

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

NORTH CENTRAL COAST DISTRICT 45 FREMONT, SUITE 2000 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105-2219 DICE AND TDD (415) 904-5260 X (415) 904-5400

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STAFF REPORT: CONSENT CALENDAR

APPLICATION FILE NO.:

2-02-012

APPLICANT:

City of Pacifica

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Repair of municipal pier involving patching and reinforcing spalled and deteriorated portions of the reinforced concrete pier structure and removal and replacement of steel sheet piles protecting the existing

soil cement wall at the landward end of the pier

PROJECT LOCATION:

Intersection of Santa Rosa Avenue and Beach Boulevard, adjacent to Sharp Park Beach, City of Pacifica, San Mateo County (Exhibits 1 and 2)

OTHER APPROVALS:

State Lands Commission Lease No. P.R.C. 4585.9

(Exhibit 9)

1.0 **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This permit application by the City of Pacifica is for repair work to the existing municipal pier located at the intersection of Santa Rosa Avenue and Beach Boulevard adjacent to Sharp Park Beach in the City of Pacifica. The project involves patching and reinforcing areas of the reinforced concrete pier structure that exhibit deterioration, disbonding, spalling and/or corrosion. The project also involves removal of the steel sheet piles protecting the existing soil cement wall at the landward end of the pier and replacement of the steel sheet piles with a 6-inch layer of reinforced shotcrete.

The pier was originally built in 1973 as a recreational fishing pier under an operation and maintenance agreement with the State Wildlife Conservation Board. The pier consists of four sections totaling 1,020 feet in length in the east-west direction and one section of 120 feet in the north-south direction, with an overall pier deck width of 19 feet, 6 inches. The pier is constructed of a deck built of pre-cast reinforced concrete girder sections mounted on

supporting pilings by cast-in-place reinforced concrete pile caps. Over time, with prolonged exposure to the marine environment, the reinforced concrete of the pier structure has weathered and deteriorated. Areas along the length of the pier exist where concrete shows spalling or has disbonded, exposing the reinforcing steel rebar.

The repair method would involve chipping away all loose or hollow concrete, power cleaning any exposed reinforcing steel of corrosion to provide sufficient electrical connection and mechanical bond, securing loose reinforcing steel with steel wire, installing galvanic anodes in the repair area, patching areas with concrete mortar, and sealing and curing concrete repair with a concrete sealant. The construction area would be moved from east to west along the pier and then from north to south. Work would be performed from scaffolding using hand power tools, employing a forklift, bobcat and small crane to move materials. For the replacement of the project the steel sheet piles protecting the existing soil cement wall at the landward end of the pier, the repair method would involve removing as much as possible of the deteriorated sheet piles and replacing them with a 6-inch layer of reinforced shotcrete.

The municipal pier is located seaward of the mean high tide line on state tidelands and submerged lands, within the Commission's retained original permit jurisdiction. The City began repairs to the pier in March 2002 through May 2002 without the benefit of a coastal development permit, believing that the project was exempt under Coastal Act Section 30610(d) as repair and maintenance of an existing structure. Although the proposed project does not involve expansion of the existing pier, the proposed repair work is to a structure located in a sandy area and within 20 feet of coastal waters and involves the use of both mechanized equipment and construction materials. The project therefore constitutes an extraordinary method of repair and maintenance under Section 13252(a)(3)(B) requiring a coastal development permit. The resource protection policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act form the standard of review for the permit.

Special Condition 1 requires the submission of a Water Quality Protection Plan for review and approval of the Executive Director prior to permit issuance, detailing the Best Management Practicies ("BMPs") that will be in place within the construction and staging area to capture and contain all debris and any contaminants.

Special Condition 2 states additional Construction and Debris Removal Responsibilities that the applicant must follow in undertaking the proposed repair work.

Special Condition 3 requires the submission of a Construction Staging Area Plan for review and approval of the Executive Director prior to permit issuance.

Special Condition 4 contains an Assumption of Risk, Waiver of Liability and Indemnification, by whose terms the City agrees to assume all risk of injury or damage, waive liability and indemnify the Commission against any liability to third parties arising out of or resulting from the proposed project.

2.0 STAFF RECOMMENDATION

The staff recommends that the Commission approve Coastal Development Permit No. 2-02-012 subject to the conditions in Sections 2.1 and 2.2 below.

Motion:

I move that the Commission approve Coastal Development Permit No. 2-02-012 subject to conditions pursuant to the staff recommendation.

Staff Recommendation of Approval:

Staff recommends a YES vote. Passage of this motion will result in approval of the permit as conditioned and adoption of the following resolution and findings. The motion passes only by affirmative vote of a majority of the Commissioners present.

Resolution to Approve the Permit:

The Commission hereby approves a coastal development permit for the proposed development and adopts the findings set forth below on grounds that the development as conditioned will be in conformity with the policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act. Approval of the permit complies with the California Environmental Quality Act because either (1) feasible mitigation measures and/or alternatives have been incorporated to substantially lessen any significant adverse effects of the development on the environment, or (2) there are no further feasible mitigation measures or alternatives that would substantially lessen any significant adverse impacts of the development on the environment.

2.1 Standard Conditions

- 1. <u>Notice of Receipt and Acknowledgment</u>. The permit is not valid and development shall not commence until a copy of the permit, signed by the permittee or authorized agent, acknowledging receipt of the permit and acceptance of the terms and conditions, is returned to the Commission office.
- 2. <u>Expiration</u>. If development has not commenced, the permit will expire two years from the date on which the Commission voted on the application. Development shall be pursued in a diligent manner and completed in a reasonable period of time. Application for extension of the permit must be made prior to the expiration date.
- 3. <u>Interpretation</u>. Any questions of intent or interpretation of any condition will be resolved by the Executive Director or the Commission.
- 4. <u>Assignment</u>. The permit may be assigned to any qualified person, provided assignee files with the Commission an affidavit accepting all terms and conditions of the permit.
- 5. <u>Terms and Conditions Run with the Land</u>. These terms and conditions shall be perpetual, and it is the intention of the Commission and the permittee to bind all future owners and possessors of the subject property to the terms and conditions.

2.2 Special Conditions

1. Construction Period Water Quality Protection Plan. PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF THE COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, the applicant shall submit, for review and approval of the Executive Director, a Construction Period Water Quality Protection Plan ("WQPP"). The plan shall be designed to minimize to the maximum extent practicable the potential sources of contaminants and pollutants, control the amount of runoff, and retain materials on-site during construction. The plan shall also limit application, generation, and migration of toxic substances, and ensure the proper storage and disposal of toxic materials.

A. Best Management Practices

- 1. The WQPP shall include, at a minimum, the Best Management Practices ('BMPs") specified below:
 - a. Install tarps, netting or other, similar containment devices below all scaffolding to capture and contain debris and construction materials and prevent such debris and materials from falling into the ocean.
 - b. No construction materials or debris shall be placed where it maybe subject to wave erosion or dispersion. Construction materials will be stored on pallets, under cover and in secondary containment whenever possible. When not in use, all hazardous materials shall be covered and sealed.
 - c. Only that amount of construction materials, including hazardous materials, required for construction activities for five working days shall be stored on-site at any given time.
 - d. Public roadway surface adjacent to the construction entrances shall be swept at the end of each day to remove sediment and/or other construction materials deposited due to the construction activities.
 - e. Mobile fueling of construction equipment and vehicles on and around the construction site shall be prohibited. Fueling shall be done off-site or on-site in confined areas specifically designed to contain runoff and, at a minimum, 50 feet away from all drainage courses and waterways.
 - f. Stormdrain inlet protection shall be installed that traps sediment before it enters the storm sewer system. All waste and material storage areas shall have curbs or dikes for preventing water from entering the storage area.
 - g. Establish construction staging areas at least 100 feet from the mean high tide line, and design these areas to control runoff.
 - h. Hazardous wastes and construction materials shall be stored in areas away from construction entrances, away from construction activities with heavy equipment and vehicles, and away from drainage courses and waterways.
 - i. Maintain and wash equipment and construction vehicles in confined areas specifically designed to control runoff and more than 100 feet away from the mean high tide line.
 - j. Provide sanitary facilities for construction workers.
 - k. Store, handle, apply, and dispose of petroleum products and other construction materials properly.
 - 1. Develop and implement spill prevention and control measures that are adequate to minimize the risk of spills of hazardous substances, including but not limited to fuels, lubricants, paint, or solvents on the project site or into coastal waters.
 - m. Provide adequate disposal facilities for solid waste, including excess concrete, produced during construction. Excess concrete shall not be disposed of in the Coastal Zone unless authorized through either an amendment to this coastal development permit or a new coastal development permit.
 - n. All pollutants captured or contained in BMPs shall be contained and disposed of in an appropriate manner.
 - o. Hazardous wastes shall be removed from the construction site as soon as possible or in a timely manner.

- 2. The plan shall include, at a minimum, the following components:
 - a. a narrative report describing all temporary runoff and pollution control measures to be used during construction.
 - b. a site plan showing the location of all temporary pollution control measures.
 - c. a schedule for installation and removal of the temporary pollution control measures.
- B. The applicant shall be fully responsible for advising construction personnel of the requirements of the WQPP.
- C. The applicant shall undertake development in accordance with the approved final WQPP. No proposed changes to the approved final WQPP shall occur without a Commission amendment to this coastal development permit unless the Executive Director determines that no amendment is legally required.

2. Construction Responsibilities and Debris Removal.

The permittee shall comply with the following construction-related requirements:

- a. Any and all trash and debris resulting from construction activities shall be captured and removed from the beach and pier on a daily basis;
- b. Operation of construction vehicles on the beach or in intertidal areas is not permitted;
- c. Staging and storage of construction machinery and storage of debris shall not take place on the beach;
- d. No construction materials or debris shall be placed where it may be subject to wave erosion or dispersion;
- e. Any accidental spills of construction equipment fluids shall be immediately contained on-site and disposed of in an environmentally safe manner as soon as possible.

3. Construction Staging Area.

Prior to the Issuance of the Coastal Development Permit, the applicant shall submit a Construction Staging Area Plan for review and approval of the Executive Director which indicates that the construction staging area(s), materials storage area(s) and construction corridor(s) will avoid impacts to public access and water quality consistent with all special conditions of this permit:

A. The plan shall demonstrate that:

- 1. construction equipment and activity shall not occur outside the staging area and construction corridor identified on the site plan required by this condition
- 2. construction staging area(s), materials storage area(s) and construction corridor(s) will comply with all requirements of the WQPP required by Special Condition 1.
- 3. Staging and storage of construction machinery and storage of debris shall not take place on the beach.

- B. The plan shall include, at minimum, a site plan that depicts:
 - 1. limits of the staging area(s),
 - 2. materials storage area(s),
 - 3. construction corridor(s),
 - 4. construction site, and
 - 5. location of construction fencing and any temporary job trailers.

4. Public Access During Construction.

The municipal pier and beach area immediately below and adjacent to the pier shall remain open for public use during daylight hours while construction of the repairs that are the subject of this permit are taking place, except for access restrictions to those portions of the pier under construction that are reasonably required to protect public safety.

5. Assumption of Risk, Waiver of Liability and Indemnity Agreement.

- A. By acceptance of this permit, the applicant acknowledges and agrees (i) that the site may be subject to hazards from wave action, flooding, shoreline retreat, erosion, and revetment and seawall stability; (ii) to assume the risks to the applicant and the property that is the subject of this permit of injury and damage from such hazards in connection with this permitted development; (iii) to unconditionally waive any claim of damage or liability against the Commission, its officers, agents, and employees for injury or damage from such hazards; and (iv) to indemnify and hold harmless the Commission, its officers, agents, and employees with respect to the Commission's approval of the project against any and all liability, claims, demands, damages, costs (including costs and fees incurred in defense of such claims), expenses, and amounts paid in settlement arising from any injury or damage due to such hazards.
- B. PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, the applicant shall submit a written agreement, in a form and content acceptable to the Executive Director, incorporating all of the above terms of this condition.
- C. PRIOR TO THE CONVEYANCE OF THE PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, the applicant shall execute and record a deed restriction, in a form and content acceptable to the Executive Director incorporating all of the above terms in subsection (A) of this condition. The restriction shall include a legal description of the applicant's entire parcel. The deed restriction shall run with the land, binding all successors and assigns, and shall be recorded free of prior liens that the Executive Director determines may affect the enforceability of the restriction. This deed restriction shall not be removed or changed without a Commission amendment to this coastal development permit.

6. Condition Compliance.

WITHIN 60 DAYS OF COMMISSION ACTION ON THIS COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT APPLICATION, or within such additional time as the Executive Director may grant for good cause, the applicant shall satisfy all requirements specified in the conditions hereto that the applicant is required to satisfy prior to issuance of this permit. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in the institution of enforcement action under the provisions of Chapter 9 of the Coastal Act.

3.0 FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS

The Commission hereby finds and declares as follows:

3.1 Project and Site Description

The proposed project involves repair work to the Pacifica municipal pier and associated seawall at the landward extremity of the pier. The proposed work includes patching and reinforcing areas of the reinforced concrete structure of the pier that exhibit deterioration, disbonding, spalling and/or corrosion. The project also involves removal of the steel sheet piles protecting the existing soil cement wall at the landward end of the pier and replacement of the steel sheet piles with a 6-inch layer of reinforced shotcrete.

The municipal pier is located on Beach Boulevard at the end of Santa Rosa Avenue, adjacent to Sharp Park Beach, in the City of Pacifica (Exhibit 2). It was originally built in 1973 as a recreational fishing pier under an operation and maintenance agreement with the State Wildlife Conservation Board (Exhibit 10). The pier was built to incorporate a 30-inch sewer outfall pipe, running the length of the pier, to transport treated sewer effluent into the ocean. This sewer outfall is still in place, but no longer operational. Extending seaward of the mean high tide line and resting on state tidelands and submerged lands, the pier lies within the Commission's retained original permit jurisdiction.

The structure consists of four sections totaling 1,020 feet in length in the east-west direction and one section of 120 feet in the north-south direction, with an overall pier deck width of 19 feet, 6 inches (Exhibits 3 and 4). The pier deck is constructed of pre-cast reinforced concrete girder sections mounted on supporting pilings by cast-in-place reinforced concrete pile caps. With prolonged exposure to the marine environment, the reinforced concrete pier structure has weathered and deteriorated over time. Areas along the length of the pier exist where concrete shows spalling or has disbonded, exposing the reinforcing steel rebar. Exposed steel rebar has corroded in places. A February 2002 assessment report by V&A Consulting Engineers states that the majority of the spalled and disbonded areas were observed on the surface of the pile cap sections, the pre-cast girder sections and the sides of several of the pier hand railings (Exhibit 5).

The proposed repair method involves using hand power tools to chip and cut away all loose or hollow concrete and power clean any exposed reinforcing steel of corrosion to provide sufficient electrical connection and mechanical bond, before securing loose reinforcing steel with steel wire, installing galvanic anodes in the repair area, patching areas with concrete mortar (Emaco R320Cl), and sealing and curing patched concrete with a concrete sealant (Vocomp-20). Where necessary, additional reinforcing steel rebar would be added to deteriorated areas prior to applying concrete mortar. For the replacement of the project the steel sheet piles protecting the existing soil cement wall at the landward end of the pier, the repair method will involve removing as much as possible of the deteriorated sheet piles and replacing them with a 6-inch layer of reinforced shotcrete. The City Public Works

Department estimates that for the entire project a total of 690 cubic feet of concrete and 200 linear feet of steel rebar will be used. According to the City, the repairs will take a total of approximately 6 months to complete and the pier will remain open at all times to the public while construction is taking place.

Construction would progress from east to west along the pier and then from north to south. Work would be performed from scaffolding using hand power tools, employing a forklift, bobcat and small crane to move materials. For repair work on the underside of the pier, the City proposes to use moveable scaffolding such as the one depicted in **Exhibit 8**. The City proposes to use the old Wastewater Treatment Plant located on Beach Boulevard and Montecito Avenue as the construction staging area (**Exhibit 3**). The City proposes to capture all construction debris with tarps, netting and other BMPs and take it offsite for disposal.

The City began repairs to the pier in March 2002 through May 2002 without the benefit of a coastal development permit, believing that the project was exempt under Coastal Act Section 30610(d) as repair and maintenance of an existing structure. The portions of the pier repaired at that time were East-West sections B through E, beginning at Beach Boulevard (Exhibit 3). The City states that 138 cubic feet of concrete and 40 linear feet of steel rebar were used for the portion of the project already completed. The City ceased work and applied for the subject coastal development permit when Commission staff informed it that a coastal development permit was in fact required. This coastal development permit will resolve the alleged violation resulting from work already performed without a permit.

Emaco R320Cl, the concrete mortar compound to be used to repair damaged areas, is described by the manufacturer as a "one-component, polymer-modified, shrinkage-compensated vertical/overhead repair mortar with integral corrosion inhibitor" (Exhibit 6). According to the Material Safety Data Sheet, the product contains crystalline quartz silica, portland cement, fly ash and calcium oxide, which are included in the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory. Crystalline silica is a potential human carcinogen. The product, however, does not contain hazardous chemicals as defined in federal hazardous waste disposal regulations (40 CFR 260) and may be landfill disposed.

The City proposes to use a concrete sealant, Vocomp-20, to seal and cure patched areas. According to manufacturer specifications, this sealant is a water-based acrylic sealing and curing compound (Exhibit 7). According to the Material Safety Data Sheet, the product is a mild skin and eye irritant containing 1 to 5% propylene glycol phenyl ether by weight, a volatile organic compound that is not listed under federal waste disposal regulations (40 CFR 373.65).

3.2 Other Agency Approvals

3.2.1 California State Lands Commission

The portion of the pier that is seaward of the Mean High Tide Line is located on state tidelands and submerged lands. As such, the proposed repair project must be authorized by the State Lands Commission ("SLC"). The City has an existing lease with the SLC, encompassing lands belonging to SLC underlying the existing pier and seawall at the landward end of the pier along Beach Boulevard. State Lands Lease No. P.R.C. 4585.9, July 9, 1971, as amended on September 29, 1971 to include the State Wildlife Conservation Board as co-lessee, is a long-term lease to

the City of the land underlying the pier (Exhibit 10). The proposed repair project consists only of repairs to the existing pier structure and does not expand the existing pier, which lies entirely within the area described in the SLC lease (Exhibit 9).

3.2.2 State Wildlife Conservation Board

The City constructed and operates the municipal pier under a cooperative agreement with the State Wildlife Conservation Board, a co-lessee under the SLC lease. By the terms of Paragraph 1 of the cooperative agreement, as originally entered into on January 24, 1972 and amended June 6, 1974 and August 23, 1993, the City has assumed exclusive responsibility for maintenance and repair of the pier (Exhibit ___).

3.3 Permit Authority, Extraordinary Methods of Repair and Maintenance

Coastal Act Section 30610(d) generally exempts from Coastal Act permitting requirements the repair or maintenance of structures that does not result in an addition to, or enlargement or expansion of the structure being repaired or maintained. However, the Commission retains authority to review certain extraordinary methods of repair and maintenance of existing structures that involve a risk of substantial adverse environmental impact as enumerated in Section 13252 of the Commission regulations.

Section 30610 of the Coastal Act provides, in relevant part:

Notwithstanding any other provision of this division, no coastal development permit shall be required pursuant to this chapter for the following types of development and in the following areas: . . .

(d) Repair or maintenance activities that do not result in an addition to, or enlargement or expansion of, the object of those repair or maintenance activities; provided, however, that if the commission determines that certain extraordinary methods of repair and maintenance involve a risk of substantial adverse environmental impact, it shall, by regulation, require that a permit be obtained pursuant to this chapter.

Section 13252 of the Commission regulations provides, in relevant part:

- (a) For purposes of Public Resources Code section 30610(d), the following extraordinary methods of repair and maintenance shall require a coastal development permit because they involve a risk of substantial adverse environmental impact:
 - (3) Any repair or maintenance to facilities or structures or work located in an environmentally sensitive habitat area, <u>any sand area</u>, within 50 feet of the edge of a coastal bluff or environmentally sensitive habitat area, <u>or within 20 feet of coastal waters or streams that include:</u>

(B) <u>The presence, whether temporary or permanent, of mechanized equipment or construction materials.</u>

[Emphasis added.]

The proposed project involves repair work to the structure of the municipal pier and associated seawall that will not result in an addition to, or enlargement or expansion of the pier or seawall. However, Section 13252 of the Commission's regulations requires a coastal development permit for certain extraordinary methods of repair and maintenance enumerated in the regulation. The proposed development involves repair work to a structure located in a sand area and within 20 feet of coastal waters and the work will include the presence of both mechanized equipment and construction materials. The proposed repair and maintenance therefore requires a coastal development permit under Section 13252(a)(1) of the Commission's regulations.

In considering a permit application for a repair or maintenance project pursuant to the abovecited authority, the Commission reviews whether the proposed *method* of repair or maintenance is consistent with the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. The Commission's evaluation of such repair and maintenance projects does not extend to an evaluation of the conformity with the Coastal Act of the underlying existing development.

The municipal pier is located seaward of the mean high tide line on state tidelands and submerged lands, within the Commission's retained original permit jurisdiction. The resource protection policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act accordingly form the standard of review for the permit.

3.4 Water Quality and Polluted Runoff

Section 30231 of the Coastal Act states:

The biological productivity and the quality of coastal waters, streams, wetlands, estuaries, and lakes appropriate to maintain optimum populations of marine organisms and for the protection of human health shall be maintained and, where feasible, restored through, among other means, minimizing adverse effects of waste water discharges and entrainment, controlling runoff, preventing depletion of groundwater supplies and substantial interference with surface water flow, encouraging waste water reclamation, maintaining natural vegetation buffer areas that protect riparian habitats, and minimizing alteration of natural streams.

Section 30231 of the Coastal Act requires that any adverse effects of runoff be minimized to protect the biological productivity and the quality of coastal waters, streams, wetlands, estuaries, and lakes. The project, as proposed, involves removal of deteriorated concrete from the pier structure and application of steel rebar, concrete mortar and sealant as required to patch compromised areas of the structure.

Other than steel rebar and galvanizing anodes (to reduce corrosion of the reinforcing metal), the chief construction materials that the City plans to use in the repairs are (1) a concrete mortar

compound, Emaco R320Cl, and (2) a concrete sealant, Vocomp-20. Emaco R320Cl is essentially a concrete composed, according to the Material Safety Data Sheet, of crystalline quartz silica, portland cement, fly ash and calcium oxide (Exhibit 6). While these materials are included in the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory and crystalline silica, in particular, is considered a potential human carcinogen, none of these materials are hazardous chemicals as defined in federal hazardous waste disposal regulations (40 CFR 260) and the product is considered suitable for landfill disposal. The concrete sealant, Vocomp-20, which the City proposes to use in the repairs, is a water-based acrylic sealing and curing compound, according to manufacturer specifications (Exhibit 7). According to the Material Safety Data Sheet, Vocomp-20 is a mild skin and eye irritant containing 1 to 5% propylene glycol phenyl ether by weight, a volatile organic compound that is not listed under federal waste disposal regulations (40 CFR 373.65).

Because of the location of the pier directly above the beach, intertidal areas and ocean, the potential exists for concrete removed from the structure and other debris, as well as construction materials, to fall into the ocean. While neither the construction debris nor proposed construction materials are toxic, allowing such debris or materials to enter the ocean could adversely affect water quality and marine organisms. To protect water quality and prevent construction materials or debris from entering the ocean during construction, **Special Condition 1** requires the applicant to prepare and submit a Water Quality Protection Plan ('WQPP") for the review and approval of the Executive Director prior to the issuance of the permit. The WQPP must incorporate the specific BMPs outlined in the condition, including the use of tarps, netting and other, similar containment devices to capture and contain debris and construction materials and prevent them from entering sensitive habitat or coastal waters.

The Commission also imposes **Special Condition 2** requiring the City to comply with additional Construction and Debris Removal Responsibilities.

Special Condition 3 requires the submission of a Construction Staging Area Plan for review and approval of the Executive Director prior to permit issuance. This condition prohibits operation of construction vehicles and storage of construction machinery, construction materials or debris on the beach or in intertidal areas. This condition also requires the City to remove all debris resulting from construction activities as soon as feasible.

The Commission finds that the project, as conditioned, protects the biological productivity and the quality of coastal waters and wetlands in conformity with Section 30231 of the Coastal Act.

3.5 Public Access

Section 30210 of the Coastal Act states:

In carrying out the requirement of Section 4 of Article X of the California Constitution, maximum access, which shall be conspicuously posted, and recreational opportunities shall be provided for all the people consistent with public safety needs and the need to protect public rights, rights of private property owners, and natural resource areas from overuse.

Section 30211 of the Coastal Act states:

Development shall not interfere with the public's right of access to the sea where acquired through use or legislative authorization, including, but not limited to, the use of dry sand and rocky coastal beaches to the first line of terrestrial vegetation.

Coastal Act Section 30214(a) states:

The public access policies of this article shall be implemented in a manner that takes into account the need to regulate the time, place, and manner of public access depending on the facts and circumstances in each case including, but not limited to, the following: (1) Topographic and geologic site characteristics. (2) The capacity of the site to sustain use and at what level of intensity. (3) The appropriateness of limiting public access to the right to pass and repass depending on such factors as the fragility of the natural resources in the area and the proximity of the access area to adjacent residential uses. (4) The need to provide for the management of access areas so as to protect the privacy of adjacent property owners and to protect the aesthetic values of the area by providing for the collection of litter.

The Pacifica municipal pier provides coastal access and recreational opportunities for the public, including both a public promenade affording coastal views that is connected to Beach Boulevard and Sharp Park Beach and recreational fishing from the pier. The pier is accordingly an important facility for public access and recreation in Pacifica and has been available for use by the public since its construction in 1973. The proposed repair project is intended to insure the structural integrity of the pier and to maintain it as a facility for public access.

According to the City, the construction would take approximately six months to complete. The City Public Works Department states that it will be possible to allow the pier to remain open and accessible to the public while work is proceeding. According to the City, the pier also remained open during the work undertaken earlier this year. **Special Condition 4** therefore requires that the pier remain open during construction, consistent with any access restrictions to portions of the pier under construction that required to protect public safety.

As conditioned, the Commission finds that the project is consistent with Sections 30210, 30211 and 30214 of the Coastal Act because the project will provide a public access connection between Pacifica State Beach and Rockaway Beach which will enhance the visitor attractiveness of both beaches while protecting coastal resources.

3.6 Flood and Geologic Hazards

Section 30253 states:

New development shall:

- (1) Minimize risks to life and property in areas of high geologic, flood, and fire hazard.
- (2) Assure stability and structural integrity, and neither create nor contribute significantly to erosion, geologic instability, or destruction of the site or surrounding area or in any way

require the construction of protective devices that would substantially alter natural landforms along bluffs and cliffs.

The proposed repair project will take place on the municipal pier and associated seawall, which are located adjacent to Beach Boulevard on tidelands and submerged lands in an area subject to wave action and flooding. The proposed repair work will affect the structural integrity of the pier and seawall. These structures are exposed to and must withstand harsh marine conditions over long periods of time and failure to design or perform the proposed repairs sufficient to withstand these conditions could result in failure of either structure and injury to persons or damage to property. To address the potential risk of injury and damage posed by the project, the Commission imposes **Special Condition 5**, requiring the City to assume all risk of injury or damage, waive liability and indemnify the Commission against any liability to third parties arising out of or resulting from the proposed project.

The Commission finds that the project, as conditioned, is consistent with Section 30253.

3.7 Visual Resources

Section 30251 of the Coastal Act states in applicable part that permitted development shall: (a) be sited and designed to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, (b) minimize the alteration of natural land forms, and (c) be visually compatible with the character of surrounding areas.

The project involves patching of the existing pier structure and includes no structural changes that would alter or affect the views of or from the pier. The Commission finds that the project does not change or impact views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas, and is therefore consistent with Section 30251.

3.8 Alleged Violation

As noted above, the pier repair work which is the subject of this permit was begun by the City in an area within the Commission's jurisdiction without the benefit of a coastal development permit. Consideration of this application by the Commission has been based solely upon the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. Review of this permit does not constitute a waiver of any legal action with regard to the cited alleged violation nor does it constitute an admission as to the legality of any development undertaken on the subject site without a coastal permit.

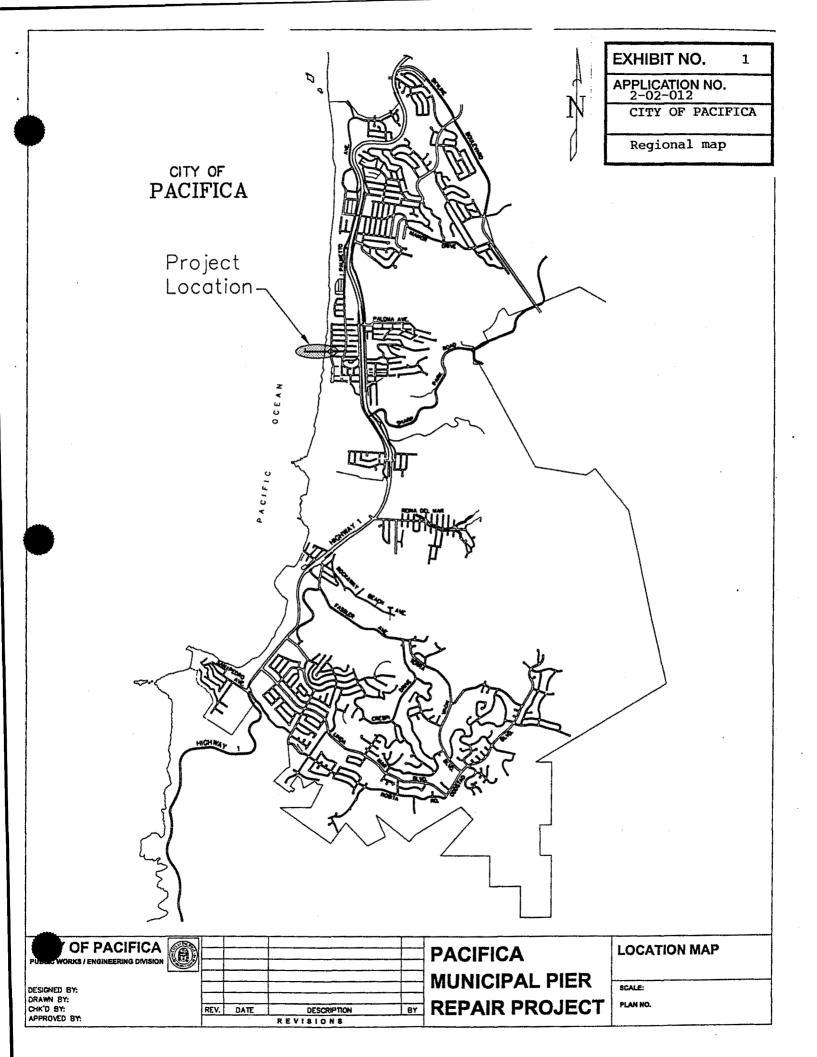
4.0 CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA)

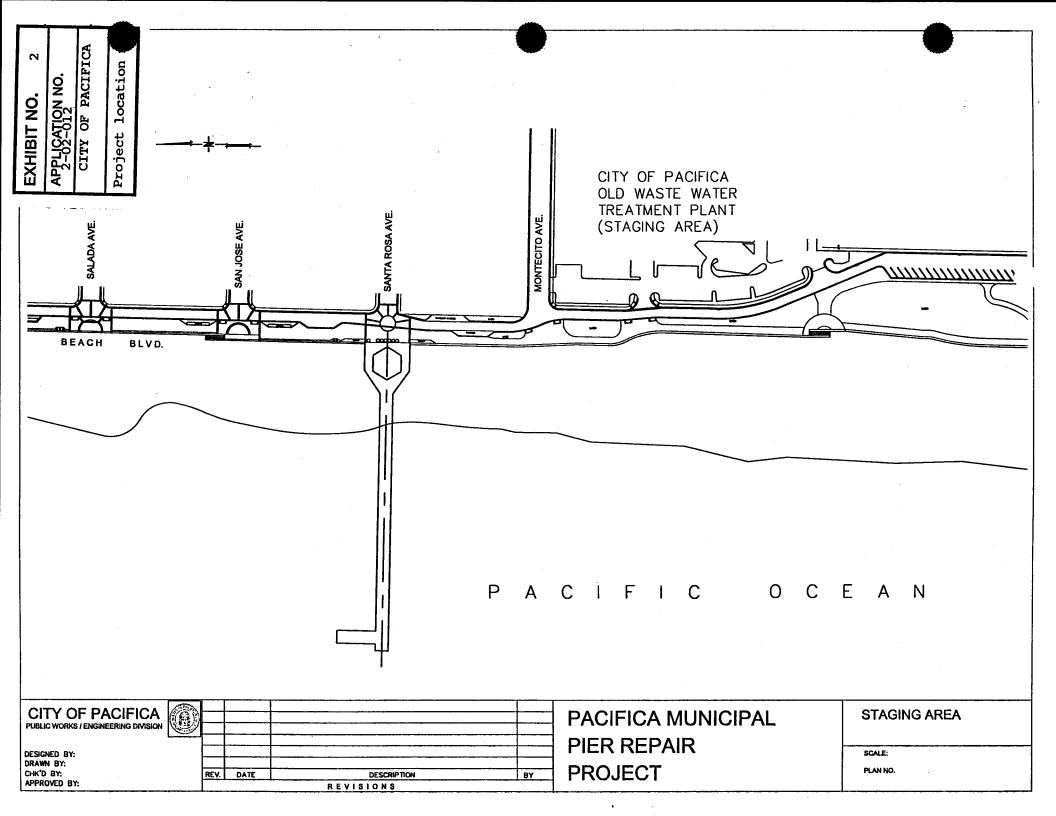
Section 13096 of the California Code of Regulations requires Commission approval of Coastal Development Permit applications to be supported by a finding showing that the application, as conditioned by any conditions of approval, to be consistent with any applicable requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Section 21080.5(d)(2)(A) of CEQA prohibits a proposed development from being approved if there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse effects which the activity may have on the environment.

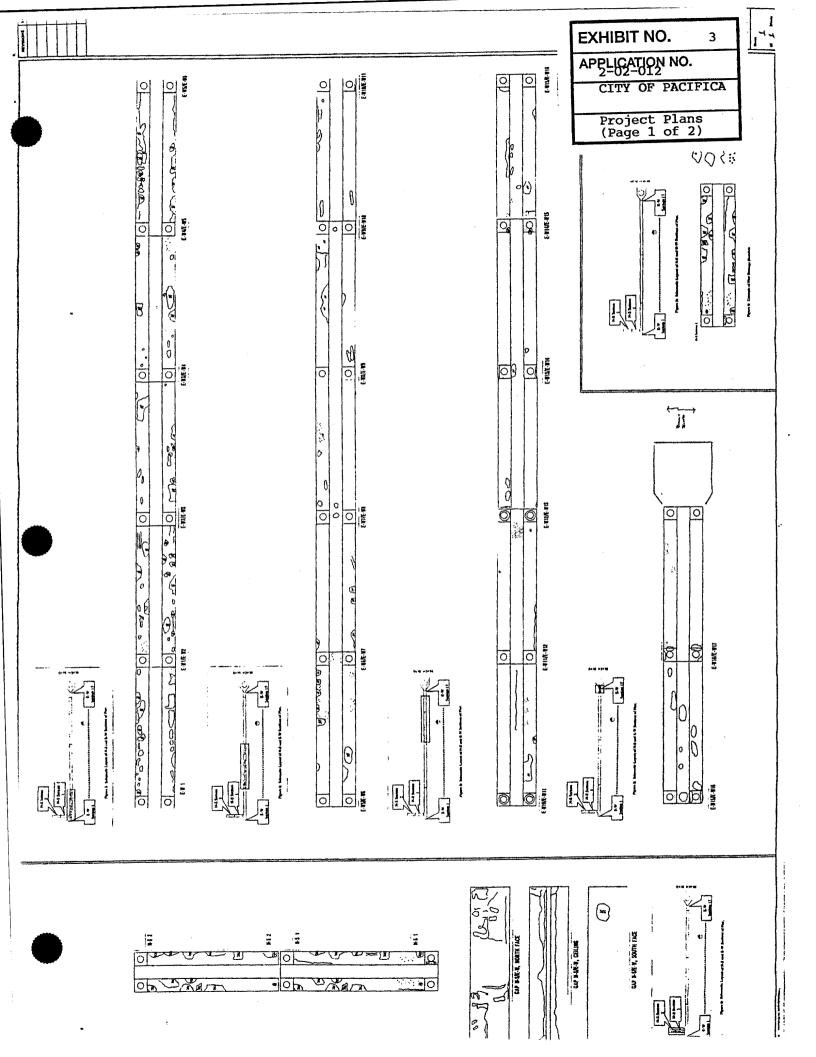
The Commission incorporates its findings on Coastal Act consistency at this point as if set forth in full. As discussed above, as conditioned, there are no feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available, beyond those required, which would substantially lessen any significant adverse impacts which the development may have on the environment. Therefore, the Commission finds that the proposed project has been conditioned to mitigate the identified impacts and can be found consistent with Coastal Act requirements to conform to CEQA.

EXHIBITS:

- 1. Regional map
- 2. Project location map
- 3. Project Plans
- 4. Typical Pier Cross Section
- 5. Photos, Existing Pier Condition
- 6. Emaco R320Cl Product Specifications, Material Data Safety Sheet
- 7. Vocomp-20 Product Specifications, Material Data Safety Sheet
- 8. Scaffolding Specification Sheet
- 9. State Lands Lease No. P.R.C. 4585.9, dated July 9, 1971; September 29, 1971 amendment
- 10. State Wildlife Conservation Board Pier Operation and Maintenance Agreement, dated January 24, 1972; June 6, 1974 amendment; August 23, 1993 amendment







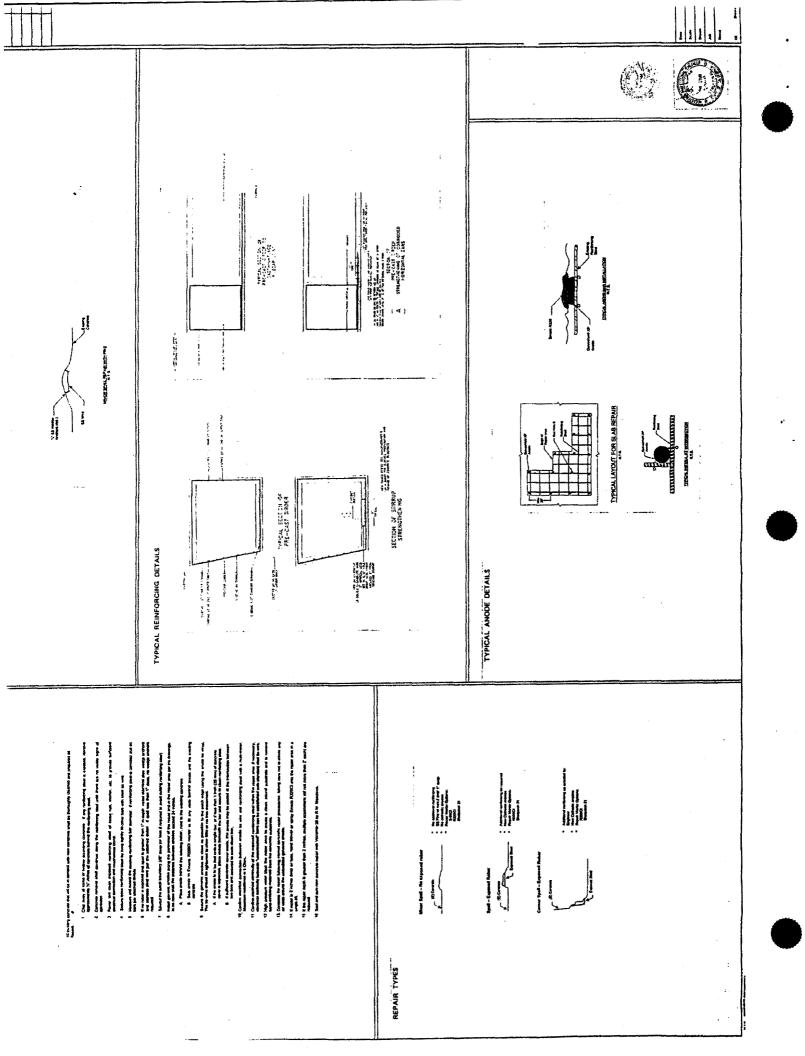


Figure 4 consists of Section "A" from Drawing 13 of the construction drawings, which shows three of the four components. A pile cap is located at both ends of the box girder, and therefore it is hidden from view in Figure 3.

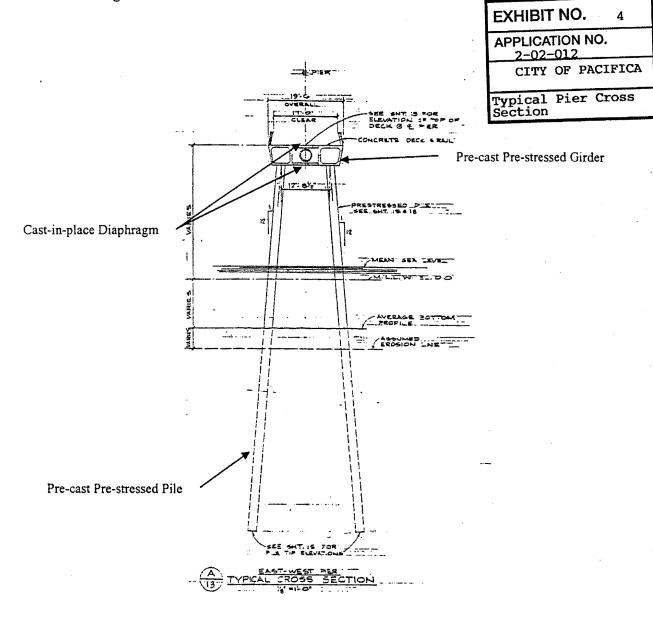


Figure 3: Section of Pier Structure Components

The pre-cast and cast-in-place pier sections function independently of each other as the result a separation joint that is typically two inches wide. See Figure 4, which consists of Section "I" from Detail 27 of the construction drawings.

EXHIBIT NO.

APPLICATION NO. 2-02-012

CITY OF PACIFICA Photos, Existing

Pier Condition (Page 1 of 9 pages)



Photo 1: Section 16, Looking west at wave deflector.



Photo 2: Section 16, spalled section around drain pipe.

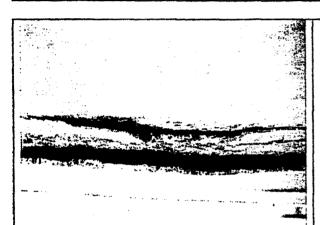


Photo 3: Section 16, Up close profile of disbonding concrete (4 inch x 18 inch).



Photo 4: Section 16, Spalled section around drain pipe.

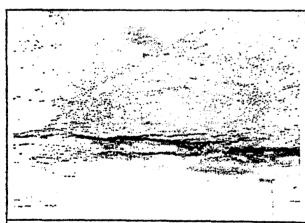


Photo 5: Section 16, Close up of disbonding.



Photo 6: Section 16, Rock pocket around pile cap.



Photo 7: Section 16, South side of pier.



Photo 8: Section 15, Disbonding at south pile cap.



Photo 9: Section 15, Rock pocket at north pile cap.



Photo 10: Section 15, Outside of north pile cap.

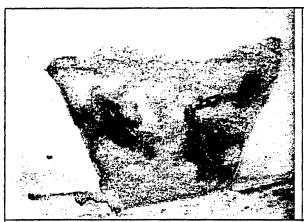


Photo 11: Section 15, Section of removed concrete.



Photo 12: Section 15, Detail of corrosion staining, indication of where rebar exists.



Photo 13: Section 14, Pile cap with rock pocket and corrosion staining.

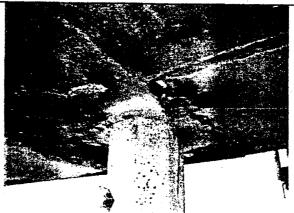


Photo 14: Section 14, North side of south pile cap.

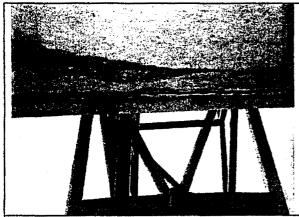


Photo 15: Section 14, Spalled corner piece near pile cap, noticeable crack at corner.



Photo 16: Section 14, North side of pier.



Photo 17: Section 14, Joint of pile cap and cast-in-place section, with exposed rebar.



Photo 18: Section 14, Pile cap and rock pocket, at south pile.

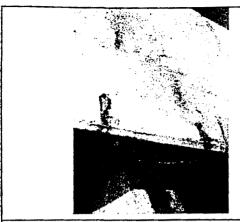


Photo 19: Section 14, South side of pier.



Photo 20: Section 14, Exposed rebar at north side.

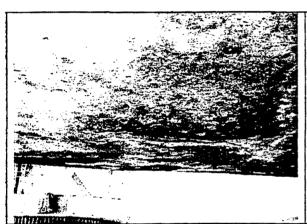


Photo 21: Section 14, North end of pier on bottom side, disbonding.



Photo 22: Section 14, Side portion of north side of pier.

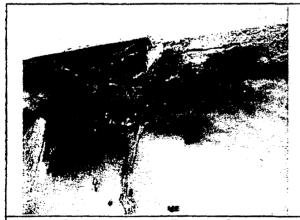


Photo 23: Section 13, Corner of west pile cap, on south side.



Photo 24: Section 13, Rock pocket.

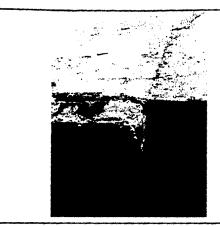


Photo 25: Section 13, South side of pile cap.

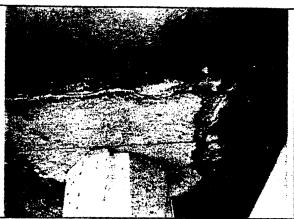


Photo 26: Section 13, North pile with visible corrosion.



Photo 27: Section 13, South side of pile cap.



Photo 28: Separating joint between N-S and E-W sections of pier.



Photo 29: Spalled section of separating joint between N-S and E-W sections of pier.



Photo 30: Spalled section with staining between N-S and E-W sections.

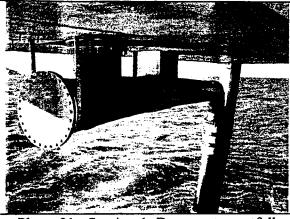


Photo 31: Section 1, Deep water outfall discharge pipe.



Photo 32: Section 1, Spalled section.



Photo 33: Section 1, Spalling on east pile.

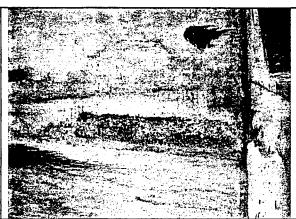


Photo 34: Section 2, Crack and spall on side of pier.

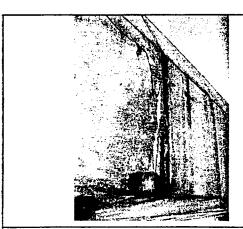


Photo 35: Section 2, Crack and spall on side of pier.

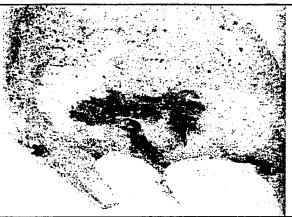


Photo 36: Section 2, Major spalled section.



Photo 37: Section 2, Photo of center section (typ.) in good condition.



Photo 38: Section 3, Discharge pipe with corroded mortar coating and steel wire.



Photo 39: Section 3, Spalled section of pile cap edge.



Photo 40: Section 3, Potential survey grid.



Photo 41: Section 3, Spalled section with exposed and corroded rebar.

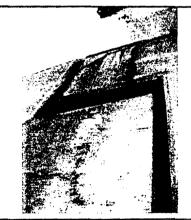


Photo 42: Section 4, North side of expansion joint, with a crack at top comer of joint.

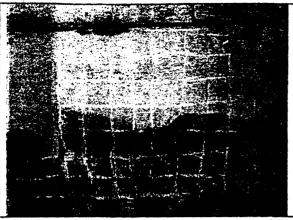


Photo 49: Section 5, Potential survey grid.

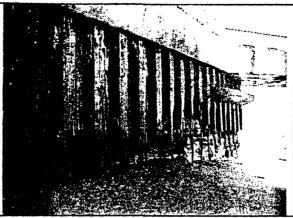


Photo 50: Section 17, Sheet piling at north side of structural wall.

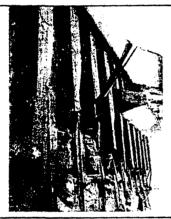


Photo 51: Section 17, Sheet piling at north side of structural wall.

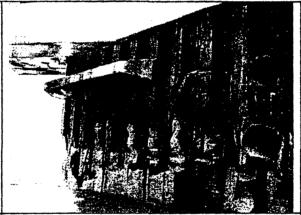


Photo 52: Section 17, Sheet piling at south side of structural wall.



Photo 53: Section 17, Sheet piling at south side of structural wall.



Photo 54: Section 17, Sheet piling at north side of structural wall.

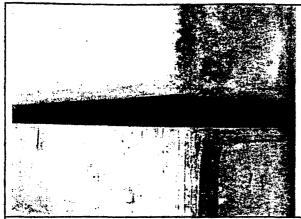


Photo 43: Section 4, Expansion joint.

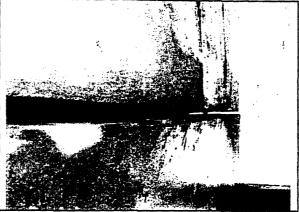


Photo 44: Section 4, Corner of expansion joint.



Photo 45: Section 4, Calcium carbonate leaching from minor cracks at expansion joint.



Photo 46: Section 5, Keyed section of east separation joint at pile cap.

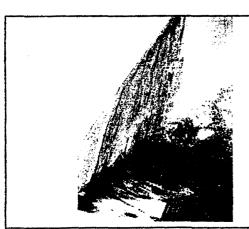


Photo 47: Section 5, North end of east pile cap.



Photo 48: Section 5, Spalled section with exposed and corroded rebar.



APPLICATION NO.
2-02-012
CITY OF PACIFICA
Emaco R320C1 Product
Specifications,
Material Data Safety
Sheet
(Page 1 of 12 pages



Surface Renovation Mortars

EMACO® R320 CI

One-component, polymer-modified, shrinkage-compensated vertical/overhead repair mortar with integral corrosion inhibitor

Description

EMACO® R320 CI one-component, fiber-reinforced, polymer-modified, shrinkage-compensated repair mortar contains an integral corrosion inhibitor. The product is ideally suited for patching and/or resurfacing distressed concrete. EMACO® R320 CI repair mortar is designed for both interior and exterior use and can be applied by low-pressure spraying or hand troweling.

Features/Benefits

- Corrosion resistant contains an integral corrosion inhibitor
- One component easy mixing and handling
- Polymer modified resists moisture and chloride intrusion
- Low modulus of elasticity improved compatibility for surface renovation
- Sprayable reduced labor requirements

Where to Use Emaco® R320 CI

- Vertical and overhead surfaces
- Building facades
- Balconies and columns
- Beam and soffit repair
- Bridges and parking garages
- Retaining walls
- General spalled areas
- Tuckpointing

Important: Read This First

ChemRex® does not warrant the performance of this product unless the instructions of this document and other related ChemRex® documents are adhered to in all respects.

How to Apply EMACO® R320 CI Surface Preparation

Perform surface preparation in compliance with ICRI Technical Guideline No. 03730 "Guide for Surface Preparation for the Repair of Deteriorated Concrete Resulting from Reinforcing Steel Corrosion."

- Square cut or undercut the perimeter of the area to be patched to a minimum depth of 1/4 inch (6 mm) to prevent featheredges. Do not cut reinforcement.
- Chip and remove unsound and delaminated concrete within the area to be repaired to a depth of 1/4 inch (6 mm) or to whatever additional depth is necessary to reach sound concrete. Limit the size of chipping hammers to 15 lbs. (6.8 kg) to reduce micro fractures. Hydrodemolition may be used.
- **B** Remove areas that have been saturated with oil or grease.

- Remove 3/4 inches (19 mm) of concrete behind the corroded reinforcing steel to provide adequate space for preparation and material placement.
- **a** After concrete removal, thoroughly abrade the roughened surface and exposed reinforcement to remove all bond-inhibiting materials such as rust, dirt, loose chips, and dust.
- G Corroded Reinforcing Steel should be sandblasted or shotblasted after chipping to remove oxidation and scale in compliance with ICRI Technical Guideline No. 03730 "Guide for Surface Preparation for Repair of Deteriorated Concrete Resulting from Reinforcing Steel Corrosion." For additional protection from future corrosion, coat the prepared reinforcing steel with EMACO® P22 or EMACO® P24 rebar coatings and/or install EMACO® Corr-Stops® CI galvanic anodes.
- ☑ Saturate the area thoroughly with water for several hours prior to placing EMACO® R320 CI.
- Immediately prior to mixing, blow off or remove all excess water from repair area. Surface should be saturated, surface dry (SSD) condition during placement.

Mixing

Mechanical mixing is recommended with use of a slow speed drill (400 to 600 rpm) and a Jiffy-type paddle, or in an appropriate size mortar mixer. Add 0.85 to 1.0 gallon (3.2 to 3.8 L) of clean potable water per 55 lb. (25 kg) bag of EMACO® R320 Cl. Pour approximately 90% of the mix water into the mixing container, then charge the mixer with the bagged material. Add remaining mix water as required for vertical or overhead applications. Mix to a uniform consistency. Typical mixing time is 3 to 5 minutes. Do not mix longer than 5 minutes.

Application

Hand Troweling Applications - For hand troweling apply a bond coat to the prepared surface before application of EMACO® R320 CI. Thoroughly scrub mixed EMACO® R320 CI into the saturated surface dry (SSD) substrate with a stiff bristle broom or brush. Do not apply more of this bond coat than can be covered with the mortar before the bond coat dries. Do not retemper this bond coat.

Spray Applications - When applying by low-pressure spraying, use a Powercrete Pro or equivalent screw-type or piston pump as would commonly be used for plastering. Spray applications do not require a bond coat, but surface to be repaired must be SSD.

Vertical and Overhead Applications - EMACO® R320 Cl mortar can be applied by hand troweling or low-pressure spraying on vertical and overhead surfaces in depths ranging from 1/4 in. to 1-1/2 in. (6 mm to 38 mm) in one lift.

Multiple Lifts - When applying multiple lifts, scratch the preliminary lift before initial set. Apply the next lift after the preliminary lift has reached final set. If the next lift is not to be immediately placed, keep the surface continually moist.

Finishing - Before leveling surfaces, apply CONFILM® evaporation reducer to facilitate finishing. To level the surface, a wooden float may be used. The final surface should be finished using a wood, plastic, or synthetic sponge trowel.

Where rapid evaporation may occur (e.g., hot, dry, or windy conditions) apply CONFILM® evaporation reducer after finishing the surface.

Curing

Proper curing is extremely important and should be conducted in accordance with ACI 308 "Standard Practice for Curing Concrete." Apply a curing compound that complies with the moisture retention requirements of ASTM C 309 such as MASTERKURE® 100W or MASTERKURE® 200W curing compounds.

Do not use solvent-based curing compounds. Sheeting material, wet burlap, burleen, or fog spray may be used in lieu of curing compounds. Minimum curing time for wet curing is three days.

For Best Performance

- Vertical application thickness is 1/4 in. (6 mm) to 1-1/2 in. (38 mm).
- Horizontal application thickness is 1/4 in. (6 mm) to 3/4 in. (19 mm).
- Do not mix partial bags.
- Do not use solvent-based curing compounds.
- Minimum ambient and surface temperatures should be 45°F (7°C) and rising at the time of application.
- Make certain the most current version of this data guide is being used; call Customer Service (1-800-433-9517) to verify the most current version.
- Proper application is the responsibility of the user. Field visits by ChemRex® personnel are for the purpose of making technical recommendations only and are not for supervising or providing quality control on the jobsite.

Technical Data

Unit weight

Results were obtained when material was mixed with 0.84 gallons (3.2 L) of water per bag and cured at 70°F (21°C). Reasonable variations can be expected depending upon mixing equipment, temperature, application methods, test methods, and curing conditions.

Plastic Properties					
	133 lb./ft.3 (2,130 kg/m3)				
e	30 minutes				
1-1	Initial Cat 4.70				

Working time Set times (h:min) Initial Set 1:30 (ASTM C 266) Final Set 3:00 Hardened Properties 7 Day 1 Day 28 Day psi psi psi (MPa) (MPa) (MPa) Direct shear bond strength 300 400 500 (2.8)(3.5)(Michigan DOT) (2.1)Slant shear bond strength 900 1,800 2,300 (ASTM C 882, Modified1) (6.2)(12.4)(15.9)Drying shrinkage, 28 Days 0.12% (ASTM C 157, Modified2) 3.2 x 106 psi (22.1 GPa) Modulus of elasticity, 28 days (ASTM C 469) Freeze-thaw resistance RDF @ 300 cycles 97% RDM (ASTM C 666, Procedure A) 1 Day 7 Day 28 Day psl psi DSI (MPa) (MPa) (MPa) Splitting tensile strength 350 500 750 (ASTM C 496) (2.4)(3.5)(5.2)Flexural strength 650 1.050 1,450 (10.0)(ASTM C 348) (4.5)(7.2)Compressive strength 1,800 5,000 7,000 (ASTM C 109) (34.5)(48.3)(12.4)

¹No epoxy-bonding agent used, air cured per ASTM C 1042.

²ICRI Guideline 03733, 1 in. x 1 in. x 10 in. (25 mm x 25 mm x 254 mm) prism, air cured)

Order Information

Packaging

EMACO® R320 CI

3 55 lb. (25 kg) moisture-resistant bags

Application Thickness

Vertical: 1/4 to 1-1/2 in. (6 to 38 mm)

D Overhead: 1/4 to 3/4 in. (6 to 19 mm)

Shelf Life

Unopened bags have a shelf life of 12 months when stored under cover in dry conditions between 45 and 90°F (7 and 32°C). The expiration date is printed on each bag.

Coverage

Yield is approximately 0.46 ft.3 (0.013 m3). This will cover approximately 5.5 ft.2 (0.51 m2) at a 1 in. (25 mm) depth before waste.

Caution

Emaco® R320 CI

Risks

Eye irritant. Skin irritant. Causes burns. Lung irritant. May cause delayed lung injury.

Precautions

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable protective eyewear. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wear suitable gloves. Wear suitable protective clothing. Do not breathe dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wash soiled clothing before reuse.

First Ald

Wash exposed skin with soap and water. Flush eyes with large quantities of water. If breathing is difficult, move person to fresh air.

Waste Disposal Method

This product when discarded or disposed of is not listed as a hazardous waste in federal regulations. Dispose of in a landfill in accordance with local regulations.

For additional information on personal protective equipment, first aid, and emergency procedures, refer to the product Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) on the job site or contact the company at the address or phone numbers given below.

Proposition 65

This product contains materials listed by the state of California as known to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm.

VOC Content

This product contains 0 g/L or 0 lbs./gallon.

For medical emergencies only, call ChemTrec (1/800/424-9300).

Limited Warranty Notice

Every reasonable effort is made to apply ChemRex® exacting standards both in the manufacture of our products and in the information which we issue concerning these products and their use. We warrant our products to be of good quality and will replace or, at our election, refund the purchase price of any products proved defective. Satisfactory results depend not only upon quality products, but also upon many factors beyond our control. Therefore, except for such replacement or refund, CHEMREX® MAKES NO WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR MERCHANTABILITY, RESPECTING ITS PRODUCTS, and CHEMREX® shall have no other liability with respect thereto. Any claim regarding product defect must be received in writing within one (1) year from the date of shipment. No claim will be considered without such written notice or after the specified time interval. User shall determine the suitability of the products for the intended use and assume all risks and liability in connection therewith. Any authorized change in the printed recommendations concerning the use of our products must bear the signature of the ChemRex® Technical Manager.



MBT mark used under license from MBT Holding AG



Corporate Office: 889 Valley Park Drive; Shakopee, MN 55379

Customer Service: 1/800/433-9517
Technical Services: 1/800/ChemRex (1/800/243-6739)
Web Site: www.chemrex.com

Form No. 1019942 © 2002 ChemRex®

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ChemRex, Inc.

Commercial Construction Products Division

889 Valley Park Drive Shakopee, MN 55379 24-Hr Emergency

CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

Prepared by: Regulatory Affairs Department (612) 496-6000

Revision Date: 03/29/00

Page: 1 of 4

Reason for revision: Manufacturer name change

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). Where a proprietary ingredient is shown, the identity may be made available as provided in this standard.

All components of this product are included in the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

1. PRODUCT NAME: EMACO R320CI (Formerly: RT1135)

Chemical Family: Hydraulic cement grouts...

EXPOSURE LIMITS*

2.	HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:	CASNO	TLV	STEL	PEL	CONTENT
	Silica, Crystalline Quartz **	14808-60-7	***	None	***	45-65%
	Portland Cement	65997-15-1	10 mg/M3	None	None	30-50%
	Fly Ash	68131-85-0	3 mg/M3****	None	None	3-10%
	Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	2 mg/M3	None	5 mg/m3	< 5%

- *) Refer to Section 7 for available LD/LC(50) Health Hazard Data.
- **) Contains less than 0.1% w/w 53 micron or smaller Crystalline Quartz.
- (***) 0.1 mg/m3 respirable quartz
- (****) 10 mg/m3 divided by %SiO2+2 (respirable quartz)
- (*****) Particulates NOC Respirable

3. PHYSICAL DATA:

Boiling Point (oC):	N/Ap	Water/Oil Distribution	
Percent Volatile:	Ô	Coefficient:	N/Av
Freezing Point (oC):	N/Ap	Solubility in Water:	Slight
Vapor Pressure mmHg @20(oC): (EA)	N/Av	Specific Gravity:	N/Av
Vapor Density:	> Air	pH:	N/Ap
Odor Threshold:	N/Av	Evaporation Rate:	N/Av
Appearance: Grayish granular powder		Odor: Odorless	
N/Av = Not Available	N/Ap = Not Applicable	•	ca. = Approximate

4. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA: HMIS Hazard Rating No. 0 (Minimal)

<u>Flash Point</u>: Non-flammable <u>Method</u>: Not Applicable

Auto-Ignition Temp.: Not Applicable

EMACO R320CI

Page 2 of 4

4. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA: (cont'd)

Limits of Flammability: LEL: Not Applicable

UEL: Not Applicable

Extinguishing Media:

Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires.

Special Fire & Unusual Hazards: None.

5. REACTIVITY DATA: HMIS Hazard Rating No. 0 (Minimal)

Stability: Stable. Not sensitive to mechanical impact.

Incompatibility: Strong mineral acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

6. ENVIRONMENTAL AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION:

Action to Take for Spills/Leaks: No special procedures are required for clean-up of spills or leaks of this material. Sweep up and return for reuse or discard. Landfill at agency approved waste-disposal facilities.

<u>Waste Disposal Method</u>: Does not contain hazardous chemicals as defined in 40 CFR 260. Handle disposal of waste material in manner which complies with local, state, province and federal regulation. Landfill agency approved waste-disposal facilities.

7. HEALTH HAZARD DATA: HMIS Hazard Rating No. 3 (Serious)

PRIMARY ROUTE OF ENTRY: Inhalation

Effects Of Overexposure

Inhalation: . Inhalation of dust can cause coughing and labored breathing

Eyes: Abrasive action may cause damage to the outer surface of the eye. In combination with

water may cause severe irritation with corneal injury.

Skin Contact: Abrasive action may cause slight to moderate irritation. In combination with water dermal

exposure may cause severe alkali burns.

Skin Absorption: Does not absorb through skin.

Ingestion: Not likely source of entry due to physical nature of material. May cause irritation to

mucous membranes and gastrointestinal tract.

7. HEALTH HAZARD DATA: (cont'd)

Chronic

Materials are not known mutagenic, teratogenic, or reproductive health hazards.

Repeated inhalation of respiratory silica in excess of the TLV over extended periods can result in irreversible fibrosis of the lungs (silicosis). An IARC evaluation concluded that there is sufficient evidence (Group I) that crystalline silica may be carcinogenic to

humans.

8. FIRST AID:

Inhalation:

Remove victim from exposure. If difficulty with breathing, administer oxygen. If

breathing has stopped administer artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Seek

medical attention.

Eyes:

Flush eyes with water, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally for 15 minutes. Seek

medical attention.

Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation

persists seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting; give large quantities of water; get immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquids into lungs. Do NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

9. SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION:

<u>Ventilation</u>: Ventilation is recommended. Air movement must be designed to insure turnover at all locations in work area to avoid build up of airborne dust concentrations.

<u>Personal Protection Equipment</u>: Do NOT wear contact lenses when working with this material. Use safety glasses with side shields and Rubber/Latex gloves. Selection of specific items such as boots and apron will depend on operation. Wear respirator protection whenever airborne concentrations exceed TLV ceilings or TWA, use NIOSH/OSHA approved respirators equipped with a dust cartridge for listed hazard.

Confined spaces, rooms, or tanks are areas where concern for TLV's is especially important. Reference OSHA Regulation CFR 29 1910.134 for recommended respiratory protection.

10. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Average Shelf Life:

Refer to Product Data Sheet.

Special Instructions:

Store in cool, dry place.

10. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: (cont'd)

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

Title III Section 302:

No reportable chemicals.

Title III Section 311/312:

Health hazard: Immediate

Delayed

Physical hazard: None

Title III Section 313:

No reportable materials.

State: California

This product contains a chemical known to the state of

California to cause cancer.

Silica, Crystalline Quartz (Respirable)

14808-60-7 <

0.1 %

WHMIS Classification:

Class D, Div. 2, Sub A

Class D, Div. 2, Sub B

Class E

Canadian Domestic Substance List:

All chemicals are listed.

TRANSPORTATION

National Motor Freight Classification (NMFC): 42130 Sub: -

Description: CEMENT, HYDRAULIC

Emergency Response Guide Page No.: NOT REGULATED

DOT Reportable Quantity: NOT REGULATED

Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED - USE NMFC DESCRIPTION

Marine Pollutant: NL

P = Moderate

PP = Severe

WS = Water Sheen

NL = Not Listed

ND = Not Determined

The information herein is given in good faith. No warranty, expressed or implied, is given regarding the accuracy of these data or the results obtained from the use thereof. Consult ChemRex, Inc. for further information.

MBT Protection and Repair

SPECIFICATION BULLETIN

SECTION 03727 EMACO® R320 CI

One-Component, Polymer-Modified Vertical/Overhead Patching Mortar with Integral Corrosion Inhibitor

NOTE TO SPECIFIERS

The purpose of this document is to assist the specifier while developing a specification for the use of MBT Protection and Repair EMACO® R320 CI. This specification has been prepared to be part of a complete project specification. It has not been prepared to be a "stand alone" item. This document is not intended to be copied directly into project specifications.

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Related Documents

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions apply to this Section.

1.02 Summary

- A. This Section specifies a one-component, polymer-modified, cement-based, chloride-resistant, flowable surface renovation mortar with integral corrosion inhibitor.
- B. This product is designed for repairing vertical and overhead concrete structures at a minimum repair depth of 1/4 in. (6 mm) and up to 1-1/2 in. (38 mm).

1.03 References

ASTM C 109-91	Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars -
	Modified.
ASTM C 348-92	Test Method for Flexural Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars.
ASTM C 496-90	Test Method for Splitting Tensile Strength of Cylindrical Concrete
	Specimens.
ASTM C 469-87	Test Method for Static Modulus of Elasticity and Poisson's Ratio of
	Concrete in Compression.
ASTM C 157	Test Method for Drying Shrinkage of Mortar Containing Portland Cement –
	Modified.
ASTM C 666-90	Test Method for Resistance of Concrete to Rapid Freezing and Thawing.
ASTM C 882-87	Test Method for Bond Strength of Epoxy Resin Systems used with Concrete
	- Modified.

1.04 System Performance Requirements

A. Provide polymer-modified chloride-resistant repair mortar which when cured produces the following properties:

1. Compressive Strength Minimum, 1-day 1,800 psi (12.4 MPa); (ASTM C 109) 7-day 5,000 psi (34.5 MPa); 28-day 7,000 psi (48.3 MPa)

2. Flexural Strength Minimum, 1-day 650 psi (4.5 MPa); (ASTM C 348) 7-day 1,050 psi (7.2 MPa); 28-day 1,450 psi (10.0 MPa)

3. Splitting Tensile Strength Minimum, 1-day 350 psi (2.4 MPa); (ASTM C 496) 7-day 500 psi (3.5 MPa); 28-day 750 psi (5.2 MPa)

4. Slant Shear Bond Strength Minimum, 1-day 900 psi (6.2 MPa); (ASTM C 1042/C 882, 7-day 1,800 psi (12.4 MPa); modified) 28-day 2,300 psi (15.9 MPa)

5. Modulus of Elasticity Maximum 3.2 psi x 10⁶ psi (22.1 GPa) @ 28 days (ASTM C 469-87)

6. Drying Shrinkage Maximum 0.12% at 28 days
(ASTM C 157 – modified) (1 x 1 x 10 in. [25 x 25 x 250 mm] prisms, air cured)

7. Freeze-Thaw Resistance
(ASTM C 666, Procedure A,
300 cycles)

Minimum RDF 97%

1.05 Project Conditions

- A. Weather Conditions: Apply repair mortar only when ambient and surface temperatures are 45°F (7°C) and rising. Do not make the repair if the ambient temperature is expected to fall below 45°F (7°C) within 24 hours after placement.
- B. Follow manufacturer's recommendations regarding additional installation information (hot weather or cold weather installation).

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Materials

A. One-Component Polymer-Modified Chloride-Resistant Surface Renovation Mortar: "EMACO® R320 CI" by MBT Protection and Repair, a blend of Portland cement, polymer additives, specially graded aggregates and set-control admixtures and integral corrosion inhibitor.

- B. Water: Drinkable.
- C. Curing Compounds: "MASTERKURE® 200W" by MBT Protection and Repair.
- D. Evaporation Reducer and Finishing Aid: "CONFILM®" by MBT Protection and Repair.
- E. Rebar Coating: EMACO® P22 by MBT Protection and Repair.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Surface Preparation

- A. Mechanically remove unsound concrete to the limits indicated on the drawings.
- B. Remove a minimum of 1/4 in. (6 mm) of existing concrete facing and continue removal as required to expose sound aggregate. Substrate should have a minimum amplitude of 1/4 in. (6 mm). Limit the size of chipping hammers to 15 lb. (6.8 kg) to reduce micro fractures.
- C. Square cut or under cut perimeter of the area to be repaired to a minimum depth of 1/4 in. (6 mm). Do not cut existing steel reinforcement.
 - D. Where reinforcing steel with active corrosion is encountered, comply with the following:
 - 1. Abrasive blast reinforcing steel to remove rust and contaminants.
 - 2. When one-half or greater of the diameter of the reinforcing steel is exposed, chip out behind the reinforcing to a 3/4 in. (19 mm) minimum depth.
 - 3. Splice new reinforcing steel to existing steel where corrosion has depleted the cross-section area by 25%, as directed by the Architect/Engineer.
 - E. Thoroughly abrade the roughened surface and exposed reinforcement to remove all bond inhibiting material such as: rust, dirt, loose chips, and dust. Maintain substrate in a saturated, surface-dry condition.
 - F. Coat exposed reinforcing steel with EMACO® P22 rebar protection coating prior to patching.

3.02 Mixing

A. Comply with mortar manufacturer's recommendations for water quantity and mixing procedures.

3.03 Application

- A. For hand troweling apply a bond coat to the prepared substrate before application of EMACO® R320 CI. Do not apply more of this bond coat than can be covered with EMACO® R320 CI before the bond coat dries. Do not retemper this bond coat.
- B. Place polymer-modified, chloride-resistant, one-component surface renovation mortar by hand troweling or spray application at a minimum application thickness of 1/4 in. (6 mm).

3.04 Finishing

A. Level surface of repair mortar using a float or screed.

- B. Under desiccating conditions, spray apply undiluted "CONFILM®" evaporation retarder lightly just after placing.
- C. Apply final finish when mortar has begun to stiffen.

3.05 Curing

- A. Protect fresh mortar from premature evaporation. Cure finished repair mortar by one of the following methods:
 - 1. Method: Keep area continuously moist with water as soon as mortar surface has hardened (thumb print hard), for a minimum of two days.
 - 2. Method: Apply two coats of curing compound, MBT Protection and Repair "MASTERKURE® 200W". Apply the first coat immediately after completing finishing operations. Apply the second coat 24 hours later.



APPLICATION NO. 2-02-012

EXHIBIT NO.

CITY OF PACIFICA Vocomp-20 Product Specifications, Material Data

Safety Sheet (Page 1 of 7 pages)

CSI Code: 03050



APRIL 2002 (Supersedes March 2001)

VOCOMP®-20

Water-Base Acrylic Curing and Sealing Compound

DESCRIPTION

SEALTIGHT VOCOMP-20 Water-Base Acrylic Curing and Sealing Compound is formulated of special acrylic copolymers in a true water-base carrier. It is a ready-to-use curing and sealing compound. Once properly applied, VOCOMP-20 provides an impermeable seal for efficient moisture retention. Color-wise, VOCOMP-20 appears "milky white" in the container and, when first applied, it leaves a "bluish" cast on the concrete for easy, visual identification of coverage. VOCOMP-20 dries clear to provide a transparent sheen finish. If a greater sheen is desired, a coat of VOCOMP-25-1315 or VOCOMP-30 may be applied. Refer to Data Sheet Nos. 369 & 374. VOCOMP-20 resists yellowing due to ultraviolet degradation and provides a durable, longlasting finish that offers improved resistance to chemicals, petroleum and abrasives.

VOCOMP-20 will minimize hair-checking, premature cracking, dusting and spalling. However, good concrete and good concreting practices should be used as VOCOMP-20 is not a cure-all for improperly mixed or placed concrete. VOCOMP-20 meets maximum VOC content limits of 350 g/L for Concrete Curing Compounds as required by the U.S. EPA Architectural Coatings Rule. A potable water approved product (in accordance with Standard ANSI/NSF 61-1997B 69RL) is available upon request. A copy of this approval is also available upon request.

USES

VOCOMP-20 Water-Base Acrylic Curing and Sealing Compound may be quickly and easily applied to simultaneously cure and/or seal new, interior and exterior, vertical and horizontal concrete surfaces. It is ideal for application on commercial and industrial floors, sidewalks, basement and garage floors, multilevel parking decks, patios, driveways and parking areas. VOCOMP-20 dries very quickly to protect and enhance the natural appearance of concrete.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Ready-to-use, non-yellowing, water-base compound that cures and/or seals concrete in one, quick and easy application
- Minimizes hair-checking, premature cracking, dusting and spalling
- Dries quickly on new concrete to a durable, clear, sheen finish that protects and enhances the natural appearance of concrete
- Ideal for application on interior, exterior, horizontal and vertical concrete surfaces
- Resists adhesion of mortar droppings to protect concrete floors during construction...permits easier cleanup
- Tough, durable finish offers improved resistance to chemicals, petroleum and abrasives
- Application tools may be cleaned with soap and water
- VOC compliant...meets U.S. EPA Architectural Coatings Rule requirements

PACKAGING

1 Gallon (3.79 Liter) Containers 5 Gallon (18.93 Liter) Pails 55 Gallon (208.20 Liter) Drums

SPECIFICATIONS

- ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B
- AASHTO M 148, Type 1, Class B
- USDA Accepted
- UL potable water approved product (available upon request)

Complies with the ultraviolet light degradationyellowing classification of ASTM C 1315, Class A, Section 6.4.1

COVERAGE

Approximately 300 sq. ft./gal (7.36 sq. m./ L). Coverages may vary due to porosity and condition of the concrete.

CONTINUED ON REVERSE SIDE

W.R. MEADOWS, INC.

P.O. Box 338 • HAMPSHIRE, IL 60140-0338 Phone: 847/214-2100 • Fax: 847/683-4544 1-800-342-5995 www.wrmeadows.com HAMPSHIRE, IL / CARTERSVILLE, GA YORK, PA / FORT WORTH, TX / BENICIA, CA POMONA, CA / GOODYEAR, AZ / MILTON, ONT.

Application Tools



Manual Sprave

APPLICATION

Surface Preparation...New Concrete: Apply VOCOMP-20 when the surface water has disappeared and the concrete surface will not be marred by walking workmen.

Application Method...VOCOMP-20 is ready to use "as is" from the container. A typical, manual sprayer provides an easy, economical method of application.

VOCOMP-20 should be sprayed on with an 8001 tip that produces a flow of 1/10" of a gallon per minute. Spray on in a fine, fog pattern without spurts and dribbles to form a thin, continuous film. AVOID PUDDLING in low areas...if puddles occur, brush or roll them out. For added protection and a greater sheen on the concrete, an additional coat of VOCOMP-25 may be applied after the first coat of VOCOMP-20 has thoroughly dried.

Drying Time...VOCOMP-20 dries very quickly. Drying times may be extended, depending on application rate, temperature, humidity and project conditions. Restrict foot traffic for at least four hours...12 hours is preferable.

Clean Up...While VOCOMP-20 is still wet, equipment may be easily cleaned up with soap and water. Once dried, the material may be removed with a solvent such as Xylene or Toluene.

PRECAUTIONS

KEEP FROM FREEZING. Do not apply VOCOMP-20 when air, material and surface temperatures are expected to fall below 40°F (4°C) within 4 hours of completed application. VOCOMP-20 may be applied to colored concrete, but mottling may occur. Do not use on non-porous surfaces or surfaces which are not uniform in porosity, i.e., brick, stone, masonry, etc. Concrete floors properly cured with VOCOMP-20 meet section 8.9 "Adhesion of Tile Cements" of ASTM C 1315. For other specifications, secure the approval of the paint or resilient flooring manufacture before applying VOCOMP-20. The specifier and user shall determine the suitability and assure all responsibilities in connection therewith.

HEALTH HAZARDS

Do not apply this product in locations where food items are present. Direct contact may cause mild to moderate irritation. Refer to Material Safety Data Sheet for complete Health and Safety Information.

FOR THE MOST CURRENT PRODUCT INFORMATION, VISIT OUR WEBSITE: www.wrmeadows.com



LIMITED WARRANTY

"W.R. MEADOWS, INC. warrants at the time and place we make shipment, our material will be of good quality and will conform with our published specifications in force on the date of acceptance of the order." Read complete warranty. Copy furnished upon request.

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is included for illustrative purposes only, and to the best of our knowledge, is accurate and reliable. W.R. MEADOWS, INC. cannot however under any circumstances make any guarantee of results or assume any obligation or liability in connection

with the use of this information. As W.R. MEADOWS, INC. has no control over the use to which others may put its product, it is recommended that the products be tested to determine if suitable for specific application and/or our information is valid in a particular circumstance. Responsibility remains with the architect or engineer, contractor and owner for the design, application and proper installation of each product. Specifier and user shall determine the suitability of products for specific application and assume all responsibilities in connection therewith.

© W.R. MEADOWS 2002 4/02-5M

*** MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET ***

Page 1 3420000-3

Date of preparation: 06/01/00

SECTION I

nufacturer : W. R. MEADOWS, INC.

: 300 Industrial Drive dress : Hampshire, Illinois 60140 -HMIS-

lHealth :01

|Flammability

:1|

Reactivity

Personal Protection

:01 : 1

Telephone # Emergency # : (847) 683-4500

: 1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec

(Hazard Rating: 0=Least,1=Slight,2=Moderate,3=High,4=Extreme,*=Chronic)

Product Class Mfg. code I.D.

: DIVISION 3 : 3420000-3

: SEALTIGHT VOCOMP-20 WATER BASE CURING AND SEALING COMPOUND Trade Name

HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS **SECTION II-A**

% by

SARA 313

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg @ 20 C)

ഥ (@ 25 C)

No. Component 1.

CAS# 770-35-4 Weight 1-5

NO

Propylene Glycol Phenyl Ether

0.01

0.70 @ 165 C

None of the components of this product are recognized as carcinogenic.

N/A = Not Applicable

Under the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR Part 372, chemicals listed on the 313 List (40 CFR Part 373.65) are identified under the heading "SARA 313".

SECTION II-B

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

OSHA ACGIH

No. PEL/TWA PEL/CEILING PEL/STEL SKIN 1. NE N/E N/F NE TLV/TWA ΝE

TLV/CEILING NE

SKIN TLV/STEL

N/E

N/E = Not established

PHYSICAL DATA SECTION III

Boiling Point : 212 degrees F Evaporation Rate : < 1 (ether = 1)por Density :>1 (air = 1)

% Volatile by volume % Volatile by weight

: 90.90 (Theoretical) : 90.04 (Theoretical)

NE

: 9.40

Weight per gallon Appearance

: 8.60 (Theoretical) : White liquid emulsion

SECTION IV

oH Level

HEALTH INFORMATION

EYE CONTACT: This material may cause mild eye irritation. Comeal injury is unlikely.

SKIN CONTACT: Exposure may cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause redness, burning, drying, and cracking of the skin. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to the effects of this material.

INHALATION: Exposure may produce irritation to the nose, throat, respiratory tract, and other mucous membranes.

INGESTION: This product may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS: Symptoms of eye irritation include pain, tearing, reddening, and swelling. Symptoms of skin irritation include reddening, swelling, rash, and redness. Symptoms of respiratory imitation include runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath, and reduced lung function. Symptoms of gastrointestinal irritation include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

AGGRAVATED MEDICAL CONDITIONS: Pre-existing skin, eye, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS: None recognized.

SECTION V

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with water for fifteen (15) minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Cleanse affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek medical attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air and treat symptomatically. Provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if the victim is not breathing. Seek prompt medical attention.

INGESTION: Dilute with liquid unless the victim is unconscious or very drowsy. If vomiting spontaneously occurs, keep the victim's head below the hips to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Consult a physician, hospital, or poison control center and/or transport to an emergency facility immediately.

Date of preparation: 06/01/00 VOCOMP-20

*** MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET ***

Date of preparation: 06/01/00

Page 2 3420000-3

SECTION VI

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

NFPA : Not regulatedDOT : Not regulated

FLASH POINT: Greater than 200 degrees F (PMCC)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical, or Carbon Dioxide.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES AND PRECAUTIONS: Clear area of unprotected personnel. Do not enter confined fire space without helmet, face shield, bunker coat, gloves, rubber boots, and a positive pressure NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure.

SECTION VII

REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

CONDITIONS AND MATERIALS TO AVOID: None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Combustion may yield Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, and/or incomplete combustion products. Do not breathe smoke or fumes. Wear appropriate protective equipment.

SECTION VIII

EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use ventilation as required to control vapor concentrations - at least 10 air changes per hour are recommended for good general room ventilation. If exposure exceeds the PEL/TLV, use the appropriate NIOSH approved respirator.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Wear safety glasses, goggles, or a splash shield to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn. Wear appropriate gloves and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and clothing.

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES: Eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available for use in an emergency.

SECTION IX

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: LARGE SPILLS>> Evacuate the hazard area of unprotected personnel. Wear appropriate respirator and protective clothing. Shut off source of leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain. If vapor cloud forms, water fog may be used to suppress; contain run-off. Remove with vacuum trucks or pump to storage/salvage vessels. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material; place in non-leaking containers for proper disposal. Flush area with water to remove trace residue; dispose of flush solutions as above. SMALL SPILLS>> Take up with an absorbent material and place in non-leaking containers; seal tightly for proper disposal.

WASTE DISPOSAL: Observe all Federal, State and local regulations regarding proper disposal.

SECTION X

ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS

Containers can contain hazardous product residues even when empty. Wash with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

The information contained herein is based on the data available to us and is believed to be correct. However, we make no warranty, expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. We assume no responsibility for injury from the use of the product described herein.

Date of preparation: 06/01/00 VOCOMP-20

3420000-3









EALTIGHT® VOCOMP®-20

Specifier Notes: This guide specification is written according to the Construction Specifications Institute (CSI) Format. The section must be carefully reviewed and edited by the Architect or Engineer to meet the requirements of the project. Coordinate this section with other specification sections and the drawings.

SECTION 03050

CONCRETE CURING AND SEALING COMPOUND

Specifier Notes: W.R. Meadows SEALTIGHT VOCOMP-20 Water-Base Acrylic Curing and Sealing Compound is a ready-to-use, water-base, curing and sealing compound for use on new interior and exterior concrete surfaces.

ART 1 GENERAL



A. Acrylic curing and sealing compound for interior and exterior concrete.

2 RELATED SECTIONS

Specifier Notes: Edit the list of related sections as required for the project. List other sections dealing with work directly related to this section.

A. Section 03300 - Cast-in-Place Concrete.

3 REFERENCES

A. AASHTO M 148 - Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete.

Specifier Notes: Delete the following sentence if a potable water approved curing and sealing compound is not required.

- B. ANSI/NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects.
- C. ASTM C 309 Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete.
- b. ASTM C 1315 Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds Having Special Properties for Curing and Sealing Concrete.

4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with Section 01330 Submittal Procedures.
- B. Submit manufacturer's product data and application instructions.

Specifier Notes: Delete the following sentence if a potable water approved curing and sealing compound is not required.

C. Submit potable water approval in accordance with ANSI/NSF 61.

5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery: Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name and manufacturer.
- B. Storage: Store materials in a clean dry area in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Keep containers sealed until ready for use. Keep from freezing.
- C. Handling: Protect materials during handling and application to prevent damage or contamination.

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Do not apply curing and sealing compound when concrete temperature is below 40 degrees F (4 degrees C).

RT 2 PRODUCTS

MANUFACTURER

A. W.R. Meadows, Inc., PO Box 338, Hampshire, Illinois 60140-0338. (800) 342-5976. (847) 683-4500. Fax (847) 683-4544. Web Site www.wrmeadows.com.

MATERIALS

- A. Acrylic Concrete Curing and Sealing Compound: SEALTIGHT VOCOMP-20 Water-Base Acrylic Curing and Sealing Compound.
 - 1. Compliance:
 - a. ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B.
 - b. AASHTO M 148, Type 1, Class B.
 - c. Ultraviolet Light Degradation-Yellowing Classification: ASTM C 1315, Class A, Section 6.4.1.
 - d. Adhesion: ASTM C 1315, Section 8.9.
 - e. Potable Water Approved: ANSI/NSF 61.

Specifier Notes: Delete the above sentence if a potable water approved curing and sealing compound is not required.

- 2. USDA accepted.
- 3. VOC Content: Meets maximum VOC content limit of 350 g/L for concrete curing compounds as required by US EPA Architectural Coatings Rule.
- 4. Nonyellowing.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine concrete surfaces to receive curing and sealing compound. Notify Architect if surfaces are not acceptable. Do not begin application until unacceptable conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLICATION

- A. Apply curing and sealing compound to new concrete surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Ensure application equipment is clean and free of previously used materials.
- C. Do not dilute curing and sealing compound.
- D. Apply curing and sealing compound in a uniform film. Avoid puddling in low areas.
- E. Apply curing and sealing compound when surface water disappears and concrete surface will not b marred by walking workmen.
- F. Cure concrete surfaces as specified in Section 03300.
- G. May be applied to colored concrete, but mottling may occur.
- H. Do not use on brick, stone, and masonry which are not uniform in porosity or have a nonporous surface.

3.3 PROTECTION

A. Protect horizontal surfaces from foot traffic for a minimum of 12 hours after application of curing an sealing compound.

END OF SECTION

Sales And Rental



PO Box 5280 Lake Wylie, SC 29710 **USA**

Phone: 803.831.8195

Fax: 803.831.0606 Email:

info@hydraplatform.com

Common uses of our product include...

Underbridge Inspections

Description

Painting

Tome

- Sandblasting
- Stripping
- Repairs
- Maintenance
- Installation and Maintenance of Underbridge Pipes and Cables
- Maintenance of and Replacement of Bearings
- General Underbridge Operations

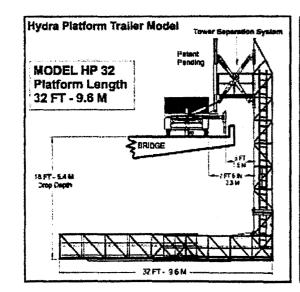


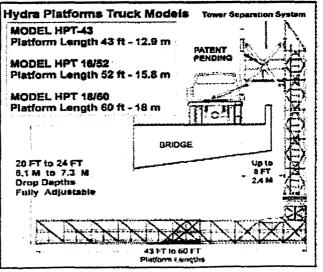
Specifications

Features

EXHIBIT NO. 8 APPLICATION NO. 2-02-012 CITY OF PACIFICA Scaffolding Specification Sheet

Contact Us





w 8933

STATE OF CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION

PUBLIC ACFNCY PERMIT NO. 4585.9 FUBLIC RESOURCES CODE SERIES

For such sole and exclusive purpose, and subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, reservations and limitations as are herein set forth:

The State of California, hereinarter designated as the State, acting
through the State Lands Commission and pursuant to the authority contained in
Division 6 of the Public Resources Code and the rules and regulations adopted
thereunder, does hereby grant a PERMIT toCity of Facifica
beginning June 1, 1971 and ending May 31, 2020
of, in and upon those certain tide and submerged lands situate in the
County of San Mateo State of California, and more particu-
larly described and depicted on Exhibits "A" and "B" attached and by reference
made a part hereof.

This permit is subject to existing contracts, leases, licenses, easements, encumbrances and claims which may affect leased premises, and this permit is made without warranty by State of title, quiet enjoyment, condition or fitness of the leased premises for the intended use, or any other varranty whatever, except that Permittee faithfully keeping all the terms, provisions and conditions of this permit on Permittee's part to be performed, State agrees not to interfere with Permittee's possession of the leased premises, except as herein may otherwise be provided.

This permit is not intended to constitute the establishment of the State's boundary and is to be without prejudice to any boundary claims which may in the future be asserted.

Page 1 of 3

EXHIBIT NO.

9

APPLICATION NO. 2-02-012
CITY OF PACIFICA
State Lands Lease
No. P.R.C.4585.9,
dated July 9,1971;
September 29, 1971
amendment

(Page 1 of 7 pages)

The sole and entire consideration to the State for the within permit shall be the public benefit. However, the State reserves the right to review the consideration at any time and to set a monetary rental if the State Lands Commission shall determine that such action is in the State's best interest.

Said land shall be used only for the construction, operation and maintenance of a public fishing pier, 30" diameter sanitary sewer outfall and seawall which shall in all respects comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations and shall in no way interfere with nor obstruct navigation.

Said permit shall continue and shall remain in effect only so long as the land shall be used, utilized, and maintained for the purpose herein specified, and any time upon the discontinuance of such use and maintenance for a period of 180 days said permit shall, at the option of the State and upon written notice thereof to the permittee, cease and terminate and the State shall have the right to forthwith re-enter upon and take possession of said land and at its option remove all, or any portion or portions, of any structures, roadways and fills from said land at the cost and expense of said permittee.

The State expressly reserves the right to grant easements or crossings, over, upon and under the said demised right-of-way and nothing herein contained shall be construed as limiting the powers of the State to lease, convey, or otherwise transfer or encumber, during the life of this permit all or any portion or portions of the hereinbefore described State lands for any purpose whatsoever not incompatible with the rights or privileges granted to the said permittee.

There is reserved to the State all natural resources, timber and minerals, including oil or gas in or above the described land, and the right to grant in, over and across said lands, leases, easements and/or rights-of-way to extract or remove such natural resources, timber or minerals as provided by law and the rules and regulations of the State Lands Commission and without compensation to the said permittee.

The Permittee shall be liable for and agrees to indemnify the State against any loss, damage, claim, demand or action, caused by, arising out of, orconnected with the construction or maintenance of structures upon, or the use by the Permittee and/or agents thereof, of the demised premises;

The Permittee shall not transfer nor assign this agreement and shall not sublet said land nor any part thereof, except upon the prior written consent of the State first had and obtained.

The State, through its authorized agents, shall have the right at all reasonable times to go upon lands owned by the permittee and upon the demised premises for the purpose of inspecting the leased land.

This agreement will become binding on the State only when duly executed on behalf of the State lands Commission of the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this agreement as of the date hereafter affixed.

HEREIN PERMIT ARE ACCEPTED:

THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA STATE LANDS COMMISSION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SACRAHENTO

day of before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the State of California, with principal office in the County of Sacramento

appeared James F. Trout

On this 9th

known to me to be the Manager, State Lends Program, of the STATE IANDS COMMISSION, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, the Commission that executed the within Instrument, known to be the person who executed the within Instrument, on behalf of the Commission there named, and acknowledged to me that such Commission executed the with Instrument pursuant to a resolution of its Commissioners.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Reyna L. Shapiro

Name (Typed or Printed) NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

(Revised 9/69)

CP312642093304C1032F7246424400 PF1825B444 REYNA L SHAPIRO NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO COUNTY BY Commission Explos Feb. 23, 1973 WINDOWS COUNTY BY COMMISSION COUNTY BY COMMISSION COUNTY BY COUNTY

EXHIBIT "A"

Lessee: City of Pacifica

W 8933

Three parcels of tide and submerged land lying in the Pacific Ocean, within the Sharp Park Area of the City of Pacifica, San Mateo County, California, more particularly described as follows:

PARCEL A:

A strip of tide and submerged land, the uniform width of 1,000 feet, lying 500 feet on each side of the following described centerline:

BEGINNING at the intersection of the westerly line of Ocean Boulevard now known as Beach Boulevard with the centerline of Santa Rosa Avenue, as said Boulevard and Avenue are shown on the map entitled "REVISED MAP SALADA BEACH SAN MATEO CO., CAL." which map was filed in the Office of the Recorder of the County of San Mateo on August 5, 1907, in Book 5 of Maps at page 20; thence westerly along the westerly prolongation of the centerline of Santa Rosa Avenue 20 feet to the end of the herein described centerline.

PARCEL B:

A strip of tide and submerged land, the uniform width of 500 feet, lying 250 feet on each side of the following described centerline:

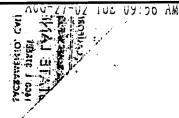
COMMENCING at the above mentioned point of beginning of Parcel A; thence westerly along the westerly prolongation of the centerline of Santa Rosa Avenue 20 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; thence continuing along the westerly prolongation 1,430 feet to the end of the herein described centerline.

PARCEL C:

A strip of tide and submerged land, the uniform width of 100 feet, lying 50 feet on each side of the following described centerline:

COMMENCING at the above mentioned point of beginning of Parcel A; thence westerly along the westerly prolongation of the centerline of Santa Rosa Avenue 1,450 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; thence continuing along the westerly prolongation 1,550 feet to the end of the herein described centerline.

Prepared By:	Date: 5-3-7/
Checked/Reviewed By: 4/5	Date: 7-7;
Description Requested By: モルル ユペルン	THEMSKETIAN





P.R.C. 4585.9

WHEREAS, the State of California, acting through the State lands Commission, hereinafter called State; and CITY OF PACIFICA, hereinafter called Permittee, have heretofore entered into an Agreement designated as Lause No. P.R.C. 4585.9 and dated July 9, 1971, whereby the State leased to the Permittee certain tide and submerged lands situate in San Mateo County; and

WHEREAS, the storesaid Agreement provides that said Agreement may be terminated, the provisions changed, altered or smended by mutual consent of the parties; and

MERRAS, the Permittee has requested an assendment to make the Wild-Life Conservation Board of the State of California a co-lessee under said lesse; and

WHEREAS, it will be to the advantage of the State and of the Permittee to do so in order to facilitate the obtaining of additional funding for the construction of the permitted improvements; and

WHEREAS; by reason of the foregoing, it is now the desire of the parties to smend the aforesaid Agreement.

HOW THEREFORE, it is agreed by and between the parties hereto, as follows:

The name of the Permittee shall be delated from Page one of said lease P.R.G. 4585.9, and the following shall be and is hereby substituted in lieu thereof:

CITY OF PACIFICA AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BOARD.

The effective date of this Amendment to the aforesaid Agreement shall be September 1, 1971.

And it is further agreed that all other terms and conditions of Leage P.R.C. 4585.9 are to remain unchanged and in full force and effect.

This Agreement will become binding on the State only when only executed on behalf of the State Lands Commission of the State of California.

IN WITEMS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this agreement as of the date hereafter affixed.

PROCETES:
CITY OF PACIFICA
Neme of Permittee
By Chace I M'S Carthy
Mrs. Grace L. McCarthy Fittle
Mayor of Pacifica
170 Santa Maria Avenue
Address
Pacifica, California 94044
(mm, m)
(SRAL)
PERMITTEE: Wildlife Conservation Board
Knew
Name of Permittee
0
By Executive Office
litle
1416 - 9th Street
Sagramento, Address This 95814
,
(SEAL)

CONTRACTOR-() STATE AGENCY-(),

STATE OF CALIFORNIA STANDARD AGREEMENT

A-71-23

Pacifica Fishing Pier

CONTROLLER—()	NUMBER WC = 6	10
THIS AGREEMENT, Made and entered into th	is 24th day of January 19	72. at
Sacramento, County of Sacramento, State of Cali appointed, qualified and acting	ifornia, by and between State of California, through its duly el	lected or
Executive Officer	Wildlife Conservation Board	
Title of officer acting for State hereinafter called the State, and	Department or other agency EXHI	BIT NO. 1
in the control of the		CATION NO. 02-012
hereinafter called the Contractor 1/2 100	CI test man proceed a un un work et and matter transcription	TY OF PACIFI 1 of 16 pag
WITNESSETH: That the Contractor for and in	(Page consideration of the covenants, conditions, agreements, and stip ee to furnish to the State services and materials, as follows:	nulations
(Set forth service to be rendered by Cont.	ractor, amount to be paid Contractor, time for performance	or
completion, and a	attach plans and specifications, if any:) 13 server of to the major and to the major of the majo	A Landing
WHEREAS, the Wildlife Conserv	ation Board allocated funds at its meeting o	parties
of a public fishing nier and sense	sharing with the City the cost of construct tenant facilities at Pacifica San Mateo Cou	ion ntv-
California: and on commonta to sanibus	DOJN 09 TEN UND COOLED THE PARTY OF THE LAST THE COLD UNDERSTA	ai shees
करात होता है। विकास के बेर्च क	tions or variations of the terms hereof unless made in writing ber	most on
WHEREAS, the City has funds a	vailable for the purpose of sharing in the c	ost wa
of construction of said pier and f	raciolities; and raced or paid travel or par dain expenses u	mas S
	esire to construct and develop said project of	
cooperative basis,		
		s hereto,
the day and year first above written.	Communa City of Pacifica	
STATE OF CALIFORNIA	Contractor CILY Of Pacifical (If other than 4n individual, state whether a corporation, partn	ership, etc.)
Wildlife Conservation Board	By Grace L. M. Carthy	
Name of State agency		
By Mesbert	Mayor	
Executive Officer	170 Santa Maria Ave., Pacifica 9	4044
Title	Address	
(Continued on	sheets, each bearing name of Contractor)	
To Be APPROI	PRIATION Sec 1352 F&G Code, 19632 B&P Code 1768	1970/71
Charged FUNCT	TON OR FUND WIIGHTE RESTORATION FUND	
	TEM ALLOTMENT C4.22 Pacifica Fishing Pier	0.E. []
PROVED Amount of this Estimat	to B heraby coeffice that all and the	\$ 499,500
FEB 2 4 1972 Unencumbered remains	te Bhereby certify that all conditions for exemption set forth in State Administrative Manual Section 1201.13 have der after posting this estimate by his people and the design of the d	
Adjustment increasing	The state of the s	1 1
Adjustment decreasing		
at the second	upon my own personal knowledge that	
budgeted funds are averaged expenditure stated about	allable for the period and purpose of the ove. (After T.B.A. Noor	
B.R. No.	_)	

Characar of Landing .- Office

- a. The City agrees to proceed with and diligently prosecute to completion, either with City forces or by independent contract, the construction of said pier and appurtenant facilities in accordance with the Bid Form, Item A only, together with any additions or deductions thereto as shown in Items 7 and 8 thereof, and the plans marked Exhibit A, all attached hereto or incorporated herein by reference, including the furnishing of all labor, tools, materials, transportation, equipment, inspection, permits and licenses necessary therefor.
- b. Upon satisfactory completion of work to be performed herein, the State agrees to reimburse the City in lump sum payment or in progress payments not more often than monthly, up to the total amount of Four hundred ninety-nine thousand, five hundred Dollars (\$499,500), or not more than 50% of the City's actual cost, whichever is the lesser. Said reimbursement by the State shall be made upon request by the City according to the following provisions:
 - (1) For work completed by contract or subcontract awarded through public bid procedures, the City shall submit a copy of said contract or subcontract with invoices in triplicate showing proof of the City's payment thereof.
 - (2) For work accomplished in any other manner, City shall submit invoices in triplicate, itemized as to actual and direct expenditures, including, but not limited to, all salaries and wages, materials and sales tax thereon, and equipment rental.
- c. The City shall maintain full and complete records of all receipts and expenditures under this agreement and shall make such records available for examination and audit by the State at all reasonable times.
- d. The City shall not assign this agreement in whole or in part nor delegate any rights or duties hereunder without written consent of the State first had and obtained, and any such assignment or delegation without such written consent of the State first had and obtained shall be null and void, but nothing herein contained shall be construed as precluding the City from contracting any or all of the work herein described, provided written approval by the State of the awarding of any contract is first had and obtained.
- e. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to exempt any work to be performed by the City from the provisions of Part 7 (commencing with Section 1720) Division 2 of the Labor Code.
- f. The City agrees to commence work after written notice from the State to proceed, and to complete all of said work as herein specified to be done within 720 days from the date hereof.
 - g. Fair Employment Practices, Part B only, apply to this agreement.
 - h. Air Pollution Addendum applies to this agreement.
- i. The City shall comply with the Presidential Executive Order No. 11627, dated October 15, 1971, and all guidelines, rules, and regulations of the Cost of Living Council, Pay Board and Price Commission implementing it. The City warrants that no wages, prices or salaries to be paid under this contract will be in excess of the maximum legally allowable pursuant to the foregoing order, rules and regulations.

PART "B" ADDENDUM TO GENERAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE ONLY TO CONTRACTS INVOLVING REIMBURSEMENT IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY CLAUSE (Executive Order No. 11246)

Equal Employment Opportunity. During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

- l. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, creed, color, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of this non-discrimination clause.
- 2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin.
- The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice, to be provided by the agency contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under Section 202, of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- 4. The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and the rules, regulations, and relevent orders of the Secretary of Labor.
- 5. The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.
- In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be cancelled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in the said Executive Order or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.
- 7. The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to Section 204 of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including the sanctions for noncompliance; Provided, however, that in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the contracting agency, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964 (P.L. 88-352, 78 Stat. 241)

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TITLE VI - NONDISCRIMINATION IN FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS

Tanal (a.) e . Sec. 601. (In General)
No person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial

orem is a second of the production of the second of the se Each Federal department and agency which is empowered to extend Federal financial assistance to any program or activity, by way of grant, loan, or contract other than a contract of insurance or guaranty, is authorized and directed to effectuate the provisions of section 601 with respect to such program or activity by issuing rules, regulations, or orders of general applicability which shall be consistent with achievement of the objectives the statute authorizing the financial assistance in connection with which the action is taken. No such rule, regulation, or order shall become effective unless and until approved by the Prisilent. Compliance with any requirement adopted pursuant to this section may be effected (1) by the termination of or refusal to grant or to continue assistance under such program or activity to any recipient as to whom there has been an express finding on the record, after opportunity for hearing, of a failure to comply with such requirement, but such termination or refusal shall be limited to the particular political entity, or part thereof, or other recipient as to whom such a finding has been made and, shall be limited in its effect to the particular program, or part thereof, in which such noncompliance has been so found (2) by any other means authorized by law: Provided, however. That no such action shall be taken until the department or agency concerned has advised the appropriate person or persons of the failure to comply with the requirement and has determined that compliance cannot be secured by voluntary means. In the case of any action terminating, or refusing to grant or continue, assistance because of failure to comply with a requirement imposed pursuant to this section, the head of the Federal department or agency shall file with the committees of the House and Senate having legislative jurisdiction over the program or activity involved a full written report of the circumstances and the grounds for such action. No such action shall become effective until thirty days have elapse

Sec. 603. (Judicial Review) Any department or agency action taken pursuant to section 602 shall be subject to such judicial review as may otherwise hay department of agency action taken by such department to section our shall be subject to such judicial review as may obtain the subject to judicial review, terminating or refusing to grant or to continue financial assistance upon a finding of failure to comply with any requirement imposed pursuant to section 602, any person aggrieved (including any State or political subdivision thereof and any agency of either) may obtain judicial review of such action in accordance with section 10 of the Administrative Procedure Act, and such action shall not be deemed committed to unreviewable agency discretion within the meaning of that section.

Sec. 604. (Restriction on Action)

Nothing contained in this title shall be construed to authorize action under this title by any department or agency with respect to any employment practice of any employer, employment agency, or labor organization except where a primary objective of the Pederal financial assistance is to provide employment.

(Existing Authority Not Impaired) Nothing in this title shall add to or detract from any existing authority with respect to any program or activity under which Federal financial assistance is extended by way of a contract of insurance or guaranty.

> As applicable, the provisions of the following Pederal Acts shall apply to this agreement, the Pittman-Robertson Act, the Dingell-Johnson Act, the Anadromous Pish Act, and the Commercial Pisheries Research and Development Act.

Sex Discrimination Guidelines (Part 60-20, 41CFR60) Title 41 - Public Contracts and Property Management; Chapter 60 - Office of Federal Contract Compliance Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor; Part 60-20 - Sex Discrimination

(Rev. Hay 1970)

AIR POLLUTION ADDENDUM

In the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall comply with the provisions of Sections 14381 and 11017 of the Government Code as they apply to his work:

The Contractor shall comply with all air pollution control rules, regulations, ordinances, and statutes which apply to any work performed pursuant to this contract, including any air pollution control rules, regulations, and ordinances.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Contractor in performing this contract shall comply with all local air pollution control rules, regulations, and ordinances, which are more stringent than any applicable state air pollution control statute, rule, or regulation.

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By and Between THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BOARD

THE CITY OF PACIFICA FOR THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PACIFICA FISHING PIER

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered into this 242 day of January 1972, by and between the State of California, acting by and through Ita duly appointed, qualified and acting Executive Officer of the Wildlife Conservation board, hereinefter called the "State", and the City of Pacifica, hereinafter called the "City".

WILLESSEIN:

MEREAS, the State desires to cooperate with the City in the construction of a public fishing pior and appurtenances, hereinafter referred to as the "Project", to be located at Pacifica in the County of San Nateo, to provide fishing in the facific Ocean; and

MIEREAS, the City desires to cooperate with the State in said

MEREAS, the City desires to cooperate with the State in the operation and maintenance of said Project;

NOW THEREFORE, It is mutually agreed as follows:

- 1. The State and City shall cooperatively develop the Project substantially in accordance with the project as approved by the Wildlife Conservation Board at the meeting on March 23, 1971.
- 2. After the completion of the Project the City agrees at Its sole cost and expense to maintain and operate the Project for the term of twenty-five (25) years, commencing with the date of completion. *

 Said maintenance and operation shall include but not be limited to repairing, repainting, replacing component parts of the Project to keep them in safe and useable condition and performing all acts necessary for compliance with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations affecting the Project.

Say completive 12/31/72 Exprintive Oate 12/31/97

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Pacifica Fishing Pier

3. The City agrees that the Project shall be open without charge to the public at all times for the purposes of fishing except at such times as the City must restrict access for purposes of repair or maintenance.

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- structure, alteration or improvement for the use, enjoyment, and protection of the general public not inconsistent with the purposes of this agreement or the use of the Project by the public for fishing.
- corporations may operate, or permit others to operate, such concessions, special services, or accommodations as may enhance and benefit public fishing to the end that greater use and enjoyment of the Project for such purpose may be provided. Special services, or accommodations, the rights of the concessions, special services, or accommodations, the rights of the public shall thereupon became subject to the operation of such facilities and to such rules and requisitions as may be promulgated by the City relative thereto. All such facilities shall be admissered in accordance with the standards prescribed by the State laws applicable to public fishing piers.

The development, maintenance, and operation by the City of such concessions, special services or accommodations provided for herein shall be subject to such supervision and direction by the State as any be required by law.

State establish, charge and collect such charges or fees relative to any such concessions, special services, or accommodations provided for the public by the City, together with charges for the maintenance and

Pacifica Fishing Pier

operation of the facilities mentioned in Paragraph 2. All charges, fees, collections and profits derived by the City shall revert to said City and shall be used by the City solely (a) in repayment of general fund outlay by the City for capital expenditures in furtherance of the purposes herein set forth, other than the capital outlay furnished by the State; and (b) for the furtherance of the purposes herein set forth.

- 7. The City agrees to indemnify, defend and save harmless the State, its officers, agents and employees for and against any and all claims, demands or causes of action arising out of or in any way connected with operation and maintenance of the Project.
- 8. If at any time the City shall full, neglect or refuse to operate, manage and maintain the Project as contemplated by this agreement, the State shall have the right, in addition to any other remedies it may have, after sineby (90) days notice to the City to remedy its default, to enter uson said promises and actively assume the operation, maintenance, Tepair and control of the Project for the duration of the tels of this agreement, and the City shall reimburse the State for all expenses incurred by the State in connection thereof his
- S. All notices which may be given by either party to the other shall be deemed to have been fully given when made in writing and deposited in the United States mail, cortified and postage prepaid, and addressed to the City as follows: City of Pacifica, City Hall, Pacifica, California 94044; and to the State as follows: Wildlife Conservation Board, 1416 Hinth Street, Sacramento, California 95844. The address to which the notices shall or may be mailed as aforesaid may be changed by written notice of one party to the other as hereinbefore

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Pacifica Fishing Pier

provided, but nothing contained herein shall preclude the giving of any such notice by personal service.

10. The City shall not assign this agreement to whole or in part, nor delegate any rights or duties hereunder, without written consent of the State first had and obtained, and any such assignment or delegation without such written consent of the State first had and obtained shall and the second be sull and void.

IN WITHESSWERENF, this agreement has been executed by and on behalf of the parties herete, the day and year first above written.

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Department of General Services APPROVED IN STREET OF THE STREET STREET

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

AMENDMENT NO. I COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT FOR OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PACIFICA FISHING PIER

6 th THIS AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT made and entered into this 1 1974, by and between the State of California, Department of Fish 2 and Game, acting by and through its duly appointed, qualified and acting Executive Officer of the Wildlife Conservation Board, hereinafter called the State, and the City of Pacifica, hereinafter called the City; 5

WIINESSETH:

WHEREAS, the parties hereto did on January 24, 1972, enter into a Cooperative Agreement wherein the State agreed to cooperate with the City in construction and development of a public fishing pier and the City agreed to provide all necessary maintenance and operation for said fishing pier; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to allow closing the pier area to the public at such hours as may be required to provide maximum protection to the facility and to its users; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to clarify their respective intentions 15 insofar as description of the boundaries of the project is concerned;

NOW THEREFORE, it is mutually agreed by and between the parties hereto that paragraph 1 of said Cooperative Agreement is hereby amended to read in full as follows:

111 The State and City shall cooperatively develop the Project substantially in accordance with the project as approved by the Wildlife Conservation Board at its meeting on March 23, 1971, the boundaries of said Project being described in those certain gift deeds recorded May 15, 1956, in Book 3023 at page 464 and October 31, 1957, in Book 3301 at page 433, Official Records of San Mateo County, containing 5.35 acres and 2.05 acres respectively, and also depicted in Exhibit A which is attached hereto and made a part hereof. The boundaries of said Project shall also include those certain tide and submerged lands which are referred

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to in Public Agency Permit No. 4585.9, Public Resources Code Series, of the State Lands Commission dated July 9, 1971, and all amendments and modifications thereto, said lands also being depicted in Exhibit B which is attached hereto and made a part hereof."

AND IT IS FURTHER MUTUALLY AGREED by the parties hereto that Exhibit A, which is attached hereto shall be as if set forth in said Cooperative Agreement.

AND IT IS FURTHER MUTUALLY AGREED by and between the parties hereto that paragraph 3 of said Cooperative Agreement is hereby amended to read in full as follows:

- ¹3. The City agrees that the Project shall be open without charge to the public at all times for the purposes of fishing except:
 - a) at such times as the City deems it necessary to restrict
 access for purposes of repair or maintenance; and
 - b) with written approval of the State, during such hours as will provide additional protection and safety to users of the facility as well as protection from vandalism to the facility itself.

Except as modified, all other terms and conditions of said Cooperative Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Amendment is executed by the parties hereto the day and year first above written.

ATTEST:

BY Amid Jothompson

I heraby certify that all conditions for exemption torth in 31sts Administrative Manual Section 1201.13 been consisted with and this decument is exempt review by the Department of Finance.

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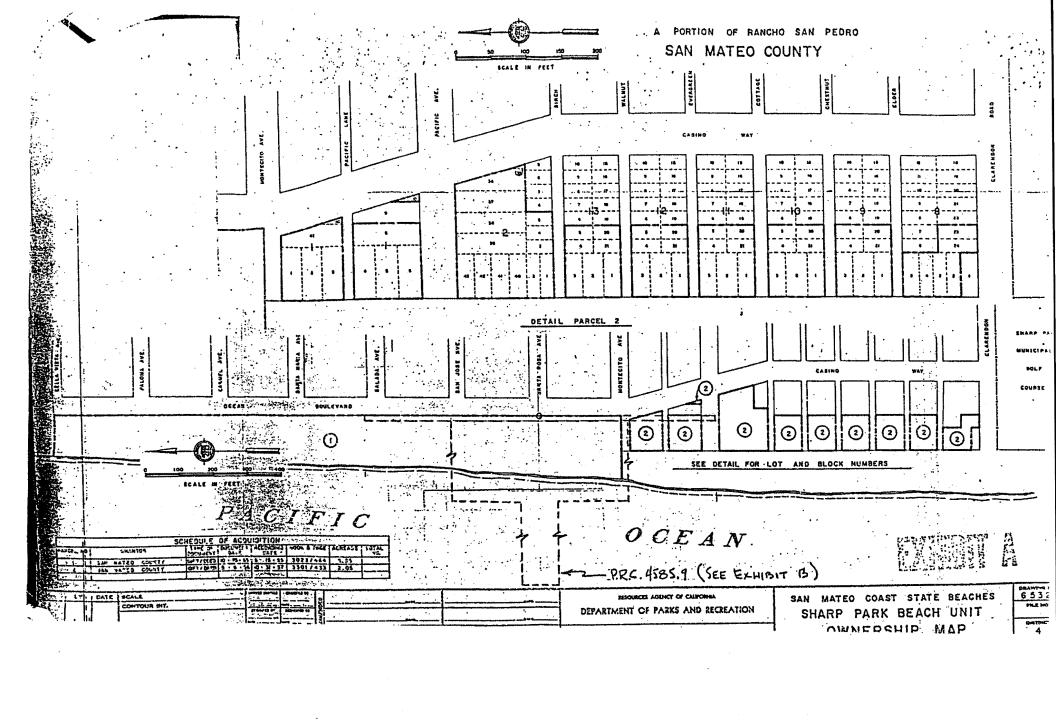
CITY OF PACIFICA

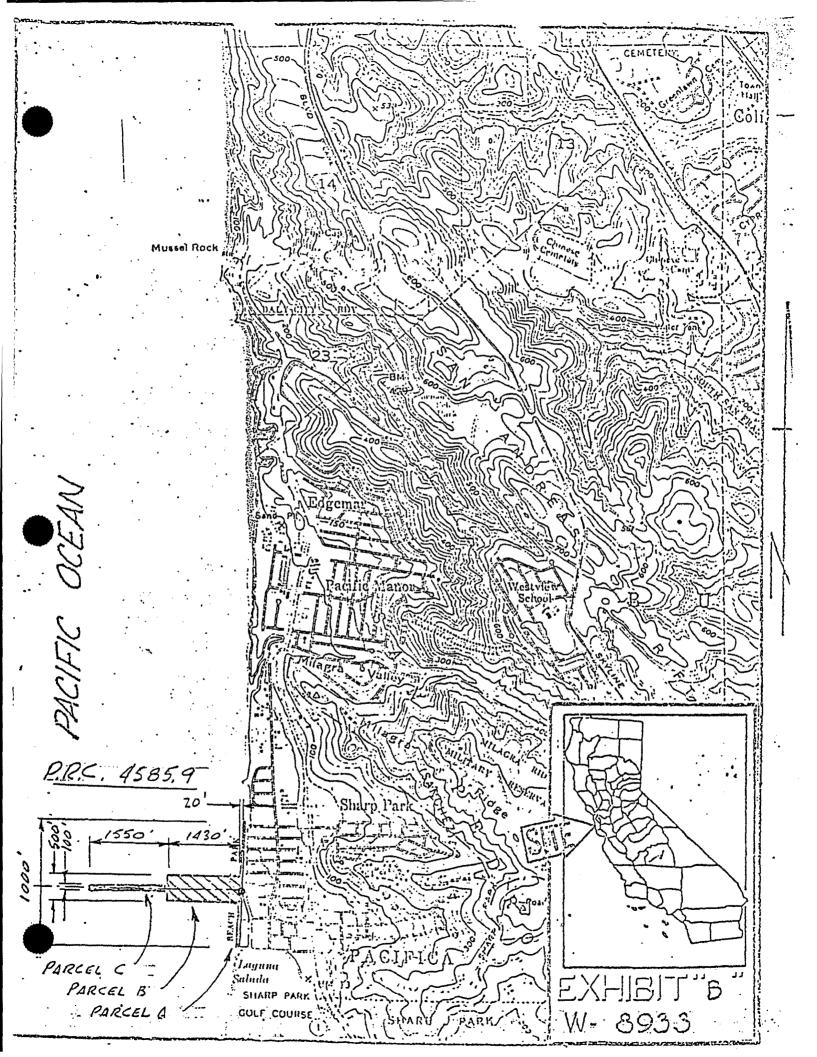
Mayor

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME WILDLIFE CONSERVATION BOARD

Executive Officer

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AMENDMENT NO. 2

COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT FOR OPERATION & MAINTENANCE OF PACIFICA FISHING PIER, SAN MATEO COUNTY

THIS AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT made and entered into this 23rd day of August, 1993, by and between the State of California, Department of Fish and Game, acting by and through its duly appointed, qualified and acting Executive Director of the Wildlife Conservation Board, hereinafter called the State, and the City of Pacifica, hereinafter called the City;

WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the parties hereto did on January 24, 1972, and as amended on June 6, 1974, enter into a Cooperative Agreement (the "Agreement") wherein the State agreed to cooperate with the City in construction and development of a public fishing pier and the City agreed to cooperate with the State in said project;

WHEREAS, ocean wave action has caused significant deterioration of the landward pier abutment which must be repaired if the pier is to remain open for public use; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to cooperate to renovate the pier to provide for the continuation of the existing pier uses; and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to extend the term of said agreement to provide for continued operation and maintenance of said project.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is mutually agreed by and between the parties hereto that paragraph 1 of said Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

"1. The State and City shall cooperatively develop the Project substantially in accordance with the project as approved by the Wildlife Conservation Board at its meeting on March 23, 1971, and August 23, 1993, the boundaries of said

project being described in those certain gift deeds recorded May 15, 1956, in Book 3023 at Page 464 and October 31, 1957, in Book 3301 at page 433, Official Records of San Mateo County, containing 5.35 acres and 2.05 acres respectively, and also depicted in Exhibit A which is attached hereto and made a part hereof. The boundaries of said Project shall also include those certain tide and submerged lands which are referred to in Public Agency Permit No. 4585.9, Public Resources Code Series, of the State Lands Commission dated July 9, 1971, and all amendments and modifications thereto, said lands also being depicted in Exhibit B which is attached hereto and made a part hereof."

AND IT IS FURTHER MUTUALLY AGREED by the parties hereto that the first sentence of Paragraph 2 of the Agreement is hereby amended to read as follows:

"After the completion of the Project the City agrees at its sole cost and expense to maintain and operate the Project up to and including December 31, 2010."

Signature of this document on behalf of State hereby certifies that all conditions for exemption set forth in State Administrative Manual Section 1215 have been complied with and this document is exempt from review by the State Department of Finance (SAM Section 1219).

Except as modified, all other terms and conditions of said Cooperative Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Amendment is executed by the parties Armorhed VED

and year first above written.

CITY OF PACIFICA

DEPARTMENT OF FI

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

John Schmidt, Executive Director

SER 1 n

TION BOARDAss'f. Chief Counsel

Wildlife Conservation Board

BY:

Daniel V. Pincetich

City Manager

