Potential environmental impacts of offshore renewable energy deployment: knowledge gaps and the importance of proxies, models, and monitoring

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### **Environmental impacts of OSW**

- Include: marine mammals, birds, benthic/bottom habitats, fish/fisheries, physical factors (winds/upwelling, EMF, etc.), plus other socioeconomic effects
- Lots of OSW in Europe, mostly shallow (<60m), fixed bottom
- CA will be well offshore in deeper water (up to 1300m)
- Challenge: few data exist this far offshore





### **Environmental impacts of OSW**

- Understanding impacts will require new data and new approaches to analyze/interpret
- Currently 3 floating wind farms

   (all in Europe), but
   little environmental
   monitoring;
   a lost opportunity?





# So what do we need and how do we do it?

**Approaches:** Proxies, Modeling, and Monitoring

- Proxies: similar information in other places or other equipment
- Good first step when little is known











#### Magnitude of Effect Negligible Moderate Minimal Major

#### • Minimal:

Electromagnetic (EMF) Effects; Habitat; Noise; Water Quality; Atmos. & Ocean. Dynamics • Possible reduction of

- Possible reduction of downstream windspeed
- May impact local circulation & regional upwelling (biological effects unknown)
- Moderate

Structural Impediments



Farr et al. 2021

# **Proxies for Fishes and Fisheries**

- Recent work in wind farms suggest minor/zero impacts & some positive artificial reef/fish aggregation effects (e.g., Langhamer et al. 2018, Gimpel et al. 2023, Buyse et al. 2023)
- Extensive research that (de facto) closed areas benefit fish pops
- Little information on sound/EMF on fish; effects may be minimal? (Popper et al. 2022)





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# Modeling

- Uses available data to understand a system (e.g., where species are/may be, how species may interact with equipment, etc.)
- · Can generate or test hypotheses
- Can provide information about key factors or features for empirical study
- Work at Cal Poly:
  - Examined complementarity of OSW and other renewables (esp. solar)
  - Spatial distribution of fishing effort along US west coast and landings in CA



Link to Cal Poly OSW Research



# Monitoring

- · Collection of field data from places that might be impacted
- Will need LOTS of new technology
- Example: Cal Poly Deep Sea AI (CEC funded)
  - Developed Web application for creating training data; users can generate and quality check training data efficiently
  - During pilot, created 8,000 annotations for several species







#### **AI Model Performance**



# Monitoring

- Need info beyond just the areas that will be impacted
- 'Gold standard' in impact assessment is Before-After Control-Impact (BACI)
- Will need large monitoring framework beyond just the WEAs (for some groups, scale will be VERY large)





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# Also...the oceans are changing

So, we'll need:

- Long-term monitoring: some impacts/changes happen slowly; long-term (10+ yr) datasets needed to detect effects
- Ongoing modeling to help understand where things are now and where they will be in the future
- Feedback among all approaches improves knowledge

OR-WA Highly Migratory Species Fishery Effort





# **Funding this work**

All of these approaches will cost money

- AB 80: A good start; could create new OSW entity within OPC to prioritize research, manage funding, and summarize information
- Developers should pay for much of this work, but important to avoid real *and* perceived conflicts of interest
- One option? Developers pay into fund managed by AB 80 entity; ensures rigorous science, provides stakeholders with confidence in the findings
  - Still—developers need to be involved as collaborators



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# We can do this!

- We have or can develop technology and approaches to understand effects of offshore renewables
- Rigorous science is essential to understand effects *and* potential mitigation
- Will require sustained commitment and strong cooperation among developers, state and federal governments, academics, other stakeholders





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