CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO AREA 7575 METROPOLITAN DRIVE, SUITE 103 SAN DIEGO, CA 92108-4402

RECORD PACKET COPY



Staff:

BP-SD

Staff Report:

February 20, 2001

Hearing Date:

March 13-16, 2001

Tue 13a

REVISED FINDINGS

Application No.: A-6-OCN-99-133

Applicant:

Thomas Liguori

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Substantial demolition and construction of 930 sq.ft. of additional floor area to an existing 2,528-sq. ft. single-family home to total 3,458 sq.ft. on a 4,800-sq. ft. oceanfront lot. The additional area includes conversion of two existing first and second story balconies and a basement level patio to create new indoor living space. The conversions total 432 sq.ft. (156 sq.ft. for each of the two balconies and 120 sq.ft for the patio) and would result in a seaward expansion of the living area of the residence approximately 6'7" for each of the three levels. Also proposed is a 498 sq.ft. second story addition over the proposed 463 sq.ft. garage.

PROJECT LOCATION: 1731 South Pacific Street, Oceanside, San Diego County. APN 153-091-31

STAFF NOTES:

Summary of Commission Action:

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the following revised findings in support of the Commission's action on January 9, 2001 denying the application.

Date of Commission Action: January 9, 2001

Commissioners on Prevailing Side: Allgood; Dettloff; Hart; Kruer; Lee; McCoy; Orr; Weinstein; Chairperson Wan.

SUBSTANTIVE FILE DOCUMENTS: Certified City of Oceanside Local Coastal Program (LCP), A-6-OCN-99-20/Wilt, Wave Uprush Studies by Skelly Engineering, dated April 27, 1999, City of Oceanside Building Department Memorandum, dated September 5, 2000, Revetment Survey --Skelly Engineering, dated October 25, 2000; Revised Site Plan by Spear and Associates, dated December 6, 2000

I. STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

MOTION: I move that the Commission adopt the revised findings

in support of the Commission's action on January 9,

2001 concerning A-6-OCN-99-133

STAFF RECOMMENDATION OF APPROVAL:

Staff recommends a **YES** vote on the motion. Passage of this motion will result in the adoption of revised findings as set forth in this staff report. The motion requires a majority vote of the members from the prevailing side present at the January 9, 2001 hearing, with at least three of the prevailing members voting. Only those Commissioners on the prevailing side of the Commission's action are eligible to vote on the revised findings.

RESOLUTION TO ADOPT REVISED FINDINGS:

The Commission hereby adopts the findings set forth below for A-6-OCN-99-133 on the grounds that the findings support the Commission's decision made on January 9, 2001 and accurately reflect the reasons for it.

II. Findings and Declarations.

1. <u>Procedural Note.</u> On February 8, 1999, the City of Oceanside approved Tom Liguori's application (App. No. RC-8-97) for a coastal development permit ("CDP"). The Commission did not receive the City's Notice of Final Action on the application until September 28, 1999. By that time, Mr. Liguori had already begun construction of the development. On October 13, 1999, the CDP was appealed to the Commission, ten working days after the Commission received the Notice of Final Action. The appellants were Allen Evans, Commissioner Wan and Commissioner Nava.

At its November 1999 meeting, the Commission opened and continued the substantial issue determination of this appeal because the City had not yet forwarded the file for the permit application to the Commission. At its December 1999 meeting, the Commission found that "substantial issue" existed regarding the consistency of the CDP with the City of Oceanside's certified LCP and with the public access and recreation policies of the Coastal Act.

In the meantime, on October 12, 1999, the City issued a Stop Work Order directing Mr. Liguori to halt construction because the construction did not conform to the plans approved in the CDP issued by the City. Subsequently, on February 16, 2000, Mr. Liguori petitioned the City to revise the previously issued CDP (App. No. RC-8-97 REVISIONS). As a courtesy to Mr. Liguori, Commission staff agreed not to proceed with the de novo hearing on the CDP until after the City completed action on the proposed revision.

On April 24, 2000, the Planning Commission approved the revisions to the permit. The Planning Commission approval was appealed to the City Council on May 4, 2000; the Council denied the appeal on July 19, 2000. The City's Notice of Final Action characterized the revision as "[m]inor modifications to a previously approved Coastal Permit." Because the original permit was already pending before the Commission for de novo review, the City's revision to the permit was not separately appealed. On December 20, 1999 Commission staff requested the applicant to provide a wave uprush study, stringline analysis and comparison of what was approved by the City to what had been built. The applicant submitted the requested information on May 5, 2000 and August 16, 2000. The applicant also submitted a revised project description on August 16, 2000 which reflected the changes the City Planning Commission approved on April 24, 2000 and were upheld by the City Council in its denial of the local appeal on July 19, 2000. On September 25, 2000 staff informed the applicant by letter that the full extent of existing and proposed residential and accessory improvements was not analyzed by the wave study to determine the need for maintenance or reconfiguration of the existing revetment. Staff requested that an analysis be provided to address what is adequate protection for the existing structure, with a separate similar analysis for the proposed improvements. On November 13, 2000 staff received the information. On December 1, 2000, staff informed the applicant by letter that there were discrepancies between cross sections indicating the seaward extent of the revetment and the revised site plan. Staff requested that an accurate cross-section and a topographically surveyed site plan be submitted so that the precise location of the revetment is known. Additionally, staff requested the applicant provide the location of the revetment toe in relation to a fixed reference point such as a surveyed property line or street monument. On December 6, 2000 the applicant provided the information and the project was subsequently set for a de novo hearing.

On December 7, 2000, Mr. Liguori filed suit against the Commission, alleging that this appeal is untimely and that the Commission therefore lacks jurisdiction.

2. <u>Project Description/History</u>. The proposed development involves the substantial demolition and construction of 930 sq.ft. of additional floor area to an existing 2,528-sq. ft. single-family home to total 3,458 sq.ft. on a 4,800-sq. ft. oceanfront lot. The additional area includes the conversion of two existing first and second story balconies and a basement level patio to create new indoor living space. The conversions total 432 sq.ft. (156 sq.ft. for each of the two balconies and 120 sq.ft for the patio) and would result in a seaward expansion of the living area of the residence approximately 6'7" for each of the three levels. Also proposed is a 498 sq.ft. second story addition over the proposed 463 sq.ft. garage.

The project site is located on the west side of Pacific Street, between Buccaneer Beach and Cassidy Street in the City of Oceanside. An existing rock revetment is located on the beach seaward of the existing residence. The western boundary of the property is the mean high tide line.

The site is a sloping coastal bluff and has a 20-foot elevation differential from Pacific

Street to the existing revetment located near the western property boundary. The lot is 30 feet wide and extends westerly to the mean high tide line. A 14-foot wide at-grade concrete patio and 13-foot wide perched beach are located between the proposed new residence and the existing revetment and are proposed to remain. The existing buried toe of the revetment is approximately 28 feet inland of the mean high tide line as measured on October 25, 2000 (per the survey by Skelly Engineering). Surrounding development consists of one-and two-story single-family and multi-family residential uses on small lots.

On February 8, 1999 the City initially approved the project. However, the City did not send a Notice of Final Action to the Commission. Building permits were subsequently issued and the applicant began construction. Subsequently, in its review of another appeallable development in the area, it was brought to Commission staff's attention that the project had not been noticed as an appeallable project. The City was notified of this defect and subsequently sent the Notice of Final Action to the Commission office. The 10-day appeal period started and the project was appealed on October 13, 1999.

The City of Oceanside issued a Stop Work Order on October 18, 1999. The issues identified by the City in its order were: 1) The front setback did not appear to be in compliance with the approved plans; 2) The building was approximately 2-feet longer than what is shown on the approved plans; 3) The height of the building appeared to be more than what was shown on the approved plans; and 4) There were substantial differences in floor plan and elevations from what was shown on the approved plans. The order required a record of survey showing the location of the building with respect to all property lines, the Coastal Stringline, finish floor elevations and roof height. The order also required that plan revisions be submitted for approval.

In response to the above, the Planning Commission approved the below modifications, finding they were consistent with the City zoning code and coastal zone regulations.

- A correction to the original and approved building length dimension, misrepresented 8-inches shorter than the actual and pre-existing foundation length of the building;
- An approximate 12-inch expansion in the depth of the garage, and a resulting reduction in the front street yard from 2 feet 5 inches to 1 foot 4 inches, but not exceeding the average front yard setback for the blockface (10 inches);
- An overall roof height increase from 23 feet to 25 feet for the new second story addition over the garage;
- Enclosure of a pre-existing lower level patio, within the existing building footprint, and conversion of the space to living area;
- An upper level stairway and building wall change from flat to circular, but no change to side setback dimension of 3 feet minimum.

The Planning Commission's decision was upheld upon a subsequent appeal to the City Council and became final on July 19, 2000.

Regarding the first modification above, the applicant acknowledged that the overall building length dimension was erroneously misrepresented 8 inches shorter on the original plan. The original plans did not accurately reflect the overall length of the preexisting structure to the lower level foundation points. However, the correction resulted in no actual expansion to the length of the approved project.

Regarding the garage expansion and the resultant reduction in the front yard setback to 1 foot 4 inches, the City found the resultant setback is still greater than the average front yard setback of 10-inches for the properties in the area. The City found the correction to the overall building length plus the garage expansion of 12 inches results in an overall building length of 77 feet 9 inches. However, the actual lengthening of the house by 12 inches is proposed on the street side of the residence rather than the ocean side and does not result in the residence being extended seaward beyond the certified stringline. The enclosure of the balconies results in the seaward expansion of the livable area of the existing residence approximately 6'7"; however, it does not expand the first and second stories seaward beyond the existing footprint of the balconies.

Because the proposed development is the subject of an appeal of a decision of the City of Oceanside, the standard of review is the certified Oceanside Local Coastal Program and the public access and recreation policies of the Coastal Act.

- 3. <u>Compatibility With Neighborhood.</u> Three LUP Policies (#4, #7 and #8) of the "Visual Resources and Special Communities" Section of the certified Oceanside Land Use Plan (LUP) are applicable to the proposed development and state:
 - 4. The City shall maintain existing view corridors through public rights-of-way;
 - 7. Development of sandy beach areas shall be restricted to those areas that are directly supportive of beach usage, such as restrooms, lifeguard towers, and recreational equipment. Any such structures should minimize view blockage and be durable yet attractive;
 - 8. The City shall ensure that all new development is compatible in height, scale, color and form with the surrounding neighborhood.

Section 1709(a) of the certified LCP (zoning ordinance) entitled "Height" requires that:

No building or structure located in the R-A, R-1, R-2, PRD or SP zones shall exceed a height of 35 feet or two stories, whichever is less.

Section 1707(a) of the certified LCP (zoning ordinance) entitled "Maximum Lot Coverage" requires that:

All buildings in the R-A and R-1 zones including accessory buildings and structures shall not cover more than forty (40) percent of the area of the lot.

The certified LCP imposes both numeric and qualitative limitations on the bulk and design of single family residences. The pertinent numeric requirements are that structures may not cover more than 40 percent of the lot; may not exceed 35 feet in height; and may not have more than two stories (plus a basement). In addition to these numeric standards, any new development must be compatible in size and form with the surrounding neighborhood. As explained below, the proposed development seeks to take maximum advantage of the numeric standards in the LCP. The resulting structure, however, is larger than all other houses in the neighborhood and is significantly bulkier than most. The proposed development is therefore incompatible in scale and form with the surrounding neighborhood.

The LCP establishes a lot coverage standard of 40% to address neighborhood compatibility. The City found the project is consistent with this standard as it proposes a 40% lot coverage.

Regarding height, the certified LCP requires that building height be no higher than 35-feet. In 1988, the City amended its zoning code to reduce the height limit in this zone from 35 feet to 27 feet. The City, however, never sought an LCP amendment to lower the 35-foot height limit established in the certified LCP. While most of the roofline is being demolished and replaced within the current height limit (i.e., as part of the approved modifications, a new second story addition over the garage increases the height of the structure near the street from 23 feet to 25 feet in height), the existing and proposed height of the western roofline of the structure is approx. 29 feet high. Although the western roofline exceeds the City's uncertified height limit, it is consistent with the height limit specified in the certified LCP.

Though the proposed development is within the height limit of the certified LCP, it may exceed the LCP's limitation on any residences that exceed two stories. A report prepared by the City indicates that the lowest level of the proposed development satisfies the Uniform Building Code definition of a basement. Commission staff has not independently verified the accuracy of the report, but photographs of the structure in its current condition suggest that more of the lowest level of the structure is above grade than below. Moreover, as viewed from the beach, the structure appears to be three stories tall. As discussed below, however, even if the lowest level did qualify as a basement, the proposed structure is still incompatible with neighborhood character and obstructs public views.

Although the proposed development fits within the numeric limits on lot coverage and height, and is arguably two rather than three stories tall, the resulting structure is incompatible with community character. The LUP requires that all new development shall be compatible in height, scale, color and form with the surrounding neighborhood. The beachfront on this section of shoreline in Oceanside contains a mix of older, smaller houses that were built primarily in the 1950s and 1960s and newer, larger structures that

have either replaced the older structures or have been built on the few remaining vacant lots on the beachfront. In this case, prior to the commencement of construction, the subject lot contained a 2,528 sq.ft. single family dwelling. The applicant proposes to reconstruct and enlarge the residence to 3,458 sq.ft. The average size of residences in the project area (Residential Single Family [RS]) zone is 1,861 sq.ft (exhibit 10). The subject 3,458 sq.ft. residence would be the largest structure in the RS zoned properties. As shown on exhibit 10, the sizes of the houses on the three contiguous lots to the south of the project site are 2,405 sq.ft. 2,729 sq.ft. and 2,813 sq.ft., comparable to the original size of the applicant's residence. As proposed, however, the applicant's house would be significantly larger than these neighboring structures, which are themselves significantly larger than the norm in the neighborhood.

The structure as proposed is especially out of scale when viewed from the beach. Because the seaward face of the house is above grade, the house appears to be three stories tall. In addition, the enclosure of the deck and balcony make the house appear especially bulky in comparison to nearby houses.

Because the proposed project would be the largest residence in the area, because it is significantly larger than most other houses in the neighborhood, and because the blocky design emphasizes the bulk of the structure, the Commission finds that the proposed development is incompatible in scale and form with the surrounding neighborhood and therefore inconsistent with the certified LCP.

- 4. <u>Public Views.</u> The LUP policies relevant to public views along the coast state:
 - 5. The City shall maintain existing view corridors through public rights-of-way;
 - 9. Development of sandy beach areas shall be restricted to those areas that are directly supportive of beach usage, such as restrooms, lifeguard towers, and recreational equipment. Any such structures should minimize view blockage and be durable yet attractive;

The "Preserving and Creating Views" section of the certified "Coastal Development Design Standards", an implementing document of the LCP, provides:

- 1. No fencing, signage, planting, or structures should be placed in a way that will obstruct a view corridor.
- 2. Proposed new development should consider surrounding public views when designing building height.

The "Preserving the Past" section of the same document provides:

1. Ensure that all new development is compatible in height, scale, color and form with the surrounding neighborhood.

2. Promote harmony in the visual relationship and transitions between new and older buildings.

In this case, an important concern is what adverse visual effect would approval of the proposed structure have on coastal public views. Although the existing revetment obstructs views of the house from the beach immediately in front of the house, from beach level at greater distances from the project site, the project's visual impact significantly alters the appearance of the shoreline because, as proposed, it protrudes the farthest seaward. Thus, the proposed project represents a significant change in height, bulk and seaward encroachment over its existing configuration.

One important public view exists at the Cassidy Street access stairway to the south of the project site. Here, upcoast views to the beach, Oceanside Pier and ocean are significant. From the bluff top elevation of the stairway, outstanding upcoast views of the pier and beach are presently available for those who do not wish to walk down the stairway to the beach. The Commission finds that the proposed project would have adverse impacts on upcoast public views (i.e., the proposed project would extend further seaward than existing development in the immediate area and the scale of the project is too large compared with existing development in the area). Similarly, the Commission finds that for the preceding reasons the proposed project would have adverse impacts on public views from the Whaley Street vertical accessway to the north of the subject site.

5. <u>Stringline</u>. The certified LCP prohibits new development along the ocean from extending further seaward than a "stringline". The goal of limiting new development from extending beyond the stringline is to restrict encroachment onto the shoreline and preserve public views along the shoreline. Section 1703 of the certified implementing ordinances (zoning code) states:

Section 1703 (e) (Rear Yard Setbacks)

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, buildings or structures located on lots contiguous to the shoreline shall be compatible in scale with existing development and shall not extend further seaward than the line established on the "Stringline Setback Map", which is kept on file in the Planning Division.

Appurtenances such as open decks, patios and balconies may be allowed to extend seaward of the Stringline Setback line, providing that they do not substantially impair the views from adjoining properties.

The certified "Stringline Setback Map" was developed in 1983 by overlaying an imaginary stringline on an aerial photo of the shoreline in the City of Oceanside. The map shows how far new development may extend towards the ocean. The stringline map was based on existing building patterns, as well as anticipated future developments and remodels/expansions.

In its approval, the City found the conversion of the existing deck and balconies to living space on the seaward side of the property would not extend beyond the limits of the

stringline as depicted on the certified Stringline Map. According to the approved plans and a recent survey, the reconstructed residence extends to 79 feet 1 inch from the seaward right of way of South Pacific Street (building length of 77 feet 9 inches plus the front yard setback of 1 foot 4 inches). Based upon the stringline map, the stringline on the project site is measured at approximately 80-feet from the South Pacific Street property line. The stringline represents the maximum limits of structural expansion toward the beach. Section 1703 of the certified implementing ordinances states that appurtenances such as open decks, patios and balconies may be allowed to extend seaward of the Stringline Setback line, providing that they do not substantially impair the views from adjoining properties. An existing at grade concrete patio is proposed seaward of the stringline but would have no adverse visual impact.

In interpreting the LCP, the Commission has found in other actions that building out to the stringline is not a development "right" that an applicant is entitled to automatically (A-6-OCN-99-20, Wilt, approved in 10/99). The Commission found that allowing the Wilt project to extend to the 85-foot stringline as identified on the stringline map and approved by the City would cause the project to be out of scale and character with the pattern of development in the area and raised access concerns (i.e., increased the potential for additional shoreline protection which could result in adverse public access impacts). While the two sites are only six lots apart (the subject site is south of the Wilt lot), the stringlines are different based upon the curvature of the shoreline. The Commission required the Wilt project to conform to a 80-foot stringline for decks and balconies as measured from the seaward extent of the S. Pacific right-of-way and also required the front and sides of the residence to extend no further than 73-feet and 71-feet respectively from the right-of-way. The Commission further found that future projects subject to the certified Stringline Map would only be allowed the maximum stringline upon the finding the project is found consistent with all the governing policies of the certified LCP. The proposed structure would extend further seaward than any other structure.

As explained above, the proposed development significantly impairs public views along the coast. Therefore, the stringline provision of the certified LCP does not entitle the applicant to extend the enclosed area of the residence as far seaward as proposed.

In summary, the Commission finds the proposed project, because it is larger in size and bulk than other single-family residences in the area, it is inconsistent with the LCP regarding size and scale (it is 3-stories). Also, because the proposed house will extend further seaward than other homes in the area, its approval would result in adverse impacts on public views up and down coast. Thus, the Commission finds the project cannot be found consistent with the visual resource policies of the certified LCP and thus must be denied.

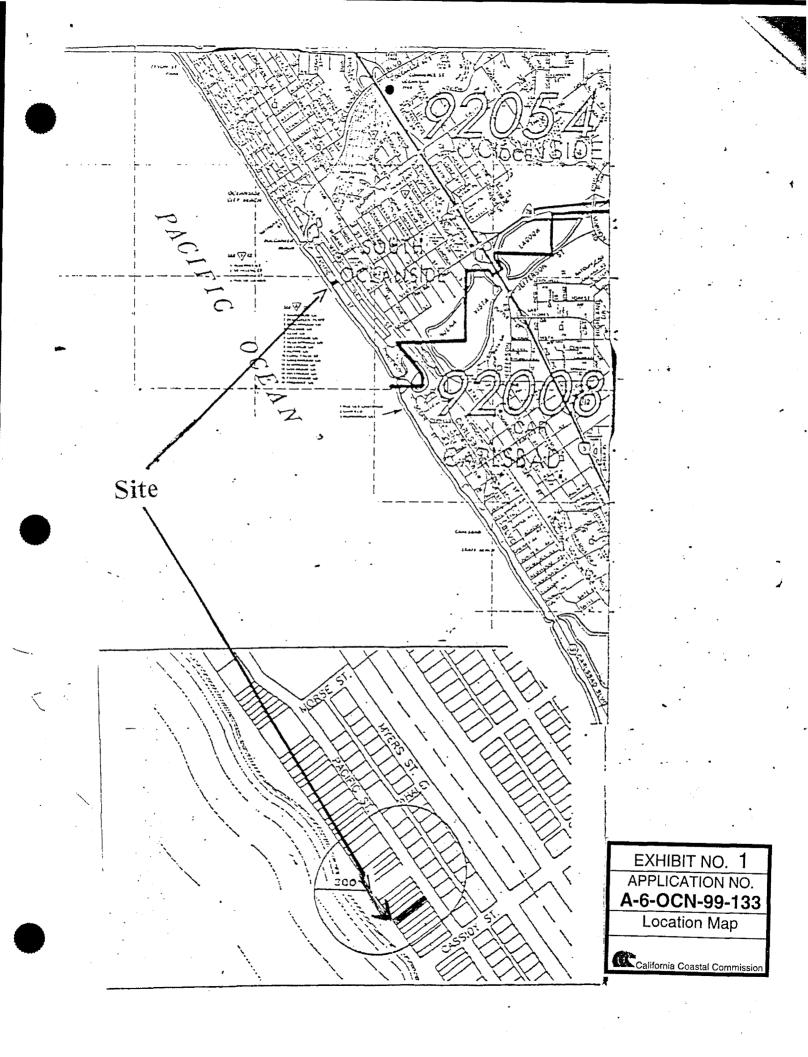
6 Consistency with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Section 13096 of the Commission's administrative regulations requires Commission approval of a coastal development permit or amendment to be supported by a finding showing the permit or permit amendment, to be consistent with any applicable requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Section

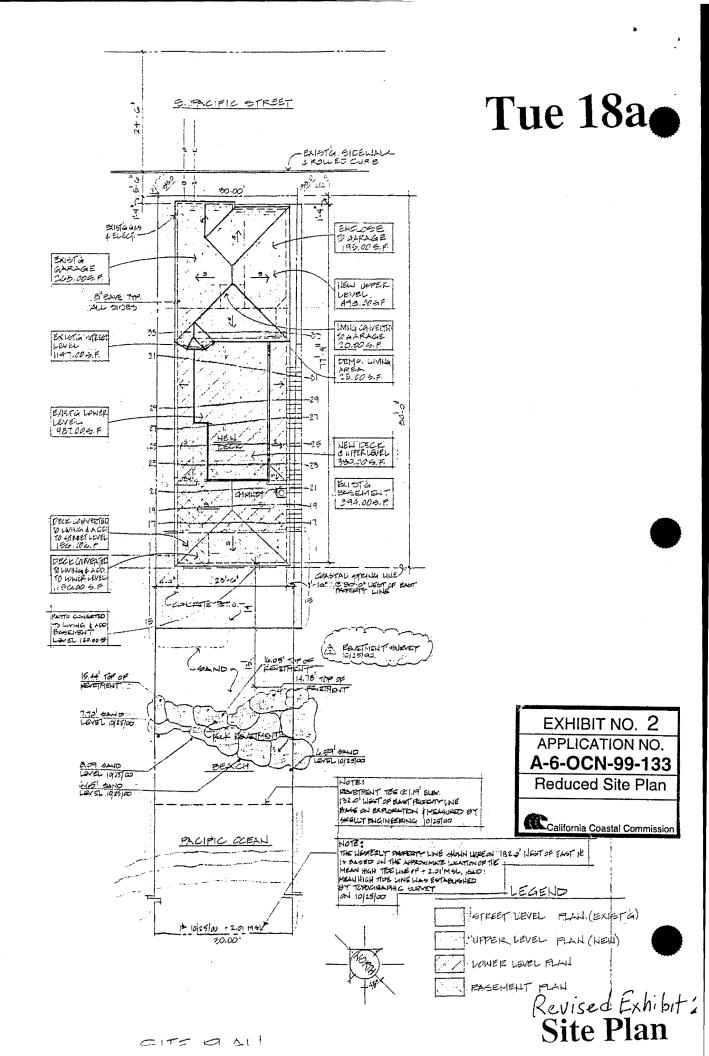
Revised Findings A-6-OCN-99-133 Page 10

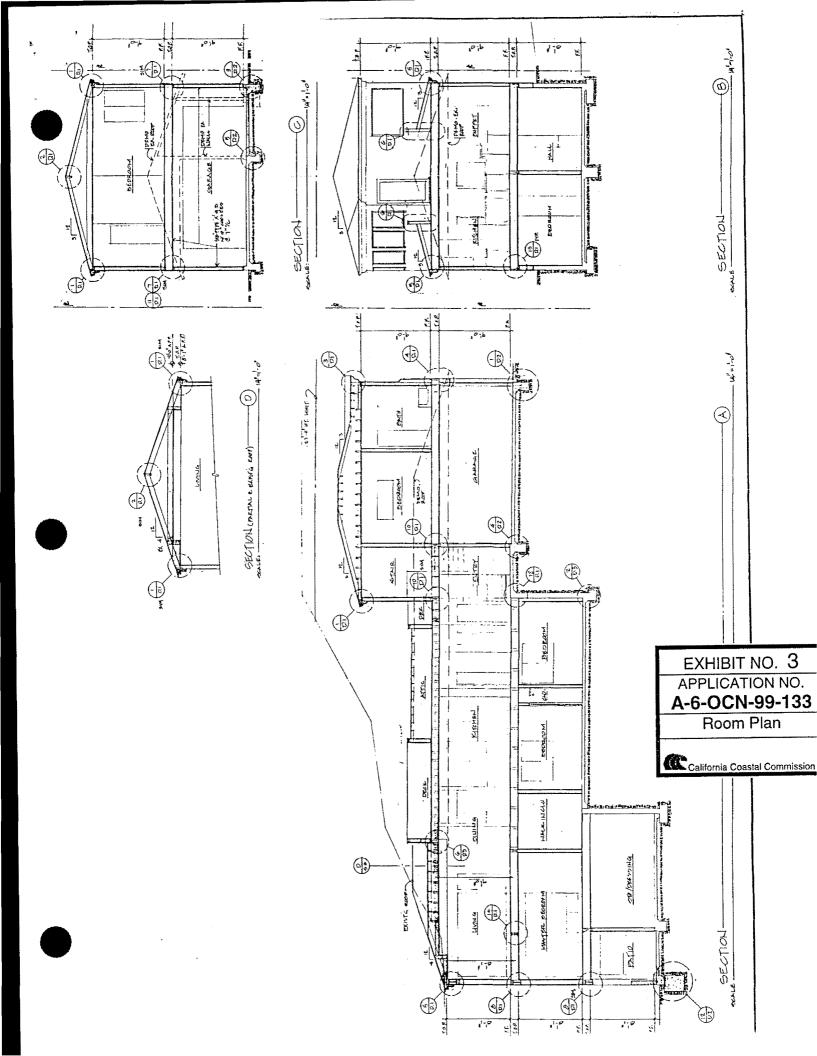
21080.5(d)(2)(A) of CEQA prohibits a proposed development from being approved if there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse effect which the activity may have on the environment.

The proposed project has been found to be inconsistent with the visual and neighborhood compatibility policies of the Oceanside LCP. The project as designed adversely affects public views as it is out of scale and character with existing neighboring development. Only the "no project" alternative can be found the least environmentally-damaging feasible alternative consistent with the requirements of the Coastal Act to conform to CEQA.

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DISTRICT:_

Wilson, Governor

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO COAST AREA 3111 CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH, SUITE 200 SAN DIEGO, CA 92108-1725 (619) 521-8036

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION SAN DIEGO COAST DISTRICT



Evans Appeal

Pages 1-5 California Coastal Commissio

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Please Review Attached Appeal Information Sheet Prior To Completing This Form.
SECTION I. Appellant
Name, mailing address and telephone number of appellant:
Allen Evans 1729 S. Pacific Street
Oceanside, CA 92054 (858) 581-4568 (w) Zip Area Code Phone No.
SECTION II. <u>Decision Being Appealed</u>
1. Name of local/port government: City of Oceanside
2. Brief description of development being appealed: Ligouri Property
3. Development's location (street address, assessor's parcel no., cross street, etc.): 1731 S. facific Street, Oceanside CA Cross Street - Cassidy
4. Description of decision being appealed:
a. Approval; no special conditions:
b. Approval with special conditions:
c. Denial:
Note: For jurisdictions with a total LCP, denial decisions by a local government cannot be appealed unless the development is a major energy or public works project. Denial decisions by port governments are not appealable.
TO BE COMPLETED BY COMMISSION:
APPEAL NO:EXHIBIT NO. 4
DATE FILED: APPLICATION NO A-6-OCN-99-133

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Page 2)

5. Decision being appealed was made by (check one):
aPlanning Director/Zoning c. ∠Planning Commission Administrator
bCity Council/Board of dOther Supervisors
6. Date of local government's decision: February 8, 1999
 Date of local government's decision: February 8, 1999 Local government's file number (if any): RC-8-97.
SECTION III. <u>Identification of Other Interested Persons</u>
Give the names and addresses of the following parties. (Use additional paper as necessary.)
a. Name and mailing address of permit applicant: Thomas A. Ligouri 15555 Stage Chach Road Poway, CA 92064
b. Names and mailing addresses as available of those who testified (either verbally or in writing) at the city/county/port hearing(s). Include other parties which you know to be interested and should receive notice of this appeal.
(1) See attached Ust
(2)
(3)
(4)

SECTION IV. Reasons Supporting This Appeal

Note: Appeals of local government coastal permit decisions are limited by a variety of factors and requirements of the Coastal Act. Please review the appeal information sheet for assistance in completing this section, which continues on the next page.

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Page 3)

State briefly <u>your reasons for this appeal</u> . Include a summary description of Local Coastal Program, Land Use Plan, or Port Master Plan policies and requirements in which you believe the project is inconsistent and the reasons the decision warrants a new hearing. (Use additional paper as necessary.)
See attached
Note: The above description need not be a complete or exhaustive statement of your reasons of appeal; however, there must be sufficient discussion for staff to determine that the appeal is allowed by law. The appellant, subsequent to filing the appeal, may submit additional information to the staff and/or Commission to support the appeal request.
SECTION V. <u>Certification</u>
The information and facts stated above are correct to the best of my knowledge.
Signed Municon Appellant or Agent
Date 10-12-99
Agent Authorization: I designate the above identified person(s) to act as my agent in all matters pertaining to this appeal.
SignedAppellant
Date

Basis for Appeal

The proposed development of the Ligouri Property (RC-8-97) is being appealed on several issues:

- Violation of the Local Coastal Program
- Violation of the Coastal Act

LOCAL COASTAL PROGRAM

The property (1731 S. Pacific Street, Oceanside) is located within the first public road in this community and the sea; therefore, under Section 30603 (b) of the Coastal Act, non-conformity with the certified local coastal program is ground for appeal.

Policy #8 of the "Visual Resources and Special Communities" section of the certified Oceanside Land Use Plan (LUP) states:

8. The City shall ensure that all new development is compatible in height, scale, color and form with the surrounding neighborhood.

This development clearly violates this policy in several ways:

Height

The height of the most westerly wall extends above the 27-foot height limit required by the LCP. The result is a 3-story wall projecting farther shoreward than any other surrounding home.

Scale

The proposed home will be 105% larger than the average houses in the same zoning area ("RS"—residential single). In fact, it will be the largest home in the neighborhood. According to the Coastal Commission Staff, the average home size in the 1700 block of S. Pacific Street is 2,054 square feet. By comparison, the proposed structure represents 4,219 square feet—2,165 square feet more than the current average! This is substantial.

COASTAL ACT

The Coastal Act Policy Chapter 3, Article 6 states:

Section 30251. The scenic and visual qualities of coastal areas shall be considered and protected as a resource of public importance. Permitted development shall be sited and designed to protect views to and <u>along</u> the ocean and scenic coastal areas, to minimize the alteration of natural forms, to be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas.

This development violates this section of the Coastal Act in several ways:

Stringline

The stringline is decided by the developer and then reviewed by the City of Oceanside. It is loosely interpreted according to a line drawn on an aerial photo. This non-technical way of determining the stringline causes it (stringline) to be inconsistently applied.

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According the California Coastal Commission Staff, "building out to the stringline is not a development 'right' that the applicant is entitled to." With this in mind, enclosing the balconies to the stringline "is not a development 'right' that the applicant is entitled to." This encroachment will result in a 3-story blockade that will dominate the down-beach public viewshed.

Precedent Setting

Should the Commission allow this development, it is highly likely that the surrounding residents will apply for permits to extend their structures to the same extent. The result will be a substantial encroachment on an already minimal viewshed, an impediment to lateral access as additional rip-rap is needed for protection, and an increase in the likelihood of permits for permanent shoreline stabilization structures.

Additionally, there are several other pertinent issues relating to this property

Premature Construction

Construction on the above site has occurred vigorously prior to the appeal process retained by the California Coastal Commission.

Undisclosed Building Plans

The current structure being built is being done according to plans that are <u>not</u> on file with the Oceanside Planning Department or the California Coastal Commission (the plans on file were received by the Oceanside Planning Department on January 26, 1999). This is clearly evidenced by:

- Encroachment of the structure towards the sea
- Undisclosed square feet on the beach level
- Additional height at the street level
- Additional structures above the street level

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO AREA 11 CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH, SUITE 200 AN DIEGO, CA 92108-1725 (619) 521-8036



APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Please Review Attached Appeal Information Sheet Prior To Completing This Form.

SECTION I. Appellant(s)

Name:

Sara Wan

Mailing Address:

22350 Carbon Mesa Road

Malibu, CA

Phone Number:

(310) 456-6605

SECTION II. Decision Being Appealed

- 1. Name of local/port government: City of Oceanside
- 2. Brief description of development being appealed: Construction of a 973 sq.ft addition to an existing 2,528 sq.ft. single family dwelling
- 3. Development's location (street address, assessor's parcel no., cross street, etc.) 1729 S. Pacific St.Oceanside, CA 92054
- 4. Description of decision being appealed:

ι.	Approval;	no	special	conditions:		
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b. Approval with special conditions:

c. Denial:

Note: For jurisdictions with a total LCP, denial decisions by a local government cannot be appealed unless the development is a major energy or public works project. Denial decisions by port governments are not appealable.

TO BE COMPLETED BY COMMISSION:

APPEAL NO: <u>A-6-OCN-99-133</u>

DATE FILED: 10/13/99

DISTRICT: San Diego

EXHIBIT NO. 5 APPLICATION NO. A-6-OCN-99-133

Commission Appeal
Pages 1-8

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT Page 2

5. Decision being appealed was made by (check one):						
	a. 🗌	Planning Director/Zoning Administrator	c. 🛚	Planning Commission		
	b. 🗌	City Council/Board of Supervisors	d. 🗌	Other		
Date of	local g	government's decision: 2/8/99				
Local go	overnn	nent's file number (if any): RC-8-97				
SECTIO	ON III.	Identification of Other Interested Pe	rsons			
Give the		es and addresses of the following parti	es. (Us	e additional paper as		
Name a	nd mai	iling address of permit applicant:				
	age Co	gouri pach Road 2064-6615				
writing)	at the	ailing addresses as available of those very city/county/port hearing(s). Include a should receive notice of this appeal.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

SECTION IV. Reasons Supporting This Appeal

Note: Appeals of local government coastal permit decisions are limited by a variety of factors and requirements of the Coastal Act. Please review the appeal information sheet for assistance in completing this section, which continues on the next page.

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Page 3)

State briefly <u>your reasons for this appeal</u> . Include a summary description of Local Coastal Program, Land Use Plan, or Port Master Plan policies and requirements in which you believe the project is inconsistent and the reasons the decision warrants a new hearing. (Use additional paper as necessary.)
See Attachment "A"
Note: The above description need not be a complete or exhaustive statement of your reasons of appeal; however, there must be sufficient discussion for staff to determine that the appeal is allowed by law. The appellant, subsequent to filing the appeal, may submit additional information to the staff and/or Commission to support the appeal request.
SECTION V. <u>Certification</u>
The information and facts stated above are correct to the best of my/our knowledge.
Signature of Appellant(s) or Authorized Agent
Date 10/13/99
NOTE: If signed by agent, appellant(s) must also sign below.
Section VI. Agent Authorization
I/We hereby authorize to act as my/our representative and to bind me/us in all matters concerning this appeal.
Signature of Appellant(s)
Date

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO AREA 3111 CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH, SUITE 200 SAN DIEGO, CA 92108-1725 (619) 521-8036



ATTACHMENT "A'--Liguori Appeal

The proposal includes a 973 sq.ft. addition to an existing 2,528 sq.ft. single family residence on a 4800 sq.ft. oceanfronting lot in Oceanside. Approximately 661 sq.ft. of the proposed 3,501 sq.ft. residence is a second story addition over the existing 268 sq.ft. garage. The remaining 312 sq.ft. already exists in the form of existing outdoor deck area which is proposed to be enclosed as new living space and represents the most seaward expansion. A 195 sq.ft. garage expansion is also proposed to enclose the existing covered entryway and consolidation of that area into a 2-car garage.

The second story addition over the garage is designed at 23 feet in height which is below the 27-foot height limit certified in the Oceanside LCP. The conversion of the existing additions to living space on the beach side of the property will not extend beyond the limits of the stringline as depicted on the certified Stringline Map. According to the plans, the existing residence extends to 74 feet from the seaward right of way of South Pacific Street and the proposed addition would extend the house to 80 feet from the right of way. The stringline represents the limits of structural expansion toward the beach. Based upon the stringline map, the stringline is measured at approximately 80-feet from the South Pacific Street property line. An existing patio and spa would remain that is seaward of the stringline. However, Section 1703 of the certified implementing ordinances states that appurtenances such as open decks, patios and balconies may be allowed to extend seaward of the Stringline Setback line, providing that they do not substantially impair the views from adjoining properties.

It appears the project approved by the City extends to the limit of the stringline and represents the largest house within the project area (Residentially zoned properties within the 1700 block). Policy 8 of the certified LUP requires that new development be compatible in scale and character with the surrounding area. As approved by the City, it appears that the project would not be compatible with the size and scale of existing development as the development will extend to the maximum limit of the stringline, resulting in the furthest seaward extension of any development on the block.

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO AREA

11 CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH, SUITE 200

N DIEGO, CA 92108-1725

(619) 521-8036



APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Please Review Attached Appeal Information Sheet Prior To Completing This Form.

SECTION I. Appellant(s)

Name:

Pedro Nava

Mailing Address:

925 De La Vina Street

Santa Barbera, CA 93101

Phone Number:

805 965-0043

SECTION II. Decision Being Appealed

- 1. Name of local/port government: City of Oceanside
- 2. Brief description of development being appealed: Construction of a 973 sq.ft addition to an existing 2,528 sq.ft. single family dwelling
- 3. Development's location (street address, assessor's parcel no., cross street, etc.) 1729 S. Pacific St. Oceanside, CA 92054
- 4. Description of decision being appealed:

ì.	Approval;	no	special	conditions:		
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b. Approval with special conditions:

c. Denial:

Note: For jurisdictions with a total LCP, denial decisions by a local government cannot be appealed unless the development is a major energy or public works project. Denial decisions by port governments are not appealable.

TO BE COMPLETED BY COMMISSION:

APPEAL NO: A-6-OCN-99-133

DATE FILED: 10/13/99

DISTRICT: San Diego

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT Page 2

5. Decision being appealed was made by (check one):					
	a. 🗌	Planning Director/Zoning Administrator	c. 🔀	Planning Commission	
	b. 🗌	City Council/Board of Supervisors	d. 🗌	Other	
Date of	local	government's decision: 2/8/99			
Local g	overnn	nent's file number (if any): RC-8-9	<u>97</u>		
SECTION	л ис	Identification of Other Interested	d Persons		
Give th necessa		es and addresses of the following p	parties. (Us	se additional paper as	
Name a	ınd mai	iling address of permit applicant:			
	age Co	<u>touri</u> Dach Road 2064-6615			

Names and mailing addresses as available of those who testified (either verbally or in writing) at the city/county/port hearing(s). Include other parties which you know to be interested and should receive notice of this appeal.

SECTION IV. Reasons Supporting This Appeal

Note: Appeals of local government coastal permit decisions are limited by a variety of factors and requirements of the Coastal Act. Please review the appeal information sheet for assistance in completing this section, which continues on the next page.

APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Page 3)

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See Attachment "A"	
Note: The above description need not be a complete or exhaustatement of your reasons of appeal; however, there must be sufficient discussion for staff to determine that the appeal allowed by law. The appellant, subsequent to filing the appeaumit additional information to the staff and/or Commission support the appeal request.	is al, may
The information and facts stated above are correct to the bes my/our knowledge.	t of
Signature of Appellant(Authorized Agent Date	s) or
NOTE: If signed by agent, appell must also sign below.	ant(s)
Section VI. Agent Authorization I/We hereby authorize	y/our is

Signature of Appellant(s)

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO AREA 3111 CAMINO DEL RIO NORTH, SUITE 200 SAN DIEGO, CA 92108-1725 (619) 521-8036

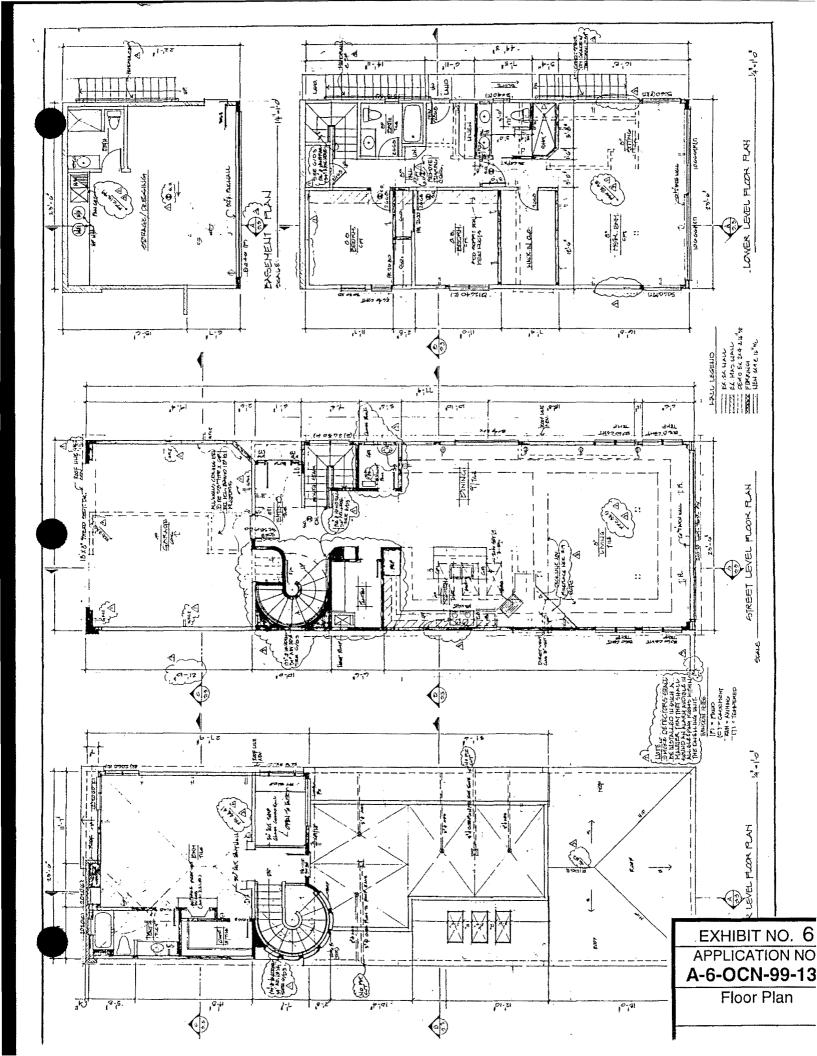


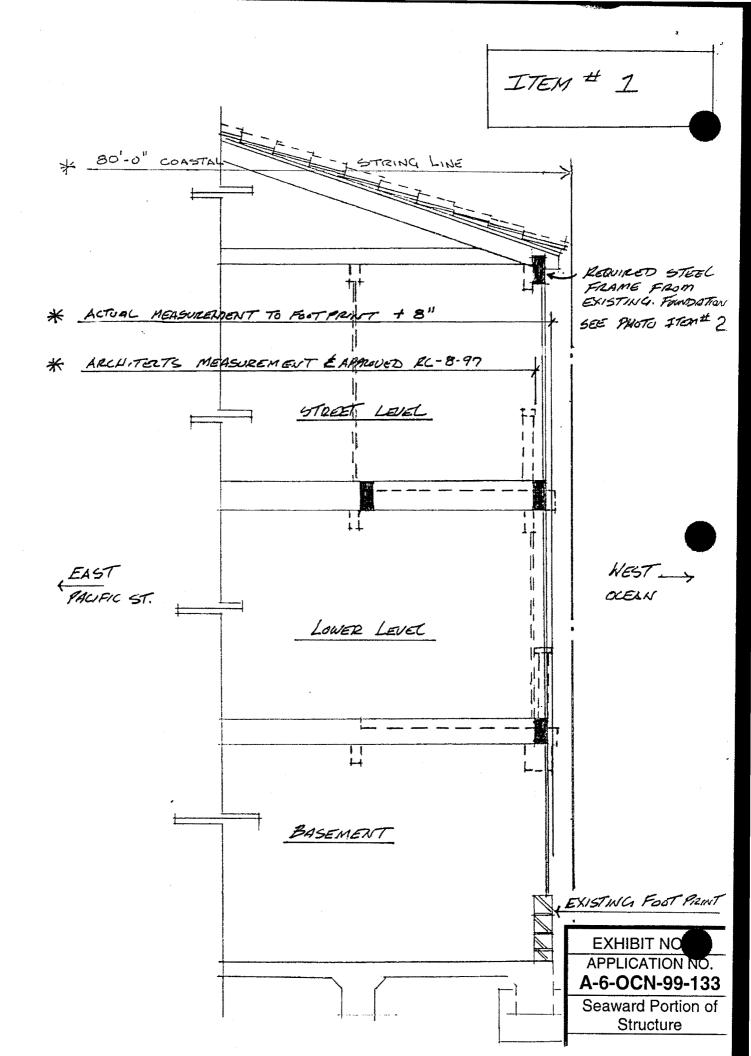
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NOTICE OF FINAL ACTION REGULAR COASTAL PERMIT

SEP 2 8 1999

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION SAN DIEGO COAST DISTRICT

DATE: February 19, 1999

The following project is located within the City of Cceanside Coastal Zone. A Coastal Permit application for the project has been acted upon.

Applicant: Thomas A. Ligouri Agent: Daniel B. Persichetti

Address: 15555 Stage Coach Rd. Address: 2495 Rock View Glen

Poway, CA 91164-6615 <u>Espandido, DA 90026</u>

Phone: (619) 675-3000 X1234 Phone: (760) 749-4458

Project Location: 1731 South Pacific Street, Cceanside, CA 92054

AP Number: 153-091-31 Acreage for lot area::4900 sf

Toning: PS Single Family Reidential' General Plan LUP: Single

Family Detacned

Proposed Development: A 973 square-foot living space addition to an existing 2,528 square-foot single dwelling residence.

Application File Number: RC-3-97

Filing Date: July 1, 1997

Action By: City Planning Commission, February 8, 1999

Action: Approved Denied XX Approved with Conditions

Conditions of Approval: (see Planning Commission Resolution No.

99-P12 attached)

Findings: (see Planning Commission Resolution No. 99-P12 attached)

(Alternatively, could attach Resolution of adoption.)

EXHIBIT NO. 8 APPLICATION NO A-6-OCN-99-133 Original Notice of Final Action

California Coastal Commission

- NA Appealable to the Oceanside Planning Commission in writing within 10 days of Planning Director's decision. That decision was made on _____ making the appeal date _____
- XX Appealable to the Oceanside City Council in writing within 10 days of the adoption of the decision resolution by the Planning Commission. That date was February 8, 1999 making the appeal deadline date February 18,1999. The appeal, accompanied by a \$656 filing fee, must be filed in the City Clerk's Office, 300 North Hill Street, Oceanside, no later than 4:30 p.m. on the appeal deadline date mentioned above.
- NA (For projects in the Redevelopment Area.) Appealable to the Community Development Commission in writing within 20 days of the adoption of the decision resolution of the Planning Commission. That date was making the appeal deadline date . The appeal, accompanied by a filing fee of \$656, must be filed in the City Clerk's Office, 300 North Hill Street, Oceanside, no later than 4:30 p.m. on the appeal deadline date mentioned above.
- XX Appealable to the Coastal Commission pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 30603. An aggrieved person may appeal this decision to the Coastal Commission within 10 working days of the Coastal Commission's receipt of the Notice of Final Action.

Address: California Coastal Commission

San Diego District Office

3111 Camino del Rio North, Suite 200

San Diego, CA 92108-1725

Phone: (619) 521-8036

Please mail copies to: (1) California Coastal Commission, (2) Applicant, (3) anyone requesting notification within seven (7) days following decision.

PLANNING COMMISSION 1 RESOLUTION NO. 99-P12 2 A RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF 3 THE CITY OF OCEANSIDE, CALIFORNIA APPROVING A REGULAR COASTAL PERMIT ON CERTAIN REAL 4 PROPERTY IN THE CITY OF OCEANSIDE 5 APPLICATION NO: RC-8-97 б APPLICANT: Thomas A. Ligouri 1731 South Pacific Street LOCATION: 8 THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF OCEANSIDE. CALIFORNIA DOES RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS: WHEREAS, there was filed with this Commission a verified petition on the 10 forms prescribed by the Commission requesting a Regular Coastal Permit under the 11 Local Coastal Program and provisions of Article 10 of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Oceanside to permit the following: 12 a remodel and living space addition to an existing residence; 1.3 on certain real property described in the project description. 14 15 WHEREAS, the Planning Commission, after giving the required notice, did on the 8th day of February, 1999 conduct a duly advertised public hearing as prescribed 16 by law to consider said application. 17 WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds the project is exempt from the requirements of environmental review pursuant to the provisions of the California 18 Environmental Quality Act. 19 WHEREAS, there is hereby imposed on the subject development project certain fees, dedications, reservations and other exactions pursuant to state law and 20 city ordinance: 21 WHEREAS, pursuant to Gov't Code \$66020(d)(1), NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the project is subject to certain fees, dedications, reservations and other

Authority for Imposition Current Estimate Fee Description or Calculation Formula Ordinance No. 91-34 School Facilities \$1.93 sq. ft. Mitigation Fee

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exactions as provided below:

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WHEREAS, the current fees referenced above are merely fee amount estimates of the impact fees that would be required if due and payable under currently applicable ordinances and resolutions, presume the accuracy of relevant project information provided by the applicant, and are not necessarily the fee amount that will be owing when such fee becomes due and payable;

WHEREAS, unless otherwise provided by this resolution, all impact fees shall be calculated and collected at the time and in the manner provided in Chapter 32B of the Oceanside City Code and the City expressly reserves the right to amend the fees and fee calculations consistent with applicable law.

WHEREAS, the City expressly reserves the right to establish, modify or adjust any fee, dedication, reservation or other exaction to the extent permitted and as authorized by law.

WHEREAS, pursuant to Gov't Code \$66020(d)(1), NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the 90-day period to protest the imposition of any fee, dedication, reservation, or other exaction described in this report begins on the effective date of the final action and any such protest must be in a manner that complies with Section 66020.

WHEREAS, pursuant to Oceanside Zoning Ordinance §4603, this resolution becomes effective 10 days from its adoption in the absence of the filling of an appeal or call for raview:

WHEREAS, studies and investigations made by this Commission and in its behalf reveal the following facts:

FINDINGS:

For the Regular Coastal Permit:

- 1. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of the Local Coastal Program as implemented through the City Zoning Ordinance.
- The proposed project will not obstruct any existing or planned public beach access; therefore, the project is in conformance with the policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Planning Commission does hereby approve Regular Coastal Permit (RC-8-97) subject to the following conditions:

CONDITIONS:

Buildina:

Applicable Building Codes and Ordinances shall be based on the date of 1. submittal for Building Department plan check.

- 2. The granting of approval under this action shall in no way relieve the applicant/project from compliance with all State and local building codes.
- 3. Application for Building Permit will not be accepted for this project until plans indicate that they have been prepared by a licensed design professional (Architect or Engineer). The design professional's name, address, phone number, State license number and expiration date shall be printed in the title block of the plans.
- 4. All electrical, communication, CATV, et. Service lines within the exterior lines of the property shall be underground (City Code Sect. 6.30).

Fire Prevention:

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5. Plans shall be submitted to the Fire Prevention Sureau for review and approval prior to the issuance of building permits.

Engineering:

- 6. The developer shall monitor, supervise and control all construction and construction-supportive activities, so as to prevent these activities from causing a public nuisance, including but not limited to, insuring strict adherence to the following:
 - a) Removal of dirt, debris and other construction material deposited on any public street no later than the end of each working day.
 - b) All building and construction operations, activities and deliveries shall be restricted to Monday through Friday, from 7:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M., unless otherwise extended by the City.
 - c) The construction site shall accommodate the parking of all motor vehicles used by persons working at or providing deliveries to the site.

Violation of any condition, restriction or prohibition set forth in this resolution shall subject the development plan to further review by the Planning Commission. This review may include revocation of the development plan, imposition of additional conditions and any other remedial action authorized by law.

- 7. The developer shall be required to join into, contribute, or participate in any improvement, lighting, or other special district affecting or affected by this project. Approval of the project shall constitute the developer's approval of such payments, and his agreement to pay for any other similar assessments or charges in effect when any increment is submitted for final map or building permit approval, and to join, contribute, and/or participate in such districts.
- 8. Design and construction of all improvements shall be in accordance with standard plans, specifications of the City of Oceanside and subject to approval by the City Engineer.

- 9. A traffic control plan shall be submitted to and approved by the City Engineer prior to the start of work within open City rights-of-way or easements. Traffic control during construction adjacent to or within all public streets or easements must meet all CalTrans and City standards.
- 10. Any broken pavement, concrete curb, gutter or sidewalk or any damaged during construction of the project, shall be repaired or replaced as directed by the City Engineer. Existing utilities and improvements on Pacific Street shall be installed, repaired, and/or replaced to the satisfaction of the City Engineer.
- 11. All connections to existing City water mains are to be made with new materials. New materials include the replacement and/or upgrade of all existing fittings with new tees or new crosses, as applicable, and the installation of a new valve on each branch.
- 12. Any on-site grading or landscaping construction shall be in accordance with the City's current Grading Ordinance.
- 13. Sediment, silt, grease, trash, debris, and/or pollutants shall be collected onsite and disposed of in accordance with all state and federal requirements, prior to stormwater discharge either off-site or into the City drainage system.
- 14. Development shall be in accordance with City Floodplain Management, Stormwater Management, and Discharge Regulations.
- 15. A Precise Grading and Private Improvement Plan shall be prepared, reviewed, secured and approved prior to the issuance of any building permits. The plan shall reflect all pavement, flat-work, landscaped areas, special surfaces, curbs, gutters, footprints of all structures, walls, drainage devices, typical seawall detail (M-19) and utility services. The applicant shall be required to provide a wave study for the project or use the City's standard (M-19) seawall detail.

Planning:

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- 16. This Regular Coastal Permit approves only the following: a remodel to an existing residence and consisting of approximately 973 square-feet of additional living space and expansion of an existing garage to a two-care size. Any substantial modification in the design or layout shall require a revision to the Coastal Permit or a new Coastal Permit.
- 17. This Regular Coastal Permit shall expire on February 8, 2001 unless implemented as required by the Zoning Ordinance or a time extension is approved as required by the Zoning Ordinance.
- 18. A letter of clearance from the affected school district in which the property is located shall be provided as required by City policy at the time building permits are issued.

- 19. The physical aspects of this project as depicted by the application plan materials for elevations, finish materials, and floor plans shall be substantially the same as those approved by the Planning Commission. These shall be shown on plans submitted to the Building Department and Planning Department.
- 20. This project is approved as a two-story structure plus a basement floor. Plans submitted to the Building Department for building permits shall demonstrate that the "basement" floor actually qualifies as a basement under the provisions of the Uniform Building Code.
- 21. Unless expressly waived, all current zoning standards and City ordinances and policies in effect at the time building permits are issued are required to be met by this project. The approval of this project constitutes the applicant's agreement with all statements in the Description and Justification, Management Plan and other materials and information submitted with this application, unless specifically waived by an adopted condition of approval.
- 22. A covenant or other recordable document approved by the City Attorney shall be prepared by the applicant and recorded prior to the issuance of building permits. The covenant shall provide that the property is subject to this Resolution, and shall generally list the conditions of approval.
- 23. Prior to the approval of a building permit, the applicant, as landowner, shall execute and record a deed restriction, in a form and content acceptable to the City Attorney, which shall provide:
 - a) That the applicant understands that the site may be subject to extraordinary hazard from waves during storms and from erosion, and the applicants assume the liability from those hazards.
 - The applicant unconditionally waives any claim of liability on the part of the City and agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the City and its advisors relative to the City's approval of the project for any damage due to natural hazards. The document shall run with the land, binding all successors and assigns, and shall be recorded in a form determined by the City Attorney.
- 24. Prior to the issuance of building permits the applicant/owner is asked to make an irrevocable offer of dedication, to the City of Oceanside, for an easement for lateral public access and passive recreational use along the shoreline adjacent to this property. The offer of dedication shall not be used or construed to allow anyone, prior to acceptance of the offer, to interfere with any rights of public access acquired through use, which may exist on the property. The easement shall be located along the entire width of the

property line, from the surfline to the toe of the seawall. The document shall be recorded free of prior liens which the City Engineer determines may affect the interest being conveyed and free of any other encumbrances which may affect said interest. The offer shall run with the land in favor of the City of Oceanside and binding to all successors and assignees.

25. The maximum height of all fences, walls, and similar structures on the property shall be limited in accordance with the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance. As such, the front, street-side entry gate is currently limited to 6 feet in height.

Water Utilities:

26. The developer shall be responsible for developing all water and sewer facilities necessary to this property. Any relocation of water or sewer lines are the responsibility of the developer.

PASSED AND ADOPTED Resolution No. 99-P12 on February 8, 1999 by the following vote, to wit:

AYES:

Schaffer, Barrante, Bockman, Miller, Staehr, Price and Akin

NAYS:

None

ABSENT: None

ABSTAIN: None

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Robert L. Schaffer, Chairman Oceanside Planning Commission

ATTEST:

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Dated:

Michael J. Blessing, Secretary

I, MICHAEL J. BLESSING, Secretary of the Oceanside Planning Commission,

hereby certify that this is a true and correct copy of Resolution No. 99-P12.

SUMMONS

(CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (Aviso a Acusado)

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION, A GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY, AND DOES 1 THROUGH 100, INCLUSIVE



DEC 0 7 2000

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (A Ud. le está demandando) THOMAS A. LIGUORI

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION SAN DIEGO COAST DISTRICT FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons is served on you to file a typewritten response at this court.

A letter or phone call will not protect you; your typewritten response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case.

If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case, and your wages, money and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an afforney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may half an attorney referral service or a legal aid office (listed in the phone Después de que le entreguen esta citación judicial usted tiene un plazo de 30 DIAS CALENDARIOS para presentar una respuesta escrita a maquina en esta corte.

Una carta o una llamada telefónica no le ofrecerá protección; su respuesta escrita a máquina tiene que cumplir con las formalidades legales apropiadas si usted quiere que la corte escuche su caso.

Si usted no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso, y le pueden quitar su salario, su dinero y otras cosasde su propiedad sin aviso adicional por parte de la

Existen otros requisitos legales. Puede que usted quiera llamar a un abodado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede "amar a un sarvicio de referencia de abogados o a una oficina de ayuda legal (vea el directorio telefánico).

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es) SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO NORTH COUNTY BRANCH 325 So. Melrose Drive

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es) SANDRA J. BROWER, Esq. (619) 233-1888 SBN 081600

SULLIVAN WERTZ MCDADE & WALLACE

945 FOURTH AVENUE

982(a)(3) (Rev. January 1 1984)

Mandatory Form

Vista, CA 92083-6693

SAN DIEGO, CA 92101	Stephen Thunberg		
DATE: DEC - 1 2000	Clerk, by(Actuario)	TROCCITO	, Deputy (Delegado)
(SEAL)	1. as an individual defendant. 2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of the person sued under the person of the person	(specify):	9011/55/017,
Form Adopted by Rule 382	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.40 (association or partnersh other: +3 cm (corporation) by personal delivery on (date): 12-7 (See reverse for Proof of Service)	CCP	EXHIBIT NO. S APPLICATION NO A-6-OCN-99-13 Applicant's Laws

SUMMONS

Sandra J. Brower, Esq. (SBN 081600) John C. Hughes, Esq. (SBN 178202) SULLIVAN WERTZ McDADE & WALLACE A Professional Corporation 945 Fourth Avenue San Diego, California 92101 (619) 233-1888 5 Attorneys for plaintiff Thomas A. Liguori 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA. COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 8 NORTH COUNTY BRANCH 9 GIN009431 Thomas A. Liguori CASÉ NO. 10 COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY Plaintiff. 11 RELIEF 12 13 California Coastal Commission, a governmental 14 agency, and Does 1 through 100, inclusive Defendants. 15 16 17 Plaintiff Thomas A. Liguori ("Liguori" or "plaintiff") alleges as follows: 13 At all times herein mentioned Liguori was, and is now, a resident of the County of San 19 Diego, State of California. 20 Ligouri is, and at all times mentioned herein was, the owner of property situated in San 2. 21 Diego County located at 1731 South Pacific Street in the City of Oceanside, State of California ("the 22 subject property"). 23 Defendant California Coastal Commission ("the Coastal Commission" or "defendant") 24 at all times herein mentioned was, and is now, a State of California government agency. 25 The true names and capacities of defendants Does 1 through 100, inclusive, whether 26 individual, corporate, associate, governmental, or otherwise are unknown to Liguori, however,

Liguori is informed and believes and thereon alleges the each of said defendants designated herein as

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S.º Clients/4321'011'P' Complaint, wpd

a "Doe" is responsible in some manner for the events and happenings, and caused damages proximately thereby to Liguori as herein alleged. Liguori therefore sues said defendants by such fictitious names and will ask leave to amend this complaint to show their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained.

- 5. By resolution passed and adopted by unanimous vote on February 8, 1999 ("Resolution No. 99-P12") the City of Oceanside Planning Commission approved and permitted a remodel of living space and addition to the subject property.
- 6. The time for appeal to the Coastal Commission expired, building permits were issued by the City of Oceanside, and construction commenced.
- 7. More than eight months later, on October 13, 1999, an appeal of the City of Oceanside's decision was filed with the Coastal Commission. By that time, the City of Oceanside's determination had become final.
- 8. On October 12, 1999, the City of Oceanside issued a stop work order. The stop work order was prompted by reports that the project was not proceeding in accompance with the plant the City of Oceanside approved in February 1999. The stop work order was not issued in response to, and did not relate to, the October 13, 1999 appeal.
- 9. On December 8, 1999, the Coastal Commission held a hearing to determine whether the appeal raised "substantial issues," which, if the time for appeal had not expired, would provide a basis for the Coastal Commission to proceed with a de novo review of the City of Oceanside's decision on the project initially approved by resolution on February 8, 1999.
 - 10. The Coastal Commission determined that substantial issues existed.
- 11. By resolution dated April 24, 2000 (Resolution No. 2000-P21), the City of Oceanside Planning Commission approved revisions to the project. Said resolution permitted the work that was stopped pursuant to the October 12, 1999 stop work order.
- 12. On May 4, 2000, the April 24, 2000 resolution was appealed to the City of Oceanside City Council. The appeal was subsequently denied. No appeal was made to the Coastal Commission. Accordingly, Resolution No. 2000-P21 permitting certain work at the subject property

13.

hearing to review the City of Oceanside's February 3, 1999 decision; Resolution No. 99-P12.

14. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between plaintiff and defendant

14. An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between plaintiff and defendant concerning their respective rights and duties in that plaintiff contends:

was not appealed to the Coastal Commission, the Coastal Commission intends to schedule a de novo

a) The Coastal Commission does not have jurisdiction to hear an appeal relating to Resolution No 99-P12 since the appeal was untimely when filed on October 13, 1999, more than eight months after the City of Oceanside passed the subject resolution on February 8, 1999 (Resolution No. 99-P12). Further, the lapse in time between the City of Oceanside's determination, and the Coastal Commission's hearing regarding substantial issues is unreasonable.

Notwithstanding the revised and approved project (Resolution No. 2000-P21), which

- b) The Coastal Commission does not have jurisdiction to hear an appeal relating to Resolution No. 2000-P21. The proposed project was altered, plaintiff sought approval of the revised project, and obtained said approval via the resolution passed April 24, 2000. An appeal was made to the City Council, which was denied. There was no appeal made to the Coastal Commission, accordingly, the Coastal Commission cannot properly review the City of Oceanside's decision.
- 15. Plaintiff is informed and believes defendant disputes these contentions.
- 16. Plaintiff desires a judicial determination of his rights and duties, and a declaration as to such. Specifically, whether the Coastal Commission has jurisdiction to proceed with a de novo hearing in light of the facts.
- 17. A declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time under the circumstances in order that plaintiff may ascertain his rights and duties.

///

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for judgment against defendant as follows:

- 1. For a judicial determination of the rights, duties, and obligations of the parties as to the Coastal Commission's jurisdiction, and specifically, that the Coastal Commission has no jurisdiction to hear an appeal of either City of Oceanside Resolution Nos. 99-P12 or 2000-P21;
 - 2. For attorneys' fees and costs incurred; and
 - 3. For such other and further relief as the court determines is just and proper.

DATED: November 30, 2000

SULLIVAN WERTZ McDADE & WALLACE A Professional Comporation

Bv:

Sandra I. Brower

John C. Hughes

Attorneys for plaintiff Thomas A. Liguori

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

INDEPENDENT CALENDAR CLERK 325 S. Melrose Vista, CA 92083

TO:

SANDRA J. BROWER SULLIVAN WERTZ MCDADE & WALLACE 945 FOURTH AVENUE SAN DIEGO, CA 92101

THOMAS A. LIGUORI

Case No.:

GIN009431

Plaintiff(s)

NOTICE OF CASE ASSIGNMENT

VS.

Juage:

MICHAEL M. ANELLO

26 Department:

750-806-6348

This case IS NOT eligible to participate in a

pilot mediation program.

COMPLAINT FILED 12/01/00

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

IT IS THE DUTY OF EACH PLAINTIFF (AND CROSS-COMPLAINANT) TO SERVE A COPY OF THIS NOTICE WITH THE COMPLAINT (AND CROSS-COMPLAINT).

ALL COUNSEL WILL BE EXPECTED TO BE FAMILIAR WITH SUPERIOR COURT RULES WHICH HAVE BEEN PUBLISHED AS DIVISION II, AND WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED.

TIME STANDARDS: The following timeframes apply to general civil cases and must be adhered to unless you have requested and been granted an extension of time. General civil consists of all cases except: Small claims appeals, petitions, and unlawful detainers.

COMPLAINTS: Complaints must be served on all named defendants, and a CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE (SUFC) GIV-345) filed within 60 days of filing. This is a mandatory document and may not be substituted by the filing of any other document. (Rule 5.6)

DEFENDANT'S APPEARANCE: Defendant must generally appear within 30 days of service of the complaint. (Plaintiff may stipulate to no more than a 15 day extension which must be in writing and filed with the Court.) (Rule 5.7)

DEFAULT: If the defendant has not generally appeared and no extension has been granted, the plaintiff must request default within 45 days of the filing of the Certificate of Service. (Rule 5.8)

CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE: A Case Management Conference will be set within 150 days of filing the complaint.

THE COURT ENCOURAGES YOU TO CONSIDER UTILIZING VARIOUS ALTERNATIVES TO LITIGATION, INCLUDING MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION. PRIOR TO THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE. MEDIATION SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE UNDER THE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAMS ACT AND OTHER PROVIDERS.

YOU MAY ALSO BE ORDERED TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION OR ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO CCP 1730 OR 1141,10 AT THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE. THE FEE FOR THESE SERVICES WILL BE PAID BY THE COURT IF ALL PARTIES HAVE APPEARED IN THE CASE AND THE COURT ORDERS THE CASE TO MEDIATION UNDER THE MEDIATION PILOT PROGRAM, OR TO ARBITRATION PURSUANT TO CCP 1141.10. THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE WILL BE CANCELLED IF YOU FILE FORM SUPCT CIV-357 OR 358 PRIOR TO THAT HEARING.

ALSO SEE THE ATTACHED NOTICE TO LITIGANTS.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I. STEPHEN THUNBERG, certify that: I am not a party to the above-entitled case; on the date shown below, I served this notice on the parties shown by placing a true copy in a separate envelope, addressed as shown; each envelope was then sealed and, with postage thereon fully prepaid, deposited in the United States Postal Service at VISTA California.

Dated: 12/01/00

STEPHEN THUNBERG

Clerk of the Superior Court

by PAMELYN SEBRING, Asst. Div. Chief

NOTICE TO LITIGANTS

You are required to serve a copy of the following documents with the Summons and Complaint on all defendants in accordance with San Diego Superior Court Rule 5.6:

- A copy of this Notice to Litigants; and
- A copy of the Notice of Case Assignment.

Filing the Certificate of Service will signify that this information has been served on all defendants.

SAN DIEGO SUPERIOR COURT MEDIATION PILOT PROGRAM

(Effective for cases filed on or after February 28, 2000)

This case has been assigned to a department that is <u>NOT PARTICIPATING</u> in the mediation pilot program. Accordingly, your case CANNOT BE ORDERED TO THE COURT REFERRED MEDIATION PROGRAM. However, we are providing the following information to explain the new program in the event you have other cases that fall within its scope and to clarify your available alternative dispute resolution options.

Program Overview: The San Diego Superior Court has been selected by the Judicial Council to participate in a pilot program for the early mediation of civil cases (referred to as the "mediation pilot program") established by Code of Civil Procedure section 1730 et seq. and the California Rules of Court rules 1640 et seq. The former court-ordered mediation program (established by CCP 1775 et seq. and applicable to all cases filed on or before February 27, 2000) shall end upon completion of mediation of all cases under that program. No case filed after that date may be ordered to the old mediation program.

In addition, no case filed on or after February 28, 2000 and assigned to a non-participating department may be ordered to mediation under the new mediation pilot program. The department to which this matter has been assigned is a non-participating department. Accordingly, this matter cannot be ordered to the new mediation pilot program.

The new mediation pilot program is designed to assess the benefits of early mediation and authorizes the court to 1) schedule early Case Management Conferences (ECMC), 2) order cases to mediation, and 3) allow parties to stipulate to early mediation in advance of the ECMC. San Diego Superior Court Rule 9.8 addresses the program specifically.

Available Alternatives to Litigation:

Voluntary Mediation: Because your case has been assigned to a department that is not participating in the mediation pilot program, your case will not be ordered to mediation by the court. However, you may stipulate to voluntary mediation outside the court system. If you choose to do so, mediator fees must be paid by the litigants and will not be paid by court. The existing option of private mediation is unaffected by the new mediation pilot program.

Judicial Arbitration: No changes in arbitration procedures have been made. The judicial arbitration program remains available to all cases in San Diego County. Please refer to Superior Court Rules 9.1 and 9.2.

Voluntary mediation and other alternative dispute resolution services are available in San Diego County, including Dispute Resolution Programs Act funded programs. For more information, please see the ADR Services sheet located in the Business office and the Arbitration/Mediation office.

Program Evaluation: The Judicial Council has requested that the court collect information from civil litigants and their attorneys about what methods they used to try to resolve their case, how long it took to resolve the case, the costs associated with resolving the case, and how satisfied they were with the process(es) used to try to reach resolution. In order to obtain this information, the court will be sending written surveys to parties in some civil cases, including those cases not included in the pilot mediation program. Researchers working on the program may also be contacting parties in some civil cases to conduct brief telephone interviews. The court appreciates your cooperation in this information collection effort. The time you spend providing us with information about your experience will help both this court and other courts throughout California in providing high quality appropriate dispute resolution services to civil litigants.

Thank you for your cooperation and assistance in this matter.

Sullivan Wertz McDade & Wallace

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

LAWYERS

CALIFORMIA COASTAL COMMISSION SAN DIEGOSEPONTHAVENUET SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

SEP 2 0 2000

TELEPHONE (619) 233-1888 FACSIMILE (619) 696-9476

lheide!@swms.com

OF COUNSEL EVAN S. RAVICH

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BARRY J. SCHULTZ
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BRUCE R. WALLACE
JOHN ROSS WERTZ
PAMELA LAWTON WILSON

September 20, 2000

VIA MESSENGER

Bill Ponder, Coastal Planner California Coastal Commission San Diego Coast Area 7575 Metropolitan Drive, 103 San Diego, CA 92108-4402

Re: Ligouri Residence: 1731 South Pacific, Oceanside

Dear Mr. Ponder:

We represent the applicant, Mr. Tom Ligouri, with respect to the referenced project. On July 19, 2000 the City of Oceanside approved the project as modified. The City sent a Notice of Final Action dated July 28, 2000 to the San Diego office of the Coastal Commission, and you issued a Notification of Appeal Period on August 4, 2000. You have informed me that no one appealed the City's approval during the specified appeal period. Therefore, the City's approval is final.

I understand that the Commission found substantial issue with respect to a previously filed appeal (A-6-CN-99-133) and that a de novo hearing was to have been held. You apparently informed my client that such hearing could not occur until the City took action on the project as modified. As stated above, my client proceeded to obtain such approval from the City. The previously approved and appealed project is therefore no longer valid. The only project currently relevant to these proceedings is the permit that was approved and not appealed.

Notwithstanding the facts stated above, you have informed me that you intend to proceed with a public hearing to approve or deny a previously appealed project on the same property. We believe, however, that the previous appeal is now moot because a new permit has been approved by the City and that permit was not appealed.

APPLICATION NO.

A-6-OCN-99-133

Applicant's Letter
Regarding Jurisdiction of
Commission

Mr. Bill Ponder September 20, 2000 Page 2

Because the Coastal Commission has no grounds to hold a de novo hearing on a permit that is no longer valid, we request that the previous de novo hearing be cancelled on procedural grounds. Please contact me as soon as possible to confirm the status of the previous appeal.

Very truly yours.

Lynne L. Heidel

of

SULLIVAN WERTZ McDADE & WALLACE

A Professional Corporation

cc: Ralph Faust
Deborah N. Lee
Lee McEachern
Thomas A. Ligouri
Daniel Persichetti

CITY OF OCEANSIDE BUILDING DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM



SEP 0 8 2000

CALIFORNIA

COASTAL COMMISSION SAN DIEGO COAST DISTRICT

TO:

Bill Ponder

California Coastal Commission

Gregory C. Anderson, Building Director

FROM:

DATE:

September 5, 2000

SUBJECT:

1731 S. Pacific Street - Liquori Residence

Determination of Number of Stories

Pursuant to our conversation last week I was contacted by Mr. Al Dudek, representing Mr. Liquori. We arranged a time for me to visit the site and take the necessary measurements to confirm the number of stories for the subject residence as it has been built.

On Friday, September 1, 2000, I, along with John Holt, Inspections Manager for the Building Department, met Mr. Dudek at the site. We ascertained the elevation of finish floor for the building level above the beach level, determined the point where exterior grade is six feet below this finish floor level, and measured the distance from the westerly edge of the building to this point. On the south side of the building this distance is 12 ft. - 0 inches; on the north side the distance is 8 ft. - 8 inches. The perimeter of the second floor level is 146 feet. The portion of that perimeter more than six feet above grade is 44 feet 8 inches, well below 50 percent of the length of the perimeter. For the sake of discussion, even if we were to consider only the floor perimeter directly above the basement level, the length of that perimeter is 92 feet, and the portion of the perimeter more than six feet above grade is still less than 50 percent of the length of the perimeter.

Based on the above data, it is clear that the first (beach) level is a basement, the level above that is the first story, and the top level is the second story based on the Building Code definition. In other words, the subject residence is two stories over a basement as defined in the Uniform Building Code (UBC). Please see attached diagrams for graphic representation.

Code References

UBC Section 203 - Definition - Basement is any floor level below the first story in a building...

UBC Section 208 – Definition – **Grade** is the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line...

UBC Section 220 – Definition – **Story** is that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above...If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under-floor space is more than 6 feet above grade, as defined herein, for more than 50 percent of the total perimeter, or is more than 12 feet above grade...at any point, such...under-floor space shall be considered as a story.

UBC Section 220 – Definition – **Story, First**, is the lowest story in a building that qualifies as a story...

EXHIBIT NO. T2

APPLICATION NO.

A-6-OCN-99-133

Basement/Story Letter from City of Oceanside

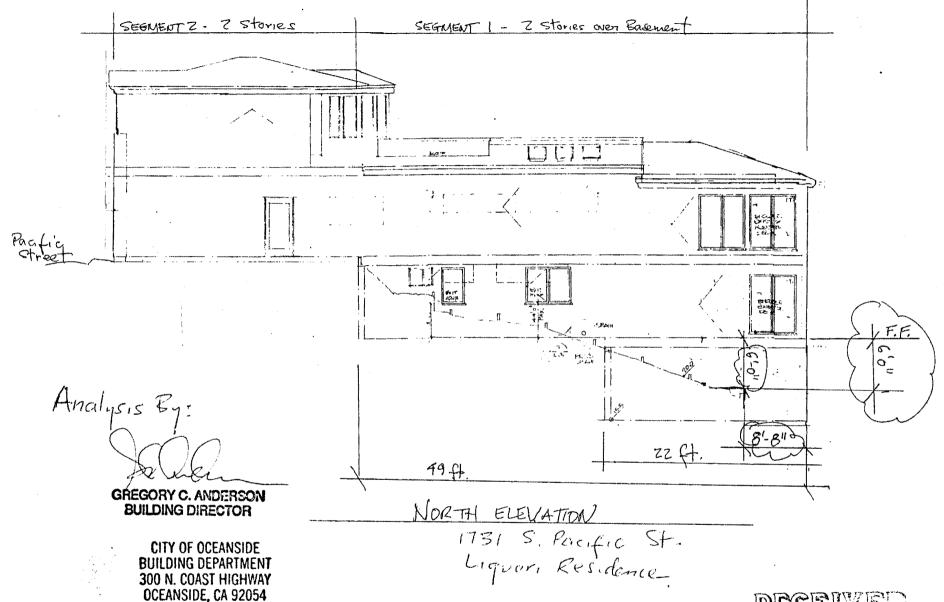
CC:

Mike Blessing, Planning Director Eugene Ybarra, Associate Planner

RECEIVED

SEP 0 8 2000

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION SAN DIEGO COAST DISTRICT SEGMENT 1 - 2 Stories over Basement ? STORIES SEEMENT 7 -Ger & 17 - 1610. Pacific Streets KE GRIGO OF I TH Estimates FLOOR LOND Finish VFloor - FX GFACE GREGORY C. ANDERSON **BUILDING DIRECTOR** Ana CITY OF OCEANSIDE ,49 ft **BUILDING DEPARTMENT** South ELEVATION
1731 S. Pacific St.
Liquori Residence 300 N. COAST HIGHWAY OCEANSIDE, CA 92054



MECETAL S

SEP 0 8 2000

CALIFORMAN COASTAL COMMON TO THE SAN DIEGO COASTAL COMMON TO THE SAN DIEGO COASTALLOUS COA

STATE OF CALIFORNIA—THE RESOURCES AGENCY

GRAY DAVIS, GOVERNOR

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

45 FREMONT, SUITE 2000 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105-2219 VOICE AND TDD (415) 904-5200 FAX (425) 004-5400



October 19, 2000

4159045235;

Via Facsimile and U.S. Mail

Ms. Lynne L. Heidel Sullivan Wertz McDade & Wallace 945 Fourth Avenue San Diego, CA 92101 fax (619) 696-9476

Coastal Commission Appeal A-6-OCN-99-133 (Ligouri)

Dear Ms. Heidel:

Re:

In a letter dated September 20, 2000, you requested the Coastal Commission to cancel the de novo hearing on the appeal of the coastal development permit (CDP) issued by the City of Oceanside to Mr. Tom Ligouri (A-6-OCN-99-133). As explained below, the Commission respectfully declines to cancel the de novo hearing because a valid appeal has been filed and is pending.

The original CDP issued by the City of Oceanside for Mr. Ligouri's proposed development was appealed and the Commission has found "substantial issue." Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 30623, the operation and effect of the CDP is stayed pending decision on appeal. Because the CDP is currently under review by the Commission, amendments by the City to the stayed CDP have no force and effect. The City's action to amend the CDP while it was on appeal to the Commission, therefore, does not affect the Commission's authority to conduct a de novo review of the CDP.

Even if a post-appeal amendment of a CDP by a local government could in some circumstances render an appeal to the Commission moot, such circumstances are not present here. Your letter describes the City of Occanside's approval of the revision to Mr. Ligouri's proposed development as a "new permit" supplanting the previously approved CDP. We respectfully disagree. The City described its revision of Mr. Ligouri's original CDP as "[m]inor modifications to a previously approved Coastal Permit." The revised CDP does not purport to reauthorize the project as a whole. All of the changes to the original proposed project involve subsidiary details that cannot be constructed apart from the other, predominant aspects of the project approved by the City in the original CDP and unchanged by the revision. Because the modifications approved by the City cannot be implemented apart from the rest of the project that is now on appeal, the City's issuance of the revised permit is not a new permit for a different development that somehow renders the original CDP moot.

We disagree with your statement that Commission staff "informed [Mr. Ligouri] that [the de novo] hearing could not occur until the City took action on the project as modified."

DEC 2 0 2000

APPLICATION NO.

A-6-OCN-99-133

Commission Response to Jurisdictional Question

Commission staff did discuss the City's amendment of the CDP and the timing of Commission's de novo review with your client, but this has no bearing on whether a second appeal of the CDP was necessary simply because the City made minor, post-appeal modifications to the CDP.

Because the City's amendment of the CDP has no force and effect, the appeal currently pending before the Commission is not moot. The Commission, however, may take into account the City's revisions to the CDP when evaluating the permit on de novo review. Once the Commission receives adequate information regarding the revetment as requested in our letters dated December 20, 1999, and September 25, 2000, the Commission will expeditiously proceed with the de novo hearing on the appeal of Mr. Ligouri's original coastal development permit.

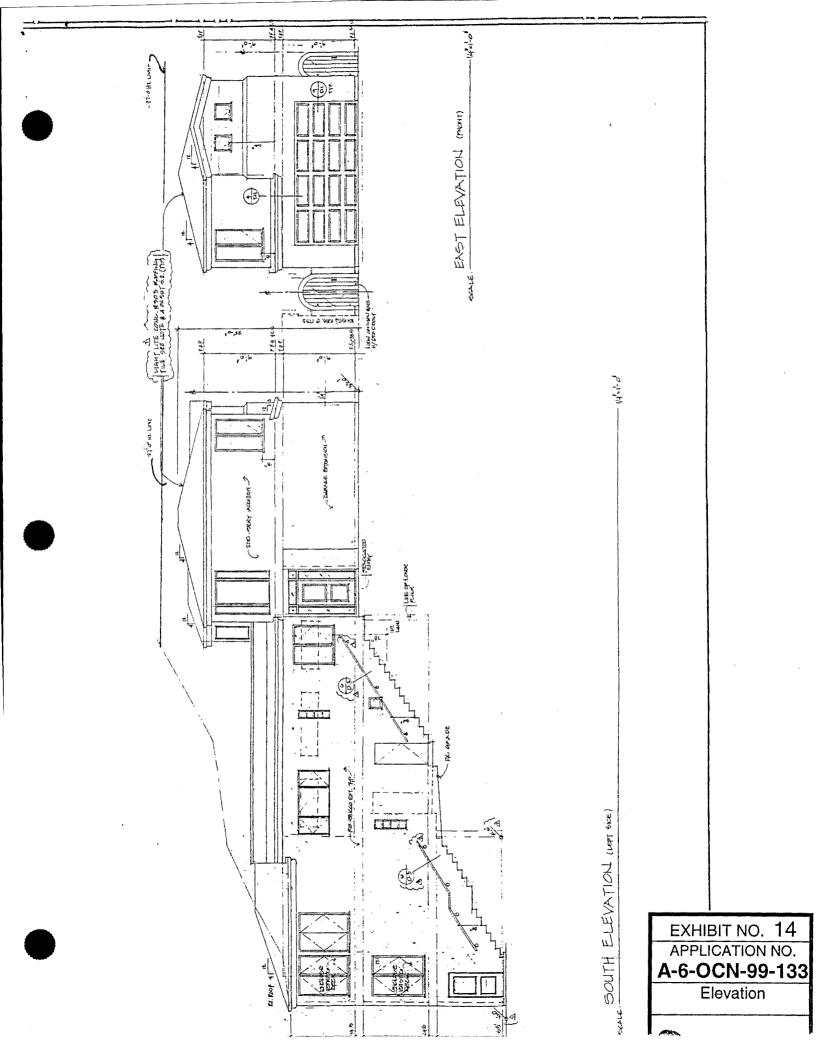
Sincerely,

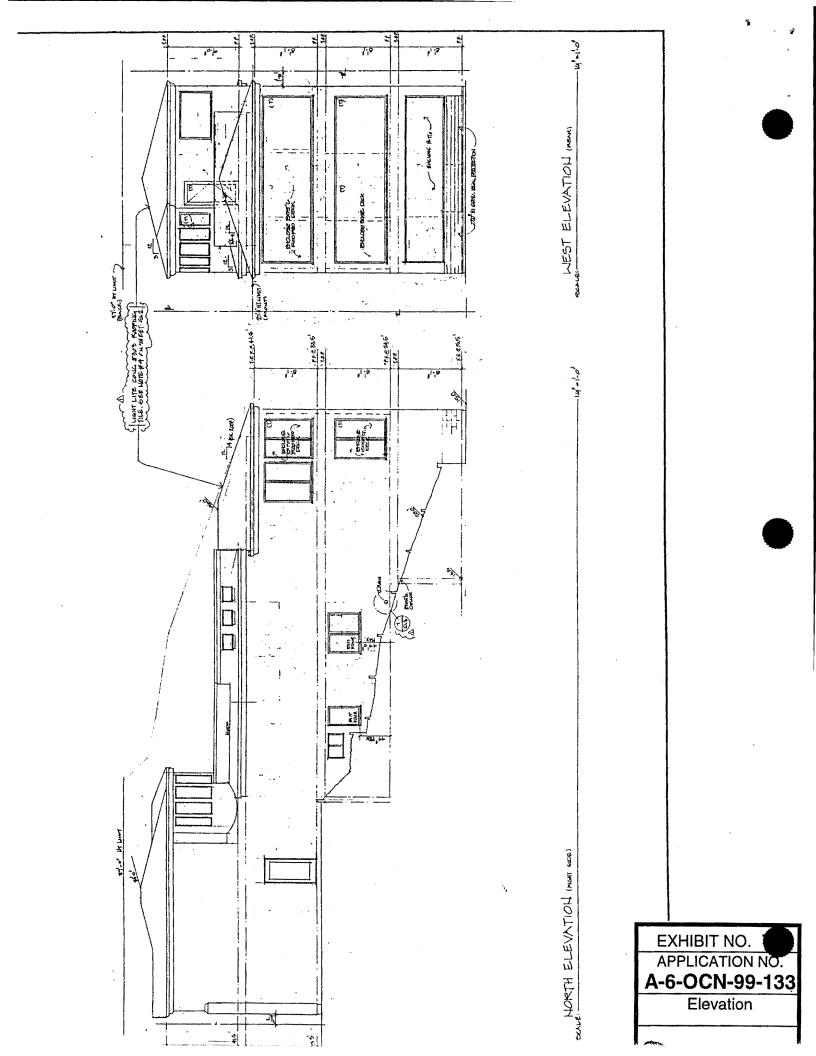
Christopher H. Pederson

Staff Counsel

cc:

Sherilyn Sarb





CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

SAN DIEGO AREA 675 METROPOLITAN DRIVE, SUITE 103 AN DIEGO, CA 92108-4402 (619) 767-2370



Tue 18a

Addendum

January 5, 2001

To:

Commissioners and Interested Persons

From:

California Coastal Commission

San Diego Staff

Subject:

Addendum to Tue 18a, Coastal Commission Permit Application

#A-6-OCN-99-133 (Ligouri, Oceanside), for the Commission Meeting of

January 9, 2001

Staff recommends the following changes be made to the above-referenced staff report:

1. On Page 1 of the staff report, the "Hearing Date" should be revised as follows:

"January 9-12"

2. On Page 4 of the staff report, Special Condition #3, the first sentence of the first complete paragraph should be revised as follows:

The above-cited monitoring information shall be summarized in a report prepared by a licensed <u>civil or geotechnical</u> engineer familiar with shoreline processes and submitted to the Executive Director for review and written approval.

- 3. On Page 6 of the staff report, Special Condition #8a should be revised as follows:
 - a. The ocean elevation and profile of the proposed home shall be similar to the exhibits on file with the preliminary plans submitted with this file, dated September 67, 2000 and shall reflect the maximum westerly projection of any balcony or basement shall extend no further seaward than 80 feet from the seaward extent of the S. Pacific Street right-of-way.
- 4. On Page 7 of the staff report, the second to last sentence of the first incomplete paragraph should be revised as follows:

During the fall of 2000, On December 20, 1999 Commission staff requested the applicant to perform provide a wave uprush study, stringline analysis and

comparison of what was approved by the City to what had been built. The applicant submitted the requested study to the Commission information on May 5, 2000 and August 16, 2000. The applicant also submitted a revised project description on August 16, 2000 which reflected the changes the City approved on July 19, 2000. On September 25, 2000 staff informed the applicant by letter that the full extent of existing and proposed residential and accessory improvements was not analyzed by the wave study to determine the need for maintenance or reconfiguration of the existing revetment. Staff requested that an analysis be provided to address what is adequate protection for the existing structure, with a separate similar analysis for the proposed improvements. On November 13, 2000 staff received the information. On December 1, 2000, staff informed the applicant by letter that there were discrepancies between cross sections indicating the seaward extent of the revetment and the revised site plan. Staff requested that an accurate cross-section and a topographically surveyed site plan be submitted so that the precise location of the revetment is known. Additionally, staff requested the applicant provide the location of the revetment toe in relation to a fixed reference point such as a surveyed property line or street monument. On December 6, 2000 the applicant provided the information and the project was subsequently set for a de novo hearing.

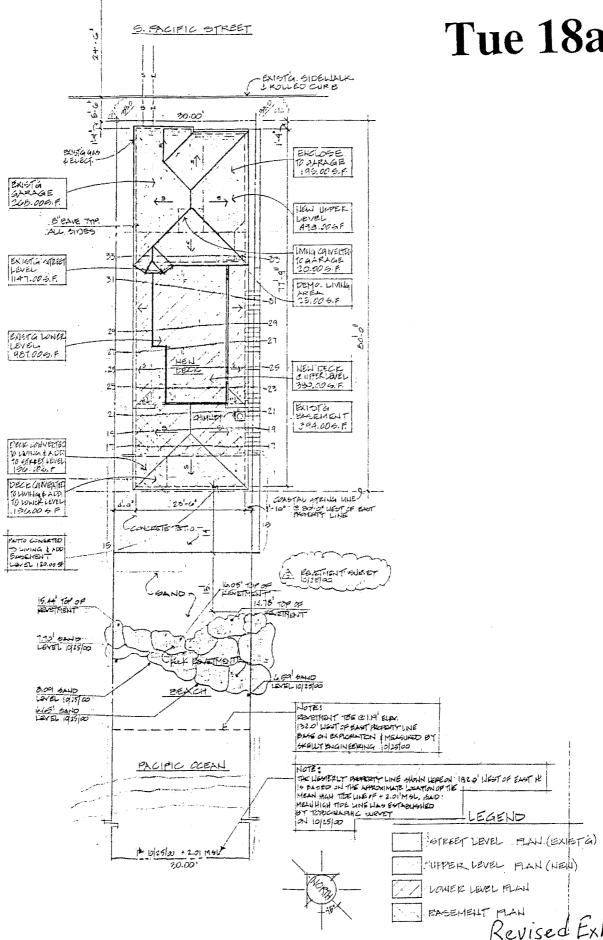
5. On Page 11 of the staff report, the first paragraph should be revised as follows:

Staff has independently reviewed the floor plans and elevations and has determined that the bottom level is consistent with both the LCP and UBC definitions of a "basement". Although the measurements are close, Commission staff has determined that more of the floor space of the bottom level is below grade than above grade. Thus, the lower level meets the intent of the LCP definition of "basement". The definitions in the LCP are consistent with the definitions in the UBC and construction in conformance with the UBC does not result in conflict with LCP policies. Therefore, the Commission concurs with the City's determination that the structure is two stories over a basement. As such the project can be found consistent with the LCP requirement that development must be compatible in scale and form with the surrounding neighborhood.

- 6. Staff recommends the attached exhibit replace the existing Exhibit 2 "site plan" attached to the above referenced staff report.
- 7. The attached exhibit by the applicant's attorney should be added as Exhibit 16 to the above referenced staff report.

(G:\San Diego\Reports\Appeals\1999\A-6-OCN-99-133add.2.doc)

Tue 18a



SITE PLAN

Revised Exhibit?
Site Plan

Sullivan Wertz McDade & Wallace

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

LAWYERS

January 3, 2001

945 FOURTH AVENUE SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92101

> TELEPHONE (619) 233-1888 FACSIMILE (619) 596-9476

> > iheidei@swmw.com

OF COUNSEL EVAN S. RAVICH

JANE A. WHITWORTH

ADMINISTRATOR

JAN 0 4 2001

CAUFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION SEL CIEGO COAST DISTRICT

SANDRA J. BROWER
RICHARD T. FORSYTH
ERIN M. GEE
LYNNE L. HEIDEL
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JOHN ROSS WERTZ
PAMELA LAWTON WILSON

Chair Sara Wan and Members of the California Coastal Commission c/o San Diego Coast Area 7575 Metropolitan Drive, 103 San Diego, CA 92108-4402

Re. Ligouri Residence: 1731 South Pacific, Oceanside: A-6-OCN-99-133

Dear Chair Wan and Members of the California Coastal Commission:

We represent the applicant, Thomas Liguori with respect to the referenced matter. For the record, our client reserves his right to object to the proceedings as set forth in the Complaint for Declaratory Relief attached to the Staff Report as Exhibit 9. However, Mr. Liguori has reviewed the Staff Report and Recommendation on Appeal, concurs with the Report, and agrees to the Special Conditions. Accordingly, we request you approve the project as recommended by Staff.

Very truly yours.

Lynne L. Heidel

ot

SULLIVAN WERTZ McDADE & WALLACE

A Professional Corporation