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PETE WILSON, Governor

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

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RECORD PACKET COPY

Filed: 12/1/97 49th Day: 1/19/98 180th Day: 5/30/98 Staff: CP-LB

Staff Report: 1/10/98
Hearing Date: March 10-13, 1998

Commission Action:

STAFF REPORT: REGULAR CALENDAR

APPLICATION NO.:

5-97-381

APPLICANT:

John Denissen

AGENT:

Teresa Vargas

PROJECT LOCATION:

2212-2214 Grand Canal, Venice, City of Los Angeles,

Los Angeles County.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Major remodel and addition to an existing one-story 792 square foot duplex, resulting in a three-story, 30 foot high, 2,858 square foot duplex with two attached one-car

garages on a canal-fronting lot.

Lot Area 2,702 sq. ft.
Building Coverage 1,500 sq. ft.
Pavement Coverage 375 sq. ft.
Landscape Coverage 827 sq. ft.

Parking Spaces

RW1-1

Zoning RWI Plan Designation Sir

Designation Single Family Residential-Waterway

Ht abv fin grade 30 feet

SUMMARY OF STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the Commission grant a permit for the proposed development with conditions relating to pervious yard areas, water quality, parking, height, drainage, and limits on demolition. The recommendation requires that the applicant submit revised plans that provide for a minimum of two enclosed parking spaces and space for parking three vehicles in a 15' setback located between the proposed garages and the rear property line (alley). The applicant agrees with the recommendation, but proposes a 12.5' rear setback instead of the recommended 15' rear setback (Exhibits #4&7).

LOCAL APPROVAL RECEIVED:

1. City of Los Angeles Approval in Concept #97-088, 11/4/97.

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STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

The staff recommends that the Commission adopt the following resolution:

I. Approval with Conditions

The Commission hereby grants, subject to the conditions below, a permit for the proposed development on the grounds that the development, as conditioned, will be in conformity with the provisions of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act of 1976, will not prejudice the ability of the local government having jurisdiction over the area to prepare a Local Coastal Program conforming to the provisions of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, is located between the sea and first public road nearest the shoreline and is in conformance with the public access and public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, and will not have any significant adverse impacts on the environment within the meaning of the California Environmental Quality Act.

II. Standard Conditions

- Notice of Receipt and Acknowledgment. The permit is not valid and development shall not commence until a copy of the permit, signed by the permittee or authorized agent, acknowledging receipt of the permit and acceptance of the terms and conditions, is returned to the Commission office.
- 2. Expiration. If development has not commenced, the permit will expire two years from the date this permit is reported to the Commission. Development shall be pursued in a diligent manner and completed in a reasonable period of time. Application for extension of the permit must be made prior to the expiration date.
- 3. <u>Compliance</u>. All development must occur in strict compliance with the proposal as set forth in the application for permit, subject to any special conditions set forth below. Any deviation from the approved plans must be reviewed and approved by the staff and may require Commission approval.
- 4. <u>Interpretation</u>. Any questions of intent or interpretation of any condition will be resolved by the Executive Director or the Commission.
- 5. <u>Inspections</u>. The Commission staff shall be allowed to inspect the site and the project during its development, subject to 24-hour advance notice.
- 6. <u>Assignment</u>. The permit may be assigned to any qualified person, provided assignee files with the Commission an affidavit accepting all terms and conditions of the permit.
- 7. Terms and Conditions Run with the Land. These terms and conditions shall be perpetual, and it is the intention of the Commission and the permittee to bind all future owners and possessors of the subject property to the terms and conditions.

III. Special Conditions

1. Pervious Yard Area

In order to provide a setback for access, visual quality, and to protect the water quality and biological productivity of the canals, an uncovered and pervious yard area totaling no less than 450 square feet shall be maintained in the front yard area between the front of the structure and the front (canal) property line. No fill or building extensions shall be placed in or over the 450 square foot pervious front yard area with the exception of fences or permeable decks at grade. Fences in front yard areas shall not exceed 42 inches in height.

2. <u>Deed Restriction</u>

Prior to issuance of the Coastal Development Permit, the applicant shall submit a deed restriction for recording, subject to the review and approval of the Executive Director, which shall provide for the maintenance of not less than 450 square feet of uncovered and pervious yard area in the front yard adjacent to the canal property line in order to maintain an access corridor, preserve water quality, and protect the biological productivity of the canals. Uncovered means that no fill nor building extensions shall be placed in or over the pervious yard area with the exception of fences or permeable decks at grade. Fences in front yard area shall not exceed 42 inches in height. The deed restriction shall run with the land, binding on all successors and assigns, and shall be recorded free of prior liens which the Executive Director determines may affect the enforceability of the restriction. This deed restriction shall not be removed or changed without a Coastal Commission-approved amendment to this Coastal Development Permit unless the Executive Director determines that no amendment is required.

3. Revised Plans-Rear Setback

Prior to issuance of the Coastal Development Permit, the applicant shall submit revised plans, for the review and approval of the Executive Director, which provide for a rear setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet between the rear property line (alley) and the rear of the structure. The rear setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet shall be provided and maintained as an area for three parking spaces. The applicant and all successors in interest shall maintain the approved development consistent with the final plans approved by the Executive Director.

4. Parking

A minimum of five on-site parking spaces shall be provided and maintained on the site: two one-car garages and three uncovered tandem parking spaces in the rear setback (Exhibit #7, p.5).

5. Height

The height of the structure shall not exceed thirty feet above the centerline of the canal walkway.

6. Drainage

Prior to issuance of the Coastal Development Permit, the applicant shall submit plans, subject to the review and approval of the Executive Director, for a one hundred cubic foot french drain or other water filtering device which provides equivalent on-site percolation. The french drain or other water filtering device must be constructed and maintained as shown on the final approved plans.

7. Demolition

This Coastal Development Permit does not permit the demolition of the existing duplex structure. The submitted plans show that the majority of the existing structural walls of the duplex will remain in place. If, for any reason, more walls of the existing duplex structure are removed than shown on the submitted plans, an amendment to this permit or a new Coastal Development Permit will be required.

IV. Findings and Declarations

The Commission hereby finds and declares:

A. Project Description and Area History

The applicant proposes to remodel and add onto a 792 square foot pre-Coastal Commission duplex in the Venice Canals area. The existing one-story duplex does not conform to the single family zoning designation for the Venice Canals neighborhood. The applicant proposes to substantially increase the size of the duplex while maintaining its non-conforming rights to two residential units.

The duplex currently contains two living units which are smaller than 400 square feet each. The proposed project would add a second and third floor to the existing one-story structure and result in two substantially larger residential units, each containing: two bedrooms, two bathrooms, a kitchen, a living room, a study room, and a one-car garage. The proposed project will increase the size of each unit by approximately 1,000 square feet.

The proposed additions to the existing structure include 700 square feet added to the ground floor (including two one-car garages), a new 1,464 square foot second floor, a new 352 square foot third floor, and a roof deck with a jacuzzi. The proposed additions will result in a three-story, 30 foot high, 2,858 square foot duplex with two attached one-car garages (See Exhibits). A 12.5 foot rear setback area located between the rear property line (alley) and the rear of the structure is proposed for additional on-site parking (Exhibit #7).

The project site is located on the east bank of Grand Canal in the Venice Canals residential area (Exhibit #2). The neighborhood is comprised of both old and new one, two and three-story single family residences, and a few

non-conforming duplexes. There are no previous Commission actions on the subject site.

Vehicular access to the site provided by the narrow alleys of Virginia Court and Grand Canal Court (Exhibit #2). Currently, a 365 square foot detached two-car garage provides the parking for the existing duplex. However, the proposed project includes the demolition of the existing garage, and the construction of two attached one-car garages on the rear of the enlarged duplex. Therefore, two existing on-site parking spaces are being replaced as part of the proposed project. In addition, a 12.5 foot rear setback is provided between the alley and the enlarged duplex (Exhibit #4). The applicant proposes to use the 12.5 foot rear setback as an area for parking up to three vehicles (Exhibit #7).

The existing front yard area between the structure and the canal will not be altered. The existing structure is set back fifteen feet from the front canal property line, and no additions are proposed within the existing fifteen foot setback.

The Commission has recognized in both prior permit and appeal decisions that the canals area of Venice is a coastal neighborhood of unique character. In 1975, the Commission developed a set of building standards for the Venice Canals area through hearing and voting on various permits. These standards reflect conditions imposed in a series of permits heard prior to that time. Since then, a set of special conditions, which are periodically updated, have been routinely applied to Coastal Development Permits in the Venice Canals area to address the Coastal Act issues of public access, habitat protection, preservation of community character, and scale of development. The conditions imposed on the Coastal Development Permits ensure that the projects are consistent with the Coastal Act. In order to mitigate the identified impacts, the appropriate special conditions have also been applied to this permit.

B. <u>Habitat Protection</u>

The Commission has found that Ballona Lagoon and the Venice Canals are sensitive habitat areas that must be protected from negative impacts associated with development.

Section 30240 of the Coastal Act states:

- (a) Environmentally sensitive habitat areas shall be protected against any significant disruption of habitat values, and only uses dependent on such resources shall be allowed within such areas.
- (b) Development in areas adjacent to environmentally sensitive habitat areas and parks and recreation areas shall be sited and designed to prevent impacts which would significantly degrade such areas, and shall be compatible with the continuance of such habitat areas.

The Venice Canals are located up stream from Ballona Lagoon, within the Ballona Wetlands system. The introduction of urban runoff, including

pesticides, garden fertilizers, and runoff from impervious surfaces, can reduce the water quality of the canals which directly impacts the biological productivity of the system. The Ballona Wetlands system is habitat for many species of marine biota, including the state and federally listed endangered least tern.

In order to protect the biological productivity of the Venice Canals and Ballona Lagoon, the Commission has consistently conditioned projects along the waterways to provide front yard setbacks, pervious yard areas, and drainage devices to absorb and filter rainwater and site drainage before it enters the canals. The Commission's requirements are consistent with the recommendations of the Santa Monica Bay Restoration Project Action Plan to reduce non-point source pollutants.

The Commission has consistently conditioned projects in the Venice Canals to provide and maintain a large pervious front yard as a setback from the canal to enhance public access, to provide an area for percolation to protect the water quality and biological productivity of the canals, and to protect community character by maintaining a comparable scale between buildings in the area. No fill nor building extensions may be placed in or over the required pervious front yard area with the exception of fences or permeable decks at grade.

The amount of the Commission's required pervious front yard area for the subject site is 450 square feet. The figure of 450 square feet is based on an average setback of fifteen feet across the thirty foot width of the subject lot. The Commission's front yard setback requirement is defined in square footage rather than an absolute lineal measurement to allow for changes in plane which can add architectural interest. A minimum ten foot front yard setback, with a required fifteen foot setback average, can provide the required 450 square foot pervious front yard area and a front yard setback which is consistent with the other residences in the area.

In this case, the proposed project provides a fifteen foot front yard setback and the required 450 square foot pervious front yard area (Exhibit #3). No building encroachments are proposed to be constructed within fifteen feet of the canal property line. Therefore, the proposed project conforms to the Commission's front yard setback requirements.

The Commission has consistently required that applicants record the pervious yard area requirement on the property deeds to ensure continuous and ongoing protection of coastal resources and compliance with the requirement. Therefore, the Commission finds that prior to issuance of the permit, the applicant shall record a deed restriction which provides for the maintenance of not less than 450 square feet of pervious yard area in the front yard area adjacent the canal property line. Uncovered means that no fill nor building extensions shall be placed in or over the pervious yard area with the exception of fences or permeable decks at grade. Fences in front yard area shall not exceed 42 inches in height.

The deed restriction shall run with the land, binding on all successors and assigns of the applicant, and shall be recorded free of prior liens which the Executive Director determines may affect the enforceability of the

restriction. The deed restriction shall not be removed or changed without a Coastal Commission-approved amendment to this Coastal Development Permit unless the Executive Director determines that no amendment is required.

In order to mitigate the impacts on the habitat caused by surface drainage and drainage from residential areas, the Commission has consistently required the provision of a one hundred cubic foot french drain in order to filter urban runoff before it enters the canals. A condition is routinely placed on permits for development in the canals area which requires that plans be submitted which depict the location and design of the required french drain. In this case, the applicant must submit plans for the required french drain. The applicant is required to provide the french drain as shown on the final approved plans.

The Commission finds that, only as conditioned to provide a french drain and 450 square feet of pervious yard area to mitigate impacts on biological productivity caused by surface runoff into the canals, is the proposed project consistent with the Section 30240 of the Coastal Act.

C. Public Access/Parking

The Commission has consistently found that a direct relationship exists between residential density, the provision of adequate parking, and the availability of public access to the coast. Section 30252 requires that new development should maintain and enhance public access to the coast by providing adequate parking facilities.

Section 30252 of the Coastal Act states, in part:

The location and amount of new development should maintain and enhance public access to the coast by... (4) providing adequate parking facilities....

Many of the older developments in the Venice Canals area, like the existing duplex, do not provide adequate on-site parking. As a result, there is a parking shortage in the area and public access has been negatively impacted. The small amount of parking area that may be available for the general public on the surrounding streets is being used by guests and residents of the area.

To mitigate this problem, the Commission has consistently conditioned new development within the canals neighborhood to provide adequate on-site parking to meet the demands of the permitted use, if feasible. The current Commission parking standards require two on-site parking spaces per residential unit. A duplex requires at least four on-site parking spaces to meet the parking demands of two residences.

Because the existing duplex was constructed prior to passage of the Coastal Act, the duplex has never been subject to the Commission's parking standards. Therefore, the duplex does not currently provide the number of on-site parking spaces normally required by the Commission. The existing duplex has two on-site parking spaces in an unattached two-car garage (Exhibit #3). That garage is proposed to be demolished as part of the proposed project.

There are currently only two parking spaces provided on the site. The proposed project, which significantly increases the size of the existing 792 square foot duplex to 2,858 square feet, provides two enclosed parking spaces and a 12.5 foot rear setback for guest parking (Exhibit #4). In past actions, the Commission has approved improvements to non-conforming duplexes in the Venice Canals area if additional parking was provided as part of the project [see Coastal Development Permit 5-92-427 (Vesslier)].

The existing duplex, with its two 400 square foot one bedroom units, may only create a parking demand of one space per unit because of the very small size of the existing units. Typically, fewer people live in a 400 square foot unit than would live in the proposed 1,400 square foot two bedroom/two bath units. In fact, most cities have reduced parking standards for one bedroom units because they typically generate the need for only one parking space. Larger residential units, like two bedroom units, generally create a demand for two parking spaces per unit.

As previously stated, the Commission has required new development in the Venice Canals neighborhood to provide adequate on-site parking. If the proposed project was a completely new duplex, and not an addition, it would be required to provide four on-site parking spaces and an area in the rear setback for guest parking. However, a new duplex on the site would not be approved by the City because the area is zoned for single family residences only. The existing duplex is a non-conforming use. In addition, based on previous Commission actions in the area and the public access policies of the Coastal Act, the Commission has also denied applications for new duplexes in the Venice Canals area.

The proposed project, which significantly increases the size of the existing 742 square foot duplex to 2,858 square feet, provides only two enclosed parking spaces and a 12.5 foot rear setback that can be used for guest parking (Exhibit #4). The applicant states that the proposed parking layout will provide adequate space to park up to five vehicles on the site and meet the Commission's parking standard of two parking spaces per residential unit plus a guest spaces (Exhibit #7).

The Commission finds that the proposed parking supply is adequate to protect public access from the impacts of the proposed development, but only if the rear setback area between the proposed garage and the rear property line (alley) is at least fifteen feet wide. A fifteen foot wide space between the applicant's proposed garage and the rear property line would provide an area large enough to park three mid-size vehicles side by side (the lot is thirty feet wide). The following tables lists dimensions of some commonly driven large vehicles:

<u>Vehicle</u>	Dimensions (LxW in feet)
Chevrolet Blazer 4-Door	14.6'x 5.6'
Chevrolet Tahoe 4-Door	15.7'x 6.4'
Toyota 4-Runner	14.9'x 5.9'
Toyota RAV4	13.5'x 5.5'
Toyota Camry	15.7'x 5.8'

The applicant's proposal for a 12.5 foot rear setback area for on-site parking will provide space for parking three vehicles behind the proposed garage, but the ends of most vehicles would extend past the property line and into the right-of-way of the rear alley. Parked vehicles extending into the alley can restrict access through the alley which is twenty feet wide. Even though the alley behind the site is a dead end alley, it is very important for safety reasons that the way is kept clear of parked vehicles. The alley is the only access to the site should the Fire Department be required to respond to an emergency. A fifteen foot rear setback area would provide adequate space for three vehicles to park behind the garage without extending partially into the alley. The lot is thirty feet wide.

Although the City has not required the applicant to provide more parking than the proposed two enclosed parking spaces, the City of Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety requires that parking spaces meet the following minimum dimensions:

Compact Parking Stall (straight-in parking): 6'x 13' Standard Parking Stall (straight-in parking): 7'x 16'

The proposed 12.5 foot rear setback is not deep enough to meet the City's standard for compact parking stalls. Nor is the proposed 12.5 foot rear setback deep enough to prevent most vehicles from extending off of the lot and over the alley right-of-way. A fifteen foot deep setback would provide enough area for three compact parking stalls (6'x 13') to be located in tandem behind the proposed garage (Exhibit #7, p.5).

Therefore, as a condition of approval, the applicant is required to submit revised plans which provide for a rear setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet between the rear property line (alley) and the rear of the structure. The rear setback of not less than fifteen (15) feet shall be provided and maintained as an area for three on-site parking spaces. The applicant and all successors in interest shall maintain the approved development consistent with the final plans approved by the Executive Director. As conditioned, the proposed project will meet the Commission's parking standards for the area and will increase the on-site parking supply to mitigate the increase in parking demand.

It is feasible to provide a deeper rear setback because there is sufficient room on the site to increase the rear setback from 12.5 feet, as proposed by the applicant, to fifteen feet as required by the condition. A fifteen 15 rear setback can be accommodated on the site without requiring any changes to or demolition of the existing duplex structure (Exhibit #3). The existing duplex is located 42.75 feet from the rear (alley) property line (Exhibit #4). As conditioned to provide adequate parking on the site, the applicant will benefit from a substantial increase in the size of the existing non-conforming duplex, and will provide additional parking on the site without enduring a substantial hardship.

Therefore, as conditioned, the project will provide a minimum of five on-site parking spaces: two enclosed parking spaces in the garages and three unenclosed tandem parking spaces in the fifteen foot rear setback located between the structure and the rear property line (alley). The required five

on-site parking spaces will replace the two existing on-site parking spaces and provide three additional parking spaces on the site. As conditioned, the proposed project will meet the increased parking demand created by the proposed addition which will more than triple the size of the existing duplex. The parking demand of the proposed duplex will be larger than the smaller existing duplex because the proposed larger duplex can provide living quarters for more people than the existing small duplex. Only as conditioned is the proposed project consistent with the public access policies of the Coastal Act.

As previously stated, the existing duplex is a non-conforming use. As such, the use may remain on the site and be improved, as long as all adverse impacts on coastal resources area mitigated. However, if the existing duplex is demolished under orders of the City Department of Building and Safety, or for any other reason, all rights to the non-conforming use will be lost. A new duplex may not be permitted on the site. The Commission considers demolition as removal of more than fifty percent of existing structural walls. If more than fifty percent of the existing structural walls are removed, the project is considered new development, and all rights to the non-conforming use are forfeited.

In any case, this Coastal Development Permit does not permit the demolition of the existing duplex structure. The submitted plans show that the majority of the existing structural walls of the duplex will remain in place (Exhibit #3). If, for any reason, more walls of the existing duplex structure are removed than shown on the submitted plans, an amendment to this permit or a new Coastal Development Permit will be required. A revised project will be analyzed for conformance with the policies of the Coastal Act at that time. Only as conditioned is the proposed project consistent with the public access policies of the Coastal Act.

D. Scale of Development

The Commission has also consistently conditioned projects in the Venice Canals area to protect the community character. The area is comprised of both old and new one, two and three-story single family residences and a few remaining duplexes. The majority of the structures in the area do not exceed thirty feet in height. In order to protect the existing scale and character of the neighborhood, and in order to protect the visual corridor along the canal's public walkways, the Commission has consistently limited new development in the canal area to a height of thirty feet, which is consistent with the general height of the area.

In this case, the proposed project has a maximum height of 29.5 feet (Exhibit #5). Therefore, the proposed project conforms to the Commission's height requirements.

The Commission has also limited building extensions within the front yard setback area, except for ground level permeable decks. No building extensions encroach into the required 450 square feet of pervious area in the front yard.

E. Local Coastal Program

Section 30604(a) of the Coastal Act provides that the Commission shall issue a Coastal Permit only if the project will not prejudice the ability of the local government having jurisdiction to prepare a Local Coastal Program which conforms with Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act:

(a) Prior to certification of the Local Coastal Program, a Coastal Development Permit shall be issued if the issuing agency, or the commission on appeal, finds that the proposed development is in conformity with the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 30200) of this division and that the permitted development will not prejudice the ability of the local government to prepare a Local Coastal Program that is in conformity with the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 30200). A denial of a Coastal Development Permit on grounds it would prejudice the ability of the local government to prepare a Local Coastal Program that is in conformity with the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 30200) shall be accompanied by a specific finding which sets forth the basis for such conclusion.

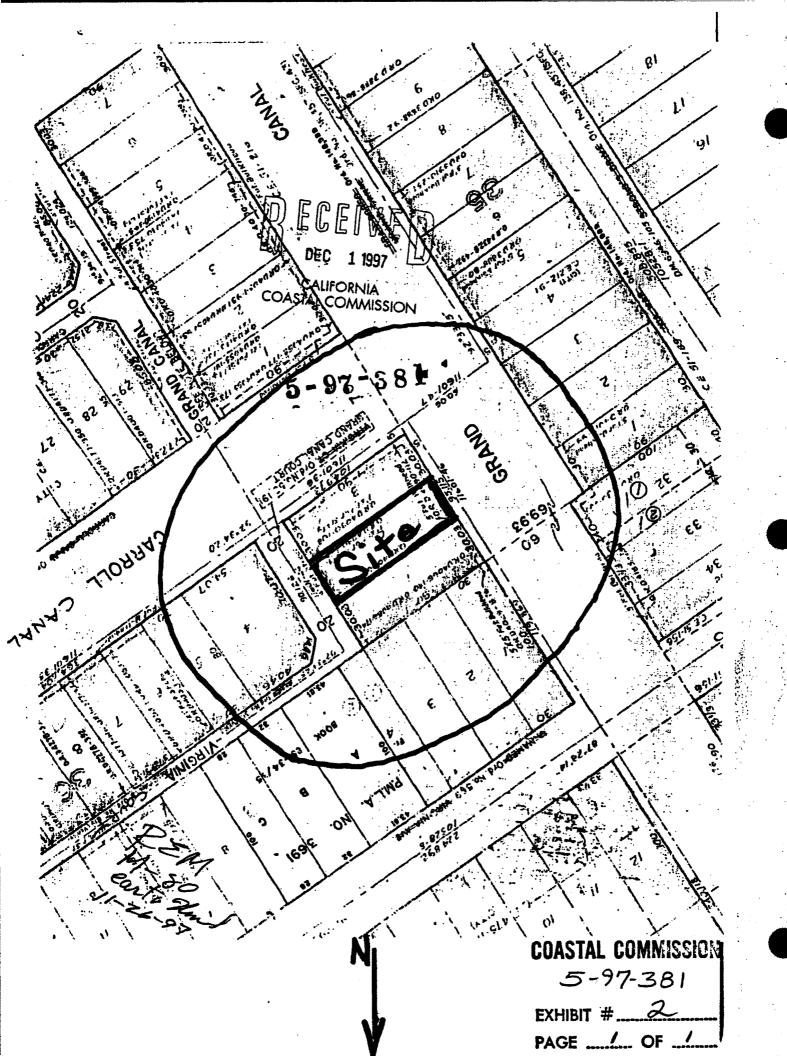
The Venice area of the City of Los Angeles does not have a certified Local Coastal Program. The proposed project, only as conditioned, is consistent with the habitat, coastal access, and recreation policies of the Coastal Act. Therefore, the Commission finds that approval of the proposed development, as conditioned, will not prejudice the City's ability to prepare a Local Coastal Program consistent with the policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, as required by Section 30604(a).

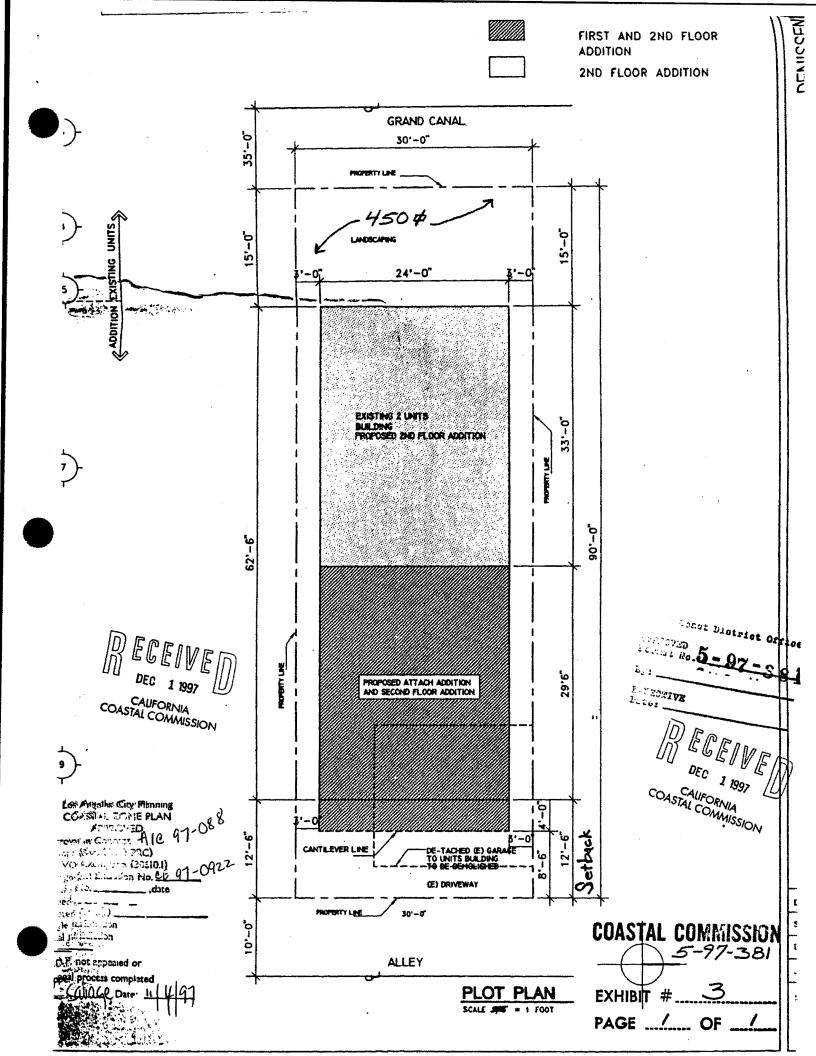
F. California Environmental Quality Act

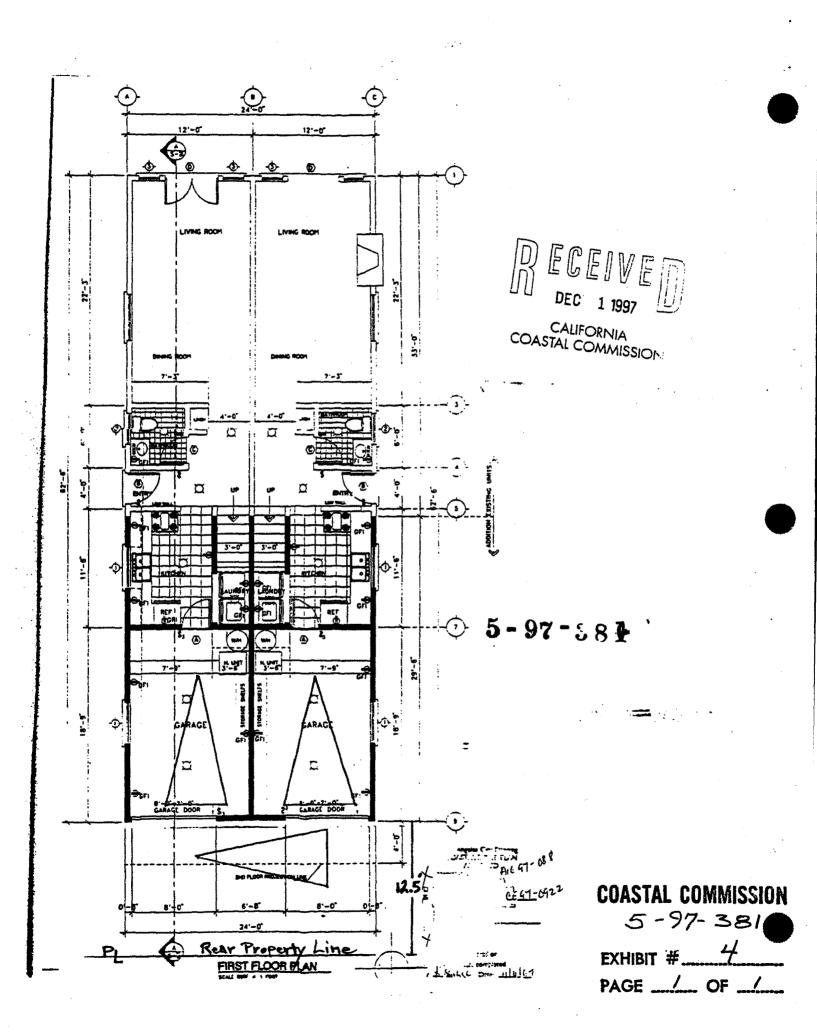
Section 13096 of the California Code of Regulations requires Commission approval of Coastal Development Permit application to be supported by a finding showing the application, as conditioned by any conditions of approval, to be consistent with any applicable requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Section 21080.5(d)(2)(i) of CEQA prohibits a proposed development from being approved if there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse impact which the activity may have on the environment.

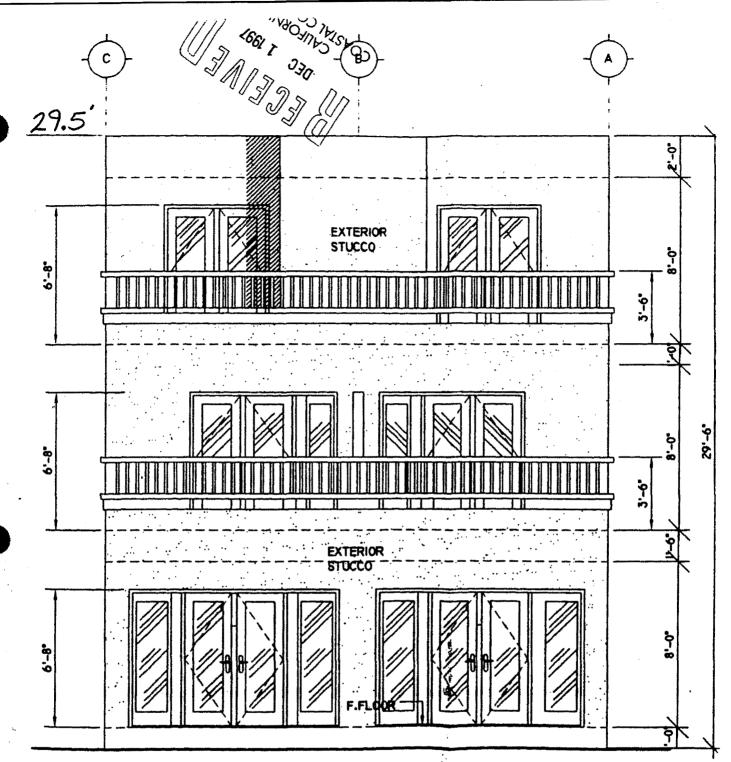
The proposed project, only as conditioned, is consistent with the habitat and coastal access policies of the Coastal Act. Therefore, the Commission finds that the proposed project, as conditioned to mitigate the identified impacts, is the least environmentally damaging feasible alternative and can be found consistent with the requirements of the Coastal Act to conform to CEQA.











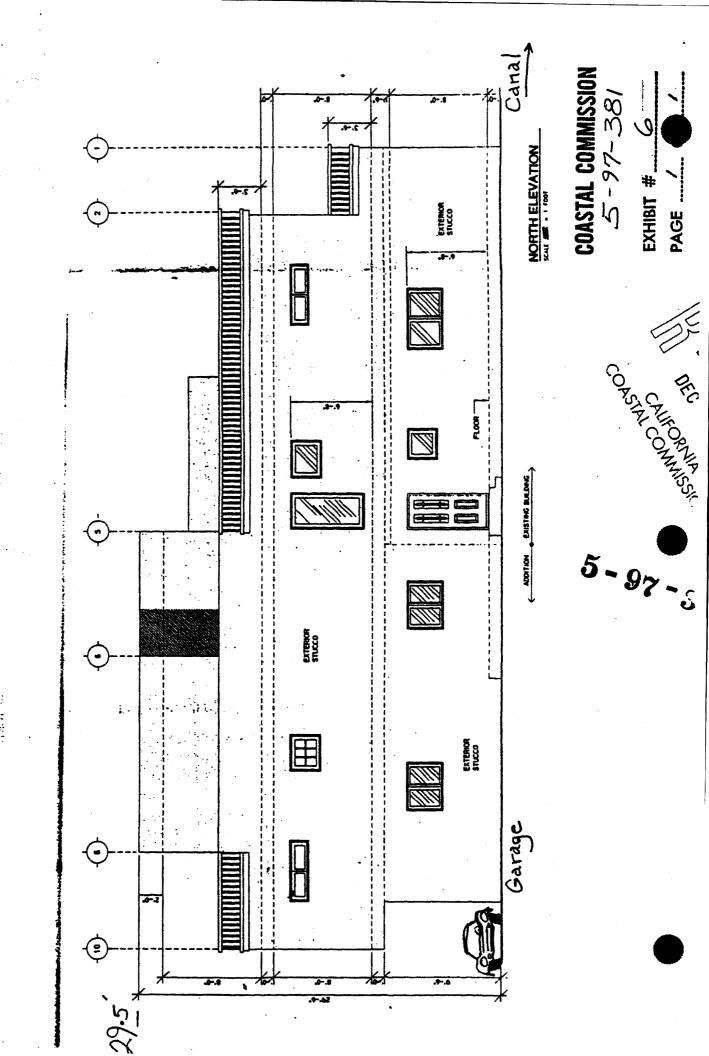
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Grand Canal
WEST ELEVATION
SCALE # 1 FOOT

COASTAL COMMISSION

5-97-381

EXHIBIT # _______
PAGE _____/_ OF _____



John Denissen

Post Office Box 2292 Venice, CA 90294 U.S.A. (310) 821-1352 ♦ CanalDog@aol.com

February 6, 1998

Mr. Chuck Posner
California Coastal Commission
200 Oceangate #1000 =
Long Beach, CA 90802

re: case #5-97-381

DECEIVED
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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

Dear Chuck:

Thank you for speaking with me last week regarding the addition I propose for my home at 2212-2214 Grand Canal in the Venice Canals subdivision. And thank you for helping me to postpone the hearing of my case.

I received the Coastal Commission's Staff Report the day after we spoke. Fortunately, I think we are generally in agreement. The front yard of 450 square feet is no problem for me, and I completely understand your desire to protect the Canals with such spaces. Similarly, the French drain is a good idea that hadn't occurred to me, so I am glad to learn about it and I will happily take this step to further protect the Canals and downstream wetlands.

On the issue of parking, I think we can reach an agreement that satisfies your desire for more parking and my desire to not devote the vast majority of the ground floor to automobiles (perhaps even including demolition of the existing duplex - where I live).

I share your concern about parking. I propose to provide 5 spaces. I believe this is enough to more than carry the parking needs of this property. I want to preserve my unique side-by-side duplex (the only one I know of in the Canals subdivision) and provide adequate parking.

First, let me point out some of the ideas, regarding parking, that are incorporated into the plan as you have it. To better demonstrate for you what these ideas are, photos accompany this letter.

1. 12'6" rear setback:

The current plan was intended to minimize everything about the ground floor in order to set the garage back as far as possible, so that there would be room behind the garage for parking. It will be set back 9' further than it is now. If you look at photo #1a you will see what that additional set back will do for parking. THE BACK BUMPER OF MY CAR WILL MOVE FORWARD TO THE POSITION OF THE OAR I AM HOLDING. My

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5-97-381
EXHIBIT # 7
PAGE 1 OF 8

garage will be set back 4' further than my neighbor to the north and 5' further than my neighbor to the south. While 12'6" (you are proposing 15') may not sound like enough space to park a car in, length-wise, I believe it is when you consider the section #4.

2. Garage Doors set to opposite sides of rear wall:

On the plan you will notice that the garage doors are set as wide apart as possible. This unusual configuration is so that three cars can be parked across the back of the garage. The space that results from the wide set of the garage doors is 6'8". My car (and 2 of my neighbors' cars including a large van) measure 5'6" wide. So, I believe it will be possible for each unit to have a car parked in the garage, as well as a car tandem-parked behind it, as well as a guest car between the garages outdoors. (As you and I discussed, a three car wide garage is not possible on this narrow of a lot.) It may be a bit tight, but there will be 6" of space on each side of the "guest" car before the edge of the garage door. Obviously, a car going into or out of the garage door would have to clear the door jam, so would be obstructed by the door jamb before the "guest" car became a problem. See diagram "A".

3. Additional Ideas:

A. Restrictions on number of cars per unit.

I am happy to impose on the tenants in 2212, (I intend to continue occupying 2214 as I do now) as a condition of their lease/rental agreement, that they be a household of no more than two cars. (For your information, I intend to occupy 2214 permanently and anticipate having only one roommate with one car plus my own.)

B. Please consider the timing of "guest" parking:

My plan allows for one guest space. This could be for the occasional weekend house guest. Other guest parking should be no problem, at least in the evenings (when most people do their entertaining) as the public lots and street parking are generally available after the beach crowd leaves for the day.

Also, given that most people work during the day (including myself and my future roommate) there will be even less stress on daytime beach parking. I don't intend to create tougher parking for day-time beachgoers.

4. The reality of Grand Canal Court's width at site:

On the area map (radius map) you will notice that Virginia Court is substantially narrower than is Grand Canal Court. This morning I measured it and it looks like 10' at some spots, and almost 11' at others. For all I know, it is actually 20' wide with many encroachments (see photos "Virginia Court").

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT # 7 PAGE ... 2 OF 8

According to the radius map, Grand Canal Court is 20' wide. While I am not suggesting that there has been some kind of cartography mistake that somehow robbed me and my two neighbors of the rear portion of our lots, I am suggesting that the true 20' width of Grand Canal Court was probably originally intended for some shared use (parking) with the bordering property owners. At least, this is how it is working out in the Canal Courts now. (I'm happy to meet with you at the site as this may be difficult to understand without actually being there):

Visually and Practically Grand Canal Court functions as about a 10-15' alley.

What practical use or purpose is there to a very short 20' wide alley that is accessed by a very long 10' wide alley?

My neighbors to the south paved their driveway, and along with it, part of the court (thinking, I'm sure that it was not part of the court). The concrete is seamed at about 11 feet; this makes it look like the court is only 11' wide. More than "visuals" the court now functions this way. My neighbors (on my side of the court) and I regularly park our cars at an angle behind our garages. If you go by a 20' wide court, then the only space I would have to park anything behind my garage is 3'6". Clearly it is not functioning that way.

The most compelling and easiest to understand way to look at this issue is to look at the photos "Grand Canal Court". In these photos you will see my 4-door Toyota pulled up to my garage. Even as the garage is currently situated, you could pull a car around mine, although I admit it is tight. But, I propose bringing the garage in 9' from where it is. Again in the photo, 9' in from the back bumper of my car (where it will be able to be parked with the new garage) is where I am holding the oar. You can see that this will provide a more than adequate alleyway of 20 feet behind cars parked behind my new garage. In fact, from the photo that looks toward the canal bridge, you can see that my neighbor in the foreground has a ficus tree, telephone pole and brick planter at the same place that my back bumper will end up (the oar in the photo). In other words, cars will fit behind my new garage with no more narrowing of the alley than is already the case because of the telephone pole, ficus and brick planter. (You'll note from the photo that it is common for the neighbors' cars to hang into the alley, but they don't inhibit transit.)

In fact, the proposed parking will result in less narrowing of the alley than currently exists when I and my neighbors pull cars in at an angle (see photo "Grand Canal Court looking south) as we sometimes now do.

Finally on this issue, my parking configuration is of consequence to two other properties, at most. Both of these neighbors are well aware of my plans, and aren't at all concerned. Consider that 2218 (plot #3) is built out and will likely not change configuration in the future. On the other hand, plot #4 may, one day, see major remodeling, which would most likely result in changing the garage from canal-side to the rear of the property (Virginia Court side), eliminating the need to even drive by my house.

COASTAL COMMISSION

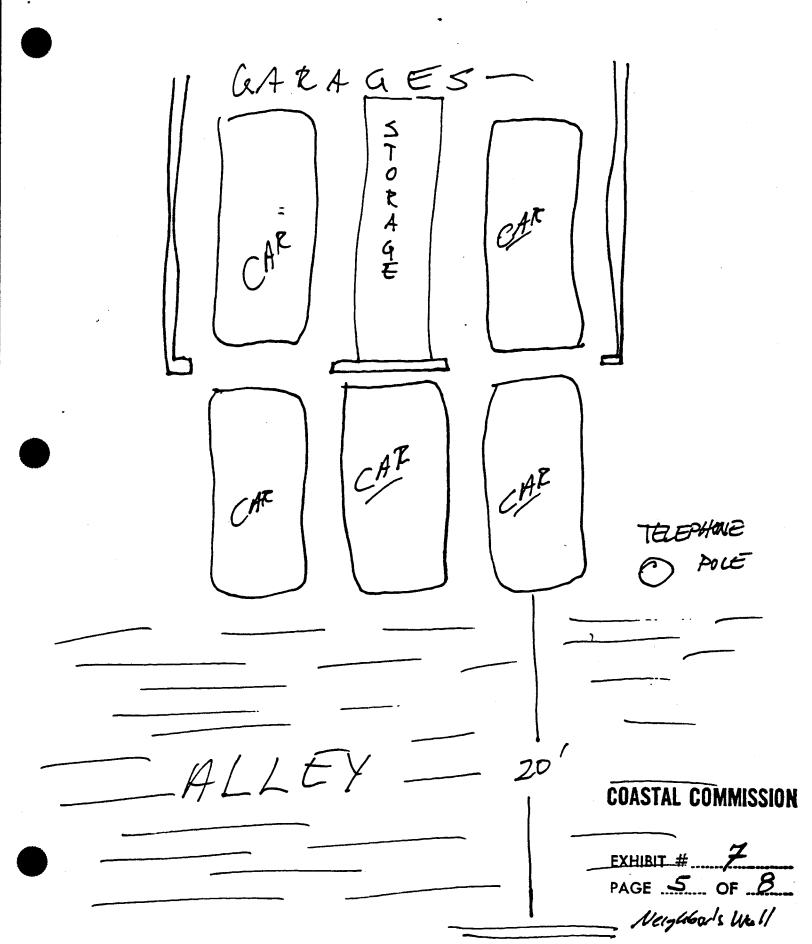
Again, thank you for your valuable assistance, and for taking the time to consider all of these points.

While I understand the recommendation you expressed to me on the phone earlier today (bringing the garage in 2 1/2') I am hoping that you find my points compelling. I did very seriously consider the parking issue in the design (greater set-back than my neighbors, garage doors spread far apart, etc.). I think the current design will allow for plenty of parking, but I will, of course, abide by the Commission's decision.

Sincerely.

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT # 7





1A

Oar I am holding is 9' in from the back bumper of my car. This is the position my back bumper will be if the garage is moved in 9', as indicated in the current plan.



Virginia Court. The access to Grand Canal Court.

COASTAL COMMISSION



Grand Canal Court looking north

Note Oar at 9' further in, and ficus tree with telephone pole (red arrow)

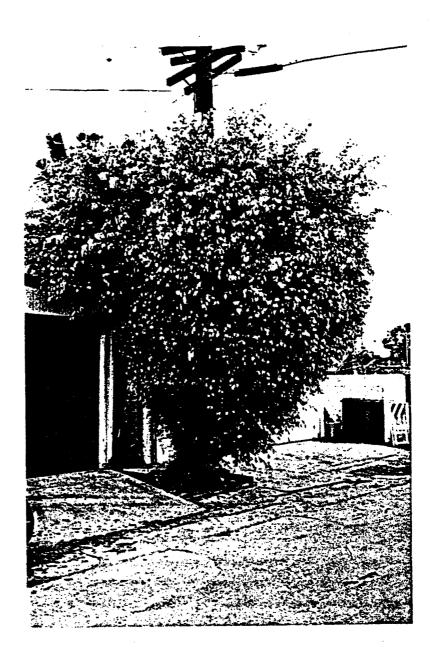


Grand Canal Court looking south

Note traditional parking of neighborhood

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EXHIBIT # 7
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Tree with telephone pole

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EXHIBIT # #