

**CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION**

CENTRAL COAST DISTRICT OFFICE  
725 FRONT STREET, SUITE 300  
SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060  
(831) 427-4863

**Th20a**

RECORD PACKET COPY

Filed: 3/28/03  
49th day: 5/16/03  
Substantial Issue: 5/8/03  
Staff: JB-SC  
Staff report prepared: 5/22/03  
Hearing date: 6/12/03

## APPEAL STAFF REPORT DE NOVO HEARING

**Local government**.....County of San Luis Obispo

**Local decision** ..... Local Permit # D010088D - Approved with conditions.

**Appeal number**.....A-3-SLO-03-040

**Applicant**.....Alex Benson

**Appellants**.....Concerned Citizens of Los Osos; Julie Tacker

**Project location**.....1370 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, Los Osos (APN(s) 038-182-039, 41, 43, 48).

**Project description** .....Development of a two-phased commercial project. Phase I consists of adding 8 new guest rooms (3,837 s.f.) to the existing Baywood Inn (9,721 s.f.), and construction of a new 10 guest room hotel building (7,345 s.f.). Phase II consists of two new hotel buildings. Building one will include 6 new guest rooms (3,472 s.f.), and building two will include 16 new guest rooms (7,940 s.f.). The project also includes landscaping and drainage improvements.

**File documents**.....San Luis Obispo County certified Local Coastal Program; Coastal Development Permit D010088D.

**Staff recommendation** ...Approval with Conditions

**Summary of the Staff Recommendation:** On May 8, 2003, the Commission found that a substantial issue exists with respect to the project's conformance with the certified San Luis Obispo County Local Coastal Program (LCP) and took jurisdiction over the coastal development permit. The standard of review for this project is the certified LCP.

The proposed project involves two phases. Phase I includes the expansion of the existing Baywood Inn and the construction of a new 10-unit hotel building (Baywood Village Inn). Phase II includes the construction of 2 new hotel buildings (Baywood Lodge). The total project involves an expansion leading to an increase from 17 to 57 units in two phases. The San Luis Obispo County approval of the second phase of the project is contingent upon connection to a community-wide sewer system.



**California Coastal Commission  
June 2003 Meeting in Long Beach**

Staff: J.Bishop Approved by: *DSL*

G:\Central Coast\STAFF REPORTS\2. CCC Meeting Packet\03\06\A-3-SLO-03-040 (Baywood Inn) De Novo.doc

The project site is located in the community of Baywood Park in Los Osos. The site is across the street from the sensitive habitat of the Morro Bay Estuary, one of the most significant wetland areas on the west coast. The project site presents planning challenges for commercial development due to the project's unique location in close proximity to sensitive resources, coupled with the fact that the site is within a LCP designated "Special Community" characterized by small-scale low-density development.

The proposed commercial development raises concerns regarding the protection of visual resources and community character, coastal water quality, public services, and public access and recreation opportunities in the Baywood Park community of Los Osos. In summary, parts of the project are too large for the small scale community area, the project relies on a phased development scheme in a time where public service capacities are uncertain, the project adds structures and paving that will result in greater amounts impervious surfacing than currently exists, moves required parking offsite that will create user conflicts with respect to public access and recreation, and locates new development closer to nearby sensitive habitat areas.

Staff has identified project modifications that would address the range of issues raised by the development and will bring it into conformance with the LCP. Staff is recommending approval of a modified project that: 1) ensures that adequate public service capacities are available prior to development; 2) keeps new development in character with the community, 3) minimizes adverse water quality impacts to the nearby estuary; and 4) protects and promotes public access opportunities to the coast.

To address these impacts, Staff recommends that the Commission **approve** the proposed development subject to a number of conditions in order to find the project consistent with the LCP. These conditions include the following requirements:

- A prohibition on Phase II development at this time;
- Submittal of final plans that: 1) relocates the 8-unit expansion of the existing Baywood Inn; and 2) shows all parking to be accommodated onsite.
- Submittal of a drainage plan that incorporates appropriate drainage and erosion control measures;
- Submittal of a revised landscape plan that includes drip irrigation and only drought tolerant and non-invasive plant species;
- Submittal of an archeological monitoring and mitigation plan.

As conditioned, the project will be consistent with the San Luis Obispo County certified LCP. Therefore, Staff recommends approval.

## Staff Report Contents

1. Staff Recommendation On Coastal Development Permit .....	4
2. Conditions of Approval.....	4
A. Standard Conditions.....	4
B. Special Conditions .....	5
Recommended Findings and Declarations.....	7



3. Project Background.....	7
4. Project Description.....	8
5. Coastal Development Permit Determination .....	8
A. Public Services.....	8
1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions.....	8
2. Consistency Analysis.....	9
Sewer.....	10
Water Supply .....	10
3. Public Services Conclusion.....	11
B. Visual Resources and Community Character.....	11
1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions.....	11
2. Consistency Analysis.....	11
3. Visual Resource and Community Character Conclusion.....	13
C. Public Access and Recreation .....	14
1. LCP Parking Policies .....	14
2. Consistency Analysis.....	14
3. Public Access and Recreation Conclusion.....	15
D. Water Quality.....	16
1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions.....	16
2. Consistency Analysis.....	17
Ground Water Quality.....	17
Surface Water Quality.....	17
3. Drainage and Erosion Control Conclusion .....	18
E. Archaeology .....	18
1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions.....	18
2. Consistency Analysis.....	19
3. Archaeology Conclusion.....	19
6. California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) .....	19
VI. Exhibits	
1. Project Vicinity Map	
2. Parcel Map	
3. Project Site Plan and Elevations	
4. Notice of Final County Action	
5. Restaurant Septic Flow Calculation	
6. RWQCB Letters of Concurrence (July 11, 2001 and April 30, 2003)	
7. Site Photos	



## 1. Staff Recommendation On Coastal Development Permit

Staff recommends that the Commission, after public hearing, **approve** a coastal development permit for the proposed development subject to the standard and special conditions below.

**MOTION:** I move that the Commission approve Coastal Development Permit Number A-3-SLO-03-040 pursuant to the staff recommendation.

**STAFF RECOMMENDATION OF APPROVAL:** Staff recommends a **YES** vote. Passage of this motion will result in approval of the coastal development permit as conditioned and adoption of the following resolution and findings. The motion passes only by an affirmative vote by a majority of the Commissioners present.

**RESOLUTION TO APPROVE THE PERMIT:** The Commission hereby approves a coastal development permit for the proposed development and adopts the findings set forth below on grounds that the development as conditioned will be in conformity with the San Luis Obispo County certified LCP. Approval of the permit complies with the California Environmental Quality Act because either 1) feasible mitigation measures and/or alternatives have been incorporated to substantially lessen any significant adverse effects of the development on the environment, or 2) there are no further feasible mitigation measures or alternatives that would substantially lessen any significant adverse impacts of the development on the environment.

## 2. Conditions of Approval

### A. Standard Conditions

1. **Notice of Receipt and Acknowledgment.** The permit is not valid and development shall not commence until a copy of the permit, signed by the Permittee or authorized agent, acknowledging receipt of the permit and acceptance of the terms and conditions, is returned to the Commission office.
2. **Expiration.** If development has not commenced, the permit will expire two years from the date on which the Commission voted on the application. Development shall be pursued in a diligent manner and completed in a reasonable period of time. Application for extension of the permit must be made prior to the expiration date.
3. **Interpretation.** Any questions of intent or interpretation of any condition will be resolved by the Executive Director or the Commission.
4. **Assignment.** The permit may be assigned to any qualified person, provided assignee files with the Commission an affidavit accepting all terms and conditions of the permit.
5. **Terms and Conditions Run with the Land.** These terms and conditions shall be perpetual, and it is the intention of the Commission and the Permittee to bind all future owners and possessors of the subject property to the terms and conditions.



**B. Special Conditions**

1. **Authorized Project.** This Coastal Development Permit authorizes only: 1) Phase I development; and 2) landscaping and drainage improvements.
2. **Revised Project Plans.** PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, the Permittee shall submit two sets of Revised Project Plans to the Executive Director for review and approval. The Revised Project Plans shall show the following changes to the project:
  - (a) **New Development.** Final plans shall show exclusion or relocation of the 8-unit expansion to the existing Baywood Inn. Relocation of the 8 units shall be consistent with the community character standards of the LCP in terms of size, scale, design, and location.
  - (b) **Allowable Units.** Final plans shall clearly indicate the number and location of new guest units. Seventeen new guest units are the maximum allowed for Phase I.
  - (c) **Parking.** All parking, as required by CZLUO Section 23.04.166(c) 9, shall be provided onsite.

The Permittee shall undertake development in accordance with the approved Revised Project Plans. Any proposed changes to the approved Revised Project Plans shall be reported to the Executive Director. No changes to the approved Revised Project Plans shall occur without a Commission amendment to this coastal development permit unless the Executive Director determines that no amendment is necessary.

**3. Drainage, and Erosion Control Plans.** PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE PERMIT, the applicant shall submit, for Executive Director review and approval, two sets of drainage and erosion control plans. The plans shall provide that all site runoff is captured and filtered to remove sediment and typical runoff pollutants. Runoff from all surfaces subject to vehicular traffic shall be filtered through an engineered filtration system specifically designed to remove vehicular contaminants. The plan shall include sediment, grease, and oil-traps in the parking lots, or similar measures to eliminate non-point source pollutants (surface contaminants) from entering the Morro Bay Estuary. All filtered runoff shall be directed offsite in such a manner as to avoid erosion and/or sedimentation. The Plan shall also incorporate the following provisions:

**Implementation of Best Management Practices During Construction.** The Drainage and Erosion Control Plans shall identify the type and location of the measures that will be implemented during construction to prevent erosion, sedimentation, and the discharge of pollutants during construction. These measures shall be selected and designed in accordance with the California Storm Water Best Management Practices Handbook and the criteria established by the San Luis Obispo County Resource Conservation District. Among these measures, the plans shall limit the extent of land disturbance to the minimum amount necessary to construct the project; designate areas for the staging of construction equipment and materials, including receptacles and temporary stockpiles of graded materials, which shall be covered on a daily basis; provide for the installation of silt fences, temporary detention basins, and/or other controls to intercept, filter, and remove sediments contained in the runoff from construction, staging, and storage/stockpile areas; and provide for the hydro



seeding of disturbed areas immediately upon conclusion of construction activities in that area. The plans shall also incorporate good construction housekeeping measures, including the use of dry cleanup measures whenever possible; collecting and filtering cleanup water when dry cleanup methods are not feasible; cleaning and refueling construction equipment at designated off site maintenance areas; any the immediate clean-up of any leaks or spills.

The plans shall indicate that PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF GRADING, the applicant shall delineate that the approved construction areas with fencing and markers to prevent land-disturbing activities from taking place outside of these areas.

**Post Construction Drainage.** All runoff from impervious surfaces such as roofs, driveways, parking lots, walks, patios, decks, etc., shall be collected and conveyed through an appropriate filtration mechanism (e.g. vegetated and/or gravel filter strips or other media device). The drainage plan shall identify the specific type, design, and location of all drainage infrastructure necessary to ensure that post construction drainage from the project does not result in erosion, sedimentation, or the degradation of coastal water quality. The capacity of filtration and treatment features shall be adequate to effectively remove sediments and pollutants during an 85<sup>th</sup> percentile runoff event. In areas where rocks or other energy dissipation structure are needed, the drainage plan shall include detailed plans that limit the size and footprint of such structure to the minimum necessary to achieve effective erosion control. The applicant/landowner or successor-in-interest shall be responsible for implementing and maintaining drainage and erosion control measures and facilities for the life of the project. This shall include performing annual inspections, and conducting all necessary clean-outs, immediately prior to the rainy season (beginning October 1), and as otherwise necessary to maintain the proper functioning of the approved drainage system. Should repairs or restoration become necessary, prior to the commencement of such repair or restoration work, the applicant/landowner or successor-in-interest shall submit a repair and restoration plan to the Executive Director to determine if an amendment or new Coastal Development Permit is required to authorize such work.

The permittee shall undertake development in accordance with the approved final plans. Any proposed changes to the approved final plans shall be reported to the Executive Director. No changes to the approved final plans shall occur without a Commission amendment to this coastal development permit unless the Executive Director determines that no amendment is required.

**4. Final Landscape Plan.** PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF THE PERMIT, the applicant shall submit, for Executive Director review and approval a final landscape plan. The final landscape plan shall clearly indicate that landscaping shall use non-invasive and drought tolerant plant species. Drip irrigation is required for new landscaping. Invasive, non-native (e.g., ice plant and Pampas Grass) and water intensive (e.g. turf grass) landscaping shall be prohibited on the entire site.

**5. Archaeology.** PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF THE COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT, the applicant shall submit an archaeological mitigation and monitoring plan prepared by a qualified subsurface archaeologist, for review and approval of the Executive Director. The plan shall include a



description of monitoring methods, frequency of monitoring, procedures for halting work on the site and a description of reporting procedures that will be implemented during ground disturbing activities to ensure that cultural resources are not disturbed. This shall include a list of the personnel involved in the monitoring activities and their qualifications, and shall include qualified local Native Americans as project monitors.

**DURING ALL GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES**, the applicant shall retain a qualified archaeologist, approved by the Executive Director, to monitor all earth disturbing activities per the approved monitoring plan. The applicant shall also include qualified local Native Americans as project monitors. If an area of cultural deposits is discovered during the course of the project, all construction shall cease in the vicinity of the resource, and a new plan shall be submitted that avoids such resources that shall be submitted for the review and approval of the Executive Director.

**PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION**, the archaeological monitor shall conduct a brief training session with construction personnel discussing the cultural sensitivity of the area and the protocol for discovery of cultural resources during construction. The archaeological monitor shall also inform all qualified local Native Americans of the timing of construction and their opportunity to participate in construction monitoring.

**6. County Conditions.** Except for Conditions 1, 2, 7, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, and 22 all conditions of San Luis Obispo County's approval of the Project become conditions of this permit. All conditions of San Luis Obispo County's approval pursuant to planning authority other than the Coastal Act continue to apply.

## **Recommended Findings and Declarations**

The Commission finds and declares as follows:

### **3. Project Background**

The San Luis Obispo County Planning Commission approved the proposed project on January 17, 2002. The Concerned Citizens of Los Osos appealed the project to the County Board of Supervisors. The San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors approved the proposed project subject to 22 conditions on March 4, 2003. The Concerned Citizens of Los Osos appealed this action to the Commission on March 28, 2003. On May 8, 2003 in Monterey, the Commission held a substantial issue hearing on the project and found that the appeal raised a substantial issue in terms of the projects consistency with the San Luis Obispo County LCP. As a result, the Commission took jurisdiction over the coastal development permit (CDP) for the project.



## 4. Project Description

The project is located in the commercial area of Baywood Village of Los Osos in San Luis Obispo County. The project site includes four parcels totaling approximately 1.5 acres (65,135 s.f.). The subject property contains the existing Baywood Inn, a separate restaurant, two parking lots, and a large undeveloped area on the northern and eastern portions of the site (see Exhibit 3). This undeveloped area along Third Street contains a large mounded leach field system for the existing Baywood Inn. The developed areas of the property are landscaped with non-native ornamental plants species including grass lawn, groundcover, trees and assorted shrubs.

The project site is located in a LCP designated "Special Community" due its unique community character and visitor-serving orientation towards the environmental resources of the estuary and peninsula. The area is characterized by its small-scale low-density nature consistent with the topography and vegetation of the area. The shoreline of the Morro Bay Estuary is located directly across the street, approximately 100 feet from the nearest property boundary. The adjacent property to the south not included in this project is undeveloped, and according to the Biological Assessment (Morro Group, June 15, 2001), contains areas of mature coastal scrub habitat.

The applicant proposes to develop a two-phased project. Phase I consists of adding 8 new guest rooms (3,837 s.f.) to the existing Baywood Inn, and a new 10 unit hotel building (7,345 s.f.) to be called the Baywood Village Inn. Phase II consists of two new hotel buildings to be called the Baywood Lodge. Building One will include 6 new guest rooms (3,472 s.f.), and Building Two will include 16 new guest rooms (7,940 s.f.). The applicant proposed an outdoor amphitheater as part of the original submittal, but this portion of the project was omitted during the Planning Commission hearing due to neighbors concerns over noise, outdoor lighting, and other issues.

## 5. Coastal Development Permit Determination

### A. Public Services

#### 1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions

As required by Public Works Policy 1, all new development must demonstrate that there are sufficient public service capacities to serve the development:

***Public Works Policy 1: Availability of Service Capacity***

*New development (including divisions of land) shall demonstrate that adequate public or private service capacities are available to serve the proposed development. Priority shall be given to infilling within existing subdivided areas. Prior to permitting all new development, a finding shall be made that there are sufficient services to serve the proposed development given the already outstanding commitment to existing lots within the urban service line for which services will be needed consistent with the Resource Management System where applicable...*





This policy is implemented by CZLUO 23.04.430:

***CZLUO Section 23.04.430 - Availability of Water Supply and Sewage Disposal Services***

*a. A land use permit for development to be located between the urban services line and urban reserve line shall not be approved unless the approval body first finds that the capacities of available water supply and sewage disposal services are sufficient to accommodate both existing development, and allowed development on presently-vacant parcels with the urban serves line.*

## **2. Consistency Analysis**

The LCP requires that new development be environmentally-sustainable, both in terms of available infrastructure and in terms of potential impacts to environmental resources such as groundwater. Public Works Policy 1 requires that there are "sufficient services to serve the proposed development given the already outstanding commitment to existing lots within the urban service line" prior to permitting all new development. This policy is implemented by section 23.04.430 of the Coastal Zone Land Use Ordinance (CZLUO).

Groundwater contamination and saltwater intrusion due to over-drafting has strained the Los Osos groundwater basin for decades. This is well documented and has been discussed at length in the 2001 Periodic Review. In January 1988, the Regional Water Quality Board imposed a septic tank discharge moratorium due to water quality degradation of the Bay and the groundwater basin from septic disposal. A prohibition zone has been established where expansions of existing buildings and new residential construction has been halted until the County provides a solution to the water degradation problem.

Projects in Los Osos within the prohibition area (as is the case here) are limited to replacement of existing discharges. In this case, the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) has allowed the removal of the existing restaurant at the Baywood Inn to be replaced with 19 additional motel units. According to the RWQCB, wastewater discharge from the proposed 19 additional motel units (estimated at 1140 gallons per day) is of comparable quantity and pollutant concentration to that historically discharged by the restaurant. See letters from the RWQCB dated July 11, 2001 and April 30, 2003 in Exhibit #6 of this report.

Basically, there are two ways to in which to calculate water use and sewage flow rates: 1) Theoretical; and 2) Actual. Using the theoretical approach, calculations are performed based on waste discharge information from a variety of sources. These may include, but are not limited to, design manuals, estimates from similar projects, and the Uniform Plumbing Code. A second, more accurate approach would be to calculate actual water use and sewage flow based on water bills and meter readings. The applicant did provide a theoretical calculation using the "Estimated Waste/Sewage Flow Rates" of the Uniform Plumbing Code – appendix K in support of the proposed waste credit exchange. In this case, however, the RWQCB required the applicant to provide a more realistic calculation based on actual water supply bills and use rates. Using actual data to determine the amount of restaurant water use, the RWQCB concurred that the total waste/sewage flow rate per day generated by the restaurant is



approximately 1,614 gallons (see Exhibits #5 and #6 for calculations and RWQCB concurrence letters). Given the wide range of variables associated with this type of evaluation, staff recognizes that these methods may not provide an exact sewage flow figure. However, the calculations and conclusions provided appear reasonable based on the data provided.

### **Sewer**

The proposed project was approved in two phases by San Luis Obispo County; Phase I commencing initially and Phase II taking place when that portion of the project can be connected to a community sewer system (County Condition #1(b), Exhibit 4). Aside from the fact that this phased development scheme is the only manner that the project as a whole could be considered due to the current sewer moratorium, a secondary reason for this phasing scheme is that phase two expansion will take place directly on top of the area onsite that currently contains the motel's septic system and leach lines. It is only when a community sewer system comes online that this second phase could even be considered due to the fact that it would require covering up the existing septic system with structural development.

Even though Phase II development can only occur once a community sewer system is in place, the phasing scheme approved by the County raises some significant public service capacity concerns. First, it is uncertain if, and when, a community sewer system will be online. As discussed in preceding paragraphs, there has been over 20 years of community discussion surrounding substandard septic systems and adverse impacts to the quality of groundwater. The need for a new sewage treatment plant has long been debated in Los Osos. While progress has been made recently to site and design a community sewage treatment plant, the details of future design, location, capacity, and schedules of service remain uncertain. However, when the sewer system comes online the applicant may apply for an amendment to this permit for the additional units. The Commission does not however include any implied approval of those units in this action. When and if such an amendment is submitted, it will be reviewed under the applicable regulations at that time.

Secondly, circumstances may change affecting the way in which the proposed future Phase II project would be analyzed. In the amount of time it takes to resolve the technical issues surrounding the future communitywide sewer system, a number of changed circumstances may occur. Changed circumstances can include a change in statewide resource policies, new knowledge about environmental threats, or newly listed endangered species in Los Osos, such as occurred in 1994 when the endangered Morro shoulderband snail (*Helminthoglypta walkeriana*) was federally listed. Changed circumstances such as this would drastically affect the way in which new development projects in the area would be evaluated.

### **Water Supply**

In addition to the issues surrounding community sewer capacities, concerns are also raised surrounding the additional water demands created by the Phase II development. Phase II development will require more water than is currently used in order to supply 22 additional guest units. This is problematic due to the uncertainty surrounding the safe yield of the Los Osos groundwater basin. According to the Periodic Review of 2001, the newly formed Los Osos CSD published a baseline report for the groundwater basin in August of 2000 that concluded inflows and outflows to the basin were roughly equal. Specific conclusions about the safe yield of the basin have not yet been completed. In terms of this coastal



development permit analysis, the increase in water use associated with Phase II development, and the significant outstanding concerns regarding the adequacy of water supplies in Los Osos, raise issues regarding the project's consistency with LCP Public Works Policy 1.

### **3. Public Services Conclusion**

Given the uncertainty surrounding existing and future public service capacities, the emergence of new technical data, and the potential for changing environmental resource constraints in Los Osos, it is appropriate to take a precautionary approach and not approve Phase II development at this time. By prohibiting Phase II development (see Special Condition 1), the project will not rely on speculative public service capacities or water availability and will thereby avoid potential adverse impacts to coastal resources in the future. Only with this condition can the Commission approve the project consistent with the Public Works policies of the LCP.

## **B. Visual Resources and Community Character**

### **1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions**

The project site is located in an LCP designated "Special Community due to its unique character. The following LCP policies apply:

***Policy 1 - Protection of Visual and Scenic Resources:** Unique and attractive features of the landscape, including but not limited to unusual landforms, scenic vistas and sensitive habitats are to be preserved protected, and in visually degraded areas restored where feasible. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD.]*

***Policy 2 – Site Selection for New Development:** Permitted development shall be sited so as to protect views to and along the ocean and scenic coastal areas. Wherever possible, site selection for new development is to emphasize locations not visible from major public view corridors. In particular, new development should utilize slope created pockets to shield development and minimize visual intrusion. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD.]*

***Policy 6 – Special Communities and Small-Scale Neighborhoods:** Within urbanized areas defined as small-scale neighborhoods or special communities, new development shall be designed and sited to compliment and be visually compatible with existing characteristics of the community which may include concerns for the scale of new structures, compatibility with unique or distinguished architectural historical style, or natural features that add to the overall attractiveness of the community. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD AND PUSUANT TO CHAPTER 23.11 (DEFINITIONS) OF THE CZLUO.]*

### **2. Consistency Analysis**

The project is located in an LCP designated "Special Community" due to its unique character and orientation towards the special resources of the shoreline. In particular, Special communities are characterized in the LCP as being small-scale low-intensity development that is compatible with the



surroundings. Development must minimize landform alterations, be compatible with existing development in the area and, where feasible, restore and enhance visual quality in degraded areas. The Baywood Park area is unique in that it is highly scenic and development is geared toward the enjoyment of the habitat. Development as it exists today is nestled within a protected wetland setting. The outstanding visual qualities of the area dominate the setting, and pedestrian friendly access to the shoreline define the special community.

Small residential structures surround the commercial center where the project is proposed. The commercial center itself is not a bustling commercial district as one may imagine. The small artisan shops, eateries, coffee shops, and overnight lodging facilities that do exist here compliment the special coastal resources. A good example of this can be found in the area directly across the street from the project site, where one can enjoy a cup of coffee at the local coffee shop and observe visitors launching canoes, kayaks, and small vessels from the Baywood Pier launch into the waters of the adjacent estuary.

The proposed project does include elements consistent with the character of the community. As a whole, the development is clustered around a central location and breaks the guest units up into separate, moderately sized buildings. However, the component of this project that raises most concern with respect to community compatibility is the 8-unit expansion of the existing Baywood Inn. At 9,721 square feet, it is currently significantly larger than any other nearby development. In fact, even after the motel project across the street was expanded, it remains smaller in size and scale than the existing Baywood Inn. Should the existing Baywood Inn building be expanded, it would be approximately 13,558 square feet and clearly the largest in the area. A passerby would see a two-story structure spanning the entire 240-foot width of this parcel from corner to corner. It is also important to note that this calculation does not include an additional 10 unit building proposed (Baywood Village Inn), nor does it include the Phase II expansion which would consist of an additional 22 units in two buildings. Approval of this project, especially the 8-unit expansion of the Baywood Inn, is inconsistent with the size, scale, and massing of existing development in Baywood.

The issue of community character in Baywood Park is not new to the Commission. The issue was brought up in 1994, when the Commission approved a modest expansion to the existing Back Bay Inn. The Back Bay Inn, which is located directly across Second Street from this project site, received a coastal permit to expand from roughly 4,000 square feet to 7,000 square feet. The Back Bay Inn expanded to a total of 14 units in the first phase and still awaits an expansion of an additional 9 units, making a grand total of 23 units after two phases. The motel expansion was found to be consistent with the character of the special community. A comparison of these to two similar projects shows that the proposed development, especially the Baywood Inn expansion, has not been designed to be visually compatible with existing characteristics of the community.

The "feel" of a community is another component of community character that goes beyond simple height and setback requirements. The area of Baywood is unique in this respect. As described, the project site is located adjacent to Second Street and El Morro Ave. This parcel is located at a critical transition point for travelers along the shoreline. While traveling north towards the intersection of Second Street and El Morro Avenue the area is dominated by small-scale residential structures, then transitions into the small commercial area as one bends around the peninsula. Traveling in this



direction, views of the estuary to the west and a large tree canopy above create the sense of a special community subordinate to its natural topography and surrounding vegetation.

With respect to this issue, the siting and orientation of structures is another important consideration. Again, it is only the 8-unit expansion of the Baywood Inn that compromises the visual resources along the shoreline. The last residential structure you see before entering the small business area is the historic "Otto" house constructed in the 1920's that still belongs to the founding developer of Baywood Park. From this direction, the expanded motel section will encroach into the line of sight of travelers along the shoreline, breaking up a pleasant transition between Baywood residences and the small business center. The appellant has provided a computer simulation of what the new expansion would look like in this area (See Exhibit 12). While the accuracy of this image may not be precise, it does allow one to imagine the impacts of a large two-story structure within 100 feet of the shoreline. The expanded development would add 8 units totaling 3,837 square feet to the existing structure. This equates to approximately 100 linear feet of new structure oriented toward the shoreline. While some of this development would be screened by existing vegetation, large portions on the southwest end would encroach into this important "transition zone." Inconsistent with the LCP, this development will intrude into the view corridor and does not appear to be sited in a manner that compliments and is visually compatible with existing characteristics of the community.

### **3. Visual Resource and Community Character Conclusion**

The proposed project is located within the LCP designated "Special Community" of Baywood Park. Despite the County finding that the project is consistent with the LCP, elements of the project do not meet any of the special community character policies described above that would allow an expansion of great magnitude in this area. While the County approved project is consistent with general height and setback requirements of the LCP, the projects lack of consistency with the size, bulk, scale, and overall character of the community. This is especially true with the expansion of the existing Baywood Inn.

LCP visual resource and community character policies require that development be visually compatible and integrated with the character of the surrounding area. Some portions of the Phase I development, namely the Baywood Village Inn – building A, can be found in character with surrounding neighborhood due to its moderate size and the fact that it is designed as a stand alone building clustered around a central development. In contrast, other portions of the project such as the expansion of the existing Baywood Inn cannot be found consistent with the LCP. Expansion of this existing building would result in a structure distinctly different than the existing size, scale, and design of surrounding commercial development. In addition, the expansion of the existing Baywood Inn would project a large structure into an important visual "transition zone" as one travels the shoreline between the small residences of Baywood and the commercial area. As such, the Commission finds that the project, as proposed, is not consistent with the LCP's visual resource and community character cited in this finding.

In order to find the project consistent with the LCP's visual and community character resource policies, the project must be modified. Thus, Special Condition 2 requires revised project plans that prohibit the 8-unit expansion to occur in this site location. The condition does allow the 8 units to be located



elsewhere on the site. Only with this condition can the project be approved consistent with the Visual Resource and Community Character policies of the LCP.

Finally, prohibiting development from this site location will also help address the parking issues cited later this report (see Access discussion on page 17). Based on the plans submitted by the applicant it appears that approximately 6-8 parking spaces currently exist at this location. Consistent with the LCP, not removing these parking spaces will allow the project to better accommodate vehicles onsite (see also Special Condition 2).

## C. Public Access and Recreation

### 1. LCP Parking Policies

The proposed project raises coastal access issues due to the fact that the subject parcel is uniquely situated adjacent to popular public access destinations and has the potential to conflict with existing users. Central to this discussion is the manner in which parking is handled for the new project. Hotels and motels are subject to LCP standards that require onsite parking as set forth by Section 23.04.166c(9) and shown in the table below.

Use	Parking Required
Hotels & Motels	2 spaces, plus 1 space per unit, plus 1 space per ten units = 39 spaces

### 2. Consistency Analysis

The subject parcel is located adjacent to the shoreline and in the commercial area of Baywood Village. This small commercial area consists of restaurants, a variety of shops, and overnight lodging accommodations. The subject parcel lies at the intersection of two public roads El Morro Avenue and Second Street, which converge adjacent to the Morro Bay shoreline. Second Street is already used as a parking facility for area businesses and coastal visitors alike. While pedestrian access to the shoreline will not be directly impacted by this project, the parking arrangement proposed for the motel expansion raises some significant access issues.

As required by the LCP, the total required parking for Phase I development is 39 onsite spaces.<sup>1</sup> The applicant has proposed to modify the parking standards by providing 28 onsite spaces and 11 spaces off-site. The off-site parking spaces would be accommodated on the streets adjacent to the motel buildings (Second and Third Streets). With an increased intensity of use due to an increase in the number of guest units, the motel expansion will add to the level of community parking needed. A review of 1995 Commission findings made for the Back Bay Inn expansion project, located directly across the street, indicated that parking along Second Street is already limited due to the fact that this street is already

<sup>1</sup> This analysis assumes that only Phase One development is allowed to occur at this time.



operating at or near parking capacity.<sup>2</sup> If adequate parking is not provided in this already impacted area, it will diminish the public's ability to access the Morro Bay shoreline as well as the other amenities that the commercial area provides.

In this case, it is important to analyze the type of development proposed as well as the type of use that will be created through the new development. If the use proposed were a retail store or eatery, for example, shared and on-street parking would make good sense in that one could assume a "spillover" effect as patrons visit their planned destination then make use of the wide spectrum of services and access opportunities provided in the area. In fact, the Mare Blue Restaurant that currently exists onsite benefits from 7 on-street parking spaces. In contrast, the new motel use, by its very nature, will require parking to be provided onsite. One can assume that each visitor will visit the area in an automobile, and will necessarily want a parking space provided onsite. This is a parking space that could not be shared or accommodated elsewhere within the commercial district. In this context, it does not seem appropriate to allow the LCP parking standards to be waived.

Feasible on-site parking alternatives exist. As discussed earlier, the site contains two existing parking areas totaling 28 spaces. It would be possible to meet the LCP required parking requirements by simply adding spaces to the existing lots. Because this permit does not allow the Phase II expansion at this time, it is possible to use some of this space to accommodate Phase I parking requirements. A second alternative would be to relocate the Baywood Inn expansion element and use this space for parking (which already exists). Site plans show this 8-unit expansion to add approximately 3,837 square feet of structure. 11 additional parking spaces would require approximately 3,000 square feet of space. Both of these alternatives would allow an expansion of guest units and still accommodate all LCP parking standards.

In discussions with Commission staff, the applicant indicated that he had designed the project to meet the guidelines proposed in the draft Estero Plan Update for the Baywood Commercial Area. The draft Estero Update calls for shared parking as well as on-street parking in the commercial area. At this time the draft Estero Update has not been certified and is therefore not the standard of review. However, the phasing element of this project does provide additional opportunities to gather more information about parking and user conflicts as it relates to this overall project. Should the applicant intensify use at a later date (Phase II) and wish to modify the parking requirements again by requesting on-street parking, staff is recommending that the applicant conduct a study of existing parking and user conflicts prior to Phase II application. While not a guarantee of approval, it is possible that the results of the study will show that waiving Phase II onsite-parking requirements is appropriate.

### **3. Public Access and Recreation Conclusion**

As described above, the lack of parking spaces provided for the new project will lead to access and user conflicts in the Baywood area. Special Condition 2 of this permit therefore requires that all parking spaces required by CZLUO Section 23.04.166c(9) be accommodated onsite. Specifically, Special Condition 2 requires that eleven (11) additional parking spaces be provided onsite. With this condition

---

<sup>2</sup> A-3-SLO-94-051





the project will be consistent with the LCP parking standards, will not create user conflicts in the area, and most importantly will not interfere with the public's ability to access coastal resources.

## **D. Water Quality**

### **1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions**

#### ***Coastal Watershed Policy 1: Preservation of Groundwater Basin***

*The long-term integrity of groundwater basins within the coastal zone shall be protected. The safe yield of the groundwater basin, including return and retained water, shall not be exceeded except as part of a conjunctive use or resource management program which assures that the biological productivity of aquatic habitats are not significantly adversely impacted. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD.]*

#### ***Coastal Watershed Policy 2: Water Extractions***

*Extractions, impoundments and other water resource developments shall obtain all necessary county and/or state permits. All pertinent information on these uses (including water conservation opportunities and impacts on in-stream beneficial uses) will be incorporated into the database for the Resource Management System and shall be supplemented by all available private and public water resources studies available. Groundwater levels and surface flows shall be maintained to ensure that the quality of coastal waters, wetlands and streams is sufficient to provide for the optimum populations of marine organisms, and for the protection of human health. (Public works projects are discussed separately.) [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD.]*

#### ***Coastal Watershed Policy 8: Timing of Construction and Grading***

*Land clearing and grading shall be avoided during the rainy season if there is a potential for serious erosion and sedimentation problems. All slope and erosion control measures should be in place before the start of the rainy season. Soil exposure should be kept to the smallest area and the shortest feasible period. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD AND PUSUANT TO SECTION 23.05.036 OF THE CZLUO.]*

#### ***Coastal Watersheds Policy 9: Techniques for Minimizing Sedimentation***

*Appropriate control measures (such as sediment basins, terracing, hydro-mulching, etc.) shall be used to minimize erosion and sedimentation. Measures should be used from the start of site preparation. Selection of appropriate control measures shall be based on evaluation of the development's design, site conditions, predevelopment erosion rates, environmental sensitivity of the adjacent areas and also consider costs of on-going maintenance. A site specific erosion control plan shall be prepared by a qualified soil scientist or other qualified professional. To the extent feasible, non-structural erosion techniques, including the use of native species of plants, shall be preferred to control run-off and reduce increased sedimentation. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD AND PUSUANT TO SECTION 23.05.036 OF THE CZLUO.]*





***Coastal Watersheds Policy 10: Drainage Provision***

*Site design shall ensure THAT drainage does not increase erosion. This may be achieved either through on-site drainage retention, or conveyance to storm drains or suitable watercourses. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD AND PUSUANT TO SECTION 23.05.034 OF THE CZLUO.]*

**2. Consistency Analysis****Ground Water Quality**

As previously discussed, the quality of the Los Osos groundwater basin has been adversely impacted due to substandard septic systems and groundwater overdrafting. As a way of gaining waste discharge credits, the applicant has closed an existing restaurant onsite. According to the RWQCB the quantity and concentration of sewer discharge is comparable to historical levels. The applicant was given an allowance of 19 additional guest units by the RWQCB in exchange for elimination of the existing restaurant. Two (2) of these 19 units were used during a subsequent remodel and prior to this permit request.<sup>3</sup> This would allow the applicant at this time to add an additional 17 guest units. A close look at the plans submitted by the applicant show an additional 18 units to be added in Phase I development (8 unit expansion of Baywood Inn + 10 unit new Baywood Village Inn). Inconsistent with the RWQCB concurrence letter and the LCP, the project as proposed exceeds the allowable number of units by one (1). Adding an additional motel unit has to the potential to impact ground water through additional quantities and concentrations of waste discharge. Thus, the project has been conditioned to eliminate one (1) guest unit (Special Condition 2).

**Surface Water Quality**

To address non-point source pollution from urban development, LCP policies focus on controlling erosion and sedimentation, on managing drainage patterns to reduce erosion and runoff, and on siting development off steeper slopes (Watershed Policies 8, 9, and 10). The County implements these goals by requiring sedimentation or erosion control plans and/or drainage plans (CZLUO Section 23.05.036 and Section 23.05.040).

The project has the potential to have adverse impacts through the proposed alteration of natural drainage patterns, and contributing sediments and pollutants to coastal waters. New development adjacent to and in close proximity (in this case within 100 feet) to the Morro Bay Estuary can impact coastal water quality by discharging debris and pollutants into watercourses, and by causing erosion and sedimentation through the removal of vegetation and the movement of dirt. The increase in impervious surfaces that will result from the project will also impact coastal water quality by altering natural drainage patterns and providing areas where for the accumulation of pollutants that will eventually be carried into coastal waters by storm water.

<sup>3</sup> Minor Use Permit/Coastal Development Permit D010202P, February 15, 2002.



### 3. Drainage and Erosion Control Conclusion

Given the set of circumstances described above, it is important that site drainage be adequately handled to minimize the potential for increased site runoff, heightened erosion, and sedimentation into the nearby Estuary. It is also important that storm flows be directed to a drainage system adequate to handle all site drainage. In this case, capturing, filtering, and conveying site drainage through a mechanized drainage system is most appropriate.

Condition 3, therefore, requires that the applicant submit a final drainage and erosion control plan to ensure that proper measures are taken to collect and direct rainwater and surface runoff to appropriate stormwater drains, without impacting adjoining properties, or the Estuary. Performance standards are included that will ensure that runoff during peak storm events are adequately handled. In addition, specific landscaping criteria have been implemented to avoid soil saturation, minimize intensive water use in sensitive areas, and avoid excessive runoff and erosion into the nearby Estuary (Special Condition 4).

With respect to groundwater contamination, it is important that new volumes and concentrations of sewer discharge do not exceed historical uses. Therefore, Special Condition #2 requires Phase I development not to exceed 17 new units. With these conditions, the project complies with all applicable LCP drainage and water quality protection provisions. As such, and only as conditioned, the Commission approves the project and finds it consistent with the San Luis Obispo Certified LCP.

## E. Archaeology

### 1. Relevant Local Coastal Program Provisions

The following LCP Policies apply:

***Policy 1: Protection of Archaeological Resources.*** *The County shall provide for the protection of both known and potential archaeological resources. All available measures, including purchase, tax relief, purchase of development rights, etc., shall be explored at the time of a development proposal to avoid development on important archaeological sites. Where measures are not feasible and development will adversely affect identified archaeological or paleontological resources, adequate mitigation shall be required. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS A STANDARD.]*

***Policy 4: Preliminary Site Surveys for Development within Archaeologically Sensitive Areas.*** *Development shall require a preliminary site survey by a qualified archaeologist knowledgeable in Chumash culture prior to a determination of the potential environmental impacts of the project. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 23.07.106 OF THE CZLUO]*

***Policy 6: Archaeological Resources Discovered during Construction or through Other Activities.*** *Where substantial archaeological resources are discovered during construction of*



*new development, or through non-permit related activities (such as repair and maintenance of public works projects) all activities shall cease until a qualified archaeologist knowledgeable in the Chumash culture can determine the significance of the resource and submit alternative mitigation measures. [THIS POLICY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 23.05.140 AND 23.07.106 OF THE CZLUO.]*

## **2. Consistency Analysis**

Archaeology Policies 1, 4, and 6 require surveys within designated archaeologically sensitive areas, protection of any resources that were identified, and protection of resources discovered during construction.

The project site is within a LCP designated Archaeological Sensitive (AS) combining designation. A surface survey was performed (Cultural Resource Management Services; August 2001) as part of the applicant's Initial Study. According to the study, no resources were identified within the proposed project site. However according to the County staff report there are several recorded sites in the immediate area.

## **3. Archaeology Conclusion**

Because of the known presence of significant archaeological resources in the vicinity of the project site, particular care must be exercised during construction of the project to avoid impacts to such resources. Special Condition 5 therefore requires the permittee to develop an archaeological monitoring and mitigation report. The condition requires monitoring during construction to ensure that no archaeological resources, cultural resources, or burials are disturbed during construction. Qualified local Native Americans must also be provided with the opportunity to participate in the construction monitoring, to ensure that the disturbance of such areas is effectively avoided. Only with these conditions will the project protect sensitive archaeological resources consistent with the LCP.

## **6. California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)**

Section 13096 of the California Code of Regulations requires that a specific finding be made in conjunction with coastal development permit applications showing the application to be consistent with any applicable requirements of CEQA. Section 21080.5(d)(2)(A) of CEQA prohibits a proposed development from being approved if there are feasible alternatives or feasible mitigation measures available which would substantially lessen any significant adverse effect which the activity may have on the environment.

The Coastal Commission's review and analysis of land use proposals has been certified by the Secretary of Resources as being the functional equivalent of environmental review under CEQA. This staff report has analyzed the environmental impacts posed by the project and identified changes to the project that are necessary to reduce such impact to an insignificant level. Based on these findings, which are incorporated by reference as if set forth herein in full, the Commission finds that only as modified and conditioned by this permit will the proposed project avoid significant adverse effects on the environment within the meaning of CEQA.



# SITE



LOS OSOS

BAYWOOD PARK

LOS OSOS OAKS STATE RESERVE

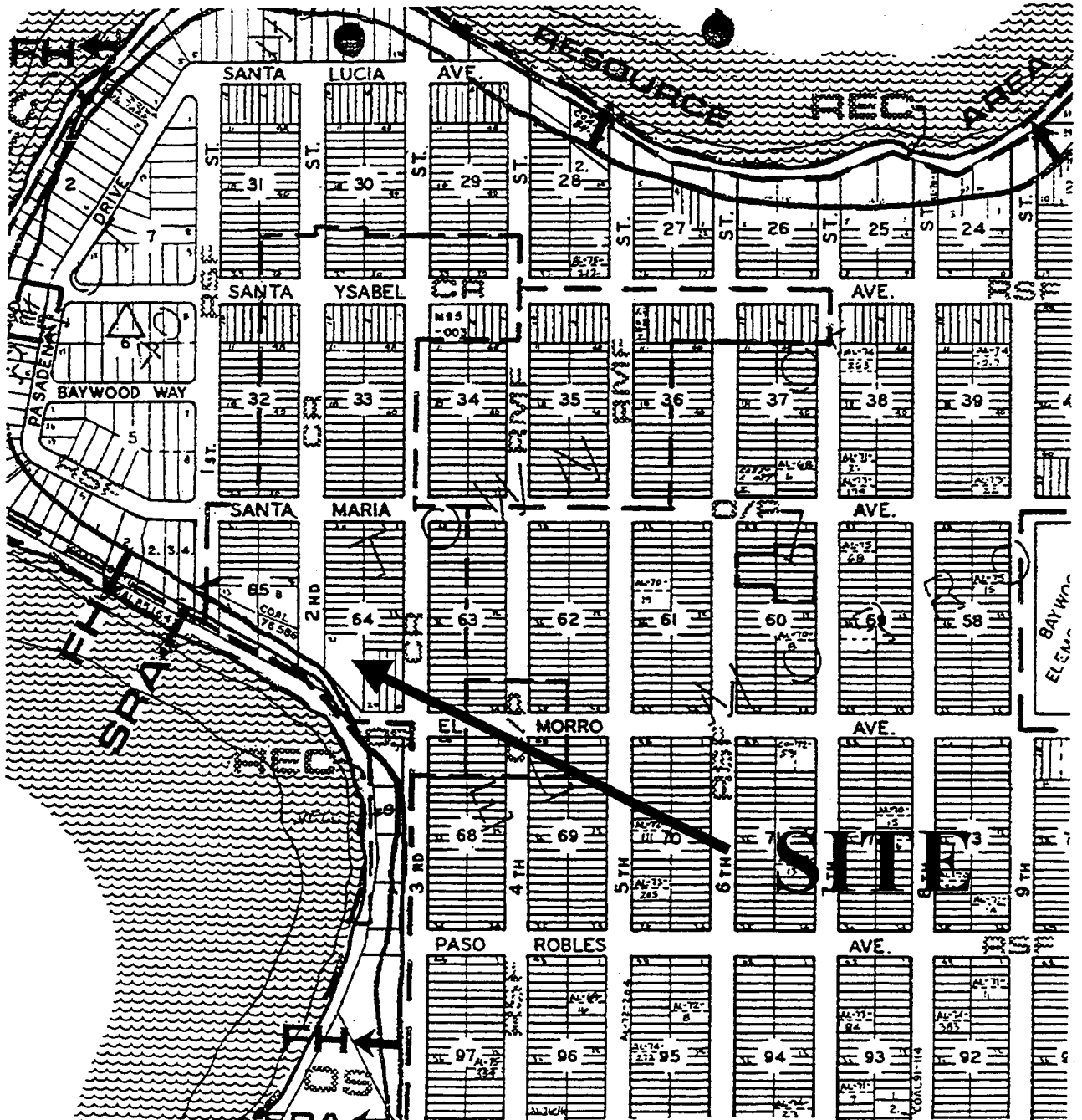
PROJECT

Development Plan  
Baywood Inn D010088D



EXHIBIT

000 Exhibit 1  
(page 1 of 1 pages)



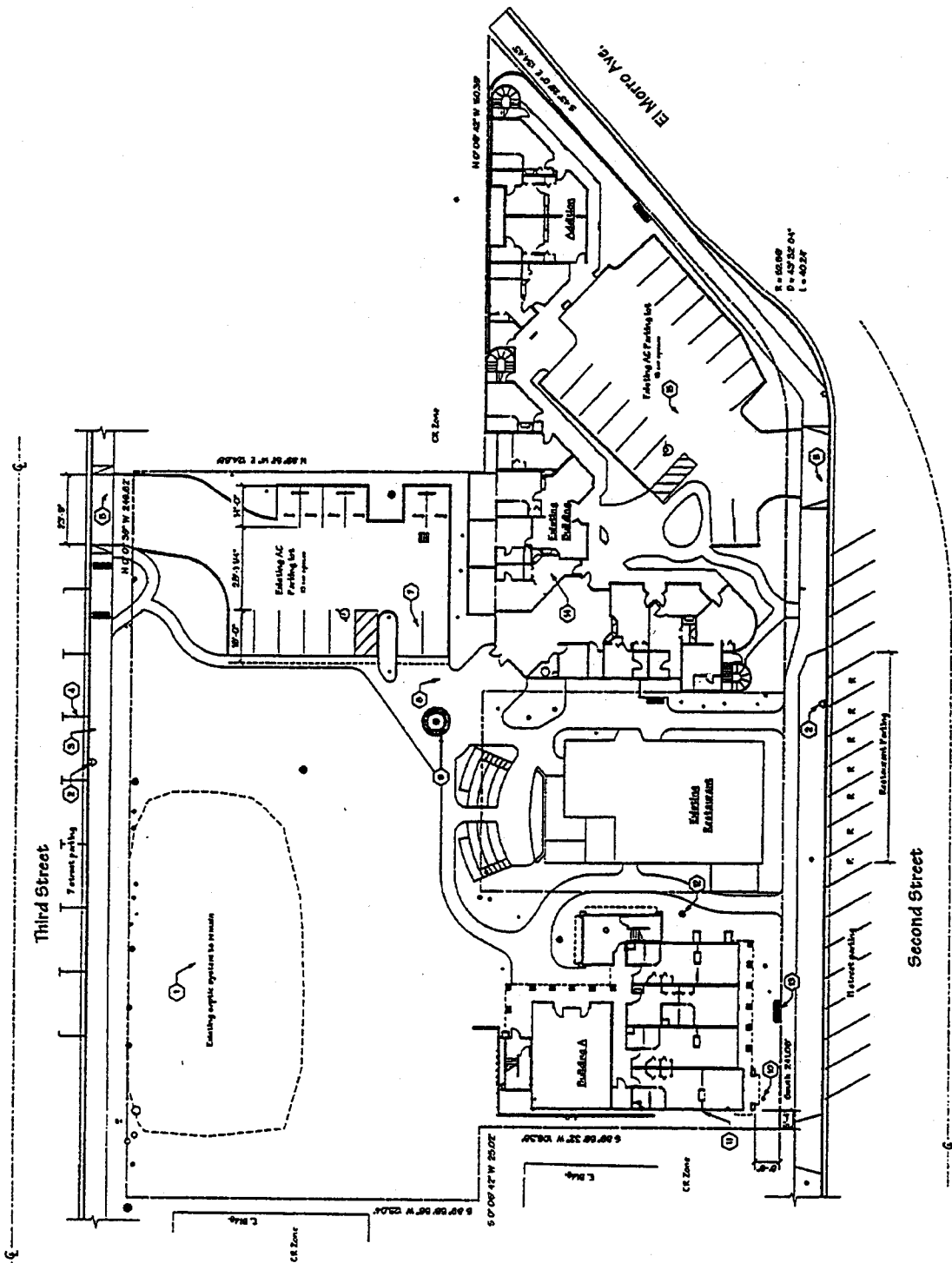
PROJECT

Development Plan  
Baywood Inn D010088D



EXHIBIT

Land Use Category Map



PROJECT

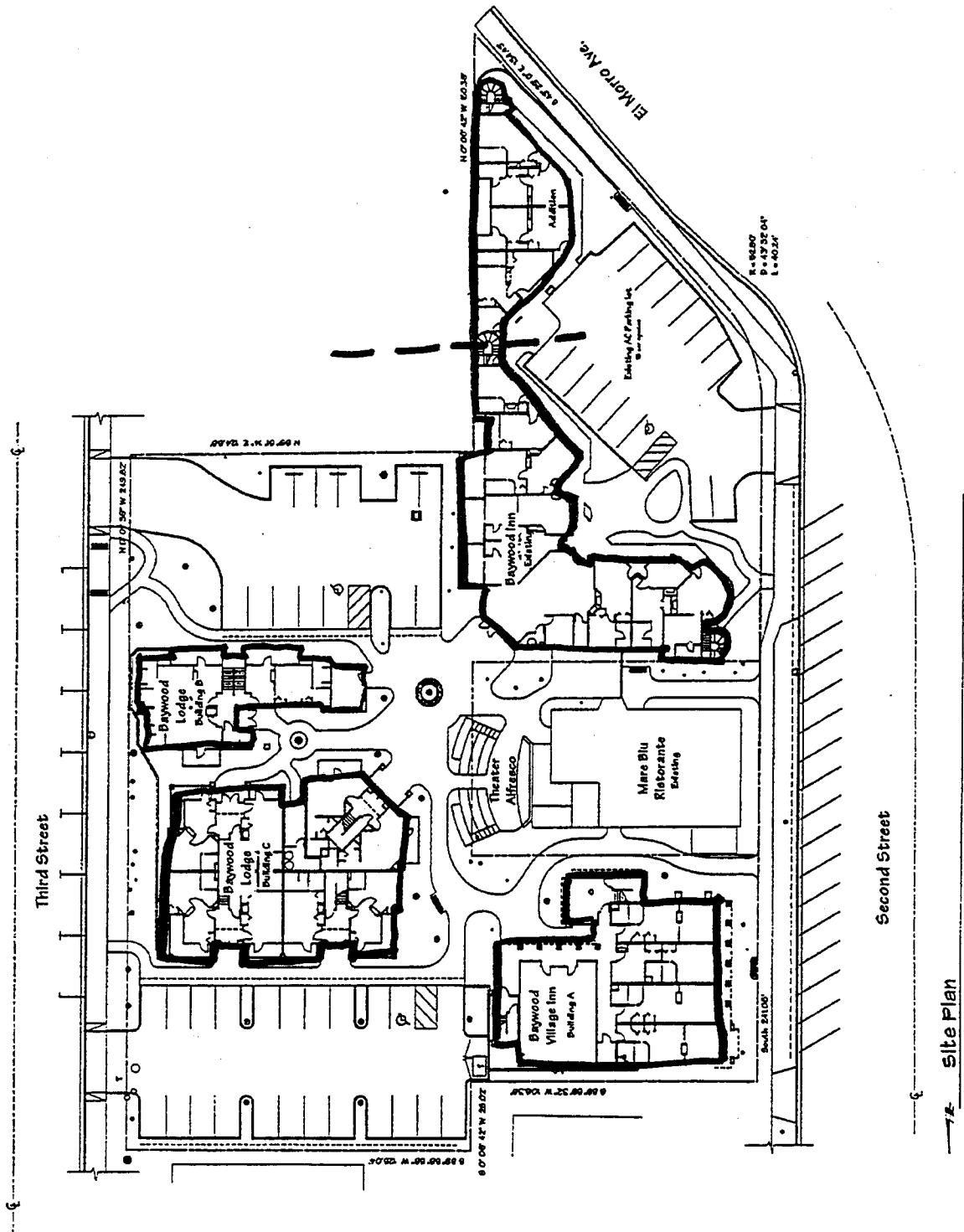
Development Plan  
Baywood Inn D010088D



EXHIBIT

Phase 1

CCC Exhibit 3  
(page 1 of 3 pages)



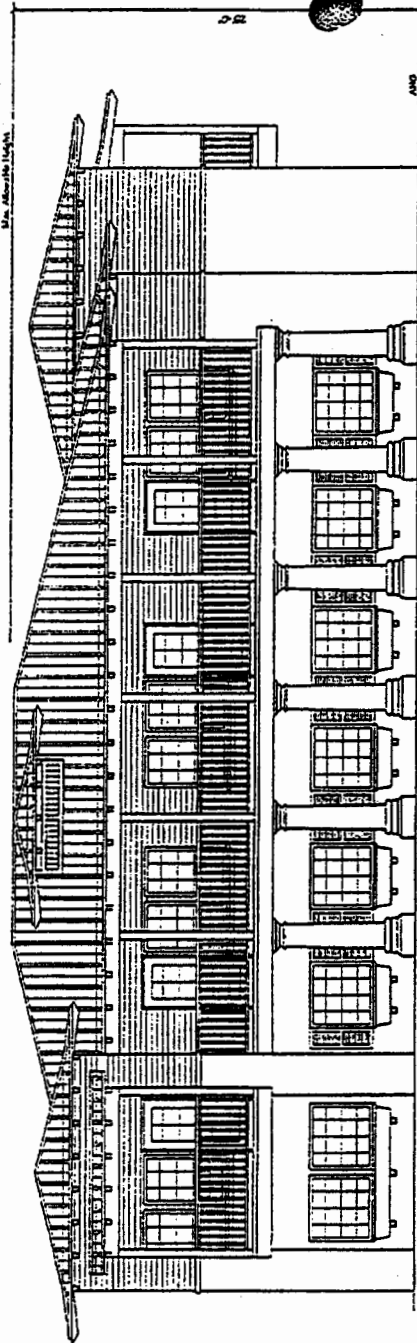
PROJECT

Development Plan  
Baywood Inn D010088D

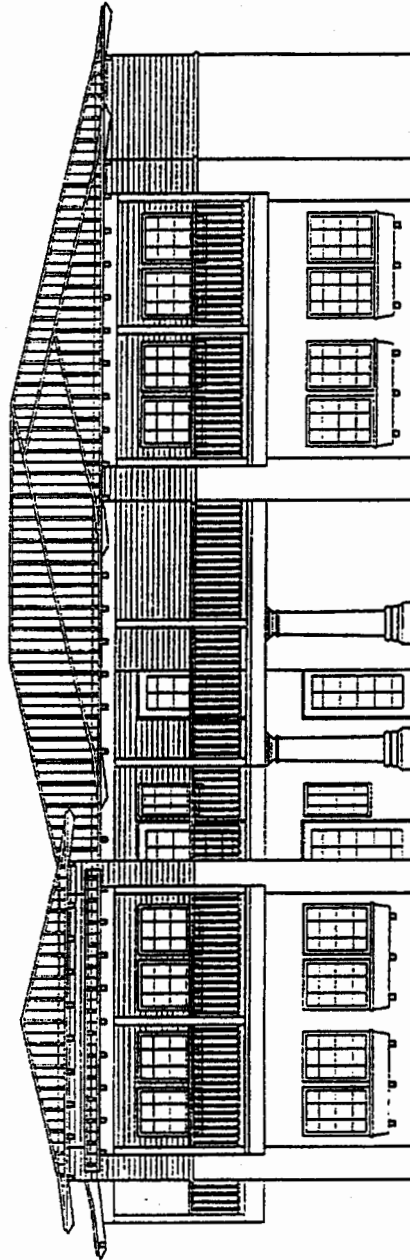


EXHIBIT

Site Plan



Westery Elevation



Easterly Elevation

BLDG. A

PROJECT

Development Plan  
Baywood Inn D010088D



EXHIBIT

East and West Elevations for  
Building A





SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY  
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING

FINAL LOCAL  
ACTION NOTICE

VICTOR HOLANDA, AICP  
DIRECTOR

REFERENCE # 3-SLO-03-092  
APPEAL PERIOD 3/18-4/1/03

NOTICE OF FINAL COUNTY ACTION

HEARING DATE: March 4, 2003

SUBJECT: D010088D

RECEIVED

MAR 17 2003

LOCATED WITHIN COASTAL ZONE: ☒ YES ☐ NO

CALIFORNIA  
COASTAL COMMISSION  
CENTRAL COAST AREA

The above-referenced application was approved on the above-referenced date by the following hearing body:

☒ San Luis Obispo Board of Supervisors

A copy of the findings and conditions is enclosed. The conditions of approval must be completed as set forth in this document.

This action is appealable to the California Coastal Commission pursuant to Coastal Act Section 30603 and the County Coastal Zone Land Use Ordinance 23.01.043. These regulations contain specific time limits to appeal, criteria, and procedures that must be followed to appeal this action. This appeal must be made directly to the California Coastal Commission Office. Contact the Commission's Santa Cruz Office at (408) 427-4863 for further information on appeal procedures. If you have questions regarding your project, please contact your planner, Kerry O'Neill, at (805) 781-5600. If you have any questions regarding these procedures, please contact me at (805) 781-5600.

Sincerely,

CURRENT DEVELOPMENT

CCC Exhibit 4  
(page 1 of 8 pages)

(Planning Department Use only)

Date NOFA original to applicant: 5/11/03

Mailed

Hand-delivered

Date NOFA copy mailed to Coastal Commission: 5/11/03

Enclosed:

☒ Staff Report  
☒ Resolution  
☒ Findings and Conditions

e:\WPDOCS\MUP\BDNOFA.WPD

## EXHIBIT A - FINDINGS

### *Environmental Determination*

- A. The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Mitigated Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq., and CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on October 11, 2002 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address Noise, Cultural Resources, Public Services/Utilities, and Transportation/Circulation are included as conditions of approval.

### *Development Plan*

- B. The proposed project or use is consistent with the San Luis Obispo County General Plan because the use is an allowed use and as conditioned is consistent with all of the General Plan policies.
- C. As conditioned, the proposed project or use satisfies all applicable provisions of Title 23 of the County Code.
- D. The establishment and subsequent operation or conduct of the use will not, because of the circumstances and conditions applied in the particular case, be detrimental to the health, safety or welfare of the general public or persons residing or working in the neighborhood of the use, or be detrimental or injurious to property or improvements in the vicinity of the use because the project does not generate activity that presents a potential threat to the surrounding property and buildings. This project is subject to Ordinance and Building Code requirements designed to address health, safety and welfare concerns.
- E. The proposed project or use will not be inconsistent with the character of the immediate neighborhood or contrary to its orderly development because the project is similar to, and will not conflict with, the surrounding lands and uses.
- F. The proposed project or use will not generate a volume of traffic beyond the safe capacity of all roads providing access to the project, either existing or to be improved with the project because the project is located on a road constructed to a level able to handle any additional traffic associated with the project.

### *Coastal Access*

- G. The project site is located between the first public road and the ocean. The project site is within an urban reserve line (Los Osos) and an existing coastal access point exists within 120 feet of the project site, therefore, the proposed use is in conformity with the public access and recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act.

### *Adjustments*

- H. Modification of parking standards required by Coastal Zone Land Use Ordinance Section 23.04.166, is justified because the characteristics of the use or its immediate vicinity do not necessitate the number of spaces because the project site is located in a Commercial area where uses share parking and reduced parking will be adequate to accommodate on the site all parking needs generated by the use and no traffic

problems will result from the proposed modification of parking standards.

*Archeological Sensitive Area*

- I. The site design and development incorporate adequate measures to ensure that archeological resources will be acceptably and adequately protected because the project has been conditioned to have an archaeologist monitor all earth disturbing activities.

## EXHIBIT B - CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

### Approved Development

1. This approval authorizes a two phased project consisting of the following:
  - a. The first phase consists of a 3,837 square foot hotel addition consisting of 8 new guest rooms to the existing hotel the Baywood Inn, a 7,345 square foot new hotel building (the Baywood Village Inn) consisting of 10 new guest rooms.
  - b. The second phase of the project consists of two new hotel buildings (the Baywood Lodge), one building of 3,472 square feet with 6 guest rooms, the second building of 7940 square feet with 16 guest rooms. This phase of the project will be required to connect to a community-wide sewer system
  - c. This approval also authorizes a modification to the parking requirements.
2. **Prior to issuance of the construction permit**, submit a revised site plan, floor plan, and architectural elevations to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval. The revised plan shall indicate the following and development shall be consistent with this revised and approved plan:
  - a. A front setback (fronting El Moro) of 10 feet.
  - b. A front setback of 10 feet on Second Street and 0 feet on third Street.

### Height and Verification

2. **Prior to setting foundation forms** (and foundation inspection) the applicant's contractor shall call for a "building height point of measure verification" by setting a height point of measure stake and requesting a field verification by a county building inspector. **Maximum height is 25 feet as measured from average natural grade.**

### Fencing, Landscaping, and Lighting

4. **Prior to issuance of building permits**, submit final landscape, irrigation, and landscape maintenance [plans in accordance with Sections 2304.180 through 23.04.186 of the Coastal Zone Land Use Ordinance to the Development review Section of the Planning and Building Department for review and approval. Plans shall include location, species and container size of all proposed plant materials and method of irrigation. All proposed plant materials shall be of a drought tolerant variety and be sized to provide a mature appearance within 3 years of installation. The landscape plan shall include the following:
  - a. Native-type plants as specified by the CZLUO, and a list of all species proposed for planting.
  - b. Parking lot trees in accordance with Section 23.04.168f.
  - c. The location of all existing trees proposed for removal and to remain.
  - d. All oak trees shall be replaced at a 4:1 ratio and other natives at a 2:1 ratio.
  - e. Location and height of all proposed lighting.
  - f. Location and height of all proposed fencing per 23.04.190, including fencing required adjacent to the residential use.
5. Fencing, Landscaping, and Lighting in accordance with the approved landscaping plan shall be reinstalled or bonded for before final building inspection. If bonded for,

landscaping shall be installed within 60 days after final building inspection and thereafter maintained in a viable condition in perpetuity.

6. **At the time of application for construction permits**, the applicant shall provide details on any proposed exterior lighting, if applicable. The details shall include the height, location, and intensity of all exterior lighting. All lighting fixtures shall be shielded so that neither the lamp or the related reflector interior surface is visible from adjacent properties. Light hoods shall be dark colored.

#### Parking

7. **Prior to occupancy or final inspection**, the applicant shall install 51 spaces on-site and 18 spaces off-site (on Second and Third Streets) for a total of 69 spaces. Nine spaces have been waived.

#### Bicycle Racks

8. **Prior to occupancy or final inspection** whichever occurs first, the applicant shall install 7 bicycle racks.

#### Signs

9. All signs shall be consistent with the Los Osos: Commercial Retail Standard 2b sign standards.

#### Utility Lines

10. All utility lines shall be under-grounded from property lines to commercial structures.

#### Fire Safety

11. **Prior to issuance of a construction permit**, the applicant shall provide the County Department of Planning and Building with a fire safety plan approved by the South Bay Fire Department.
12. **Prior to occupancy or final inspection**, which ever occurs first, the applicant shall obtain final inspection and approval from the South Bay Fire Department of all required fire/life safety measures.

#### Services

13. **Prior to issuance of construction permit**, the applicant shall provide a letter from the Los Osos Community Services District stating they are willing and able to service the property.

#### Public Works

14. **Prior to issuance of a construction permit**, the applicant shall comply with all of the requirements of the County Public Works Department, including Best Management Practices concerning storm water runoff.

#### Environmental Mitigation

15. **Prior to issuance of construction permits**, the applicant shall submit a monitoring plan prepared by a subsurface qualified archaeologist, for the review and approval of the Environmental Coordinator.. The monitoring plan shall include:

- a. List of personnel involved in the monitoring activities;

- b. Description of how the monitoring shall occur;
- c. Description of frequency of monitoring (e.g. full-time, part time, spot checking);
- d. Description of what resources are expected to be encountered;
- e. Description of circumstances that would result in the halting of work at the project site (e.g. What is considered "significant" archaeological resources?);
- f. Description of procedures for halting work on the site and notification procedures;
- g. Description of monitoring reporting procedures.

16. **During all ground disturbing construction activities**, the applicant shall retain a qualified archaeologist, approved by the Environmental Coordinator, to monitor all earth disturbing activities, per the approved monitoring plan. If any significant archaeological resources or human remains are found during monitoring, work shall stop within the immediate vicinity (precise area to be determined by the archaeologist in the field) of the resource until such time as the resource can be evaluated by an archaeologist and any other appropriate individuals. The applicant shall implement the mitigations as required by the Environmental Coordinator.

17. **Upon completion of all monitoring/mitigation activities, and prior to occupancy or final inspection, whichever occurs first**, the consulting archaeologist shall submit a report to the Environmental Coordinator summarizing all monitoring/mitigation activities and confirming that all recommended mitigation measures have been met. If the analysis included in the Phase III program is not complete by the time final inspection or occupancy will occur, the applicant shall provide to the Environmental Coordinator, proof of obligation to complete the required analysis.

18. **Prior to issuance of the Building Permit**, the applicant shall submit for the review and approval of the Department of Planning and Building, a drainage and polluted runoff control plan designed by a licensed engineer which minimizes the volume, velocity, and pollutant load of storm water leaving the developed site. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following criteria:

- a. Runoff from all roofs, parking areas, driveways and other impervious surfaces shall be collected and directed through a system of vegetated and/or gravel filter strips or other media devices. The filter elements shall be designed to 1) trap sediment, particulates, and other solids, and 2) remove or mitigate contaminants through infiltration and/or biological uptake. The drainage system shall also be designed to convey and discharge runoff in excess of this standard from the building site in a non-erosive manner.
- b. The plan shall include provisions for maintaining the drainage and infiltration systems so that they are functional throughout the life of the approved development. Such maintenance shall include the following: (1) the drainage and filtration system shall be inspected, cleaned and repaired prior to the onset of the storm season, so later than September 30th each year and (2) should any of the project's surface or subsurface drainage/filtration structures fail or result in increased erosion, the applicant/ landowner or successor-in-interest shall be responsible for any necessary repairs to the drainage/filtration system and restoration of the eroded area. Should repairs or restoration become necessary, prior to the commencement of such repair or restoration work, the applicant shall

submit a repair and restoration plan to the Executive Director (or the Department of Planning and Building) to determine if an amendment or new Coastal Development Permit is required to authorize such work.

**Miscellaneous**

19. Prior to issuance of a construction permit, the applicant shall pay all applicable school and public facilities fees.
20. Prior to occupancy of any structure associated with this approval, the applicant shall contact the Department of Planning and Building to have the site inspected for compliance with the conditions of this approval.
21. This permit is valid for a period of 7 years with the potential for 3 one (1) year time extensions subject to approval.

**Indemnification**

22. The applicant shall as a condition of approval of this minor use permit defend, at his sole expense, any action brought against the County of San Luis Obispo, its present or former officers, agents, or employees, by a third party challenging either its decision to approve this minor use permit or the manner in which the County is interpreting or enforcing the conditions of this minor use permit, or any other action by a third party relating to approval or implementation of this minor use permit. The applicant shall reimburse the County for any court costs and attorney's fees which the County may be required by a court to pay as a result of such action, but such participation shall not relieve the applicant of his obligation under this condition.



# ATTACHMENT B - RESTAURANT SEPTIC FLOW, 11/1/95 TO 1/5/96

1. County Service Area 9A, Water Bill, 1370 2nd St, 11/1/95 to 1/5/96 is 2913 GPD Water Usage

COUNTY SERVICE AREA #9A  
943 EL MORO  
LOS OSOS, CALIFORNIA 93402  
PHONE 528 1455

BILLING PERIOD						CUSTOMER NUMBER
MO	DAY	YR	MO	DAY	YR	
11	01	95	01	05	96	001-00246-01
METER READINGS AND CONSUMPTION ARE SHOWN IN HUNDRED CUBIC FEET						SEE REVERSE SIDE
METER		CURRENT		CONSUMED		
2		7291		7548		257
CONSUMPTION LAST YEAR						32050
THIS TIME						238
KEEP THIS PART AS YOUR RECORD						
03		15		96		PAST DUE DATE
						PAY THIS TOTAL
						3 20 50

1370 2ND ST

Water Used = 25,700 Cubic Feet, or (X 7.48) 192,236 gallons

11/1/95 to 1/5/96 = 66 calendar days

192,236 / 66 = 2913 gallons per day water usage

2. Guest Water Usage = 439 GPD

Universal Plumbing Code Table K-3, Type Of Occupancy: 12. Motel with Kitchen

60 gallons per day per motel unit bed space

Baywood Inn has 17 bed spaces

From 11/1/95 to 1/5/96 Baywood Inn had a 43% Occupancy rate

43% X 17 Bed Spaces X 60 Gallons Per Day = 439 GPD

3. Landscape Water Usage = 560 GPD

Baywood Inn Sprinkler System Inventory

75 Shrub Sprayers @ .5gpm, 15 drip emitters @ .05gpm,

22 quarter lawn @ .75gpm, 30 half lawn @ 1.5gpm, 4 full lawn @ 3gpm

Gallons Per Minute, Entire System = 37.5 + .9 + 16.5 + 45 + 12 = 112

Five Minute daily operation is Baywood Inn Winter Watering Schedule

5 minutes X 112 gallons per minute = 560 gallons per day

4. Miscellaneous Water Usage = 300 GPD

Lobby Restroom = 20 uses per day X 6 gallons per use = 120 GPD

Other Miscellaneous = 180 gallons per day

5. Restaurant Water Usage = 1614 GPD

Restaurant Water Usage = Daily Use - Guest Use - Landscape Use - Miscellaneous Use

Restaurant Water Usage = 2913 - 439 - 560 - 300

Restaurant Water Usage = 1614 Gallons Per Day



# California Regional Water Quality Control Board

## Central Coast Region

ston H. Hickox  
Secretary for  
Environmental  
Protection

Internet Address: <http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/~rwqcb3>  
81 Higuera Street, Suite 200, San Luis Obispo, California 93401-5427  
Phone (805) 549-3147 • FAX (805) 543-0397



Gray Davis  
Governor

July 11, 2001

Alex Benson, Owner  
Baywood Inn  
1370 2<sup>nd</sup> Street  
Los Osos, CA 93402

Dear Mr. Benson:

### BAYWOOD INN REMODEL AND EXPANSION, LOS OSOS, SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

We have reviewed your October 20, December 6, 2000, March 9, and May 5, 2001, submittals regarding a proposal to redevelop the Baywood Inn. Based on the information you provided, we understand the proposed project includes removal of the existing restaurant at the Baywood Inn and replace it with 19 additional motel units. The proposal is phase one of a redevelopment plan for the Baywood Inn, and will be served by on-site wastewater system (septic system). Phase two would not be developed until such time as connection to a community sewer system is available.

Your proposal indicates that wastewater discharge from the proposed 19 additional motel units (estimated at 1140 gallons per day) is of comparable quantity and pollutant concentration to that historically discharged by the restaurant. We have no objection to the redevelopment project provided wastewater discharges do not exceed (in quantity or constituent concentration) historical discharges from the restaurant.

In summary, we do not object to replacement of the restaurant with 19 additional motel units and regulation of such a project is delegated to San Luis Obispo County. However you must be prepared to connect to the community sewer system as soon as it is available. Also, any on-site wastewater system installed to serve the new units must meet the Basin Plan criteria for siting and design of such systems.

This letter supercedes our January 8, 1997 and January 23, 2001 letters responding to earlier submittals. If you have questions, please call Sorrel Marks at 549-3695 or Gerhardt Hubner at 542-4647.

Sincerely,

Roger W. Briggs  
Executive Officer

S:\wb\coastal\staff\sorrel\lososos-exemptions&waivers\baywood inn.wav  
File: Los Osos Exemptions Task: 436-12

C: Bruce Buel, Los Osos CSD, P. O. Box 6064, Los Osos, CA 93412  
Bob Morenza, Planning & Building, Co. Govt. Center, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408

California Environmental Protection Agency



Recycled Paper

**CCC Exhibit**  
(page 1 of 2 pages)



# California Regional Water Quality Control Board

## Central Coast Region



Vincent H. Hickox  
Secretary for  
Environmental  
Protection

Internet Address: <http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/rwqcb3>  
895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101, San Luis Obispo, California 93401  
Phone (805) 549-3147 • FAX (805) 543-0397

Gray Davis  
Governor

# RECEIVED

April 30, 2003

MAY 05 2003

Ms. Julie Tacker  
Concerned Citizens for Los Osos  
2095 Willow Drive  
Los Osos, CA 93402

CALIFORNIA  
COASTAL COMMISSION  
CENTRAL COAST AREA

Dear Ms. Tacker:

### BAYWOOD INN EXPANSION PROJECT

This letter addresses questions and concerns raised in your April 3, 2003, letter regarding wastewater discharges from Baywood Inn in Los Osos. The Baywood Inn has been developing remodel/expansion plans for more than six years. However, those plans have been limited by the prohibition of new waste discharges to on-site disposal systems, adopted by the Regional Water Quality Control Board in Resolution No. 83-13. Projects in Los Osos (within the prohibition area) are limited to replacement of existing discharges. New or increased discharges may not occur until such facilities can connect to the community wastewater system. With that background in mind, the following items briefly address comments and questions stated in your letter (attached for reference).

1. *Mr. Benson provides only one water bill; from 12/1995-1/1096, to give historical perspective of the restaurant and hotel water use. It is more appropriate, and more professional, to use an average from water bills over a five year duration; including the most recent water bills.*

Response: In evaluating remodel project proposals, Regional Board staff consider historical, authorized, current and estimated future waste discharge information from a variety of sources. Such information sources include (but are not limited to) actual monitoring data, estimates from water use records, Uniform Plumbing Code, wastewater design manuals, estimates from similar projects, and any other reasonable source of information. We do not specify a single source of information that must be used in calculating existing and projected wastewater flows. In the case of Baywood Inn, winter water use records (which showed two reporting periods) were used in order to minimize potential error associated with estimating water used for landscape irrigation.

2. *What Mr. Benson does not include in his tabulations, is a summary of how many individuals were employed at his restaurant, how many meals his restaurant served each day, or how many guests may have used the restaurant restroom. Without these figures showing the historical water use by employees, restroom, or average meals per day, it is unclear how the RWQCB could agree with the findings.*

Response: As indicated in Item 1 above, a variety of information sources are typically utilized to estimate wastewater flows. We agree that comparison of uses on such projects is not an exact science. However, our goal is to obtain reasonable estimates of discharge characteristics and the reasonableness is determined by Regional Board staff's professional judgement. The estimates used in the Baywood Inn case are conservative when compared to the City of San Luis Obispo and City of Santa Barbara water use factors included with your April 3, 2003 letter.





**BAYWOOD INN**  
(Existing)



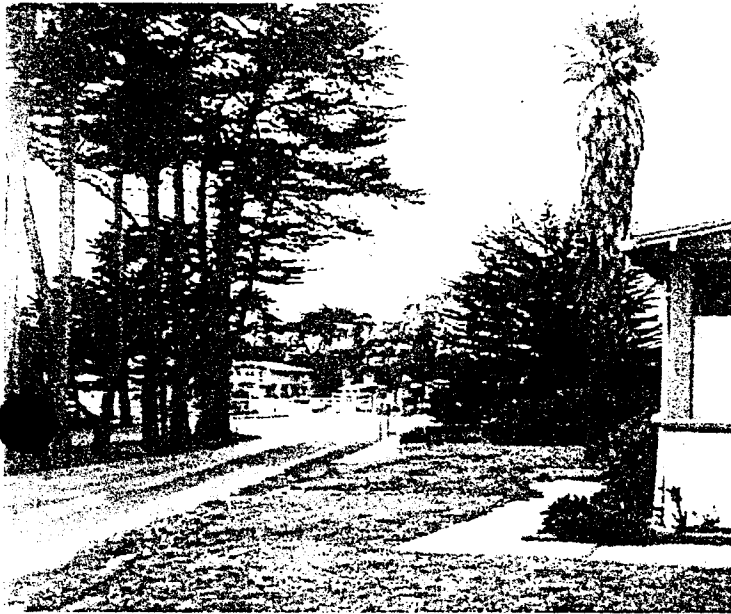
**BAYWOOD Shoreline**  
(LAUNCH AREA ACROSS STREET)



View from behind Otto property



View from across Second to Otto/Benson property line



View coming down onto Second Street



View driving up Second Street from bay



Front Right View

