as proposed also does not increase the degree of nonconformity. Specifically, the Mission Beach PDO not only requires that structures meet first floor yard area setbacks, but also and requires setbacks from the public boardwalk for additional levels above the first floor for new development. In this particular case, the Commission finds that the proposed project does not increase the degree of nonconformity. While ~~the~~ nonconforming setback on the first floor will be improved through the removal of the portion of the structure that extends two feet beyond the western property line with reconstruction in the same alignment as the remainder of the structure along the western façade, ~~the~~ setbacks, however, for the second and third levels will be changed. Currently the second floor setback meets LCP setback requirements, but the ~~However,~~ the proposed new second floor and the third floor will not. They are proposed to be setback 3 ft. from the property line, almost directly over the first floor. However, in this particular case, as noted above, the PDO requirements that levels above the first level be setback further beyond the required first floor setback are not applicable to the proposed development because it is not "new development" and represents a remodel of an existing structure so as to "step back" the development. In this case, the proposed project will result in a three-story solid wall of development directly adjacent to the public boardwalk, with no "step back" feature for upper levels as required by the LCP. Thus, the project will not increase the degree of nonconformity.

5. Public Access/Recreation. Coastal Act sections 30210, 30211, 30212(a) and 30221 are applicable to the project and state the following:

Section 30210

In carrying out the requirement of Section 4 of Article X of the California Constitution, maximum access, which shall be conspicuously posted, and recreational opportunities shall be provided for all the people consistent with public safety needs and the need to protect public rights, rights of private property owners, and natural resource areas from overuse.

Section 30212(a)

(a) Public access from the nearest public roadway to the shoreline and along the coast shall be provided in new development projects except where:

(1) it is inconsistent with public safety, military security needs, or the protection of fragile coastal resources,

(2) adequate access exists nearby, or, [...]

Section 30211

Development shall not interfere with the public's right of access to the sea where acquired through use or legislative authorization, including, but not limited to, the use of dry sand and rocky coastal beaches to the first line of terrestrial vegetation.

Section 30221

Oceanfront land suitable for recreational use shall be protected for recreational use and development unless present and foreseeable future demand for public or commercial recreational activities that could be accommodated on the property is already adequately provided for in the area.

The boardwalk is a heavily-used recreational facility frequented by pedestrians, bicyclists, skaters, skateboarders, runners, and persons in wheelchairs. The walkway is accessible from the east/west streets off of Mission Boulevard, and provides access to the sandy beach at stairways located at various points along the seawall. Given that the vast majority of the homes along the boardwalk currently meet the building setback, the goal is that, over time, when existing non-conforming structures are redeveloped, the structures will be pulled back to observe the required building setbacks and, thus, will result in the removal of the encroachments in the public right-of-way. The presence of these encroachments represent an impact to public access in the area both in terms of physical access as well as visual access. The majority of the privacy walls are all in an alignment with one another except for those few zero lot line sites (no building setback) which have a privacy wall that extends out further west than the rest of the privacy walls. This not only poses a physical impediment to mobility along the boardwalk in that one could accidentally ride their bike into such a wall or walk into it, it also poses a visual intrusion into the "public" boardwalk area and creates a sense of "privacy" along the boardwalk, that is intended for public use.

In the subject proposal, there is an existing 3-ft. high "privacy wall" situated west of the existing duplex structure. The wall is located within the City's public right-of-way. The subject site is one of approximately 26 structures (residences and/or businesses) that are on a zero-lot line or within one foot of the zero lot line. These structures were built at a time when it was legal not to have a setback. The existing concrete masonry wall situated seaward of the duplex encroaches into the 3-foot wide landscaped buffer area adjacent to the public boardwalk. The proposed concrete masonry wall was permitted pursuant to CDP #6-02-125 approved by the Commission on 11/7/02. As noted previously, within the past several years, the City of San Diego began a series of projects that involved the widening the public boardwalk in Mission Beach. As part of those projects, several accessory improvements for all of the oceanfront properties, including concrete patios, decks, landscaping and concrete walls next to the boardwalk had to be removed as they encroached into the public right-of-way. After removal of those encroachments, the property owners obtained coastal development permits to re-build their "privacy walls" which function as a physical buffer between the busy public boardwalk and their residential structures and/or businesses. In this particular case, the applicant was allowed to build the privacy wall within the 3-ft. wide landscaped strip as there was not sufficient setback from the western property line to build the wall on the subject property. The existing duplex structure is setback two feet for 37 linear feet of its western frontage and the remaining 11 linear feet of its western frontage presently extends two feet beyond the western property line into the public right-of-way.

When the City began the program to widen the boardwalk, it was anticipated that there would be a need to have special provisions for these 26 (legal/non-conforming) homes to allow for a privacy buffer between the planned expanded boardwalk and the existing homes located at or near the western property boundary. In addition, when approving the coastal development permits for the Boardwalk expansion, the Commission was also aware of these 26 homes and the need to have special provisions to address privacy walls. The City has decided that for those houses/businesses that are built on the zero lot line or within one foot of the zero lot line, if the structure was built at a time when it was legal not to have a setback, they will be permitted to use up to the full three ft. width of the area designated for a landscape buffer for purposes of building a private wall/fence. In these cases, the privacy wall would abut the improved portion of the boardwalk and there would not be a buffer area between the boardwalk and the privacy wall. In addition for the approximately six houses/businesses that have less than a three-foot setback from the zero lot line, the City will permit some of the landscape buffer area to be used for the construction of a privacy wall.

The purpose of permitting these 26 residences/businesses to encroach into the landscaped buffer area is because these structures were legally built at a time when there was no required setback from the property line. As such, the landscaped strip will serve as a physical barrier between the public boardwalk and the privacy walls. As noted previously, the public boardwalk is a heavily used recreational amenity which becomes very crowded during the peak summer season. A physical barrier is both desired by the adjacent homeowners and necessary. However, prior to authorization for such privacy

walls, the City required that these developments first obtain an encroachment removal agreement.

In the case of the subject project, the applicant has obtained an Encroachment Removal Agreement for the proposed construction of the privacy wall within the City's right-of-way (i.e., landscape buffer strip). The encroachment removal agreement consists of a one-page form letter, Exhibit "A", and attached resolution with findings for approval of the agreement. These documents have already been recorded against the subject property and provide several stipulations. The resolution associated with the encroachment removal agreement clearly indicates that the applicant may construct and maintain a 3'0" wall encroaching "up to three feet" into the public right-of-way of Ocean Front Walk. The resolution also provides that the wall shall be removed if the property is ever redeveloped.

In its review of these proposals, the Commission also acknowledged that the structures located on the zero lot line are legal non-conforming structures as that they were built at a time when a setback from the property line was not required. In particular, in review of the privacy wall for the subject site (ref. CDP #6-02-125/Jocis) Special Condition #2 stated:

2. Future Removal of Permitted Encroachment. If the existing structure along the boardwalk is substantially altered such that 50% or more of the existing walls are demolished or removed, the development authorized by this permit shall be removed in its entirety.

As noted in the project description, the applicant has recently revised the project plans to remove the concrete masonry wall that was previously permitted to be constructed three feet into the public right-of-way and to rebuild it on the western property line. This is proposed in conjunction with the revised proposal to also demolish the southwestern portion of the structure that extends beyond the western property line (22 sq.ft.) and to rebuild it to be in the same alignment with the remainder of the western façade of the structure which is two feet inland of the western property line. Special Condition No. 3 requires that the applicant provide evidence to Commission staff that the retaining wall and other structural walls have been removed from the public right-of-way prior to occupancy of the duplex structure.

However, even though these proposed revisions are an improvement to the proposed development in that they will remove encroachments from the public right-of-way, the existing duplex structure is still a non-conforming structure that does not meet current building setbacks. In particular, the western façade of the first floor of the proposed structure will be setback two feet from the western property line where a 7-foot setback is required pursuant to the certified LCP. In addition, the new upper levels of the structure are proposed to be setback three feet from the western property line instead of being stepped back pursuant to the certified LCP. However, in this case, the proposed development represents the remodeling of an existing structure and does not represent new development. Therefore, the existing structure may retain its non-conforming

setbacks and does not have to step back the upper which is inconsistent levels as consistent with the certified LCP. Specifically, the certified LCP requires that the upper levels be terraced back further than the lower level. In this particular case, the upper levels should be set back 10 feet to be consistent with the certified LCP.

In addition, to address potential concerns with regard to construction activities on public access on this oceanfront property and given its proximity to the public boardwalk, the project is conditioned such that construction work not occur between Memorial Day weekend and Labor Day. As conditioned, it can be assured that the proposed development does not interfere with public access opportunities and is consistent with the public access and recreation policies of the Coastal Act.

Maintaining an open character along the beachfront serves to enhance the public's enjoyment and use of the area. The presence of any large or more intrusive structure (i.e., one that extends further seaward than others) is a psychological barrier and the likely result is that the public will tend to maximize the distance between their recreational activities and the sited development. In other words, any seaward encroachment of existing or new development presents a potential hindrance to the public's enjoyment and use of the area, including up and down coast views along the boardwalk. In this particular case, the proposed project represents a remodel to an existing structure in a non-conforming location. In addition, although the structure is non-conforming, the proposed development will not have an adverse impact on public views and will not result in an increase to the degree of non-conformity. As the subject proposal will not result in essentially a new three-level duplex structure in a non-conforming location directly adjacent to the public boardwalk, the Commission finds that redevelopment of the site in the manner proposed is not consistent with the applicable policies of the Coastal Act ~~nor~~ and with the certified LCP which is used for guidance.

6. Visual Quality. Section 30251 of the Coastal Act states, in part:

The scenic and visual qualities of coastal areas shall be considered and protected as a resource of public importance. Permitted development shall be sited and designed to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, to minimize the alteration of natural land forms, to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas, and, where feasible, to restore and enhance visual quality in visually degraded areas.

The existing residences along the boardwalk vary widely in architectural style and appearance. Development along the entire length of the boardwalk from Mission Beach to Pacific Beach is highly varied. The proposed project will result in a three-story structure directly adjacent to the public boardwalk which will be compatible in design and scale with the surrounding development. In addition, the proposed development will not impede public views along the boardwalk or towards the ocean, with no building setback or "stepping back" of the development at all levels in order to avoid a "walled off effect" along the public boardwalk. This will result in a visual intrusion into the area that would otherwise be "open" in nature and encroaches further seaward than other structures

~~along the boardwalk thus resulting in an adverse visual impact. As such, the proposed development will have an adverse impact on the visual quality of the neighborhood. Maintaining an open character along the beachfront serves to enhance the public's enjoyment and use of the area. The presence of any large or more intrusive structure (i.e., one that extends further seaward than others) is a psychological barrier and the likely result is that the public will tend to maximize the distance between their recreational activities and the sited development. In other words, any seaward encroachment of existing or new development presents a potential hindrance to the public's enjoyment and use of the area, including up and down coast views along the boardwalk.~~

~~In this particular case, portions of the duplex situated only two feet from the western property line (which are non-conforming) are proposed to remain. To allow what amounts to be a reconstruction without requiring that the entire duplex be brought into conformance with the LCP would be inconsistent with the intent and goals of the LCP. The extent of work will allow a significant expansion and renovation that will extend the economic life of the residence for another 75 years. Thus, it is essentially resulting in an entirely new residential structure which will not resemble in design, floor area or likeness the existing structure at all. The applicant is proposing to essentially reconstruct the duplex, yet still maintain its non-conforming location in terms of building setbacks, resulting in adverse impacts on public views inconsistent with Coastal Act policies.~~

The upper levels will be remodeled and a new third level added onto the duplex structure. The Commission finds that the remodeled structure is clearly a better project than what presently exists on the subject site. Through the proposed remodel, the visual appearance of the structure will be improved in design. In addition, the privacy wall that extends in the public right-of-way will be removed and relocated on site further improving the visual access in the project vicinity.

~~In addition, the Commission finds that there are feasible alternatives to the proposed project which would eliminate its inconsistency with the Coastal Act policies. Specifically, the duplex could be relocated further inland to comply with the yard area setback requirement. This would result in the structure being setback away from the boardwalk allowing in light, eliminating the presence of a towering structure and opening up views up and down the boardwalk. Thus, given that the proposed development will not result in impacts to public views and visual resources of this scenic area and, there are feasible alternatives to the proposed development, the Commission finds that redevelopment of the site in the manner proposed is not consistent with the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act or and the certified LCP, and, therefore, the finding of conformance with the certified Local Coastal Program cannot be made and the project should be denied.~~

7. Local Coastal Planning. ~~In addition to non-compliance with Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act, the subject proposal also does not comply with the existing LCP provisions cited above. Specifically, the proposed project will result in increasing the~~

degree of non-conformity of the existing structure. Specifically, the nonconforming setback on the first floor that is located within the property lines of the subject site will remain unchanged but the setback of the existing second floor will be changed in addition to the construction of a new third floor. Currently the second floor setback meets LCP setback requirements. However, the proposed new second floor and the third floor will not as they are proposed to be set back 3 ft. from the property line, almost directly over the first floor. However, as noted above, the PDO requires that levels above the first level be setback further beyond the required first floor setback so as to "step back" the development. In this case, that setback for the upper levels should be 10 feet but the applicant proposes to observe only a 3 ft. setback. Thus, the proposed project will result in a three-story solid wall of development directly adjacent to the public boardwalk, with no "step back feature for upper levels" as required by the LCP. The subject property is located within the Residential North (R-N) zone of the Mission Beach Planned District. The subject site is located in an area of original jurisdiction, where the Commission retains permanent permit authority. The subject permit will result in remodeling of an existing two-story duplex structure including the addition of a third story. An existing privacy wall that encroaches into the public right-of-way will also be removed and relocated to the western property line of the subject site. The remodeled structure does not constitute "new development" and, therefore, it will retain its present non-conforming setbacks. Therefore, the Commission finds that the subject proposal, as conditioned, would will not prejudice the ability of the City of San Diego to continue to implement its certified LCP for the Mission Beach area of the City of San Diego.

8. Consistency with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Section 13096 of the Commission's Code of Regulations requires Commission approval of Coastal Development Permits to be supported by a finding showing the permit, as conditioned, to be consistent with any applicable requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Section 21080.5(d)(2)(A) of CEQA prohibits a proposed development from being approved if there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse effect which the activity may have on the environment.

~~It is recommended that the proposed project be denied as it is not consistent with the public access and visual resource protection policies of the Coastal Act. As proposed, there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse impact which the project would have on the environment. Such measures include construction of the duplex further inland to observe all building setbacks for all proposed levels of the structure. Therefore, the Commission finds that the proposed project is not the least environmentally damaging feasible alternative and is not consistent with the requirements of the Coastal Act to conform to CEQA.~~

The proposed project has been conditioned in order to be consistent with the public access and visual quality policies of the Coastal Act. Mitigation measures, include timing of construction to avoid impacts to public access during the summer months and

conditions addressing removal of the privacy wall that encroaches into the public-right-of-way prior to occupancy of the remodeled duplex structure. As conditioned, there are no feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse impact which the activity may have on the environment. Therefore, the Commission finds that the proposed project is the least environmentally-damaging feasible alternative and is consistent with the requirements of the Coastal Act to conform to CEQA.

(G:\San Diego\Reports\2004\6-04-038 Jocis RF stf rpt.doc G:\San Diego\Reports\2004\6-04-038 Jocis stf rpt.doc)



SITE

MISSION BEACH

92109

08

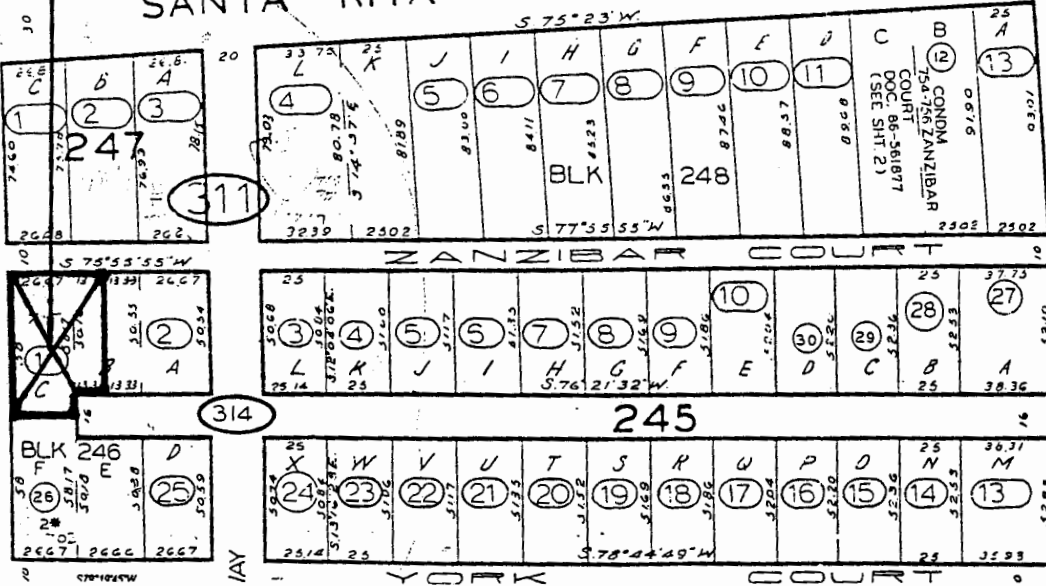
OCEAN BLVD. 33

SANTA RITA

PLACE

Pacific Beach Park

Ocean Front Walk



423-3/01560

63 SHT. 2

EXHIBIT NO. 1
 APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
 Location Map

PROJECT DATA

LOT SIZE	2213 SQ. FT.
EXISTING UNITS:	
FIRST FLOOR	1275 SQ. FT.
SECOND FLOOR	504 SQ. FT.
TOTAL FLOOR AREA	1779 SQ. FT.
ALLOWABLE INCREASE (20%)	356 SQ. FT.
NEW TOTAL FOOTAGE ALLOWED	2135 SQ. FT.
LOWER LEVEL (FAR)	356 SQ. FT.
UPPER LEVEL (FAR)	1050 SQ. FT.
UPPER LEVEL (ACTUAL)	1050 SQ. FT.
NEW TOTAL FAR (ACTUAL)	2135 SQ. FT.
MAX COVERAGE ALLOWED 65% OF 2213 SQ. FT. =	1438 SQ. FT. ALLOWED
ACTUAL COVERAGE - 1303 SQ. FT.	
OVER 80% OF EXIST. EXT. WALLS TO REMAIN. NEW OPENINGS OR INCREASED EXIST. OPENINGS WILL BE DEDUCTED FROM TOTAL LINEAR FOOTAGE	
TOTAL EXISTING EXTERIOR PERIMETER WALLS	182 L.H. FT.
FIRST FLOOR	90 L.H. FT.
SECOND FLOOR	272 L.H. FT. (80% = 136 L.H. FT.)
TOTAL	462 L.H. FT.
TOTAL EXIST. EXT. PERIMETER WALLS TO REMAIN	113 L.H. FT.
FIRST FLOOR	40 L.H. FT.
SECOND FLOOR	73 L.H. FT. (137 L.H. FT. MIN. REQ'D)
TOTAL (LESS ALTERED OR NEW OPENINGS)	153 L.H. FT. (137 L.H. FT. MIN. REQ'D)



SITE PLAN & PARKING PLAN (LOWER LEVEL)

817 SQ. FT. (762 SQ. FT. EXEMPTED FROM FAR) FOR PARKING (85 SQ. FT. BAY)

REMOVES EXIST. WALLS TO REMAIN

CLEAN FRONT WALK

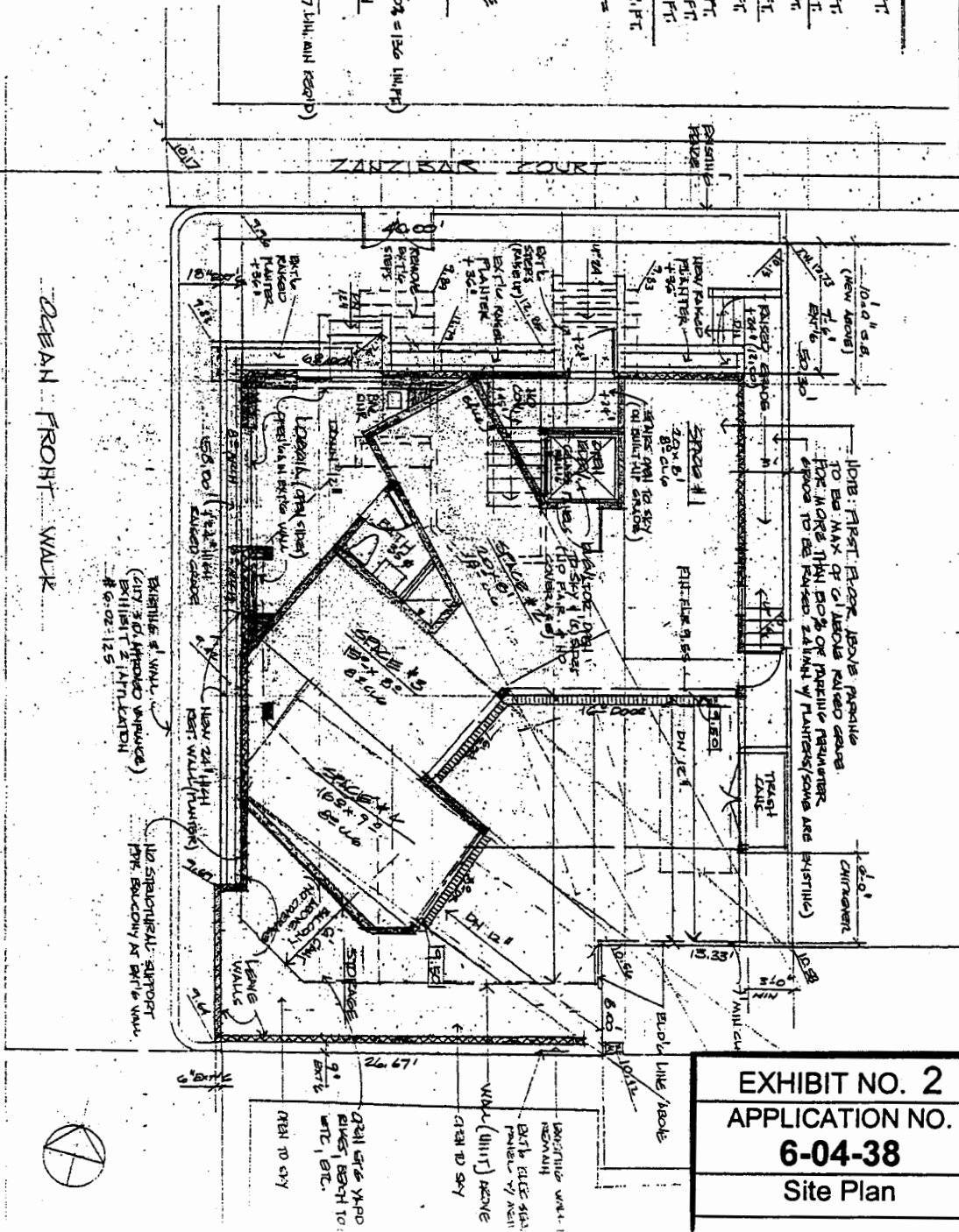


EXHIBIT NO. 2
APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
Site Plan

NOTE: SEVERAL MEETINGS WITH
 CALLS W/ RICHARD LEWIS & C.
 PLANNING FOR RAILWAYS



BLOCK

247

B

C

A

T89.18
678.71

T89.18
678.62

T89.02
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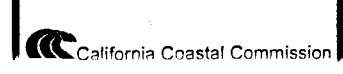
OCEAN FRONT WALK

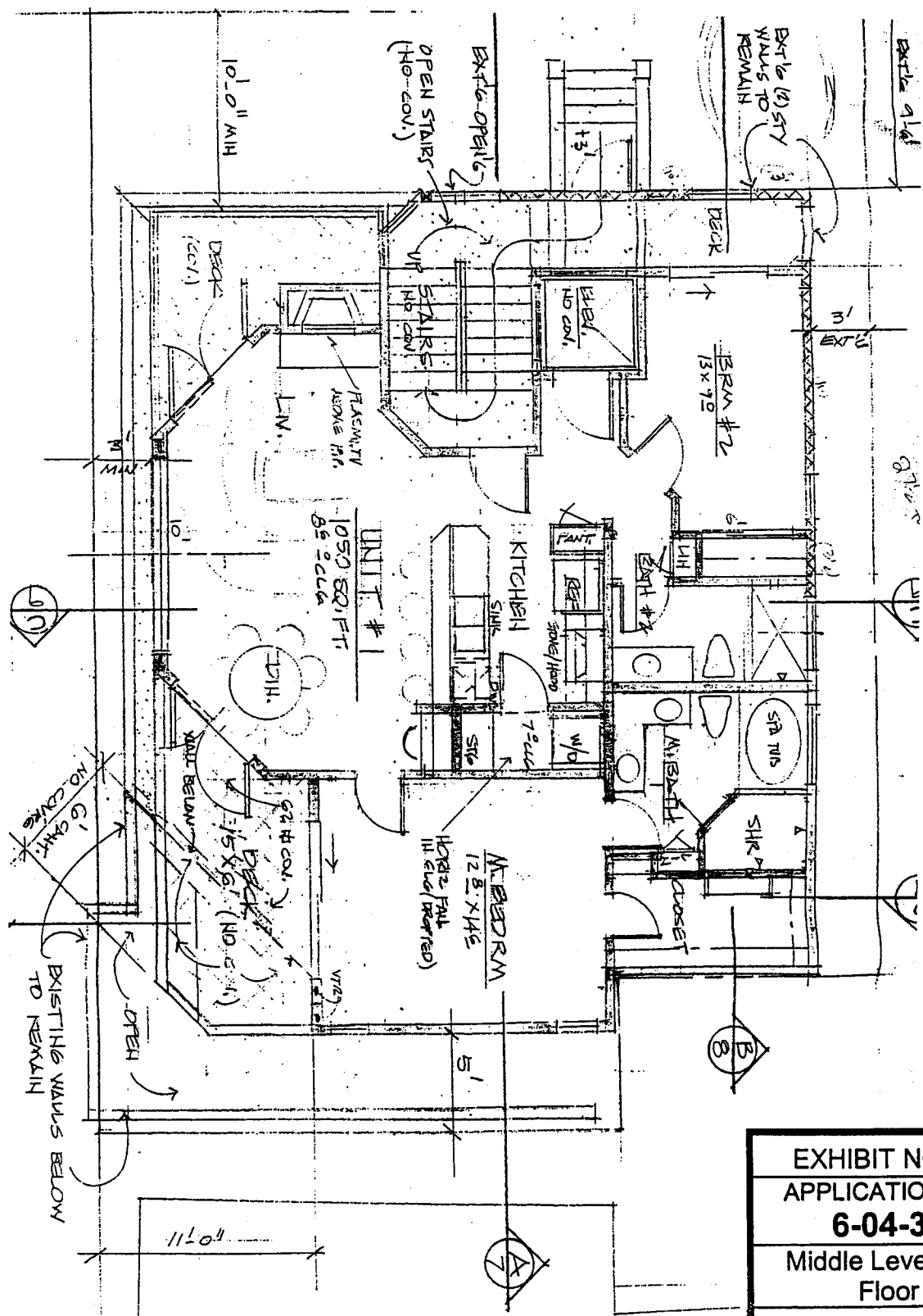
FIRST FLR =
1275 SQ. FT.
SECOND FLR =
504 SQ. FT.
TOTAL =
1779 SF

L=8.00
R=8884.15'
Δ=0°22'31"

Portion of existing structure located beyond western property line

EXHIBIT NO. 3
APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
Existing building footprint/topo

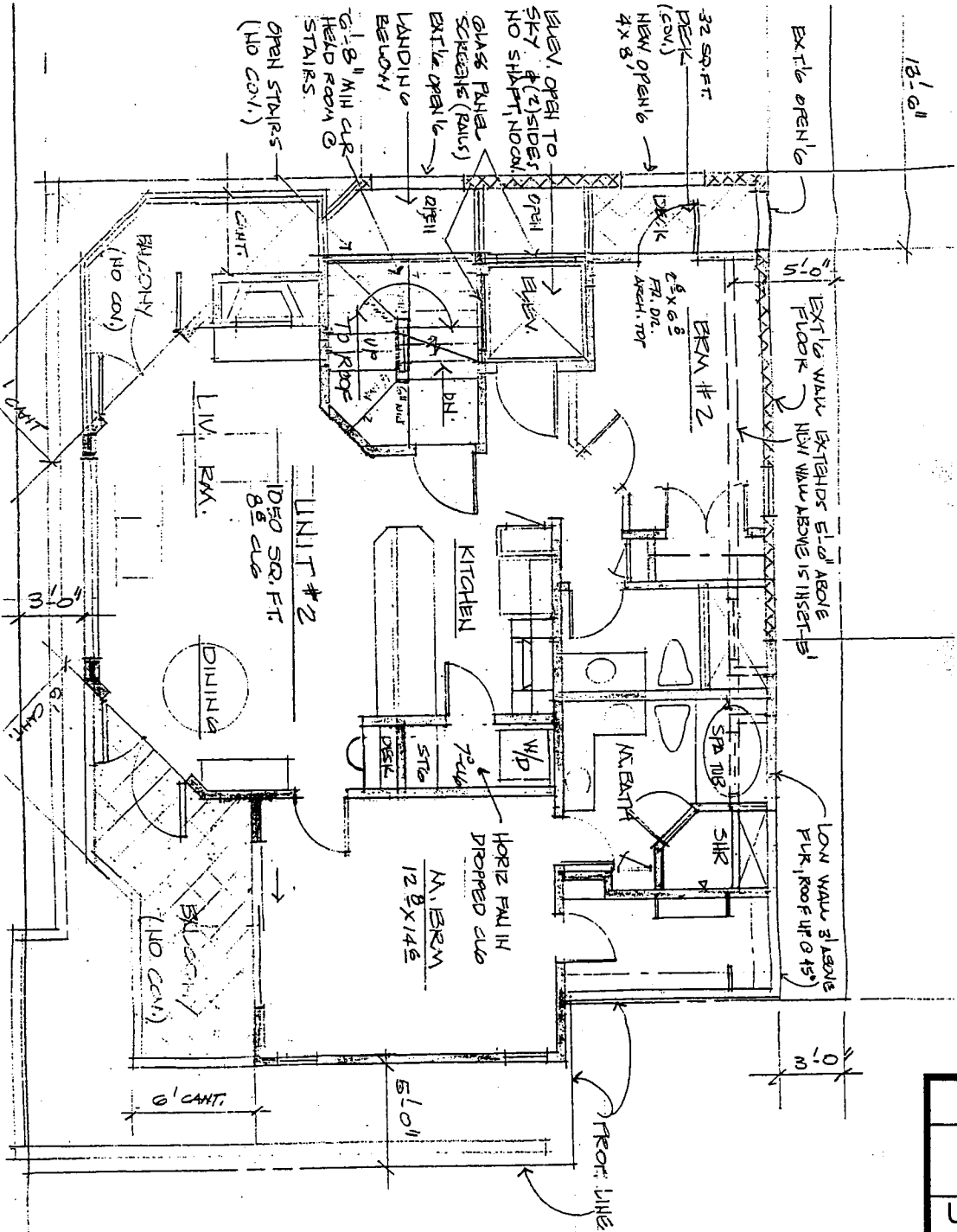




--- DENOTES EXISTING WALLS TO REMAIN

Ocean Front Walk

EXHIBIT NO. 4
APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
Middle Level/First Floor



RENOTES EXTS WALLS TO REMAIN

Ocean Front Walk

EXHIBIT NO. 5
APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
Upper Level/Second Floor

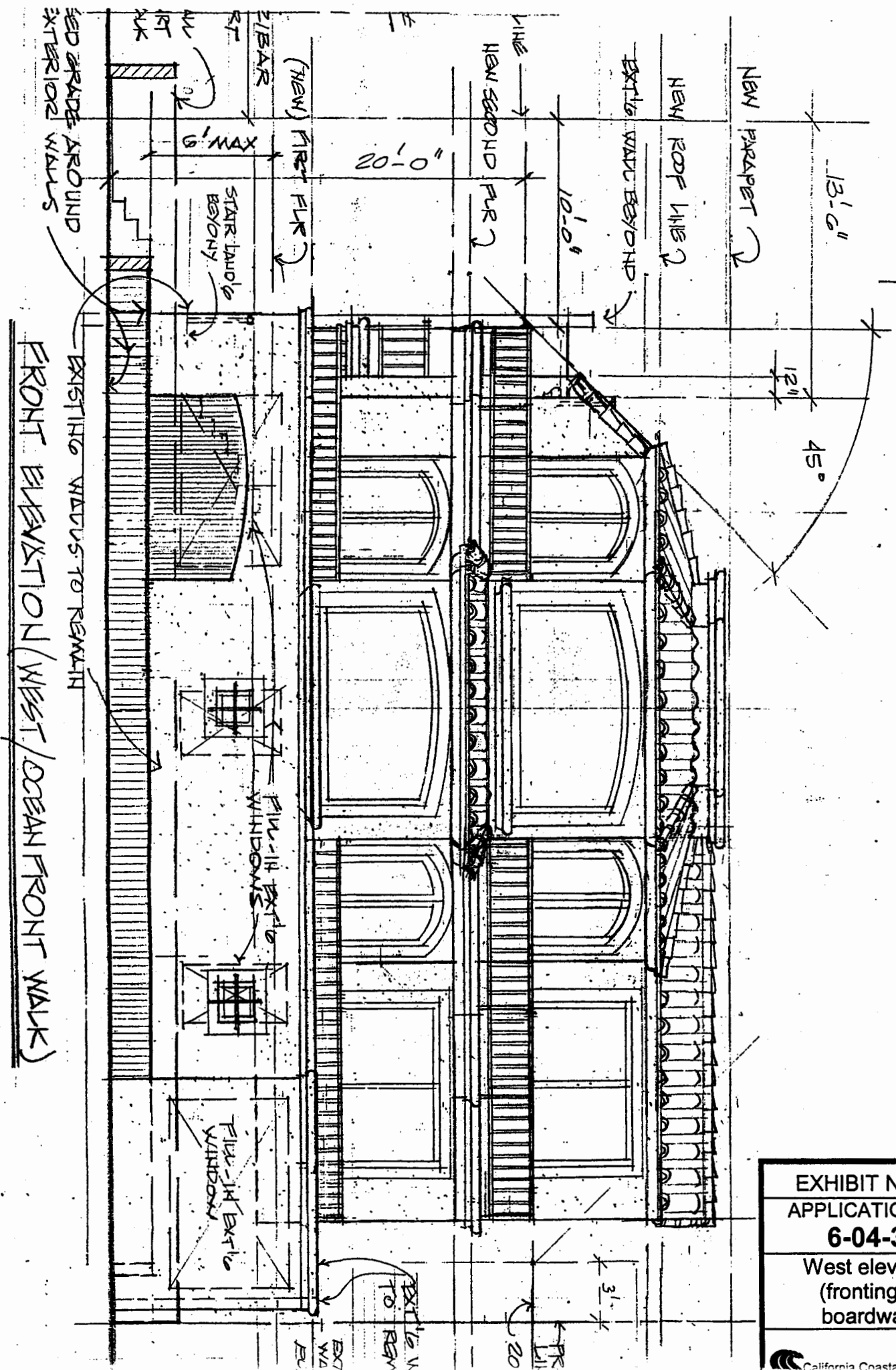


EXHIBIT NO. 6
 APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
 West elevation
 (fronting on
 boardwalk)

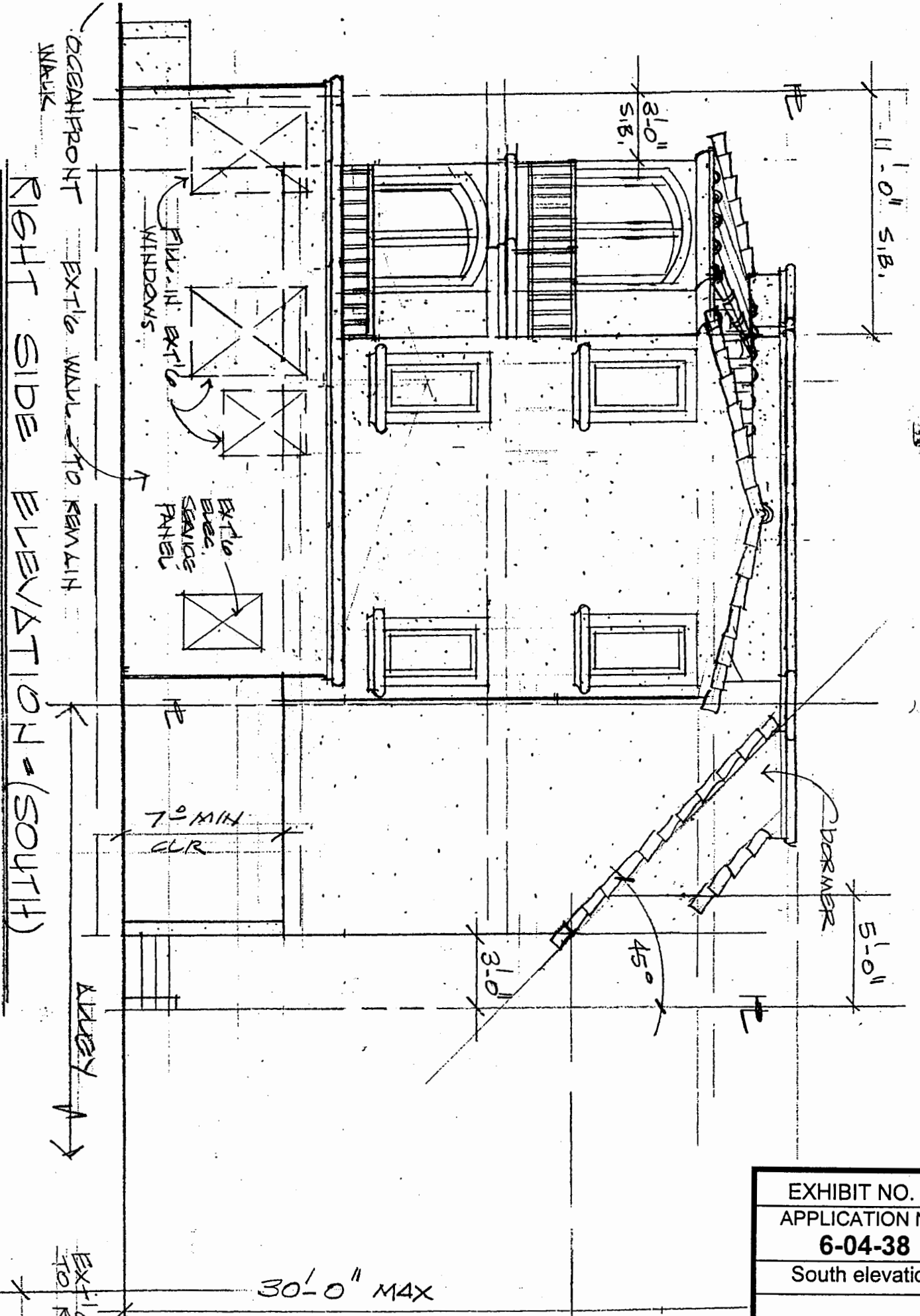
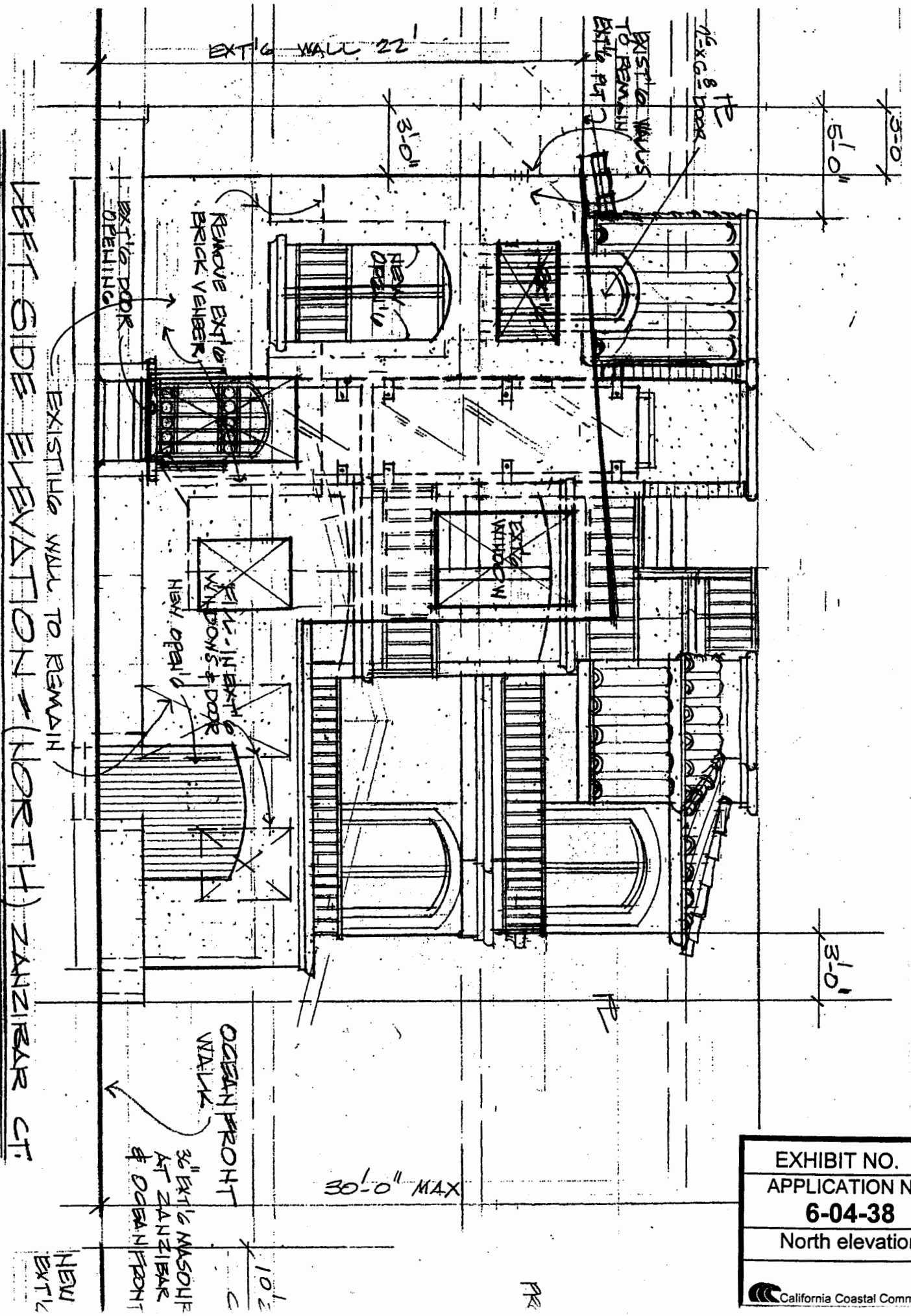


EXHIBIT NO. 7
 APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
 South elevation

RIGHT SIDE ELEVATION - (SOUTH)

30'-0" MAX



LEFT SIDE ELEVATION - (NORTH) ZANZIBAR CT.

EXISTING WALL TO REMAIN

REMOVE EXIST'G BRICK VENER

EXIST'G DOOR OPENING


NEW 14'-IN EXIST'G WINDOWS & DOOR NEW OPENING

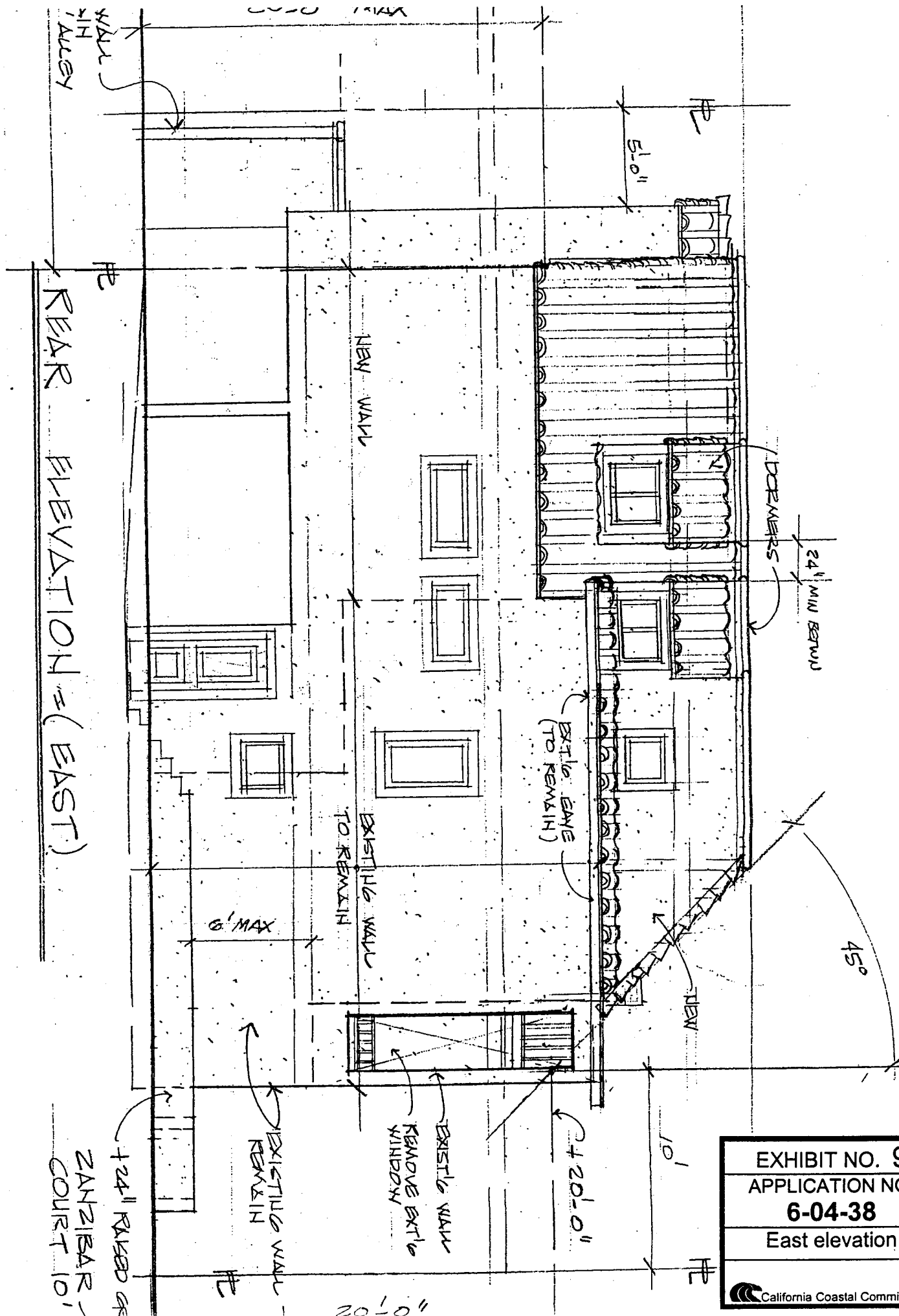
OCEAN FRONT WALK

36" EXIST'G MASONRY AT ZANZIBAR & OCEAN FRONT

30'-0" MAX

NEW EXIST'G

EXHIBIT NO. 8
APPLICATION NO. 6-04-38
North elevation




REAR ELEVATION (EAST)

ZANZIBAR COURT 10' + 24" RISED

EXHIBIT NO. 9
APPLICATION NO. 6-04-38
East elevation
California Coastal Commission



RECORDING REQUESTED BY:

City of San Diego

AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT
Land Development Review Division
1222 First Avenue, M.S. 501
San Diego, CA 92101-4155

THE ORIGINAL OF THIS DOCUMENT
WAS RECORDED ON JUN 14, 2002
DOCUMENT NUMBER 2002-0505264
GREGORY J. SMITH, COUNTY RECORDER
SAN DIEGO COUNTY RECORDER'S OFFICE
TIME: 8:53 AM

(THIS SPACE FOR RECORDER'S USE ONLY)

Encroachment Maintenance and Removal Agreement

W.O. NO. 02-024-7

COORD. NO. _____

In accordance with the provisions of Section 62.0302 of the San Diego Municipal Code, the undersigned, the owner of The westerly half of Lot 'B' and all of Lot 'C' in block 246 per map 1651
(Legal Description)

in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of California, in consideration of the grant of permission by the City of San Diego to install and maintain the improvements 3' high masonry wall for the use and benefit to the owner's property, over, under and across the property located at Ocean Front Walk

covenants, and agrees with the City of San Diego as follows:

(a) This agreement shall run with the land and the encroachment shall be installed and maintained or replaced in a safe and sanitary condition at the sole cost, risk and responsibility of the owner and successors in interest.

(b) The property owner shall agree to at all times defend, indemnify and save the City free and harmless from and pay in full, any and all claims, demands, losses, damages or expenses that the City may sustain or incur in any manner resulting from the construction, maintenance, state of use, repair or presence of the improvement installed pursuant to this agreement, including any and all injuries (including personal injury, disability, dismemberment, and death), illness losses, loss of or damage to property, damages, claims, liabilities or expenses of any kind or nature to any person that causes or alleged to be caused in whole or in part by the negligent act or acts or omissions by the City, its contractors, officers, agents or employees.

(c) The property owner must remove, relocate or restore the encroachment as directed by the City Engineer within 30 days after notice by the City Manager's Representative [CMR] or, in case of an emergency, the CMR may require that the work be done immediately or within less than 30 days notice. If the property owner(s) fail(s) to remove, relocate or restore the encroachment, the City Manager's Representative may cause such work to be done, and the costs thereof shall be a lien against the property.

(d) For structures encroaching over or under a public facility within a right-of-way or easement, the owner agrees to provide an alternate right-of-way and to relocate said public facility to a new alignment, all without cost or expense to the City, whenever it is determined by the City Manager's Representative that the City Facility cannot be economically placed, replaced, or maintained due to the presence of the encroaching improvement(s).

(e) Whatever rights and obligations were acquired by the City with respect to the rights-of-way or ownership shall remain and continue in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected by the City's grant of permission to construct and maintain the encroachment improvement(s).

(f) The property owner shall maintain a policy of liability insurance, with the City also named, in an amount approved by the City Engineer, which will protect the City from any potential claims which may arise from the encroachments.

02/14/02
(Date)
David V. Josis
(Signature)
David V. Josis
(Print Name & Title)
N/A
(Company)

SEE ATTACHED EXHIBITS

'A'
See Dwg. Nos: Construction P1

For City Engineer
APPROVED:

By: M. [Signature]
Deputy



EXHIBIT NO. 10
APPLICATION NO.
6-04-38
Encroachment
Maintenance &
Removal Agreement
Page 1 of 5
California Coastal Commission

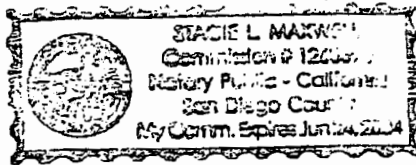
NOTE: NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGMENTS (FOR ALL SIGNATURES) MUST BE ATTACHED. PER CIV

CALIFORNIA ALL-PURPOSE ACKNOWLEDGMENT

State of California }
County of San Diego } ss.

On Feb. 14, 2002, before me, Stacie L. Maxwell, Notary Public
Date Name and Title of Officer (e.g., "Jane Doe, Notary Public")
personally appeared David JOCIS
Name(s) of Signer(s)

- personally known to me
- proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence



to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/~~she~~/they executed the same in his/~~her~~/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/~~her~~/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Stacie L. Maxwell
Signature of Notary Public

Place Notary Seal Above

OPTIONAL

Though the information below is not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document and could prevent fraudulent removal and reattachment of this form to another document.

Description of Attached Document

Title or Type of Document: _____

Document Date: _____ Number of Pages: _____

Signer(s) Other Than Named Above: _____

Capacity(ies) Claimed by Signer

Signer's Name: _____

- Individual
- Corporate Officer — Title(s): _____
- Partner — Limited General
- Attorney in Fact
- Trustee
- Guardian or Conservator
- Other: _____

Signer Is Representing: _____

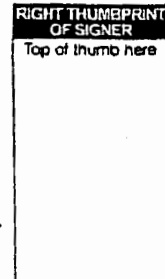
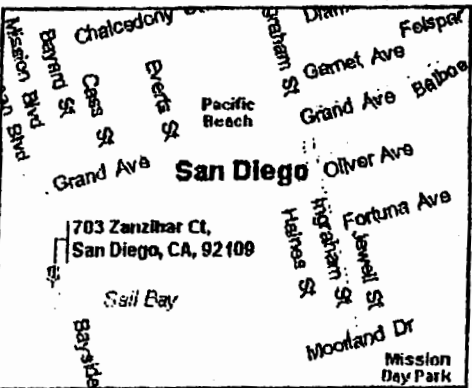


EXHIBIT "A"

EXISTING OCEAN FRONT SEAWALL



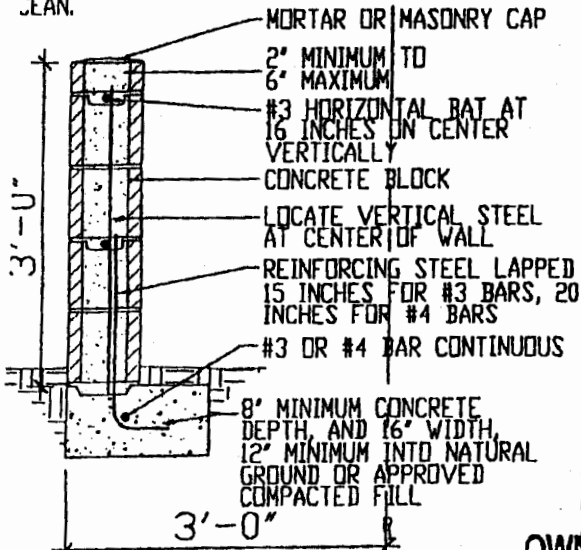
NEIGHBORHOOD MAP

SCALE:

LEGAL:

PN: 423-314-01

THE WESTERLY HALF OF LOT "B" AND ALL OF LOT "C" IN BLOCK 246 OF MISSION BEACH, IN THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ACCORDING TO MAP THERE OF NO. 1651, FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY, DECEMBER 14, 1914, EXCEPTING THERE FROM THAT PORTION, IF ANY, HERE TO LONE LAYING BELOW THE MAIN HIGH TIDE LINE OF THE PACIFIC OCEAN.



MASONRY FENCE DETAIL

OWNER:

DAVID AND SHERI JOCHS
 703 ZANZIBAR COURT

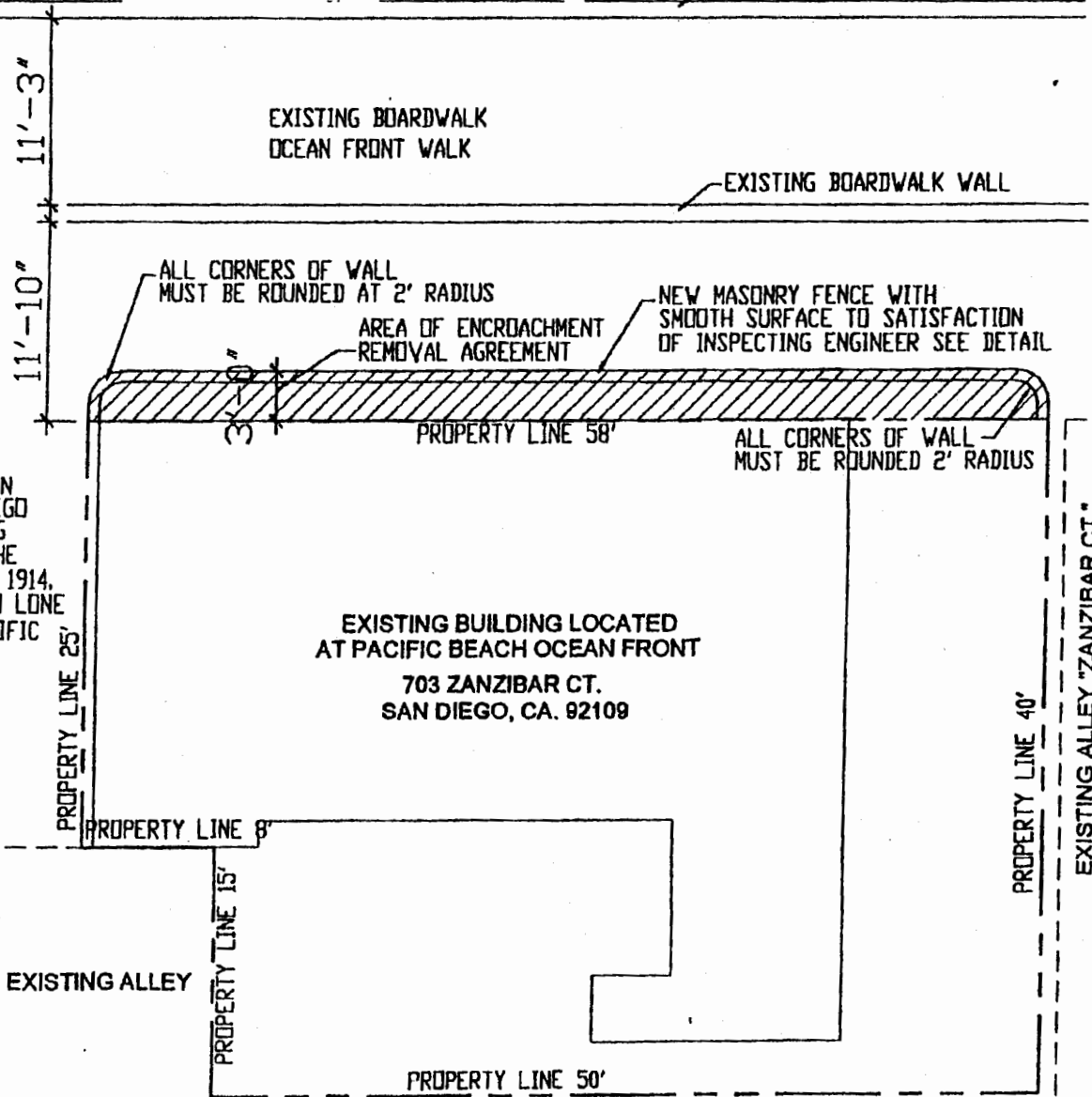
MASONRY FENCE PERMIT PLAN

SCALE:

N.T.S.

SITE:

DAVID JOCHS
 703 ZANZIBAR COURT
 SAN DIEGO, CA. 92109



N.T.S.



CITY MANAGER
RESOLUTION NO. D-3071
PROJECT NO. 2833
ENCROACHMENT REMOVAL AGREEMENT NO. 6571
JOCIS RESIDENCE ERA

WHEREAS, DAVID V. and SHERI M. JOCIS, Owner/Permittee, filed an application with the City of San Diego for an Encroachment Removal Agreement to construct and maintain a 3'-0" high wall, encroaching up to three feet into the public right-of-way of Ocean Front Walk (as described in and by reference to the approved Exhibits "A" and corresponding conditions of approval for the associated Project No. 2833), and;

WHEREAS, the project site is located adjacent to 703-705 Zanzibar Court in the R-N zone of the Mission Beach Planned District, the Coastal Overlay and Coastal Height Limitation Overlay zones of the Mission Beach Precise Plan area, and;

WHEREAS, the project site is legally described as the westerly half of Lot B and all of Lot C, Block 246 of Mission Beach, Map 1651, and;

WHEREAS, on May 28, 2002, the City Manager of the City of San Diego considered Encroachment Removal Agreement No. 6571 pursuant to Section 62.0301 of the Municipal/Land Development Code of the City of San Diego, and;

WHEREAS, if the property is ever redeveloped, the encroachment shall be removed, and;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Manager of the City of San Diego as follows:

That the City Manager adopts the following written findings, dated May 28, 2002.

Encroachment Removal Agreement Findings:

- 1. The proposed development will not be detrimental to the public health, safety, and welfare.**

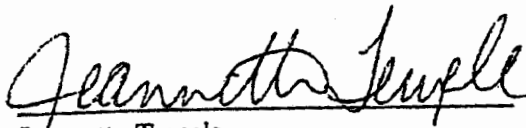
The proposed project is a 3'-0" high concrete masonry wall which will encroach up to 3'-0" into the Ocean Front Walk public right-of-way adjacent to 703-705 Zanzibar Court. The encroachment is proposed in response to the widening of the Mission Beach Boardwalk and is in compliance with the criteria for encroachments in this area as permitted by the City Engineer and will be removed if the property is ever redeveloped. The proposed wall has been designed to be pedestrian oriented as required by the City Engineer. The wall will encroach no greater than 3'-0" into the Ocean Front Walk right-of-way, will be smooth surfaced and round capped and will have rounded corners, at least two-foot radius, to prevent injuries to the public that uses the boardwalk for recreation type purposes. Due to the location, the proposed wall would not be detrimental to the

public health, safety, and welfare.

2. The proposed development will comply with the applicable regulations of the Land Development Code.

The proposed wall would be located adjacent to a residential structure that was legally built on the property line. If the property is ever redeveloped, the wall will be removed. As proposed, the wall would comply with the applicable regulations of the Land Development Code for walls and fences in the public right-of way. Further the proposed wall would comply with the Mission Beach Precise Plan and Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan and the City of San Diego's General Plan and Progress Guide.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, based on the findings hereinbefore adopted by the City Manager, Encroachment Removal Agreement No. 6571, Project No. 2833 is hereby GRANTED by the City Manager to the referenced Owner/Permittee, in the form, exhibits, terms and conditions as set forth in Encroachment Removal Agreement No. 6571, a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part hereof.



Jeannette Temple
Development Project Manager
Development Services

Adopted on: May 28, 2002

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

San Diego Coast Area Office
7575 Metropolitan Drive, Suite 103
San Diego, CA 92108-4421
(619) 767-2370

RECEIVED

NOV 20 2002

CALIFORNIA
COASTAL COMMISSION
SAN DIEGO COAST DISTRICT

Page:1

Date: November 12, 2002

Permit Application No.:6-02-125

COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

On **November 7, 2002**, the California Coastal Commission granted to

David & Sheri Jocis

this permit subject to the attached Standard and Special conditions, for development consisting of

Construction of a new 3-foot high, 58-foot long concrete privacy wall extending into the 3' landscaped buffer area within public right-of-way, adjacent to and east of, the planned widened Ocean Front Walk, on a site containing an existing multi-family residence.

more specifically described in the application filed in the Commission offices.

The development is within the coastal zone at

703-705 Zanibar Court, Mission Beach, San Diego (San Diego County)

Issued on behalf of the California Coastal Commission by

PETER M. DOUGLAS
Executive Director

By: **Diana Lilly**
Coastal Program Analyst

ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

The undersigned permittee acknowledges receipt of this permit and agrees to abide by all terms and conditions thereof.

The undersigned permittee acknowledges that Government Code Section 818.4 which states in pertinent part that: "A Public entity is not liable for injury caused by the issuance. . . of any permit. . ." applies to the issuance of this permit.

IMPORTANT: THIS PERMIT IS NOT VALID UNLESS AND UNTIL A COPY OF THE PERMIT WITH THE SIGNED ACKNOWLEDGMENT HAS BEEN RETURNED TO THE COMMISSION OFFICE. 14 Cal. Admin. Code Section 13158(a).

11/17/02
Date

Sheri Jocis
Signature of Permittee

EXHIBIT NO. 11

APPLICATION NO.

6-04-38

CDP #6-02-125 for
privacy wall on
subject site

Page 1 of 2

STANDARD CONDITIONS:

1. **Notice of Receipt and Acknowledgment.** The permit is not valid and development shall not commence until a copy of the permit, signed by the permittee or authorized agent, acknowledging receipt of the permit and acceptance of the terms and conditions, is returned to the Commission office.
2. **Expiration.** If development has not commenced, the permit will expire two years from the date on which the Commission voted on the application. Development shall be pursued in a diligent manner and completed in a reasonable period of time. Application for extension of the permit must be made prior to the expiration date.
3. **Interpretation.** Any questions of intent or interpretation of any condition will be resolved by the Executive Director or the Commission.
4. **Assignment.** The permit may be assigned to any qualified person, provided assignee files with the Commission an affidavit accepting all terms and conditions of the permit.
5. **Terms and Conditions Run with the Land.** These terms and conditions shall be perpetual, and it is the intention of the Commission and the permittee to bind all future owners and possessors of the subject property to the terms and conditions.

Special Conditions

The permit is subject to the following conditions:

1. **Boardwalk Encroachment/Storage and Staging Areas.** As proposed, the wall approved by Coastal Development Permit No. 6-02-125 shall be located no further west than the 3-foot wide landscaped buffer area, and shall not encroach into the planned widened public boardwalk (Ocean Front Walk). No construction staging or storage shall occur on the existing boardwalk, and construction activities shall not impede or block access on the existing boardwalk in any way.
2. **Future Removal of Permitted Encroachment.** If the existing structure along the boardwalk is substantially altered such that 50% or more of the existing walls are demolished or removed, the development authorized by this permit shall be removed in its entirety.