CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

South Coast Area Office 200 Oceangate, Suite 1000 Long Beach, CA 90802-4302 (562) 590-5071



Th24a

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ADDENDUM

July 11, 2016

TO:

Coastal Commissioners and Interested Parties

FROM:

South Coast District Staff

SUBJECT:

PERMIT APPLICATION NO. A-5-VEN-15-0038 (DUNES DEVELOPMENT,

LLC) FOR THE COMMISSION MEETING OF THURSDAY, JULY 14, 2016.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION CLARIFICATION

The City approved project plans received by staff when the appeals were filed were illegible. As such, staff requested the applicant to submit legible plans. Although the applicant has not formally requested to change the project plans, the plans submitted by the applicant appear to show changes to the floor plan that differ from what the City approved.

II. LETTER FROM APPLICANT INCLUDING A PARKING STUDY DATED JUNE 2016

The applicant submitted the following letter via e-mail on July 7, 2016. The letter states that:

- 1. The proposed project is consistent with the parking requirement of the certified Venice LUP;
- 2. A 2016 parking study, which is more recent than the 2014 parking study cited by staff, indicates that the lower parking lot at St. Joseph's Center, which the applicant intends to lease six parking spaces from, has sufficient available parking to meet the demand of its current uses and provide six leased parking spaces to the applicant without displacing any parking on to the street;
- 3. The Commission allows ADA paths of travel to be deducted from service floor area; and
- 4. The applicant is entitled to keep grandfathered parking rights of eight spaces; the applicant is responsible for providing 14 parking spaces in relation to the propose development, eight of which are grandfathered, and six that will be leased from St Joseph's Center;

All of the issues raised in the applicant's letter have already been addressed in the staff report with the exception of the parking study. The parking study was submitted by the applicant after the staff

Addendum to CDP No. A-5VEN-15-0034 Page 2 of 2

report was published and without sufficient time for a full analysis. Nevertheless, while the parking study indicates that there is parking available at the site most of the time, it was conducted between May 12, 2016 and May 15, 2016, outside of peak parking demand. The study also showed that in 29 different instances parking was scarcely available (10 or fewer spaces) in the lot where the applicant proposes to lease six parking spaces. Additionally, the findings of the parking study must be reviewed by the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation, who is integrally involved in ensuring that St. Joseph's Center is complying with the parking conditions of coastal development permits [A-5-VEN-04-315 & APCW 2003-3304-CDP-PA1].



July 6, 2016

VIA E-MAIL

Chairperson Kinsey and California Coastal Commissioners California Coastal Commission South Coast Area Office 200 Oceangate, Suite 1000 Long Beach, CA 90802-4302 RECAIVED
South Coast Region

JUL - 7 2016

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

Re: 259 Hampton, Venice CA (Case No. A-5-VEN-15-0038)

Dear Chair Kinsey and Members of the Commission:

City Land Use represents Richard J. Gottlieb of Dunes Development LLC, the applicant in the above-referenced matter which is scheduled to be heard by the Commission on Thursday, July 14, 2016. On his behalf, I am submitting this statement of compliance with the Venice Local Coastal Program: Land Use Plan, certified by the Coastal Commission on June 14, 2001.

- We submit this letter to substantiate that six (6) leased parking spaces secured by the
 applicant at a legally entitled shared parking facility fully complies with the Venice Local
 Coastal Program's (LUP) stated parking implementation strategies in relation to Valet and
 Shared Parking (Policy II.A.10. Valet Parking; Shared Parking II.A.11, 2001). To be clear,
 a deed restricted lease requirement for off-site parking does not exist in the either the
 Venice Specific Plan (SPP) or the LUP parking implementation strategies.
- The Commission staff, in its report, cited the 2014 findings of a Department of Transportation (DOT) parking assessment report prepared by Hirsch/Green Transportation Consulting, Inc. A more recent parking assessment study of the off-site shared parking facility was conducted by Hirsch/Green in May 2016 (Exhibit A). These findings are markedly different than those recounted by Staff. The Report concludes that there is "more than adequate available parking for use by the project...and would not be expected to displace any existing public parking demands for the subject lot." A representative of Hirsch/Green will confirm its findings to the Commission at the hearing.
- Equally relevant to the parking required for the proposed project is the deduction of the ADA Path of Travel from the calculation of a restaurant service floor area (SFA), which the Coastal Commission routinely approves. One most recent example of a CDP granted for a restaurant in Venice where the ADA Path of Travel is deducted from the SFA is CDP Permit No. A-VEN-10-138-A2, 1305 Abbot Kinney, Venice recommended by Staff and approved by the Commission in May 2016.

Certificate of Occupancy

The proposed project will be built on a 1,871 square-foot Property located to the northeast of the Rose Avenue and Main Street intersection in a Limited Industry zone. A restaurant use is

allowed within this zone. The Department of Building and Safety issued a Certificate of Occupancy on December 31, 1991 to convert the existing building to a Take-Out Food Restaurant and has operated under this Certificate of Occupancy for the past twenty-six years. The property is situated in the single-jurisdiction area of the Coastal Zone. The 1991 Certificate of Occupancy accompanies this letter and is marked (Exhibit B).

Grandfathered Parking Credits

The existing building was constructed in 1924, before modern on-site parking requirements, and is granted eight (8) dedicated grandfathered parking credits by the City of Los Angeles. These parking credits count towards all parking requirements for all relevant purposes.

Parking Requirements

The Venice LUP Parking Table found in Section II.A.3 requires that a new commercial restaurant development shall provide one space for fifty square feet of SFA. The SFA is 619 square feet and requires twelve (12) parking spaces. The project is also subject to "Beach Impact Zone Parking Requirements" defined in Section 12.E.3 of the Venice Specific Plan that requires an additional two (2) spaces be provided for commercial projects. (Angeles, 2004). The project's parking total requirement is fourteen (14) parking spaces.

Service Floor Area/ADA Path of Travel

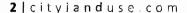
In its 2014 decision, the Commission endorsed the City's interpretation of a services floor area as any area where the customer can be legally served. As noted in the Commission's decision, because the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) requires ADA path of travel aisles in restaurants, the City excludes the required ADA path of travel aisles from its parking ratio calculation. A minimum clear width of 44" path of travel is required to meet the ADA (CFR) and the California State Building Code (CBC) requirements for life safety (Exhibit C). The Commission concurred that the parking requirement for a restaurant project is solely committed to guests of the restaurant and guests cannot be served within ADA paths of travel and concluded that it was reasonable to use only areas where a guest can be served to establish the required parking ratio for visiting guests.

Enclosed with this letter is the floor plan for the restaurant that depicts the floor service area (Exhibit D) for parking calculations. As the legend indicates, the deduction of the ADA path of travel for parking calculations is consistent with the Coastal Commission's past and present practices. Under the entitlements granted, the service floor area for the proposed restaurant use is 619 square feet. The restaurant's service floor area complies with the Commission's past and present practice to deduct the ADA Path of Travel. Taking this criterion into account the project requires a total of fourteen (14) parking spaces, inclusive of the two (2) beach impact parking spaces. (619 ÷ 50=12 spaces + 2 beach impact parking spaces = 14 spaces).

Parking

The project is required to provide six (6) additional parking spaces to supplement the eight (8) grandfathered parking credits allocated by the City of Los Angeles. The applicant has already paid "in-lieu" fees to the City of Los Angeles. However, the applicant is aware that the City of Los Angeles has failed in its duty to provide more

¹ The Coastal Commission established this precedent in its June 2014 decision on ZA-2012-2454-CDP-CUB-CU-SPP-CDO-1A: 1020 E. Venice Blvd, Venice. However, this precedent came after the determination of the Zoning Administration's 2012 approval of this project (ZA 2012- 1770 (CUB) (CDP)).¹



public parking and recognizes that there is clearly a shortage of public parking supply in Venice. Therefore, the applicant has secured six (6) leased parking spaces at a legally entitled shared parking lot less than five hundred (500) feet away from the proposed restaurant site.

The measures that the applicant is taking is above and beyond the payment of in-lieu fees and is a reason why the majority of the neighbors who live directly across the street from the project location will testify in support of this project.

The applicant does not want to consume public parking options for residents and visitors until the city chooses to act. It is in this spirit that, in addition to securing leased parking, the applicant also provides a transportation management plan, Metro employee cards, and free valet parking between its code compliant off-site reserved parking spaces and the restaurant.

Offsite Leased Parking Less than 500 feet away from Project Site (Exhibit E)

On January 13, 2005, the California Coastal Commission granted to Saint Joseph Center a Coastal Development Permit (CDP A- 5- VEN-04-315) that provides shared parking conditions offering off-street parking for both the on-site users and leased public parking for two parking areas (upper lot and lower lot) which contain a total of 132 parking spaces. In approving the CDP the Commission relied, in part, on the findings of the Los Angeles Zoning Administration determination which found:

LUP Policy II.A.11 states "Shared parking arrangements may be permitted to accommodate new commercial uses and intensification of existing commercial uses. Public beach parking shall not be used for shared parking arrangements."

A detailed parking study was conducted and showed that the proposed shared parking arrangement for the lot would not negatively affect coastal access or access to public recreational facilities. As conditioned, this shared parking plan complies with those elements of the General Plan.

Shared parking provides for the most efficient use of parking facilities by different uses with different peak parking demand periods to use the same parking spaces. In the coastal area, this is especially critical due to the lack of area available for parking and the high parking demand in the area. As this is a more efficient use of a parking area it is in conformity with good zoning practices and is in substantial conformance with the various elements and objectives of the General Plan.

The Commission has also approved projects that use shared parking facilities to satisfy parking deficiencies, some of them in Venice. The location of the parking facility for the leased off-site parking spaces for this project is located more than 300 feet from the inland extent of the beach. In fact, it is located about four blocks inland of the beach and likely to be used for non-beach visitor parking only during times of very heavy use during summer months.

In September 2014, the LA City Department of Engineering published its assessment of the parking operations for the parking facility leased by the applicant. In its report DOT concluded that there is available surplus parking to meet the demand. In instances where

overflow parking occurred, it is primarily due to on-site parkers stacking their parking in the unattended upper parking lot close to the entrance of St. Joseph's church. The upper lot is not managed by a professional valet parking service so parkers are not directed to use parking available at the adjacent lower lot. The lower lot is valet attended during all hours of operations and is the location of the six (6) leased parking spaces paid for by the applicant for the project use.

Conclusion

To protect nearby public parking facilities from the parking impacts of the proposed development, the Applicant shall implement the proposed Transportation/Parking Demand Management Program consistent with the following provisions:

- a) The applicant, in good faith, has secured an off-site attended leased parking agreement at a certified shared parking facility located at 204 Hampton (CDP A-5-VEN-04-315). The parking facility is located 500 feet from 259 Hampton. The parking lot is managed by no less than two on-site valet parking attendants during all hours of the proposed restaurant operations. The Applicant has leased six (6) parking spaces for use by employees and customers. There shall be no charge or fee for customers and employees to use the off-site parking while working or patronizing the approved use.
- b) The applicant shall provide incentives for employees to use public transportation, including the provision of public transit passes to employees (the public transit shall be paid for by the permittee).
- c) The applicant shall voluntarily provide at least five bike racks on-site and encourage employees to ride bicycles to work. Additionally, the permittee proposes two (2) secure bicycle parking spaces inside the restaurant, primarily for employee use but secure bicycle parking will also be available to customers on request.
- d) The applicant shall organize a carpool program and encourage employee participation using coordinated work schedules, daily reminders, and other incentives.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Eaurette Healey
Principal, City Land Use

Sincerely



Exhibit A



June 22, 2016

Mr. Richard Gottlieb G & L Realty Corporation 439 N. Bedford Drive Beverly Hills, California 90210

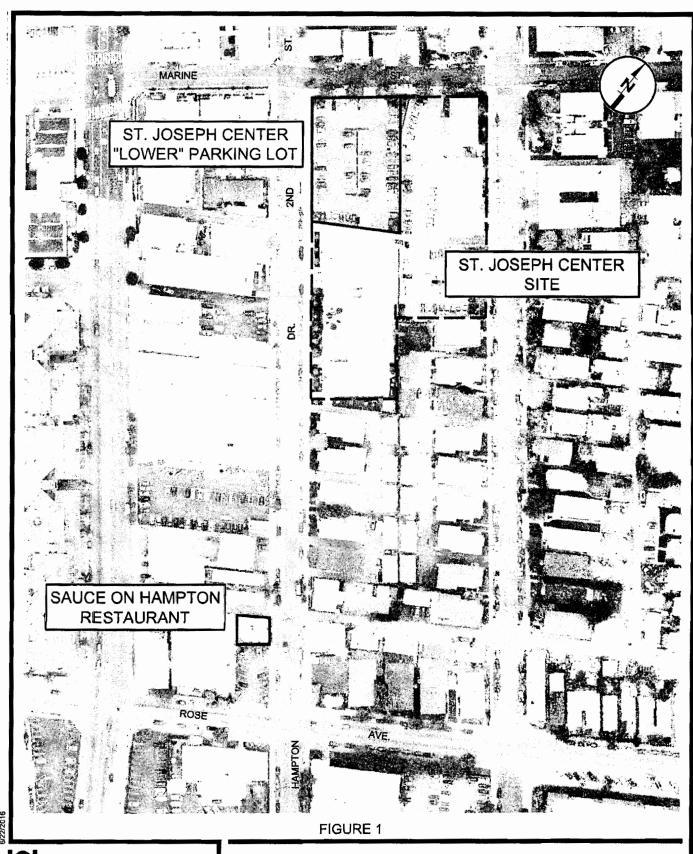
> RE: Off-Site Parking Assessment Related to Proposed "Sauce on Hampton" Restaurant Located at 259 Hampton Drive in Venice, California

Dear Mr. Gottlieb,

This document summarizes the results of an evaluation of the potential use of off-site parking in association with the proposed "Sauce on Hampton" restaurant ("Project") at 259 Hampton Drive in the Venice Community of the City of Los Angeles. As you are aware, the Project is required to provide a total of six (6) vehicular parking spaces as a condition of its approval. However, due to the physical limitations of the project site, it is not feasible for the proposed restaurant to provide these parking spaces on the site itself, and as such, the Project had initially anticipated that the subject parking requirement would be met through the payment of "in-lieu" parking fees. which are intended to fund the construction of future area-serving public parking facilities (including parking for adaptive re-use or other developments such as the proposed Project that cannot provide their required parking on-site), as is currently allowed by the City of Los Angeles.

However, as part of its review of the Project, the California Coastal Commission ("Commission") expressed concerns that potential project-related parking impacts could occur, since payment of the "in-lieu" parking fees would not provide any actual physical parking spaces for the Project. In response to the Commission's concern, the Project secured a total of six (6) parking spaces within the "lower" parking lot of the nearby St. Joseph Center, located at the southeast corner of the intersection of Marine Street and Hampton Drive/2nd Street; the relative locations of the Project site and the St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot are shown in Figure 1. Nonetheless. subsequent to the Project's proposal to provide its required vehicular parking at this convenient off-site location, the Commission further questioned whether the subject parking lot can actually provide the necessary spaces, or if it can accommodate the Project's required parking spaces without "displacing" other vehicles that may wish to utilize the public parking in the "lower" lot of the St. Joseph Center site onto nearby streets or into other nearby parking facilities.

Therefore, in order to address the Commission's concerns, a detailed parking utilization survey was performed to identify the existing parking use at the St. Joseph Center's "lower" parking lot, and determine whether that facility can adequately accommodate the required parking for the proposed Project without significantly effecting current public parking demands in the area.



IRSCH GREEN
Hirsch/Green Transportation Consulting, Inc. RELATIVE SITE LOCATIONS SAUCE ON HAMPTON (259 HAMPTON DRIVE) AND ST. JOSEPH CENTER Letter to Mr. Richard Gottlieb June 22, 2016 Page 3 of 8

To briefly summarize the results of the parking evaluations, the subject "lower" parking lot at the St. Joseph Center site generally exhibits adequate available parking throughout the day on both weekdays and weekends to accommodate the six (6) vehicular parking spaces required by the proposed "Sauce on Hampton" restaurant. Specifically, during the seven-day survey period, which documented the existing parking demands at the "lower" lot facility between the hours of 8:00 AM and 11:30 PM daily, a minimum of six unused (and therefore available) parking spaces were evident at all times, with the exception of one half-hour period (between about 11:30 AM and 12:00 noon on a Wednesday) when only four parking spaces were available. However, this brief period of "insufficient" parking represents less than one-half of one percent (0.46 percent) of the total survey period, and it is important to note that both immediately prior to and following this anomalous period, sufficient parking was available to accommodate the six parking spaces required by the proposed Project. Further, the minimum of six available parking spaces was identified on only four other (half-hour) occasions during the week-long survey (representing less than 1.9 percent of the total survey period); note that, since these spaces were not utilized, their proposed exclusive use by the Project to meet its parking requirements would not be expected to displace any public parking demands within the "lower" parking lot. The number of available (unused) parking spaces at the "lower" parking lot exceeded the minimum six spaces at all other times of the day throughout the parking utilization survey period. Therefore, the proposed use of the St. Joseph Center's "lower" parking lot as an "off-site" location for the Project's six required vehicular parking spaces is considered to be reasonable and acceptable, and would not be expected to displace any existing public parking demands for the subject lot.

The details of the parking utilization surveys at the St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot, including a description of the data collection methodologies, parking demand analyses, and results and conclusions of the study, are provided in the following sections of this document.

Description of Existing St. Joseph Center "Lower" Parking Lot and Site Conditions

The subject "lower" parking lot evaluated in this study occupies the northwestern corner of the larger St. Joseph Center site, which itself is located on the far northern portion of the block bounded by Marine Street on the north, Third Street on the east, Hampton Street on the west, and Rose Avenue on the south. As shown previously in Figure 1, the "lower" parking lot is located approximately 650 feet north of the proposed "Sauce on Hampton" restaurant site at 259 Hampton Street, and as such, is within the maximum 750-foot distance required by the City for the provision of "off-site" parking. The "lower" lot is a surface parking lot facility containing a total of 71 striped parking spaces, and is designated for use by the St. Joseph Center as "overflow" parking (from its other two on-site lots) for its patrons and employees, although the St. Joseph Center's conditions of approval allow for the use of this lot for public parking activity. It is of note that a total of nine parking spaces within the "lower" parking lot are currently leased to other business or uses in the vicinity, and are identified as "reserved" by the placement of

Letter to Mr. Richard Gottlieb June 22, 2016 Page 4 of 8

a traffic cone in each of the leased spaces until the lessee arrives at the site, at which time the on-site parking attendant removes the cone to allow the lessee's vehicle into the parking space. However, the remaining 62 parking spaces (less any St. Joseph Center "overflow" parking) are therefore available to be used as public "pay for use" parking spaces. Finally, although the "lower" parking lot provides frontage along Hampton Drive, it is accessed via a single driveway located on Marine Street approximately 100 feet west of Hampton Drive/2nd Street, which is monitored by the previously-identified parking attendant throughout its operating hours.

Parking Utilization Survey and Evaluation Methodology

The current parking demands at the subject St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot were identified through a series of physical counts and observations within the parking lot itself to document the number of vehicles parked in the lot at regular intervals throughout each of the surveyed days; the number of striped (and currently leased) parking spaces in the parking lot were also verified via these observations. Further, in order to provide sufficient data with which to evaluate the typical usage of the subject "lower" parking lot, the parking "sweeps" were performed over the course of seven consecutive days (including one full weekend), from Thursday May 12 through Wednesday May 18, 2016; this week was considered to be a normal week with no holidays or other significant special events, and therefore, representative of the typical activity levels and operations for all of the potential users of the subject parking lot. The parking demands at the subject lot were recorded at 30-minute intervals between the hours of 8:00 AM and 11:30 PM, which reflect the anticipated operating hours for the proposed "Sauce on Hampton" restaurant. The parking utilization data sheets are provided in the attachments to this document.

The parking "sweep" data was then reviewed to identify the number of parking spaces available for public use (including their potential use by the Project for "off-site" parking) during each of the 30-minute survey periods for each day throughout the entire week-long observation period. As described previously, nine of the total 71 parking spaces within the subject "lower" parking lot are currently leased to other businesses or users in the area, and as such, are not considered to be available for use as either public "pay for use" parking or for lease by the proposed Project (regardless of whether these nine currently leased parking spaces are fully utilized). Therefore, the evaluations performed for this study focus on the ability of the subject St. Joseph Center's "lower" parking lot to provide a minimum of six unutilized parking spaces within the remaining 62-space "public parking" supply for use as "off-site" (required) parking by the proposed Project.

Existing "Lower" Lot Parking Utilizations

The results of the parking utilization surveys at the St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot are summarized in Table 1 for both the weekday and weekend conditions; as described earlier, the "full" parking survey data sheets (including identification of the utilizations associated with the nine currently leased parking spaces) are provided in the attachments. Table 1 identifies both

St. Joseph Center "Lower" Parking Lot Utilizations (of assumed 62-space "public parking" supply) Table 1

	Sunday (5/15/2016)	No. of Parking Spaces	Available	52	ß	84	8	84	43	4	45	4	4	45	38	36	35	30	33	8	37	4	45	4	46	46	47	47	47	47	84	84	48	84	
Weekend Conditions	S (S)	No. of Par	Occupied	9	12	14	14	4	19	18	17	18	18	8	54	56	22	33	8	83	52	23	20	8	16	16	15	15	15	15	4	14	72	4	
Weekend	day 016)	ng Spaces	Available	4	4	40	38	35	88	24	23	8	22	19	19	21	18	17	17	24	24	92	27	28	32	37	40	42	45	45	47	47	47	47	
	Saturday (5/14/2016)	No. of Parking Spaces	Occupied	8	81	8	24	27	ጸ	88	33	45	4	43	43	4	4	45	8	38	88	Я	35	34	30	25	8	8	17	17	15	15	ŧ	51	
	Wednesday (5/18/2016)	No. of Parking Spaces	Available	46	4	38	4	28	20	9	4	8	16	15	12	1	ő	,	18	27	22	24	8	ଛ	37	ક્ષ	4	84	\$	46	46	25	52	25	
	Wedn (5/18	No. of Part	Occupied	16	18	24	21	8	42	8	88	4	46	47	8	51	ß	33	4	35	37	38	45	32	52	27	18	4	17	16	16	10	10	9	
	day 016)	ng Spaces	Available	51	37	32	20	19	12		1	8	7	8	12	ឧ	21	7	1	10	21	55	22	33	36	38	40	84	47	84	46	47	49	49	
	Tuesday (5/17/2016)	No. of Parking Spaces	Occupied	£	25	30	42	43	20	55	æ	ß	55	2	20	40	41	ቖ	51	25	4	37	SS	83	92	23	ឧ	7	15	4	16	15	13	13	
onditions	day 1016)	ng Spaces	Available	25	4	37	33	82	23	17	=	5	15	6	12	9	9	8	9	48	8	22	8	36	8	42	4	46	\$	S,	51	ß	23	ß	
Weekday Conditions	Monday (5/16/2016)	No. of Parking Spaces	Occupied	10	23	52	53	33	39	45	51	49	47	53	20	99	99	\$	જ	4	4	35	32	92	54	20	9	16	14	12	=	10	10	10	
	lay 2016)	dng Spaces	Available	જ	38	33	35	35	27	ឧ	16	13	9	13	6	15	10	10	12	4	15	18	21	54	28	32	32	33	88	42	43	4	4	47	
	Friday (5/13/2016)	No. of Parki	Occupied	12	24	59	27	30	35	4	46	4 9	46	49	53	47	25	52	20	48	47	2	4	38	×	30	99	53	24	8	19	81	81	क	
	day 116)	ng Spaces	Available	47	37	¥	32	28	15	=	6	Ξ	4	19	Ξ	16	16	15	17	17	ឧ	52	35	32	33	8	38	2	48	84	20	25	20	જ	
	Thursday (5/12/2016)	No. of Parking Spaces	Occupied	15	25	28	8	*	47	51	R	ત	8	25	51	46	46	47	45	45	40	37	30	30	83	28	24	18	14	14	12	12	12	12	
		Time	Beginning	8:00 AM	8:30 AM	9:00 AM	9:30 AM	10:00 AM	10:30 AM	11:00 AM	11:30 AM	12:00 PM	12:30 PM	1:00 PM	1:30 PM	2:00 PM	2:30 PM	3:00 PM	3:30 PM	4:00 PM	4:30 PM	5:00 PM	5:30 PM	6:00 PM	6:30 PM	7:00 PM	7:30 PM	8:00 PM	8:30 PM	9:00 PM	9:30 PM	10:00 PM	10:30 PM	11:00 PM	

Nobes:
BOLD Black highlighted values identify maximum "public parking" utilization for each day (of the assumed total of 62 "public parking" spaces).
BOLD Red highlighted values indicate fewer than minimum nacessary 6 available parking spaces for use by Project.
BOLD Blue highlighted values indicate minimum of 6 available parking spaces for use by Project.

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the number of occupied "public parking" spaces within the subject lot (out of the assumed total of 62 such spaces) and the number of "available" parking spaces for each half-hour time period for each of the surveyed days. As shown in this table, the results of the weekday and weekend parking utilization surveys at the St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot generally indicate that the six (6) parking spaces required for the proposed "Sauce on Hampton" restaurant can be accommodated in the subject "off-site" parking lot without displacing any potential public parking demands for the parking lot onto nearby streets or into other local parking facilities. It is also of note that, during the week-long observation period, the "lower" lot's 62 "public parking" spaces were never fully used, with a peak utilization of only 58 spaces (about 94 percent occupancy). Additionally, although not shown in Table 1, the nine currently-leased parking spaces were also never fully occupied during the survey period, exhibiting a peak utilization of only six spaces. However, the under usage of these leased spaces is not specifically relevant to this evaluation, since as described earlier, they were considered to be unavailable for use as public parking.

As identified in Table 1, throughout the majority of the week-long observation period, a minimum of six of the 62 assumed "public" parking spaces were unutilized at all times during each day, including a minimum of six available spaces on Monday (generally between 2:00 and 4:00 PM), a minimum of seven available spaces on Tuesday (between about 11:30 AM and 1:00 PM), a minimum of nine available spaces on both Thursday and Friday (between about 11:30 AM and 12:00 noon, and from about 1:30 to 2:00 PM, respectively), a minimum of 17 available spaces on Saturday (between about 3:00 and 4:00 PM), and a minimum of 30 available spaces on Sunday (between about 3:00 and 3:30 PM). As such, since these spaces are currently unused, it is reasonable to conclude that there is no unserved "latent" public parking demand at the subject "lower" parking lot during these periods, and as such, these unoccupied parking spaces could be made available for the exclusive (reserved) use of the Project (to provide its required six parking spaces) without displacing any current public parking demand. Additionally, Table 1 also shows that the number of available "public" parking spaces within the "lower" parking lot increases from these minimum values during other times of the day (for all surveyed days), further reducing the potential for the Project's proposed six "off-site" parking spaces to displace public parking at the subject St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot itself, or to otherwise impact or affect the existing parking demands at other public parking facilities in the vicinity.

It is acknowledged that, despite the generally applicable conclusions identified above, the data summarized in Table 1 also indicate that during one brief period on Wednesday (a maximum of 30 minutes between about 11:30 AM and 12:00 noon), the subject "lower" parking lot exhibited a minimum of only four available public parking spaces, and as a result, if the Project were to lease its required six parking spaces in the subject facility (for the exclusive use of the Project), it is possible that up to two current "public parking" vehicles could be displaced, and would have to find parking at some other location in the area. However, it is also important to note that this potential public parking "shortfall" occurred only once throughout the entire survey period, and

Letter to Mr. Richard Gottlieb June 22, 2016 Page 7 of 8

represents less than one-half of one percent (maximum of about 30 minutes out of a total of over 108 hours of observations, or about 0.46 percent) of the overall week-long survey period. It is also important to emphasize that, as also shown in Table 1, during the 30-minute period immediately prior to this single, anomalous public parking "shortfall", the "lower" parking lot exhibited six available public parking spaces, while during the 30-minute period immediately following the brief public parking "shortfall", 22 public parking spaces were available. Therefore, this lone data point should not be considered to contradict or invalidate the overall conclusion that the subject St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot provides adequate available parking to accommodate the Project's parking needs during all times of the day throughout the week.

Finally, it is also of note that, as identified in Table 1, the peak "public" parking demands at the subject "lower" parking lot for each of the observed days (including on the weekends) occurred generally during the mid-day period between about 11:00 AM and 4:00 PM. While the Project does provide lunch service, and is therefore open during these hours, its mid-day patronage is expected to be primarily employees of nearby businesses and/or local residents, and as such, although the six required vehicular parking spaces will need to be provided throughout the day, most of the Project's mid-day period patrons are anticipated to walk to the restaurant from their businesses or residences, thereby reducing the number of project-related vehicles that would need to utilize the proposed off-site parking at the subject St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot. However, regardless of whether the Project-related parking demands are reduced during the mid-day (lunch) period compared to other times of the day, as described earlier in this report, the subject "lower" parking lot can accommodate the Project's required six parking spaces at all times during the typical peak mid-day parking demand periods throughout the entire week (including both weekdays and weekends) without displacing any current public parking demand at that facility or otherwise affecting other public parking activity in the general area.

Conversely, during typical evening periods, generally after about 6:00 PM, it is anticipated that the Project would operate as a "destination" use, with more of its customers expected to drive to the site. A further review of the parking utilizations at the subject "lower" parking lot shown in Table 1 indicates that the use of the 62 "public" parking spaces during the evening periods decreases substantially from the peak mid-day parking demands identified earlier in this study, with a minimum of 24 such spaces available every day of the week after 6:00 PM. Specifically, as shown in Table 1, a minimum of about 36 "public" parking spaces are available on Monday, with about 33 spaces available on Tuesday, about 30 spaces available on Wednesday, about 32 spaces available on Thursday, about 24 spaces available on Friday, about 28 spaces available on Saturday, and about 44 spaces available on Sunday during the evening hours after about 6:00 PM. As a result, not only does the subject St. Joseph Center "lower" parking lot provide sufficient available parking to accommodate the Project's required six parking spaces during the evening periods, there is also abundant unused "public" parking available to address the potential evening parking demands of other businesses in the Project vicinity.

Letter to Mr. Richard Gottlieb June 22, 2016 Page 8 of 8

Conclusions

Based on the parking utilization surveys and observations summarized in this report, the subject "lower" parking lot at the St. Joseph Center facility typically exhibits sufficient available parking throughout the day (between about 8:00 AM and 11:30 PM on both weekdays and weekends) to accommodate the six parking spaces required by the "Sauce on Hampton" restaurant located nearby at 259 Hampton Drive. In fact, throughout the week-long parking demand survey period, a minimum of six unused (and therefore available) parking spaces were evident at all times, with the exception of one anomalous 30-minute period on one of the surveyed days when only four parking spaces were available. However, this brief period of reduced parking availability represents less than one-half of one percent of the total survey period, and is not considered to be representative of the typical parking utilizations at the subject "lower" parking lot facility, which otherwise provided more than adequate available parking for use by the Project to fulfill its six-space vehicular parking requirement. Further, as noted earlier in this study, since the subject "lower" parking lot exhibited unutilized parking spaces at all times of the day (on both weekdays and weekends), the exclusive use of these "available" spaces by the Project would not be anticipated to displace any other existing public parking demands in the area. Therefore, the proposed use of the St. Joseph Center's "lower" parking lot as an "off-site" location for the Project's six required vehicular parking spaces is considered to be reasonable and acceptable, and would not be expected to displace any existing public parking demands for the subject lot.

Please feel free to call me if you have any questions regarding this assessment.

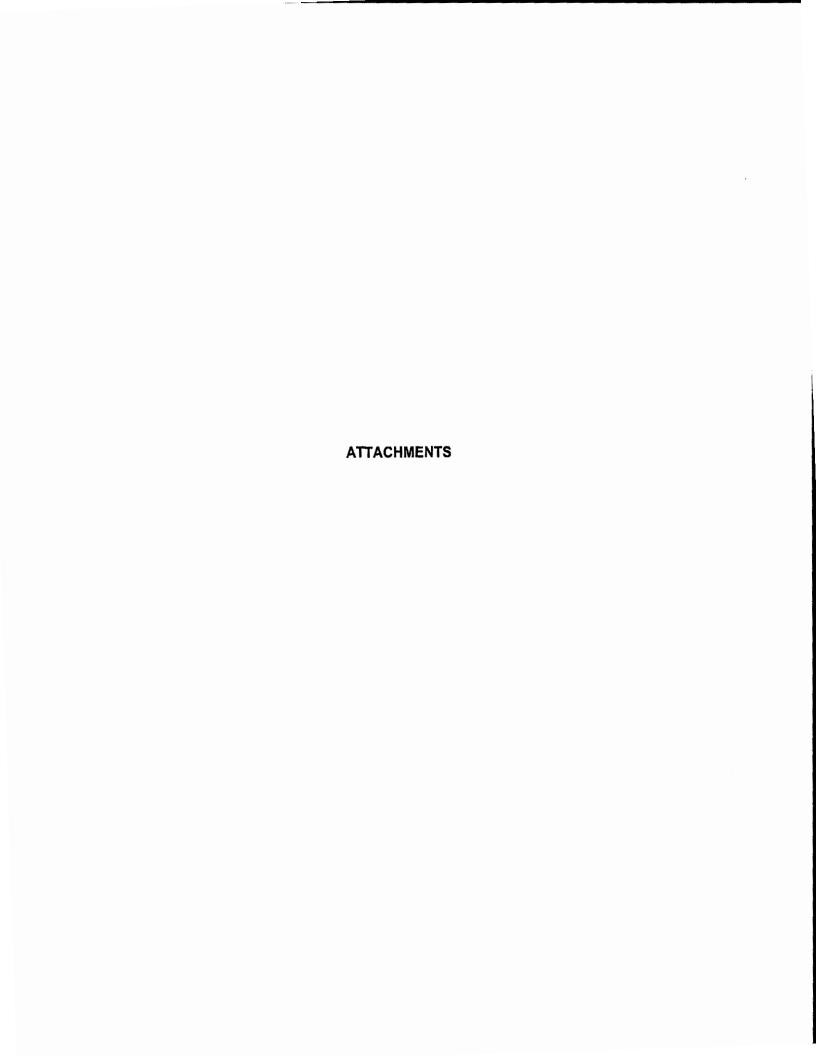
Sincerely,

Ron Hirsch, P.E.

Principal

Attachments

Cc: Ms. Laurette Healey, City Land Use



PARKING UTILIZATION SURVEYS ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT THURSDAY MAY 17 THROUGH WEDNESDAY MAY 18, 2016

CLIENT: HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT: 259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: THURSDAY, MAY 12, 2016 **PERIOD:** 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION											
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES)	"PUBLIÇ	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71 S	PACES)			
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED			
0800-0830	2	7	22.2%	15	47	24.2%	17	54	23.9%			
0830-0900	2	7	22.2%	25	37	40.3%	27	44	38.0%			
0900-0930	2	7	22.2%	28	34	45.2%	30	41	42.3%			
0930-1000	2	7	22.2%	30	32	48.4%	32	39	45.1%			
1000-1030	2	7	22.2%	34	28	54.8%	36	35	50.7%			
1030-1100	2	7	22.2%	47	15	75.8%	49	22	69.0%			
1100-1130	2	7	22.2%	51	11	82.3%	53	18	74.6%			
1130-1200	3	6	33.3%	53	9	85.5%	56	15	78.9%			
1200-1230	3	6	33.3%	51	11	82.3%	54	17	76.1%			
1230-0100	3	6	33.3%	48	14	77.4%	51	20	71.8%			
0100-0130	3	6	33.3%	52	10	83.9%	55	16	77.5%			
0130-0200	3	6	33.3%	51	11	82.3%	54	17	76.1%			
0200-0230	3	6	33.3%	46	16	74.2%	49	22	69.0%			
0230-0300	2	7	22.2%	46	16	74.2%	48	23	67.6%			
0300-0330	2	7	22.2%	47	15	75.8%	49	22	69.0%			
0330-0400	2	7	22.2%	45	17	72.6%	47	24	66.2%			
0400-0430	2	7	22.2%	45	17	72.6%	47	24	66.2%			
0430-0500	2	7	22.2%	40	22	64.5%	42	29	59.2%			
0500-0530	2	7	22.2%	37	25	59.7%	39	32	54.9%			
0530-0600	1	8	11.1%	30	32	48.4%	31	40	43.7%			
0600-0630	1	8	11.1%	30	32	48.4%	31	40	43.7%			
0630-0700	1	8	11.1%	29_	33	46.8%	30	41	42.3%			
0700-0730	1	8	11.1%	28	34	45.2%	29	42	40.8%			
0730-0800	1	8	11.1%	24	38	38.7%	25	46	35.2%			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
0830-0900	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			
0900-0930	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			
0930-1000	0	9	0.0%	12	50	19.4%	12	59	16.9%			
1000-1030	0	9	0.0%	12	50	19.4%	12	59	16.9%			
1030-1100	0	9	0.0%	12	50	19.4%	12	59	16.9%			
1100-1130	0	9	0.0%	12	50	19.4%	12	59	16.9%			

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

CLIENT: HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT: 259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: FRIDAY, MAY 13, 2016 **PERIOD:** 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION											
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES)	"PUBLIC	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71 S	PACES)			
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED			
0800-0830	0	9	0.0%	12	50	19.4%	12	59	16.9%			
0830-0900	0	9	0.0%	24	38	38.7%	24	47	33.8%			
0900-0930	0	9	0.0%	29	33	46.8%	29	42	40.8%			
0930-1000	1	8	11.1%	27	35	43.5%	28	43	39.4%			
1000-1030	1	8	11.1%	30	32	48.4%	31	40	43.7%			
1030-1100	1	8	11.1%	35	27	56.5%	36	35	50.7%			
1100-1130	1	8	11.1%	40	22	64.5%	41	30	57.7%			
1130-1200	1	8	11.1%	46	16	74.2%	47	24	66.2%			
1200-1230	1	8	11.1%	49	13	79.0%	50	21	70.4%			
1230-0100	1	8	11.1%	46	16	74.2%	47	24	66.2%			
0100-0130	1	8	11.1%	49	13	79.0%	50	21	70.4%			
0130-0200	1	8	11.1%	53	9	85.5%	54	17	76.1%			
0200-0230	1	8	11.1%	47	15	75.8%	48	23	67.6%			
0230-0300	2	7	22.2%	52	10	83,9%	54	17	76.1%			
0300-0330	2	7	22.2%	52	10	83.9%	54	17	76.1%			
0330-0400	2	7	22.2%	50	12	80.6%	52	19	73.2%			
0400-0430	2	7	22.2%	48	14	77.4%	50	21	70.4%			
0430-0500	2	7	22.2%	47	15	75.8%	49	22	69.0%			
0500-0530	2	7	22.2%	44	18	71.0%	46	25	64.8%			
0530-0600	2	7	22.2%	41	21	66.1%	43	28	60.6%			
0600-0630	2	7	22.2%	38	24	61.3%	40	31	56.3%			
0630-0700	1	8	11.1%	34	28	54.8%	35	36	49.3%			
0700-0730	1	8	11.1%	30	32	48.4%	31	40	43.7%			
0730-0800	1	8	11.1%	30	32	48.4%	31	40	43.7%			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	29	33	46.8%	30	41	42.3%			
0830-0900	0	9	0.0%	24	38	38.7%	24	47	33.8%			
0900-0930	0	9	0.0%	20	42	32.3%	20	51	28.2%			
0930-1000	0	9	0.0%	19	43	30.6%	19	52	26.8%			
1000-1030	0	9	0.0%	18	44	29.0%	18	53	25.4%			
1030-1100	0	9	0.0%	18	44	29.0%	18	53	25.4%			
1100-1130	0	9	0.0%	15	47	24.2%	15	56	21.1%			

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

CLIENT:

HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT:

259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: PERIOD: SATURDAY, MAY 14, 2016 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION											
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES)	"PUBLIC	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71 S	PACES)			
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	22	40	35.5%	23	48	32.4%			
0930-1000	1	8	11.1%	24	38	38.7%	25	46	35.2%			
1000-1030	2	7	22.2%	27	35	43.5%	29	42	40.8%			
1030-1100	2	7	22.2%	34	28	54.8%	36	35	50.7%			
1100-1130	2	7	22.2%	38	24	61.3%	40	31	56.3%			
1130-1200	2	7	22.2%	39	23	62.9%	41	30	57.7%			
1200-1230	2	7	22.2%	42	20	67.7%	44	27	62.0%			
1230-0100	2	7	22.2%	40	22	64.5%	42	29	59.2%			
0100-0130	2	7	22.2%	43	19	69.4%	45	26	63.4%			
0130-0200	2	7	22.2%	43	19	69.4%	45	26	63.4%			
0200-0230	2	7	22.2%	41	21	66.1%	43	28	60.6%			
0230-0300	2	7	22.2%	44	18	71.0%	46	25	64.8%			
0300-0330	2	7	22.2%	45	17	72.6%	47	24	66.2%			
0330-0400	2	7	22.2%	45	17	72.6%	47	24	66,2%			
0400-0430	2	7	22.2%	38	24	61.3%	40	31	56.3%			
0430-0500	2	7	22.2%	38	24	61.3%	40	31	56.3%			
0500-0530	2	7	22.2%	36	26	58.1%	38	33	53.5%			
0530-0600	2	7	22.2%	35	27	56.5%	37	34	52.1%			
0600-0630	2	7	22.2%	34	28	54.8%	36	35	50.7%			
0630-0700	2	7	22.2%	30	32	48.4%	32	39	45.1%			
0700-0730	2	7	22.2%	25	37	40.3%	27	44	38.0%			
0730-0800	2	7	22.2%	22	40	35.5%	24	47	33.8%			
0800-0830	2	7	22.2%	20	42	32.3%	22	49	31.0%			
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	17	45	27.4%	18	53	25.4%			
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	17	45	27.4%	18	53	25.4%			
0930-1000	0	9	0.0%	15	47	24.2%	15	56	21.1%			
1000-1030	0	9	0.0%	15	47	24.2%	15	56	21.1%			
1030-1100	0	9	0.0%	15	47	24.2%	15	56	21.1%			
1100-1130	0	9	0.0%	15	47	24.2%	15	56	21.1%			

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

CLIENT:

HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT:

259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: PERIOD: SUNDAY, MAY 15, 2016 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION											
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES}	"PUBLIC	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71 S	PACES)			
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	10	52	16.1%	11	60	15.5%			
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	12	50	19.4%	13	58	18.3%			
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	14	48	22.6%	15	56	21.1%			
0930-1000	1	8	11.1%	14	48	22.6%	15	56	21.1%			
1000-1030	1	8	11.1%	14	48	22.6%	15	56	21.1%			
1030-1100	2	7	22.2%	19	43	30.6%	21	50	29.6%			
1100-1130	2	7	22.2%	18	44	29.0%	20	51	28.2%			
1130-1200	2	7	22.2%	17	45	27.4%	19	52	26.8%			
1200-1230	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
1230-0100	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
0100-0130	1	8	11.1%	20	42	32.3%	21	50	29.6%			
0130-0200	1	8	11.1%	24	38	38.7%	25	46	35.2%			
0200-0230	1	8	11.1%	26	36	41.9%	27	44	38.0%			
0230-0300	2	7	22.2%	27	35	43.5%	29	42	40.8%			
0300-0330	2	7	22.2%	32	30	51.6%	34	37	47.9%			
0330-0400	2	7	22.2%	30	32	48.4%	32	39	45.1%			
0400-0430	2	7	22.2%	28	34	45.2%	30	41	42.3%			
0430-0500	2	7	22.2%	25	37	40.3%	27	44	38.0%			
0500-0530	2	7	22.2%	22	40	35.5%	24	47	33.8%			
0530-0600	2	7	22.2%	20	42	32.3%	22	49	31.0%			
0600-0630	2	7	22.2%	18	44	29.0%	20	51	28.2%			
0630-0700	2	7	22.2%	16	46	25.8%	18	53	25.4%			
0700-0730	2	7	22.2%	16	46	25.8%	18	53	25.4%			
0730-0800	2	7	22.2%	15	47	24.2%	17	54	23.9%			
0800-0830	2	7	22.2%	15	47	24.2%	17	54	23.9%			
0830-0900	2	7	22.2%	15	47	24.2%	17	54	23.9%			
0900-0930	2	7	22.2%	15	47	24.2%	17	54	23.9%			
0930-1000	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			
1000-1030	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			
1030-1100	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			
1100-1130	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

CLIENT: HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT: 259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: MONDAY, MAY 16, 2016 PERIOD: 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION											
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES)	"PUBLIC	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71 S	PACES)			
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	10	52	16.1%	11	60	15.5%			
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	22	40	35.5%	23	48	32.4%			
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	25	37	40.3%	26	45	36.6%			
0930-1000	2	7	22.2%	29	33	46.8%	31	40	43.7%			
1000-1030	2	7	22.2%	33	29	53.2%	35	36	49.3%			
1030-1100	2	7	22.2%	39	23	62.9%	41	30	57.7%			
1100-1130	2	7	22.2%	45	17	72.6%	47	24	66.2%			
1130-1200	2	7	22.2%	51	11	82.3%	53	18	74.6%			
1200-1230	2	7	22.2%	49	13	79.0%	51	20	71.8%			
1230-0100	2	7	22.2%	47	15	75.8%	49	22	69.0%			
0100-0130	2	7	22.2%	53	9	85.5%	55	16	77.5%			
0130-0200	2	7	22.2%	50	12	80.6%	52	19	73.2%			
0200-0230	2	7	22.2%	56	6	90.3%	58	13	81.7%			
0230-0300	2	7	22.2%	56	6	90.3%	58	13	81.7%			
0300-0330	2	7	22.2%	54	8	87.1%	56	15	78.9%			
0330-0400	2	7	22.2%	56	6	90.3%	58	13	81.7%			
0400-0430	2	7	22.2%	44	18	71.0%	46	25	64.8%			
0430-0500	1	8	11.1%	40	22	64.5%	41	30	57.7%			
0500-0530	1	8	11.1%	35	27	56.5%	36	35	50.7%			
0530-0600	1	8	11.1%	32	30	51.6%	33	38	46.5%			
0600-0630	1	8	11.1%	26	36	41.9%	27	44	38.0%			
0630-0700	1	8	11.1%	24	38	38.7%	25	46	35.2%			
0700-0730	1	8	11.1%	20	42	32.3%	21	50	29.6%			
0730-0800	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	16	46	25.8%	17	54	23.9%			
0830-0900	0	9	0.0%	14	48	22.6%	14	57	19.7%			
0900-0930	0	9	0.0%	12	50	19.4%	12	59	16.9%			
0930-1000	0	9	0.0%	11	51	17.7%	11	60	15.5%			
1000-1030	0	9	0.0%	10	52	16.1%	10	61	14.1%			
1030-1100	0	9	0.0%	10	52	16.1%	10	61	14.1%			
1100-1130	0	9	0.0%	10	52	16.1%	10	61	14.1%			

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

CLIENT: HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT: 259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: TUESDAY, MAY 17, 2016 **PERIOD:** 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION										
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES)	"PUBLIC	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71	SPACES)		
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED		
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	11	51	17.7%	12	59	16.9%		
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	25	37	40.3%	26	45	36.6%		
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	30	32	48.4%	31	40	43.7%		
0930-1000	2	7	22.2%	42	20	67.7%	44	27	62.0%		
1000-1030	2	7	22.2%	43	19	69.4%	45	26	63.4%		
1030-1100	3	6	33.3%	50	12	80.6%	53	18	74.6%		
1100-1130	4	5	44.4%	55	7	88.7%	59	12	83.1%		
1130-1200	4	5	44.4%	55	7	88.7%	59	12	83.1%		
1200-1230	3	6	33.3%	54	8	87.1%	57	14	80.3%		
1230-0100	3	6	33.3%	55	7	88.7%	58	13	81.7%		
0100-0130	3	6	33.3%	54	8	87.1%	57	14	80.3%		
0130-0200	3	6	33.3%	50	12	80.6%	53	18	74.6%		
0200-0230	3	6	33.3%	40	22	64.5%	43	28	60.6%		
0230-0300	3	6	33.3%	41	21	66.1%	44	27	62.0%		
0300-0330	3	6	33.3%	54	8	87.1%	57	14	80.3%		
0330-0400	2	7	22.2%	51	11	82.3%	53	18	74.6%		
0400-0430	2	7	22.2%	52	10	83.9%	54	17	76.1%		
0430-0500	1	8	11.1%	41	21	66.1%	42	29	59.2%		
0500-0530	2	7	22.2%	37	25	59.7%	39	32	54.9%		
0530-0600	1	8	11.1%	35	27	56.5%	36	35	50.7%		
0600-0630	1	8	11.1%	29	33	46.8%	30	41	42.3%		
0630-0700	1	8	11.1%	26	36	41.9%	27	44	38.0%		
0700-0730	1	8	11.1%	23	39	37.1%	24	47	33.8%		
0730-0800	1	8	11.1%	22	40	35.5%	23	48	32.4%		
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	14	48	22.6%	15	56	21.1%		
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	15	47	24.2%	16	55	22.5%		
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	14	48	22.6%	15	56	21.1%		
0930-1000	1	8	11.1%	16	46	25.8%	17	54	23.9%		
1000-1030	1	8	11.1%	15	47	24.2%	16	55	22.5%		
1030-1100	1	8	11.1%	13	49	21.0%	14	57	19.7%		
1100-1130	1	8	11.1%	13	49	21.0%	14	57	19.7%		

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

CLIENT: HIRSCH/GREEN TRANSPORTATION CONSULTING, INC.

PROJECT: 259 HAMPTON DRIVE - OFF-SITE PARKING AVAILABILITY EVALUATION (AT ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT)

DATE: WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 2016 **PERIOD:** 08:00 AM TO 11:00 PM

	ST. JOSEPH CENTER "LOWER" PARKING LOT UTILIZATION											
30-MIN	LEASE	PARKING (9 S	PACES)	"PUBLIC	" PARKING (62	SPACES)	TOTAL	PARKING (71 S	PACES)			
PERIOD	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED	OCCUPIED	AVAILABLE	% OCCUPIED			
0800-0830	1	8	11.1%	16	46	25.8%	17	54	23.9%			
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	18	44	29.0%	19	52	26.8%			
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	24	38	38.7%	25	46	35.2%			
0930-1000	2	7	22.2%	21	41	33.9%	23	48	32.4%			
1000-1030	4	5	44.4%	34	28	54.8%	38	33	53.5%			
1030-1100	5	4	55.6%	42	20	67.7%	47	24	66.2%			
1100-1130	6	3	66.7%	56	6	90.3%	62	9	87.3%			
1130-1200	6	3	66.7%	58	4	93.5%	64	7	90.1%			
1200-1230	6	3	66.7%	40	22	64.5%	46	25	64.8%			
1230-0100	5	4	55.6%	46	16	74.2%	51	20	71.8%			
0100-0130	6	3	66.7%	47	15	75.8%	53	18	74.6%			
0130-0200	5	4	55.6%	50	12	80.6%	55	16	77.5%			
0200-0230	5	4	55.6%	51	11	82.3%	56	15	78.9%			
0230-0300	1	8	11.1%	53	9	85.5%	54	17	76.1%			
0300-0330	2	7	22.2%	55	7	88.7%	57	14	80.3%			
0330-0400	4	5	44.4%	44	18	71.0%	48	23	67.6%			
0400-0430	5	4	55.6%	35	27	56.5%	40	31	56.3%			
0430-0500	5	4	55.6%	37	25	59.7%	42	29	59.2%			
0500-0530	3	6	33.3%	38	24	61.3%	41	30	57.7%			
0530-0600	2	7	22.2%	42	20	67.7%	44	27	62.0%			
0600-0630	2	7	22.2%	32	30	51.6%	34	37	47.9%			
0630-0700	2	7	22.2%	25	37	40.3%	27	44	38.0%			
0700-0730	2	7	22.2%	27	35	43.5%	29	42	40.8%			
0730-0800	2	7	22.2%	18	44	29.0%	20	51	28.2%			
0800-0830	3	6	33.3%	14	48	22.6%	17	54	23.9%			
0830-0900	1	8	11.1%	17	45	27.4%	18	53	25.4%			
0900-0930	1	8	11.1%	16	46	25.8%	17	54	23.9%			
0930-1000	1	8	11.1%	16	46	25.8%	17	54	23.9%			
1000-1030	2	7	22.2%	10	52	16.1%	12	59	16.9%			
1030-1100	2	7	22.2%	10	52	16.1%	12	59	16.9%			
1100-1130	1	8	11.1%	10	52	16.1%	11	60	15.5%			

NOTE: ALL VEHICLES OBSERVED TO PARK IN DESIGNATED (STRIPED) SPACES ONLY.

DATA PROVIDED BY:

Exhibit B

Address of Building

259 -B HAMPTON DRIVE

CITY OF LOS ANGELES CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY



Note: Any change of and Safety.	use of occupa	ancy must b	e approved b	y the Departm	ent of Building
This certifies that, so portion of building di requirements (Chapte Code for the use, or o	escribed below ar r9) and/or the app	id located at the	e address comp equirements (Ch	lies with the appli apter 1) of the Los	cable construction
This certifies that, so of building described of the Municipal Code requirements of State	lar as ascertaine below and locate as follows: Ch.	ed by or made ed at the above I, as to permitte	known to the L address compli d uses, Ch 9, A	indersigned, the best with the application 1, 3, 4, and 5; a	able requirements
Permit No. and Year 8	7WL68789 .		• • • •		5.6 6.8
CONVERT EXISTING RESTAURANT WITH	FREPAIR S	HOP TO TA , TYPE V-	KE-OUT FO N, B-2 B	XOD JILDING	
11-1 · · ·					
C 7787 II 1105					,
ວກຕວ Total Parking Required	152886989 15		arking reguliem		
Total Parking Provided			100 mg	ent; + Dian	il and a
ALSO SUBJECT TO AN LISTED ABOVE OR NOT	(AFFIDAVITS O				100
Issued By / Office: LA: VN-WLA: SP-C D	<u>6</u>	Consequence Supress Sto	LEDVIII EIJAN	en/SS/EGENT-D	
A STATE OF THE STA					

Exhibit C

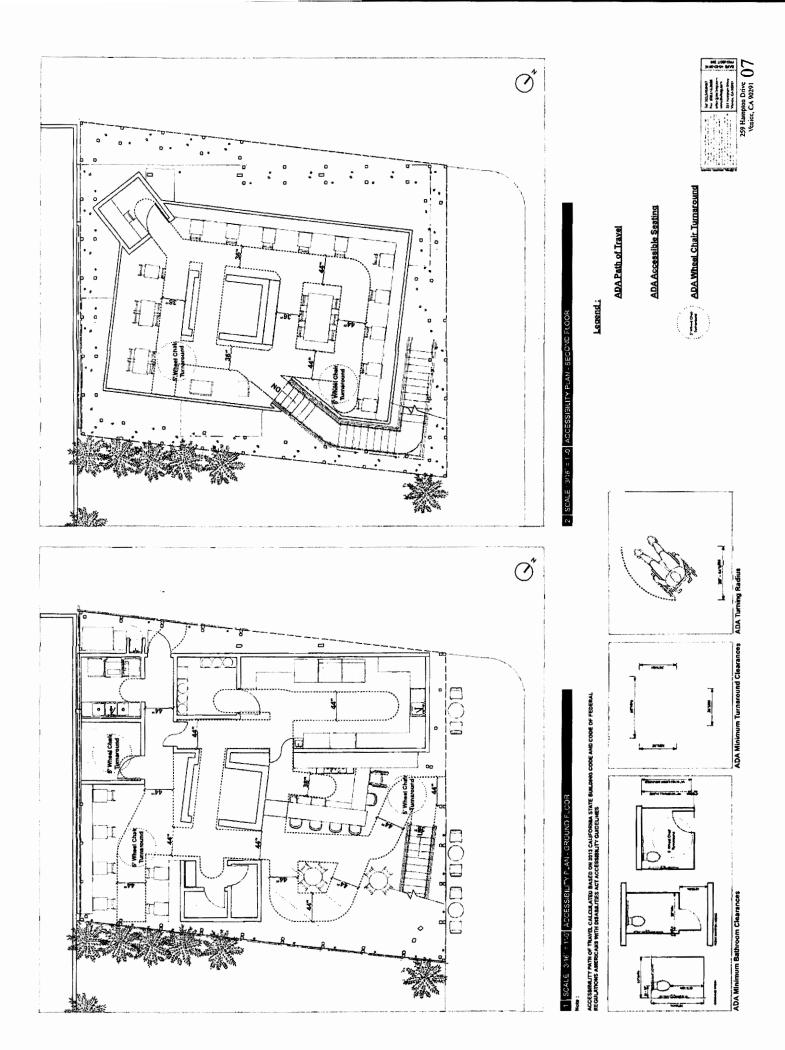
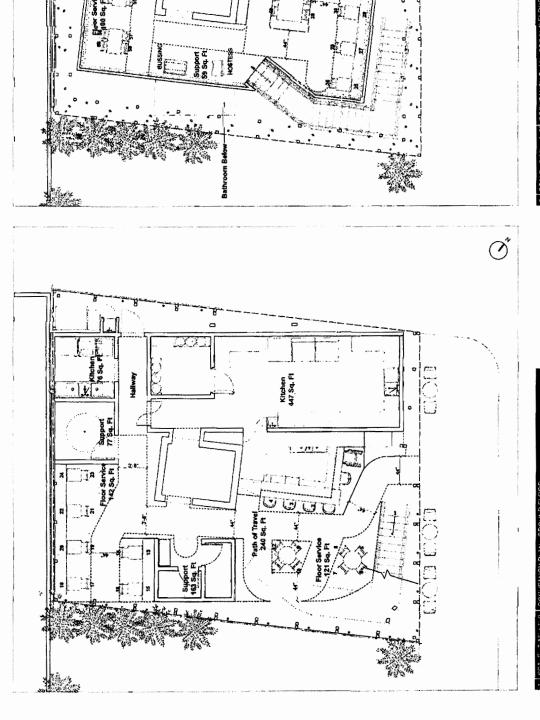


Exhibit D



Kitchen Below

Wine Storage

0

Bathroom Below Dishroom Belo

O^{*}

Lot Area : 1, 870 Sq. Ft.	Floor Service Area	Path of Travel
Total Proposed Restaurant Area : 1.960 Sq. Ft. Total Proposed Floor Service Area : Total Path Of T	Total Proposed Floor Service Area:	Total Path Of T

Floor Area Analysis

1.140 Sq. Ft. M1 - 1 Zone
 Maximum Allowable FAR 1.5:1
 Light Industrial Use
 Allowable Use: Restaurant

Ground Floor: 527 Sq. Ft.
 Second Floor: 613 Sq. Ft.

Floor Service Area (Minus Path of Travel)

Ground Floor: 289 Sq. Ft.
 Second Floor: 360 Sq. Ft.

Floor Service Path Of Travel

Support

Office

Kitchen

Hostess Stand

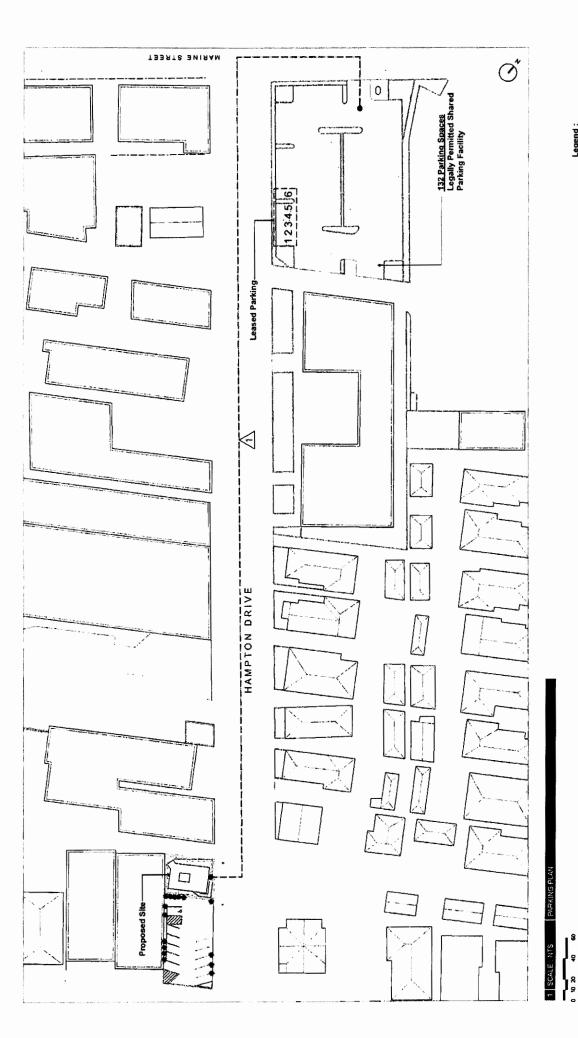


Total First Floor Area: 1,352 Sq. Ft. Gross Area : 2,798 Sq. Ft. Net Area : 2,089 Sq. Ft.

Total Proposed Floor Service Area (Minus Path of Travel) : 649 Sg. Ft. - Ground Floor: 238 Sq. Ft. - Second Floor: 253 Sq. Ft. Of Travel: 491 Sq. Ft.

Bussing Station

Exhibit E



Legend:

Path of Travel to Proposed Dedicated Off-Site Parking Speces

Total Proposed Floor Service Area (Minus Path of Travel) : 649 Sq. Ft. Ground Floor: 289 Sq. Ft.
 Second Floor: 360 Sq. Ft.

- Ground Floor: 238 Sq. Ft. - Second Floor: 253 Sq. Ft. Total Path Of Travel: 491 Sa. Ft.

Parking Per Existing C.U.P. :

Total Required Parking (1:50 Floor Service Area) ≈ 14 Parking Spaces

Parking

Floor Service Area (Minus Path of Travel)

Path of Trave

Total Proposed Floor Service Area: 1.140 Sq. Ft. Ground Floor: 527 Sq. Ft.
 Second Floor: 613 Sq. Ft.

Floor Service Area

Proposed Dedicated Off-Site Parking As Indicated Above: 8 Grandfathered Parking Credit

- 6 New Parking Spaces

Maximum Distance To Proposed Off Site Parking Per Code: 500'



CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

South Coast Area Office 200 Oceangate, Suite 1000 Long Beach, CA 90802-4302 (562) 590-5071

Th24a



 Filed:
 6/29 & 7/6/2015

 49th Day:
 Waived

 Staff:
 S. Vaughn – LB

 Staff Report:
 6/23/2016

 Hearing Date:
 7/14/2016

STAFF REPORT: APPEAL – SUBSTANTIAL ISSUE AND DE NOVO

Local Government: City of Los Angeles

Local Decision: Approval with Conditions

Appeal Number: A-5-VEN-15-0038

Applicant: Dunes Development, LLC

Agent: Laurette Healey

Appellants: 1) Coastal Commission Executive Director 2) James Murez;

and 3) Robin Rudisill, James McCullagh, Maripaz Maramba, Marie Pabianova, Kimmy Miller, Roxanne Brown, and Ilana

Marosi

Project Location: 259 Hampton Drive, Venice, City of Los Angeles

Project Description: Appeal of City of Los Angeles Local Coastal Development Permit

No. ZA-2012-1770 approved with conditions for a change of use and addition to a 1,658 sq. ft. structure from commercial retail space and take-out restaurant to a 2,831 sq. ft. sit-down restaurant, including construction of a new second story and an elevator with a subterranean housing unit with no existing or proposed on-site

parking.

Staff Recommendation: Substantial Issue - Deny

IMPORTANT NOTE

The Commission will not take public testimony during the 'substantial issue' phase of the appeal hearing unless at least three (3) commissioners request it. If the Commission finds that the appeal raises a substantial issue, the de novo phase of the hearing will follow, during which it will take public testimony. Written comments may be submitted to the Commission during either phase of the hearing.

SUMMARY OF STAFF RECOMMENDATION

The staff recommends that the Commission determine that a **substantial issue exists** with respect to the grounds on which the appeals have been filed for the following reason: the project, as approved by the City of Los Angeles, would prejudice the City's ability to prepare a certified Local Coastal Program (LCP) because the project is not consistent with the parking requirements of the certified Land Use Plan (LUP) and, as such, it will adversely affect the public's ability to access the coast because the additional parking demand generated by this project (and others) are not adequately mitigated, thereby resulting in increased competition for the limited supply of public parking. Approval of development that exacerbates the parking shortage in Venice and that will prejudice the City's ability to prepare a certified LCP is not consistent with the Coastal Act. Therefore, staff recommends **denial** of the Coastal Development Permit (CDP) application after the De Novo hearing.

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APPENDICES

Appendix A - Substantive File Documents

EXHIBITS

- Exhibit 1 Project Location / Vicinity Map
- Exhibit 2 City-Approved Project Plans
- Exhibit 3 Appeals
- Exhibit 4 Local Coastal Development Permit/DIR -2010-2932-SPP & ZA-2012-1770-CDP
- Exhibit 5 Revised Project Plans
- Exhibit 6 Certificates of Occupancy

I. MOTION AND RESOLUTION – SUBSTANTIAL ISSUE

MOTION: I move that the Commission determine that Appeal No. A-5-VEN-15-0038 raises NO

Substantial Issue with respect to the grounds on which the appeal has been filed under §

30602 of the Coastal Act.

Staff recommends a **NO** vote. Failure of this motion will result in a de novo hearing on the application, and adoption of the following resolution and findings. Passage of this motion will result in a finding of No Substantial Issue and the local action will become final and effective. The motion passes only by an affirmative vote of the majority of the appointed Commissioners present.

RESOLUTION:

The Commission hereby finds that Appeal No. A-5-VEN-15-0038 presents A SUBSTANTIAL ISSUE with respect to the grounds on which the appeal has been filed under § 30602 of the Coastal Act regarding consistency with Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act.

II. APPELLANTS' CONTENTIONS

Three appeals have been filed by 1) Coastal Commission Executive Director 2) James Murez; and 3) Robin Rudisill, James McCullagh, Maripaz Maramba, Marie Pabianova, Kimmy Miller, Roxanne Brown, and Ilana Marosi (**EXHIBIT 3**). The appellants contend that the City-approved development may adversely affect public access and could prejudice the City's ability to prepare an LCP. The local CDP authorizes an increase in intensity of land use (1,658 sq. ft. of commercial area to 2,831 sq. ft. of commercial area and converting from retail and take-out restaurant to sit-down restaurant) which will significantly increase the demand for parking on the project site by approximately 20 spaces more than provided and the local CDP does not require adequate mitigation for the increased parking demand. The local approval is silent in regards to how the project's parking demands will be met, and the property currently has no on-site parking.

Special Condition 25 of the local CDP requires that the project's parking shall be provided as required by the Venice Coastal Specific Plan (VSP), an uncertified City ordinance. The VSP allows the applicant to pay an in-lieu fee into a City fund rather than provide additional parking that would meet the parking demands of the approved development. The in-lieu fee is not adequate for two reasons: 1) the amount paid per parking space (\$18,000) is significantly less that the cost for providing one parking space, and 2) the City does not have a plan to use the collected fees to mitigate the parking impacts of the approved development (e. g., the construction of additional parking). The result of the action is to increase the demand for parking in a coastal area that currently does not have an adequate parking supply to meet the parking demand. The lack of adequate parking reduces the ability of the public to access the shoreline. The proposed project is approximately three blocks inland of Venice Beach. Special Condition 25 of the local CDP also references valet parking, although the City approval does not describe any parking plan or use of valets and off-site parking.

The competition for the limited amount of public parking in the vicinity of the project site has led to numerous requests for restricted "resident only" permit parking. The Commission has denied the City's applications for "resident only" permit parking [Appeal Nos. A-5-VEN-08-340, A-5-VEN-08-341, A-5-VEN-08-342, A-5-VEN-08-343 & A-5-VEN-08-344]. The Commission's denials of the applications for "resident only" parking were based on adverse impacts to public access.

A-5-VEN-15-0038 Appeal – Substantial Issue and De Novo Page 4

The City's approval of increased commercial intensity in the coastal zone without mitigating the parking demand (by providing more parking or other means to access the area) will result in cumulative adverse effects to public access.

Additionally, Mr. Murez, Mr. McCullagh, Ms. Maramba, Ms. Pabianova, Ms. Miller, Mr. Brown, Ms. Marosi, and Ms. Rudisill (**EXHIBIT 3**) contend that the City-approved plans do not comprehensively reflect the approved additions to the existing structure; that there is no evidence to support the City's findings that the approved project is consistent with the Coastal Act; that cumulative parking impacts were not considered by the City; that the VSP designates the project location in the Beach Impact Zone (BIZ), which only allows for 50% of the required parking to be substituted with an in-lieu parking fee, not 100% as approved by the City; that there is no loading zone or American's with Disabilities Act (ADA) parking provided for the approved project; and that all of the above mentioned inconsistencies will result in cumulative adverse impacts to public access to the coast.

III. LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACTION

On September 18, 2014, the Zoning Administration held a public hearing for Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770 (Dunes Development, LLC). The Zoning Administration approved the project, which was then appealed by Ms. Ilana Marosi to the West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission (WLAAPC). On April 1, 2015, the WLAAPC held a combined public hearing for Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770 (Dunes Development, LLC) and Specific Plan compliance Case DIR-2010-2932 (Richard J. Gottlieb & Dunes, LLC). On May 18, 2015, the WLAAPC issued its determination approving Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770 (ENV-2013-2592-MND) and DIR-2010-2932 (EXHIBIT 4). On June 5, 2015, the WLAAPC issued a corrected determination only for Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770.

The City's Notice of Final Local Action for Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770 (Dune Development, LLC) was received in the Coastal Commission's Long Beach Office on June 8, 2015, and the Coastal Commission's required twenty working-day appeal period was established. On June 29, 2015, Mr. James Murez submitted an appeal to the City's approval of the Local CDP (**EXHIBIT 3**). On July 6, 2015, Mr. James McCullagh, Ms. Maripaz Maramba, Ms. Marie Pabianova, Ms. Kimmy Miller, Ms. Roxanne Brown, Ms. Ilana Marosi, Ms. Robin Rudisill, and the Executive Director of the Coastal Commission, submitted appeals of the City's local CDP (**EXHIBIT 3**). No other appeals were received prior to the end of the appeal period on July 6, 2015.

The appeal was originally scheduled to be heard by the Commission on August 12, 2015. After the staff report was published on July 23, 2015, the applicant requested to postpone the hearing and signed a waiver of the time limit for the Commission to hear the appeal.

IV. APPEAL PROCEDURES

Section 30600(b) of the Coastal Act provides that prior to certification of its LCP, a local jurisdiction may, with respect to development within its area of jurisdiction in the coastal zone and consistent with the provisions of Sections 30604, 30620 and 30620.5, establish procedures for the filing, processing, review, modification, approval or denial of a coastal development permit. Pursuant to this provision, the City of Los Angeles developed a permit program in 1978 to exercise its option to issue local coastal development permits. Sections 13301-13325 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations provide procedures for issuance and appeals of locally issued coastal development permits. Section 30602 of the Coastal Act allows *any* action by a local government on a coastal development permit

application evaluated under Section 30600(b) to be appealed to the Commission. The standard of review for such an appeal is the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. [Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§ 30200 and 30604.]

After a final local action on a local CDP application, the Coastal Commission must be noticed within five days of the decision. After receipt of such a notice, which contains all the required information, a twenty working-day appeal period begins during which any person, including the applicant, the Executive Director, or any two members of the Commission, may appeal the local decision to the Coastal Commission. [Cal. Pub. Res. Code § 30602.] As provided under section 13318 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, the appellant must conform to the procedures for filing an appeal as required under section 13111 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, including the specific grounds for appeal and a summary of the significant question raised by the appeal.

The action currently before the Commission is to find whether there is a "substantial issue" or "no substantial issue" raised by the appeal of the local approval of the proposed project. Sections 30621 and 30625(b)(1) of the Coastal Act require a de novo hearing of the appealed project unless the Commission determines that no substantial issue exists with respect to the grounds for appeal.

Commission staff recommends a finding of **substantial issue**. If the Commission decides that the appellants' contentions raise no substantial issue as to conformity with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, the action of the local government becomes final. Alternatively, if the Commission finds that a substantial issue exists with respect to the conformity of the action of the local government with the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act, the local CDP is voided and the Commission reviews the coastal development permit as a <u>de novo</u> matter. [Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§ 30621 and 30625.] Section 13321 of the Coastal Commission regulations specifies that <u>de novo</u> actions will be heard according to the procedures outlined in Sections 13114 and 13057-13096 of the Commission's regulations.

If there is no motion from the Commission to find no substantial issue, it will be presumed that the appeal raises a substantial issue and the Commission will schedule the de novo phase of the public hearing on the merits of the application directly following the substantial issue finding. A de novo public hearing on the merits of the application uses the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. The certified Venice LUP is used as guidance. Sections 13110-13120 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations further explain the appeal hearing process.

If the Commission decides to hear arguments and vote on the substantial issue question, those who are qualified to testify at the hearing, as provided by Section 13117 of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulation, will have three minutes per side to address whether the appeal raises a substantial issue. The only persons qualified to testify before the Commission at the substantial issue portion of the appeal process are the applicant, persons who opposed the application before the local government (or their representatives), and the local government. Testimony from other persons must be submitted in writing. The Commission will then vote on the substantial issue matter. It takes a majority of Commissioners present to find that the grounds for the appeal raise no substantial issue.

V. SINGLE/DUAL PERMIT JURISDICTION AREA

Within the areas specified in Section 30601, which is known in the City of Los Angeles permit program as the *Dual Permit Jurisdiction* area, the Coastal Act requires that any development which receives a local CDP permit also obtain a second (or "dual") CDP from the Coastal Commission. The Commission's standard of review for the proposed development in the *Dual Permit Jurisdiction* area is

the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. For projects located inland of the areas identified in Section 30601 (i.e., projects in the *Single Permit Jurisdiction*), the City of Los Angeles local CDP is the only CDP required. The proposed project site is located within the *Single Permit Jurisdiction Area*.

VI. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS – SUBSTANTIAL ISSUE

A. PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The project site is located on a commercially zoned lot in a mixed industrial/commercial neighborhood of North Venice within the City's Single Permit Jurisdiction, approximately three blocks inland of the beach and boardwalk (**EXHIBIT 1**). The Land Use Designation for the 1,871 square-foot lot, as set forth in the certified Venice LUP, is Limited Industry. According to the City record, the site is developed with a single-story, 1,658 square foot retail and food take-out space on a 1,871 square-foot lot with no on-site parking (**EXHIBIT 4**). There is a discrepancy with the project description between the City's staff reports DIR-2010-2923 and ZA-2012-1770. The staff report for Case No. DIR-2010-2932-SPP-1A (Venice Specific Plan)describes the proposed project as a 1,658 square-foot restaurant including 995 square feet of service floor area while ZA-2012-1770 describes the proposed project as a new 2,831 square foot restaurant including a 1,173 square foot outdoor patio located on the second floor (pages 3 & 26 of **EXHIBIT 4**, respectively). Additionally, the project plans that the City submitted are difficult to read and do not reflect the comprehensive square footage of the proposed development. Furthermore, no coastal development permit was ever obtained to change the use of the structure from its industrial use in 1973 to any other use (e.g., retail or restaurant).

For the local review, the applicant did not propose to provide any parking for the proposed restaurant. On page C-1 (page 3 of **EXHIBIT 4**) of the City's staff report (DIR-2010-2932), the City recognizes that the proposed project will substantially increase the demand for parking in the area (Venice Parking and Beach Impact Zone), and that the applicant will be responsible for providing 21 parking spaces in conjunction with the proposed development. The City granted the project credit for seven non-conforming (non-existing) parking spaces because the existing building was built in 1924 with no parking spaces prior to existing parking requirements. For the remaining 14-space deficit, the City permit gives the applicant the option to pay an in-lieu fee of \$18,000 per parking space, to reduce the proposed service floor area so that no additional parking space would be required, or to installing bicycle parking in-lieu of vehicle parking spaces. Additionally, the City is requiring the applicant to obtain a valet parking permit to provide valet parking to patrons during all service hours. Despite the City's parking conditions, there is no actual parking plan, valet or otherwise, approved by or provided to the City. Yet the City determined that the proposed addition and change in use is consistent with the Coastal Act and the VSP.

B. FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED IN SUBSTANTIAL ISSUE ANALYSIS

Section 30625(b)(1) of the Coastal Act states that the Commission shall hear an appeal of a local government action carried out pursuant to Section 30600(b) unless it finds that no substantial issue exists as to conformity with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act. The term "substantial issue" is not defined in the Coastal Act or its implementing regulations. Section 13115(b) of the Commission's regulation simply indicates that the Commission will hear an appeal unless it "finds that the appeal raises no significant question." In previous decisions on appeals, the Commission had been guided by the following factors:

1. The degree of factual and legal support for the local government's decision that the development is consistent or inconsistent with the relevant provisions of the Coastal Act;

- 2. The extent and scope of the development as approved or denied by the local government;
- 3. The significance of the coastal resources affected by the decision;
- 4. The precedential value of the local government's decision for future interpretations if its LCP; and,
- 5. Whether the appeal raises local issues, or those of regional or statewide significance.

Even when the Commission chooses not to hear an appeal, appellants nevertheless may obtain judicial review of the local government's coastal permit decision by filing petition for a writ of mandate pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure, Section 1094.5.

Staff is recommending that the Commission find that **a substantial issue exists** with respect to whether the local government action conforms to the provisions of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act for the reasons set forth below.

C. SUBSTANTIAL ISSUE ANALYSIS

As stated in Section IV of this report, the grounds for an appeal of a CDP issued by the local government prior to certification of its LCP are the project's conformity with Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. Any local government CDP issued or denied prior to certification of its LCP may be appealed to the Commission. The Commission shall hear an appeal unless it determines that no substantial issue exists as to conformity with Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act.

The grounds for this appeal relate to the proposed project's adverse impact on public access to the coast due to the lack of parking provided in relation to the increase in parking demand that would result from the establishment of the proposed two-story sit-down restaurant. Additionally, such an approval would prejudice the City's ability to prepare an LCP because it is inconsistent with the certified LUP. The City cites the VSP for the associated parking requirement, however, the VSP is an uncertified City ordinance. While the Coastal Act is the standard of review for this project, the certified LUP, not the VSP, may be used for guidance. The appellants contend that the City-approved expansion and change in use of the building will increase the demand for vehicle parking associated with the proposed restaurant, as described in the certified LUP, yet there is no requirement for physical parking spaces. Further, the suggested mitigation will not alleviate the existing demand and will result in an actual increase in the demand for physical parking spaces. Visitors, residents, and employees of nearby businesses (e.g., Google) already compete for on-street public parking and parking in the nearby parking facilities in this area, which is identified in the certified LUP as the Venice Parking and Beach Impact Zone (LUP Exhibit 17).

The Commission's standard of review for determining whether to hear the appeal is only whether the appeal raises a substantial issue as to conformity with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act. Cal. Pub. Res. Code § 30625(b)(1); 14 C.C.R. § 13321. The Commission's decision will be guided by the factors listed in the previous section of this report (B. Factors to be Considered in Substantial Issue Analysis).

This appeal raises a substantial issue as to conformity with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act (Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§ 30200-30265.5). The Notice of Decision for Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770 and

¹ Unless otherwise indicated, all subsequent statutory references are to sections within the Coastal Act. Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§ 30000 *et seq*.

accompanying Final Staff Report issued by the City of Los Angeles state that the City applied the policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act and concluded, in part, that the development, as proposed and conditioned by the City, would be consistent with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act and will not prejudice the ability of the City to prepare an LCP for the Venice Coastal Zone (**EXHIBIT 4**).

The relevant Coastal Act and Land Use Plan Policies are:

Section 30213 Lower cost visitor and recreational facilities; encouragement and provision; overnight room rentals

Lower cost visitor and recreational facilities shall be protected, encouraged, and, where feasible, provided. Developments providing public recreational opportunities are preferred.

Section 30252 Maintenance and enhancement of public access

The location and amount of new development should maintain and enhance public access to the coast by (1) facilitating the provision or extension of transit service, (2) providing commercial facilities within or adjoining residential development or in other areas that will minimize the use of coastal access roads, (3) providing nonautomobile circulation within the development, (4) providing adequate parking facilities or providing substitute means of serving the development with public transportation, (5) assuring the potential for public transit for high intensity uses such as high-rise office buildings, and by (6) assuring that the recreational needs of new residents will not overload nearby coastal recreation areas by correlating the amount of development with local park acquisition and development plans with the provision of onsite recreational facilities to serve the new development.

LUP Policy II.A.1 General

It is the policy of the City to provide increased parking opportunities for both beach visitors and residents of Venice, and improve summer weekend conditions with respect to Venice Beach parking and traffic control.

LUP Policy II.A.3. Parking Requirements

The parking requirements outlined in the following table shall apply to all new development, any addition and/or change of use. The public beach parking lots and the Venice Boulevard median parking lots shall not be used to satisfy the parking requirements of this policy. Extensive remodeling of an existing use or change of use which does not conform to the parking requirements listed in the table shall be required to provide missing numbers of parking spaces or provide an in-lieu fee payment into the Venice Coastal Parking Impact Trust Fund will be utilized for improvement and development of public parking facilities that improve public access to the Venice Coastal Zone.

Restaurant, Night Club, Bar, and similar establishments and for the sale or consumption of food and beverages on the premises.	1 space for each 50 square feet of service floor area (including outdoor service areas).
Manufacturing and Industrial Establishment,	3 spaces: plus
including Offices and other than incidental	1 space for each 350 square feet of floor area.
operations.	

LUP Policy II.A.4. Parking Requirements in the Beach Impact Zone.

Any new and/or any addition to commercial, industrial, and multiple-family residential development projects within the Beach Impact Zone shall provide additional (in addition to parking required by Policy II.A.3) parking spaces for public use or pay in-lieu fees into the Venice Coastal Parking Impact Trust Fund.

Beach Impact Zone (BIZ) Parking Impact Trust Fund criteria:

- a. Commercial and industrial projects in the BIZ shall provide one additional parking space for each 640 square feet of floor area of the ground floor. **Up to 50% of the total number of these additional parking spaces required in this section may be paid for in lieu of providing the spaces.**
- b. Multiple family residential projects on the BIZ shall provide an additional parking space for each 1,000 square feet of floor area of the ground floor for multiple dwelling projects of three units of more. Up to 100% of the total number of these additional parking spaces required in this section may be paid for in lieu of providing the spaces. The recommended rates shall be established based upon the development cost study of the area.
- c. All in-lieu fees shall be paid into the Venice Coastal Parking Impact Trust Fund to be administered by the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation for improvements and development of public parking facilities that support public access to the Venice Coastal Zone.
- d. In no event shall the number of BIZ parking spaces (over and above those spaces required by the parking requirements set forth in Policy II.A.3) required for projects of three or more dwelling units, or commercial or industrial projects, be less that one (1) parking space for residential projects and two (2) parking spaces for commercial and industrial projects.

Implementation Strategies

The in lieu fee for a BIZ parking space shall be established in the (LIP) at a rate proportional to the cost of providing a physical parking space.

A substantial issue exists with respect to the proposed project's conformance with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, and with the approval of the Local CDP No. ZA-2012-1770, because the City-approved project does not include a plan that will mitigate the actual parking impacts of the development. The mitigation suggested in the City's staff report is based on uncertified policies in the VSP and is inconsistent with the parking requirement for restaurants set forth in the certified LUP. The City approval does not require the applicant to provide a single physical parking space. While the City has grandfathered seven non-existing parking spaces to the establishment, that may be inconsistent with the proposed development because the City refers to it a "new" (page 26 of **EXHIBIT 4**). If there is "new" development occurring, then the development will be required to comply with all of the existing regulations and lose the grandfathered parking rights. A comprehensive demolition plan has not been provided and the determination of whether or not the proposed development will result in new development cannot be made at this time. In any case, even with the grandfathered parking spaces, the parking demand associated with the project, will aggravate an already strained parking supply, and given the project site's proximity to the beach, those parking impacts will adversely affect public access to the coast. This contention raises the coastal access issue of whether the parking demand of the proposed addition and change in use will adversely impact the public parking supply necessary to support access to Venice Beach.

Although the LUP does call for a Venice Coastal Parking Impact Trust Fund program into which in-lieu parking fees may be paid, the Commission has not reviewed or certified one. In recent appeals (A-5-VEN-15-0002 & A-5-VEN-15-0003), the Commission has found that a substantial issue does exist with the in-lieu fee of \$18,000 per parking space that the City charges to applicants who do not provide actual parking spaces. Asingle parking space can cost a developer between \$25,000 - \$80,000 per space. Additionally, the City has not demonstrated that there are any plans to actually build more parking spaces with the fees collected. Therefore, in-lieu fee payments do not mitigate parking impacts in Venice, and the use of such fees in lieu of actual mitigation constitutes a substantial issue with the public access policies of the Coastal Act.

The proposed project provides no on-site or physical parking spaces or other means of effectual parking mitigation for the proposed 1,658 square-foot or new 2,831 square-foot, full-service, sit-down restaurant with 995 square feet of service-floor area, including seating for 60 patrons. Using the parking standard for restaurants that is set forth in the certified Venice LUP (one parking space for each 50 square feet of service floor area, including outdoor service areas, and one additional parking space for each 640 square feet of floor area of the ground floor), the proposed restaurant would need to provide 22 – 24 parking spaces for the proposed addition and change in use. The plans approved by the City are unclear as to the floor area for the proposed project, but the estimate is that 2 – 4 parking spaces will be required for the LUP's BIZ parking requirement. No parking plan or other mitigation was proposed by the applicant, and the City's suggested mitigation (in lieu fees and/or bicycle parking) would not mitigate the project's parking demand.

The City's staff report for Case No. DIR-2010-2932 (page F-5, page 28 of EXHIBIT 28), recognizes that "[t]he area's demand for parking far exceeds the existing supply and the proposal to expand the existing restaurant, while providing a full line of alcohol beverages, will add to the parking demand and place an additional burden on the existing limited parking supply. The subject property was originally constructed without on-site parking and the absence of on-site required parking for the proposed restaurant will adversely affect the immediate neighborhood." The APC recognized the parking constraints surrounding the project site and while they determined that the applicant would not be allowed to serve alcoholic beverages, they were silent on how the increased parking demand associated with the expansion and change in use should be addressed.

The lack of any physical parking supply and the ineffectual mitigation raises a substantial issue with regard to the public access policies of the Coastal Act because the applicant is proposing to significantly increase the intensity of use of the site in an area near the beach that is known to be strained for public parking. As such, proposed project would only increase the parking demand and intensify the competition for public parking in a coastal area that is already suffering from an insufficient parking supply. Additional parking is necessary to meet the increased parking demand of the proposed development so that public parking supplies that support coastal access are not adversely affected by the parking demand of the approved development. Alternatively, the site can continue its prior permitted use without increasing the demand for parking. The City-approved project does not include a plan that will mitigate the parking impacts of the development. Therefore, a substantial issue exists with respect to the grounds on which the appeals have been filed.

The issue of whether the proposed development can provide adequate parking for its patrons, for the life of the proposed use, without negatively impacting the public beach access parking supply, is an important and substantial issue. Section 30252 of the Coastal Act requires that new development provide adequate parking facilities to maintain and enhance public access to the coast. Section 30213 of the Coastal Act requires that lower cost visitor and recreational facilities shall be protected.

Public access is an important issue and as such, the Commission has carefully reviewed projects like the proposed development that are located near popular coastal recreational areas. The City's approval of this project and other similar projects, have collectively exacerbated the parking problems for which Venice is famous. The ongoing competition for limited parking resources has resulted in the City's adoption of resident-only parking permits (overnight parking districts). The City has failed to require provisions of adequate parking, thus creating additional pressure on the existing parking supply, which adversely impacts the public's ability to access the coast.

Only with careful review of the proposed project can the Commission ensure that public access to the coast is protected. If it finds that a substantial issue exists, the Commission will have the opportunity to review and act on the proposed project at the subsequent de novo hearing. Therefore, the Commission finds that a substantial issue exists with respect the proposed project's conformance with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, and with the approval of Local Coastal Development Permit No. ZA-2012-1770.

Applying the five factors listed in the prior section clarifies that the appeal raises "a substantial issue" with respect to Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act, and therefore, does meet the substantiality standard of Section 30265(b)(1), because the nature of the proposed project and the local government action are not consistent with policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act.

The first factor is the degree of factual and legal support for the local government's decision that the development is consistent or inconsistent with the relevant provisions of the Coastal Act. The City's CDP findings (page F-1, page 24 of EXHIBIT 4) state that "[t]he project [will have] no adverse effects on public access, recreation, public views, or the marine environment [and that] the proposed use will neither interfere [with] nor reduce access to the shoreline." And (page F-2, page 25 of **EXHIBIT 4**) that "[n]o deviations from the standards of the Venice Coastal Specific Plan associated with new development as these relate to a change in use and expansion of an existing restaurant have been requested in this action. As such, no deviations from the Specific Plan have been requested or approved herein." On the same page the City's staff report also states that "[n]o outstanding issues have emerged which would indicate a conflict between this requested conversion and the expansion and any other decision of the Coastal Commission." As stated above in this staff report, the City acknowledges that there is not a sufficient supply of parking in the subject area and that the no parking or mitigation otherwise will be provided or required with the City's approval of the proposed project. The City's findings not only contradict each other, in that the proposed project is not consistent with the LUP because the LUP requires 22 – 24 parking spaces to be provided with the approval of the proposed project, but the City also fails to provide evidence supporting its findings that there will be no adverse impacts on public access. Additionally, as evidence of recent appeals where the Commission has found a substantial issue (A-5-VEN-15-0025, A-5-VEN-15-0002, and A-5-VEN-15-0003) there are "outstanding issues [that] have emerged which would indicate a conflict between this requested conversion and expansion and any other decision of the Coastal Commission." Therefore, the Coastal Commission finds that the City provided an inadequate degree of factual and legal support for the local government's decision.

The second factor is the extent and scope of the development as approved or denied by the local government. The current structure operates as a retail space and food take-out space, which does not provide any parking. No coastal development permit was ever obtained to change the use of the structure from its industrial use in 1973 to any other use (e.g., retail or restaurant). The scope of the proposed development is unclear. The applicant is proposing zero on-site or off-site parking spaces despite the increased demand of 22 - 24 parking spaces. The applicant does not provide a parking

plan, valet or otherwise, to supply any parking spaces or mitigation that is required for the proposed addition and change in use and fails to meet or adequately mitigate the parking requirement for the proposed project. Furthermore, it is unclear what exactly is proposed to be demolished, but it is clear the project will result in a significantly enlarged and remodeled development, which may not be appropriate to incorporate grandfathered parking rights. Therefore, the scope of the development as approved by the City is not consistent with the public access policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act.

The third factor is the <u>significance of the coastal resources affected</u> by the decision. Public parking is explicitly called out in Section 30212.5 of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act and in the Shoreline Access section of the certified Venice LUP. The supply of public parking in Venice is an extremely valuable resource, and it is the policy of the City "to provide *increased parking opportunities* for both visitors and residents of Venice" (LUP Policy II.A.1). Many people who visit the coast, and especially Venice Beach, travel long distances and it is not practical for them to walk, ride bikes, or take public transit. It is because of this reason that protecting the public parking supply to the coast is of significant importance. The project is located approximately three blocks from the coast and it is a highly visited area with a very limited parking supply. The proposed project, and others like it, has the potential to negatively and cumulatively impact the public beach parking supply by not provided the required parking for the proposed development. Therefore, the proposed development could significantly and adversely affect coastal resources.

The fourth factor is the <u>precedential value of the local government's decision</u> for future interpretations of its LCP. The City does not currently have a certified LCP. The proposed development is not consistent with the parking requirements set forth in the certified LUP. The certified Venice LUP sets forth very specific parking requirements, yet the City's staff report is silent on the matter. The proposed project is not providing any physical parking spaces, which contradicts the parking requirement for restaurants set forth in the certified LUP. This project, as proposed and conditioned by the City, may prejudice the ability of the City to prepare an LCP that is in conformity with Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act.

The final factor is whether the appeal raises local issues, or those of regional or statewide significance. This appeal raises specific local issues, but without a proper action plan to mitigate public parking impacts to the coast, it may set a statewide precedence. Venice Beach is one of the most popular visitor destinations in the state making public access to Venice Beach a statewide issue. Therefore, the City's approval does raise issues of statewide significance.

In conclusion, the primary issue for the appeals is the adverse impacts to public parking that supports coastal access. In this case, the proposed project does not comply with the parking regulations of the certified LUP or the Chapter 3 policies of the Coastal Act. Therefore, Commission staff recommends that the Commission find that the appeal raises a substantial issue as to conformity with Chapter 3 policies.

VII. MOTION AND RESOLUTION – DE NOVO

MOTION: I move that the Commission approve Coastal Development Permit No. A-5-VEN-15-0038 pursuant to the staff recommendation.

Staff recommends a **NO** vote. Passage of this motion will result in approval of the permit as conditioned and adoption of the following resolution and findings. The motion passes only by affirmative vote of a majority of the Commissioners present.

RESOLUTION:

The Commission hereby denies a Coastal Development Permit for the proposed development and adopts the findings set forth below on grounds that the development would not be in conformity with the policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act and will prejudice the ability of the local government having jurisdiction over the area to prepare a Local Coastal Program conforming to the provisions of Chapter 3.

VIII. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS – DE NOVO

A. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The applicant proposes to establish a two-story, 2,798 square-foot restaurant on the site of a one-story, 1,658 square foot structure currently being used as a restaurant. The applicant describes the conversion of the existing one-story building to a two story building as a remodel, involving the demolition of 48% of the exterior walls; demolition of 100% of the interior walls and fixtures; demolition of the roof; rebuilding of the entire first floor, including an elevator with a subterranean elevator-housing unit; construction/addition of a new second floor. The applicant has proposed to lease six off-site parking spaces from the parking lot at St. Joseph's Community Center approximately 500 feet from the project site. The proposed project would result in a two-story, 2,798 square-foot sit-down restaurant with 1,140 square feet of service-floor area and 1,352 square feet of area on the first floor (Exhibit 5).

Project History

City records indicate that the building was built in 1924 in the area of Venice reserved for industrial uses like motorcycle and automobile repair shops. The City records obtained by the Commission are not complete. Three Certificate of Occupancy *applications* have been found in the City's on-line database (**Exhibit 6**). It is not clear if they were approved by the City.

1969 - Change of use from Tool Engineering to Same

1986 - Change of use from Retail to Retail

1987 – Change of use from Motorcycle Repair Shop to Take-Out Restaurant

No coastal development permits have been approved for the property, although one application for a permit exemption was submitted to the Commission in 2011, and rejected. Coastal Exemption Request No. 5-11-090-X proposed a change of use of the structure to a restaurant use. Commission staff notified the applicant that a local coastal development permit was required for the proposed one-story restaurant.

One actual/approved Certificate of Occupancy, dated 1991, for Repair Shop to Take-Out Food Restaurant was discovered (**Exhibit 6**) in the City's data base. However, no Certificate of Occupancy or CDP for change of use from Tool Engineering to Retail or from Retail to Motorcycle Repair Shop has been recovered from the City's database or provided to staff. A CDP for change of use of the site from Repair Shop to Take-Out Food Restaurant has not been found on file with the City or the Coastal Commission or provided to staff. Therefore, the last legally permitted use is Tool Engineering (1969). However, the subject site has been operating as retail and/or restaurant use without a CDP for approximately 30 years. As such, the current use of the site is considered unpermitted development.

B. PUBLIC ACCESS AND RECREATION

Relevant Coastal Act and Certified Venice Land Use Plan Policies are hereby incorporated by reference from Section VI of the Substantial Issue portion of this staff report on pages 8-11.

The proposed development is located approximately three blocks from the Venice Beach Boardwalk (**Exhibit 1**). The site is developed with a pre-coastal commercial development that was constructed in 1924 with no on-site or otherwise associated vehicular parking. The surrounding neighborhood is a mix of industrial and commercial uses. The existing structure was built prior to the Coastal Act and the City has determined that the existing building is entitled to seven grandfathered parking spaces (**page 3 of EXHIBIT 4**), however, the applicant is asserting a right to eight grandfathered parking spaces. As discussed above, the last permitted use of the site was Tool Engineering and any grandfathered parking rights should be based on that use and not retail or restaurant. For a Manufacturing and Industrial Establishment, the certified LUP requires three parking spaces in addition to one space for each 350 sq. ft. of floor area. Therefore, the estimated parking demand for the legally permitted 1,658 square foot industrial use is 8 parking spaces: 3 spaces plus 5 at the rate of one space for each 350 sq. ft. of 1,658 sq. ft.. However, the Venice LUP does not grant any automatic right to grandfathered parking when a use is changed or a building is remodeled.

The structure is over 90 years old. The applicant's plans indicate that 52% of the exterior walls will be preserved during the construction of the proposed restaurant, while the plans propose to demolish 48% of the existing exterior walls. The entire roof, and all interior walls and utilities are proposed to be removed and rebuilt, along with substantial addition of foundation and framing necessary to construct an entirely new second story and a new elevator with a subterranean housing unit. More than 50% of the existing structure will be demolished.

If a project results in the replacement of 50% or more of a structure, the project consists of the replacement, in entirety, of the original structure. (14 CCR § 13252(b).) A replacement structure is new development and must comply with existing zoning requirements, including parking requirements. Given the age of the structure and the extent of the proposed project, it is unlikely that the remaining walls will be able to support a new second story and elevator without being augmented, therefore the existing walls could not remain intact as they are now (stripping a wall down to the studs and/or adding additional support is not considered a "remaining wall"). Additionally, the project does not account for unexpected discoveries (such as dry rot, which is common in this area for older structures) and leaves a very small margin of error (~1% of exterior walls). Furthermore, the foundation will need major reinforcement to support a new second story, a new elevator, and a new subterranean elevator housing unit.

Considering the full scope of the proposed project, the ensuing structure will result in a new building and a change in intensity of use of the project site. As such, all current parking requirements must be complied with and any grandfathered parking rights are surrendered (LUP Policy II. A. 3). Therefore,

the applicant is required to comply with the current parking standards and satisfy the parking demand for the proposed project in its entirety.

The certified LUP requires one parking space per 50 square feet of service floor area and one space per each 640 square feet of floor area on the ground floor for BIZ parking. According to the latest plans submitted by the applicant on May 26, 2016, the applicant proposes an approximately 2,798 square-foot two-story restaurant. The total service floor area (including excluded ADA paths of travel) is not explicitly called out on the most recent (updated) plans or in the most recent correspondence from the applicant. Additionally, the calculations included with the most recently submitted plans are not complete and do not reflect the reported floor areas on those plans (total proposed restaurant reported at 1,960 square feet; first floor area reported as 1,352 square feet; total gross area reported as 2,798 square feet; total net area reported as 2,089 square feet; total paths of travel reported as 490 square feet; total service floor area reported as 619 square feet; total reported support area, including office, shown is 345 square feet; total kitchen area reported is 523 square feet).

Furthermore, other areas that appear to be designated "support" do not look as if they are included in any calculation and it's not entirely clear why those areas were excluded from the total service floor area calculation or why they are considered "support" areas (Exhibit 5). However, based on previous plans submitted by the applicant on February 2, 2016, with a substantially similar floor plan, the reported service floor area is 1,140 square feet including 1,352 square feet on the ground floor (Exhibit 5). Using the reported service floor area from February 2, 2016 yields 25 parking spaces (service floor area 1,140/50 = 22.8; BIZ 1,352/640 = 2.1). It is unclear if the applicant included the sidewalk service area shown on the plans in this calculation; however, despite the applicant's claim that the sidewalk service area is permitted, there is no CDP permitting sidewalk service area (or any food service on the property) and therefore it is not permitted. Additionally, the applicant has excluded 490 square feet of service floor area (43% of total calculated service floor area) for ADA paths of travel and asserts that they only need to provide parking for 619 square feet of service floor area, or 14 parking spaces (service floor area 619/50 = 12.4; BIZ 1,352/640 = 2.1; 12 + 2 = 14). The applicant claims that they are entitled to eight grandfathered spaces and as such, they are only responsible for providing six total parking spaces for the proposed project (14 required spaces – 8 grandfathered spaces = 6). They propose to do this by leasing six parking spaces from a nearby community center.

The Commission allowed limited ADA paths of travel to be reduced from the total service floor area when calculating the required parking spaces for 2014 restaurant development on Lincoln Boulevard (A-5-VEN-14-0011). In that case, the project site was located on the cusp of the coastal zone approximately one mile from the beach, not in the BIZ; and the project included a comprehensive Traffic Demand Management (TDM) plan. Additionally, only major ADA pathways (i.e. from the entrance to the restroom, to the emergency exit) where removed from the service floor area, not every aisle way that meets ADA standards, as the applicant has done so here. Removing every, or nearly every, path of travel is not appropriate when calculating parking demands because spaces between tables were already taken into account when the formula (one space for 50 sq. ft. of service floor area) was established for restaurants. Also, seating layouts can easily change. In this case, it might be reasonable for the applicant to remove only the main paths of travel from the entrance to the restroom for ADA purposes if the project met substantially the same conditions as the previous. However, the site is located in the BIZ approximately three blocks from the beach and the proposed project provides no on-site or otherwise acceptable vehicular parking. In this case, using ADA criteria as a mechanism to simply reduce the amount of required parking for leasing purposes for an establishment is an exploitation of those standards, especially since no ADA parking is provided with the proposed project.

The applicant proposes to lease six parking spaces from a nearby community center. The community center, known as St. Joseph's Center, is the subject of CDP A-5-VEN-04-315 and ARCW 2003-3304-SPE-CU-ZAD-SPP-CDP-PA1. Condition 34 of the City's permit for St Joseph's Center (updated June 24, 2010) states in part, "...No spaces shall be reserved for any particular user, including lease parking spaces..." The community center is required to participate in routine parking assessments by the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation (DOT). In the latest parking assessment dated September 15, 2014, the DOT determined that "...while the data collected by DOT does corroborate the findings of the Hirsch/Green report, in that the Center does appear to have sufficient available parking for the Center's current needs, it is not clear that the Center is fulfilling its commitment to adequately meet the needs of all onsite users before making parking spaces available for public use at the lower overflow parking lot during the highest occupancy periods."

While the community center is permitted to lease some of its excess parking spaces to the general public, it appears that they may be over leasing spaces to the public and not fully meeting the obligatory demand for their on-site uses. Further, the community center is authorized to lease excess spaces to the general public for provisional use, not for permanent use by a new restaurant. Securing off-site leased parking spaces at a facility that is not controlled or maintained by the applicant would require a recordation of legal entitlement to those spaces to ensure the required spaces are secured for the life of the commercial establishment leasing the spaces. A deed restriction or long-term lease would not be consistent with the Condition 34 of the community center's permit and therefore is not a viable long-term/permanent option for the applicant to satisfy the parking demand associated with the proposed project at this time. In any case, the proposal to lease existing off-site parking spaces will not mitigate the parking demands of the proposed project because the parking supply will stay the same, while demand would be increased.

In addition to the claim of grandfathered parking and the proposed leased parking, the applicant has informed Commission staff that it has already paid \$252,000 to the City in in-lieu parking fees. The applicant should not have paid and the City should not have accepted the in-lieu parking fees until the local government's action was final, which would have been after the appeal period ended if the local CDP was not appealed, or in this case, if the Commission did not find a substantial issue with the local CDP. In this case, the Commission did find a substantial issue with the local CDP and the local CDP is null and void. As such, if a CDP for the proposed project is denied, the in-lieu parking fees that were accepted by the City should be returned to the applicant.

Although the LUP does call for a Venice Coastal Parking Impact Trust Fund program into which inlieu parking fees may be paid, the Commission has not reviewed or certified one. In recent appeals (A-5-VEN-15-0002 & A-5-VEN-15-0003), the Commission has found that a substantial issue does exist with the in-lieu fee of \$18,000 per parking space that the City charges to applicants who do not provide actual parking spaces. The City has not shown that it has analyzed any data relating to the effectiveness of the Venice Coastal Parking Impact Trust Fund. However, a Venice In-Lieu Parking Fee Study released in July 2012 offers evidence that suggests that the \$18,000 per parking space inlieu fee is considerably inadequate. The study shows that in 2012 a single parking space in similar areas throughout Southern California can cost a developer between \$25,000 - \$80,000 per space, depending on the location and type (above or below ground) of the parking structure. Additionally, because the City has not evaluated the Venice In-Lieu Parking Fee Study Program, the City has failed to prove that the program is working and it has not demonstrated there are any plans to actually build more parking spaces with the fees that have already been collected. Furthermore, BIZ spaces can only substitute 50% of required BIZ parking with an in-lieu fee. Considering the erroneously applied in-lieu fee program under the City's interpretation, the applicant would still be required to provide one actual

physical BIZ parking space, which it does not. In any case, the City does not have an Implementation Plan (IP) under which to incorporate the in-lieu fee for standard or for BIZ parking spaces as is required by the LUP. Therefore, the in-lieu fee is not consistent with the certified LUP and should not be used to satisfy a parking demand.

Public parking is explicitly called out in Section 30212.5 of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act and in the Shoreline Access section of the certified Venice LUP. In this case, the applicant's proposal of providing no physical parking spaces for a use that would normally require 25 new parking spaces is not reasonable. Many people who visit the coast, and especially Venice Beach, travel long distances and it is not practical for them to walk, ride bikes or take public transit. It is because of this reason that protecting the public parking supply to the coast is of significant importance. The project is located just three blocks from the beach and is a highly visited area with a very limited parking supply, which the City recognizes (page 28 of EXHIBIT 4). The proposed expansion and change in use of the building will increase the demand for parking associated with the proposed restaurant, which justifies the parking requirement of 25 spaces required by the LUP, yet the applicant is not proposing a single new physical parking space. The provision of required parking is necessary to mitigate the additional vehicle trips generated by the proposed commercial expansion. Not providing the parking needed to meet the new demands generated by the project will result in additional competition for limited public parking. That additional demand for public parking will adversely affect the public's ability to access Venice Beach. Nearby public parking supplies that would be adversely affected are the on-street parking and the public beach parking lot at Main Street and Rose Avenue. The applicant is proposing zero on-site parking spaces and to lease six spaces from a parking lot that is already encumbered and lacks an enforcement mechanism. The applicant fails to meet or adequately mitigate the parking requirement for the proposed project.

The existing development was built over 90 years ago, under remarkably different circumstances. The parking demand in Venice has significantly increased since 1924 and the current supply does not have the capacity to absorb the increase associated with the proposed development. The existing circumstances of the site and the proposed project do not protect existing public access to the coast. The applicant has an existing permitted use of the property. Any intensification must include mitigation for additional parking demands, which the applicant has failed to provide. The proposed development is not consistent with the public access policies of Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act and therefore, staff is recommending that the Commission deny the project.

C. UNPERMITTED DEVELOPMENT

Development has occurred on the subject site without the benefit of the required coastal development permit consisting of a change of use of the structure from Tool Engineering to Food Take-Out and/or Restaurant. A coastal development permit was not issued by the Commission to authorize the change in use. Nor was any coastal development permit issued by the City of Los Angeles. Any development activity conducted in the Coastal Zone without a valid coastal development permit, or which does not substantially conform to a previously issued permit, constitutes a violation of the Coastal Act. The applicant is proposing a change of use of the structure that is not consistent with the parking requirements of the certified LUP or the public access policies of the Coastal Act; therefore enforcement staff will evaluate further action to resolve the violation.

Appendix A

- 1. Venice In-Lieu Parking Fee Study, July 2012
- 2. Coastal Development Permits: A-5-VEN-04-315, 5-04-446, A-5-VEN-15-0025, A-5-VEN-15-0002, A-5-VEN-15-0003, A-5-VEN-04-315
- 3. City of Los Angeles permit APCW 2003-3304-SPE-CU-ZAD-SPP-CDP-PA1, UPDATED June 24, 2010

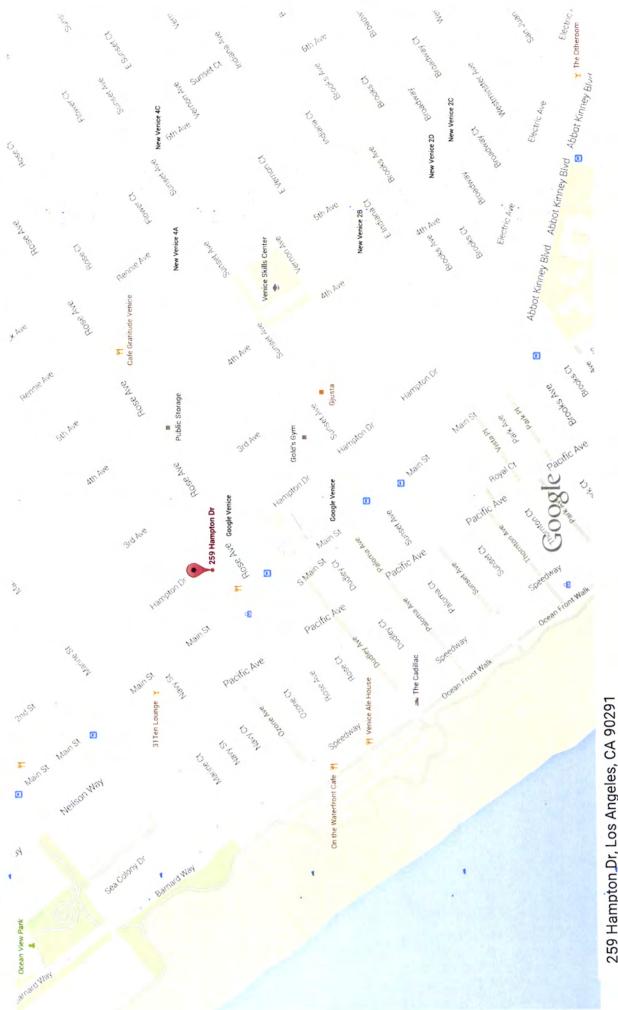


259 Hampton Dr, Los Angeles, CA 90291

Street View · Search nearby

Map data ©2015 Google 2 mi

COASTAL COMMISSION
A-S-VEN-IS-0038
EXHIBIT #
PAGE OF 3



259 Hampton Dr, Los Angeles, CA 90291

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COASTAL COMMISSION

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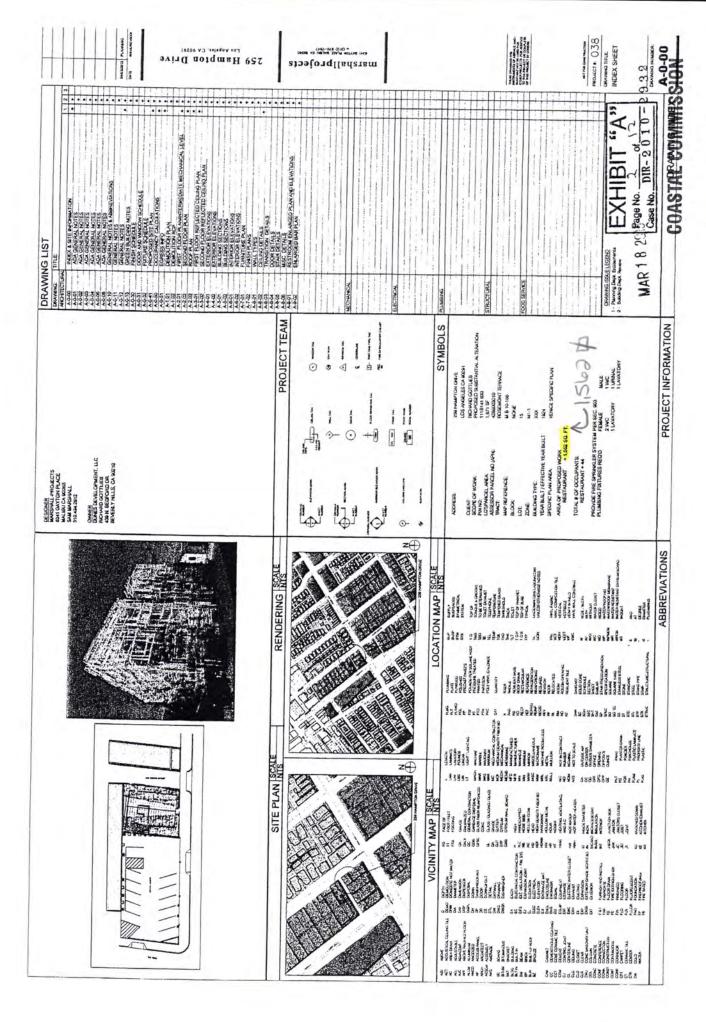
Exhibit 2a

Venice Coastal Zone
Note: Map does not show area of Palms • Del Rey portion of coastal zone that is located inland of Lincoln Boulevard.

PLANNING REVIEW
MARCH 16, 2015

marshall projects

COASTAL COMMISSION
A-S-VEN-K-0038
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PAGE 1 OF 19



EXHIBIT# 2



HAMPTON DRIVE

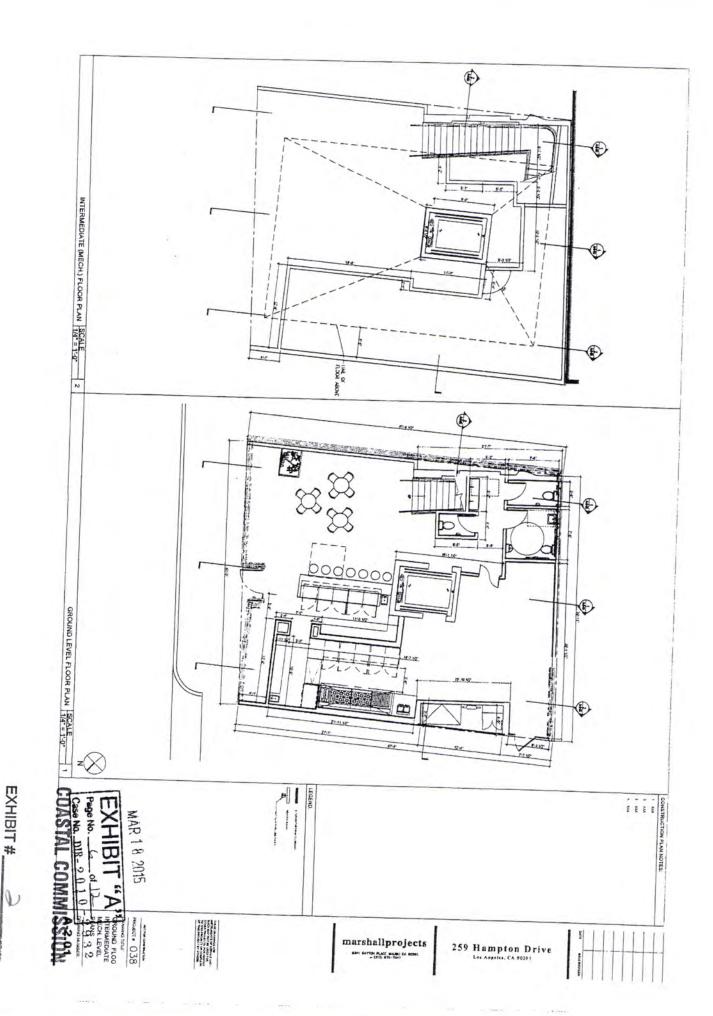
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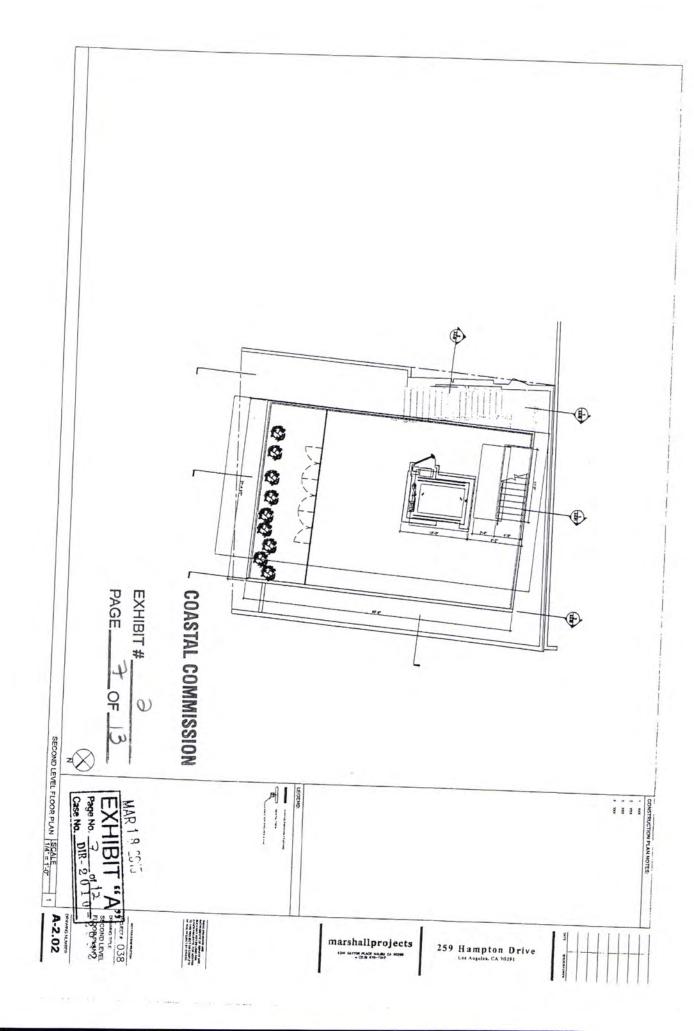
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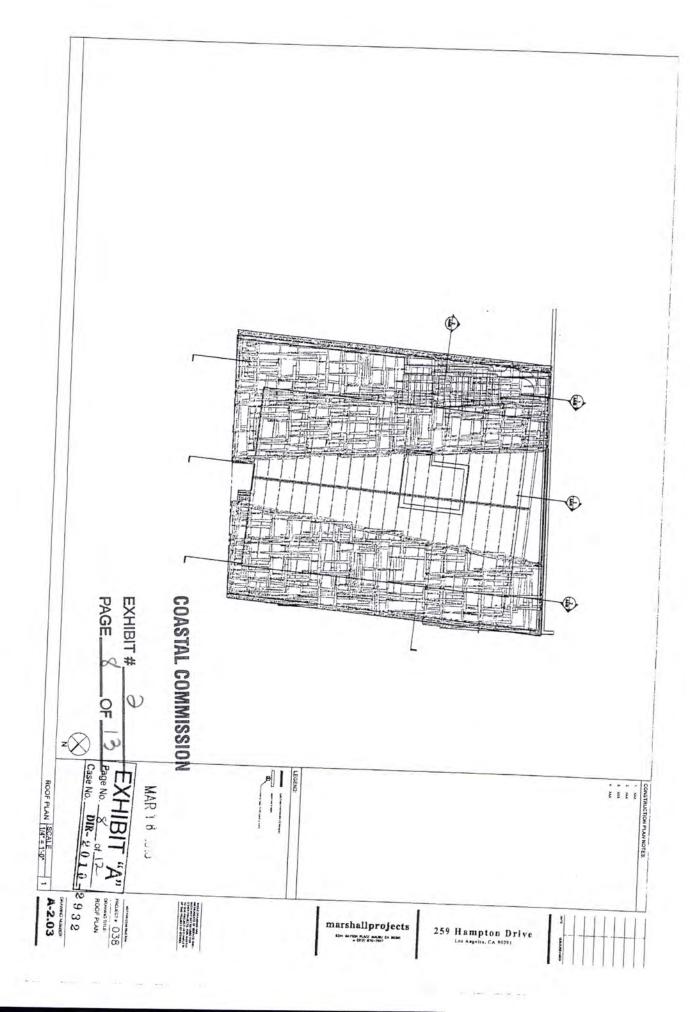


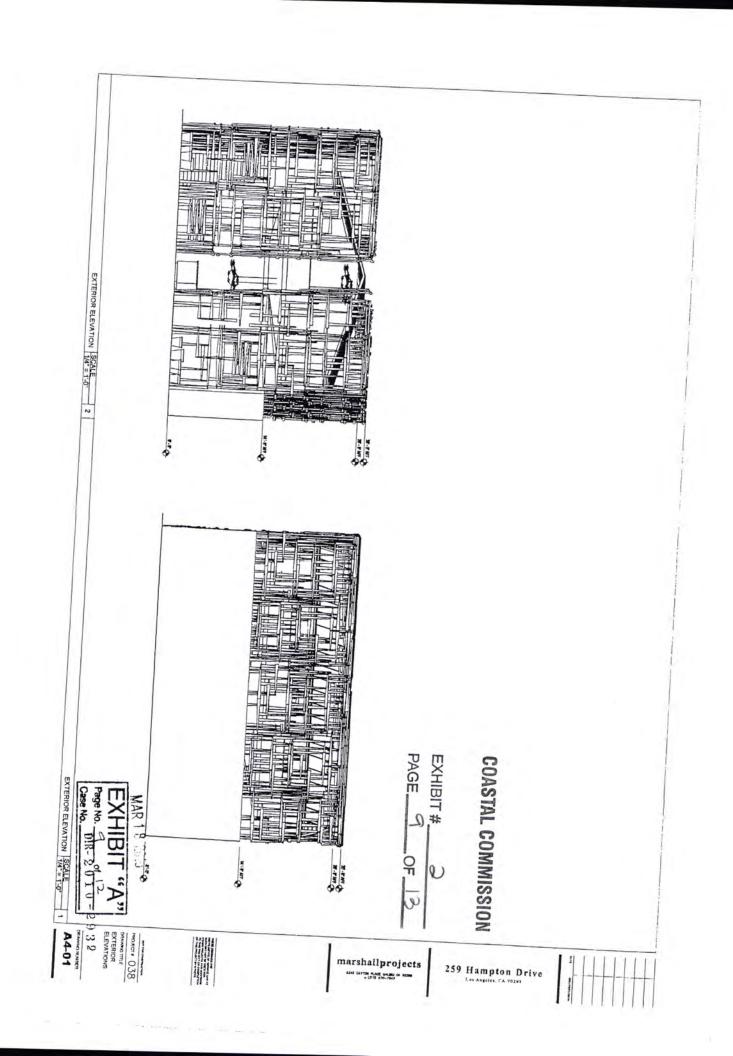


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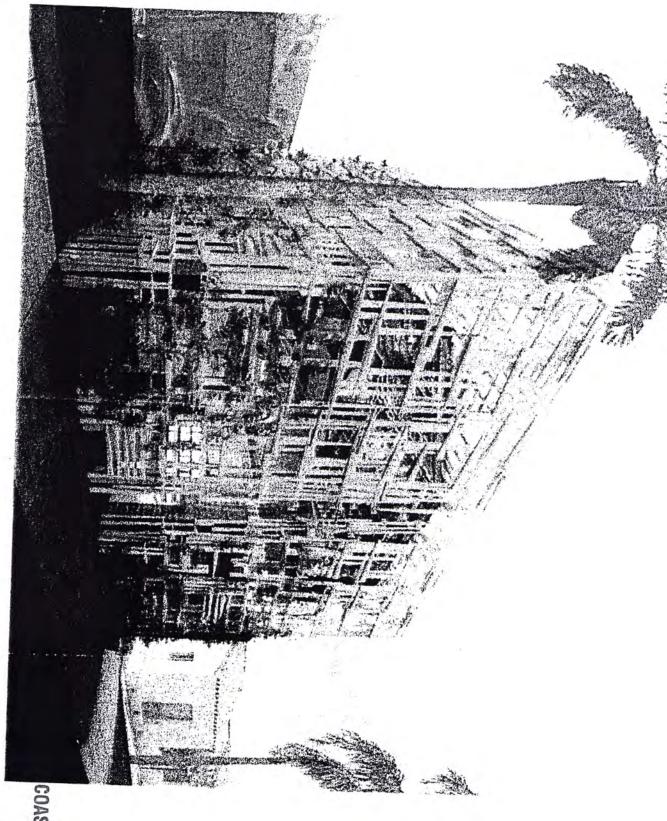
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PAGE 12 OF 13



COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT #_

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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

South Coast Area Office 200 Oceangate, Suite 1000 Long Beach, CA 90802-4302 (562) 590-5071



APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT



JUL 0 6 2015

Appellant(s) SECTION I.

Name, mailing address and telephone number of appellant(s):

COASTAL CONTIA MC

	Dceangate, Suite 1000 Beach, CA 90802 (562) 590-5071
SECTION II.	Decision Being Appealed
1.	Name of local/port government: City of Los Angeles
2.	Brief description of development being appealed: Conversion of an existing one-story retail commercial structure into a two-story restaurant with no onsite parking.
	Development's location (street address, assessor's parcel no., cross street, etc.): 259 Hampton Drive, Venice, City of Los Angeles.
4.	Description of decision being appealed:
	a. Approval; no special conditions:
	b. Approval with special conditions: XX
	c. Denial:
Note:	For jurisdictions with a total LCP, denial decisions by a local government cannot be appealed unless the development is a major energy or public works project

Denial decisions by port governments are not appealable.

TO BE COMPLETED BY COMMISSION:

APPEAL	NO:	A-5-VEN-15-0038

DATE FILED: July 6, 2015

DISTRICT: South Coast

COASTAL COMMISSION

A-5-VEN-15-0038

Page 1 of 3

	5.	Dec	ision being appealed was made by (check one):		
		a.	Planning Director/Zoning Administrator:		
		b.	City Council/Board of Supervisors:	_	
		C.	Planning Commission: XX	_	
		d.	Other:		
	6.	Date	e of local government's decision: April 1, 2015		
	7.	Loca	al government's file number: ZA-2012-1770 (CDP)		
SECT	TION III.	lden	tification of Other Interested Persons		
			mes and addresses of the following parties. nal paper as necessary.)		
	1.	Nam	ne and mailing address of permit applicant:		
		439	hard Gottlieb, Dunes Development LLC North Bedford Drive verly Hills, CA 90210		
	2.		ne and mailing address of permit applicant's agent:		
		1301	hen Vitalich, Architect Abbot Kinney Boulevard ce, CA 90291		
	2.	or in	nes and mailing addresses as available of those who to writing) at the city/county/port hearing(s). Include other to be interested and should receive notice of this app	ner parties which	
		a.	James Murez Murez@Venice.net 804 Main Street Venice, CA 90292		
		b.	Robin Rudisill		
		C.		COASTAL C	OMMISSION
				EXHIBIT #_	3 OF 17

SECTION IV. Reasons Supporting This Appeal

Note: Appeals of local government Coastal Permit decisions are limited by a variety of factors and requirements of the Coastal Act. Please review the appeal information sheet for assistance in completing this section, which continues on the next page. Please state briefly <u>your reasons for this appeal</u>. Include a summary description of Local Coastal Program, Land Use Plan, or Port Master Plan policies and requirements in which you believe the project is inconsistent and the reasons the decision warrants a new hearing.

- 1) The City-approved development may adversely affect public access and could prejudice the City's ability to prepare an Local Coastal Program (LCP).
- 2) The existing 1,658 square foot building would be converted into a 2,831 square foot restaurant. The local coastal development permit authorizes an increase in intensity of land use that will significantly increase the parking demand on the project site (approximately 20-30 more parking spaces than currently provided), and the local coastal development permit does not require adequate mitigation for the increased parking demand. The local approval is silent in regards to how the project's parking demands will be met, and the property has no on-site parking.
- 3) Special Condition 25 requires states that the project's parking shall be provided as required by the Venice Coastal Specific Plan. The Venice Coastal Specific Plan allows the applicant to pay an lieu fee into a city fund rather than provide additional parking that would meet the parking demands of the approved development. The in lieu fee is not adequate mitigation for two reasons: 1) the amount paid per parking space (\$18,000) is significantly less than the cost for providing one parking space, and 2) the City does not have a plan to use the collected fees to mitigate the parking impacts of the approved development (e.g., construct addition parking). The result of the action is to increase the demand for parking in a coastal area that currently does not have adequate parking supplies to meet the parking demand. The lack of adequate parking reduces the ability of the public to access the shoreline. The proposed project is three blocks inland of Venice Beach.
- 4) Special Condition 25 also references valet parking, although the City approval does not describe any parking plan or use of valets and off-site parking.
- 5) The competition for the limited amount of public parking in the vicinity of the project has lead to numerous requests for restricted "resident only" permit parking. The Commission has denied the City's applications for "resident only" permit parking [Appeal Nos. A-5-VEN-08-340, A-5-VEN-08-341, A-5-VEN-08-342, A-5-VEN-08-343 & A-5-VEN-08-344]. The Commission's denials of the applications for "resident only" permit parking were based on adverse impacts to public access.
- 6) The City's approval of increased commercial intensity in the coastal zone without mitigating the parking demands (by providing more parking or other means to access the area) will result in cumulative adverse effects to public access.

SECTION V. Certification

The information and facts stated above are correct to the best of my/our knowledge.

Signature of Appellant(s) or Authorized Agent

Daie COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT# 3



APPEAL FROM COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Page 3)

SECTION IV. Reasons Supporting This Appeal

PLEASE NOTE:

- Appeals of local government coastal permit decisions are limited by a variety of factors and requirements of the Coastal Act. Please review the appeal information sheet for assistance in completing this section.
- State briefly your reasons for this appeal. Include a summary description of Local Coastal Program, Land Use Plan, or Port Master Plan policies and requirements in which you believe the project is inconsistent and the reasons the decision warrants a new hearing. (Use additional paper as necessary.)
- This need not be a complete or exhaustive statement of your reasons of appeal; however, there must be sufficient
 discussion for staff to determine that the appeal is allowed by law. The appellant, subsequent to filing the appeal, may
 submit additional information to the staff and/or Commission to support the appeal request.

The Venice Coastal Zone Land Use Plan (LUP) (Certified 6-13-2001) set forth several Coastal Act requirements for the City to conform when issuing a development permit. It is my belief that several of these conditions have been violated and the approval of the project was made in error. I have listed below the primary reasons for this statement and attached a more in depth narrative summary for your review.

- 1. First, the LUP under the section titled Parking, Policy II. A. 1, sets the basic principal which requires a new or major remodel to provide parking at a ratio in scale with the development. The policy addresses visitor access to the beach and refers to several points that encourage projects to develop parking and transportation to help reach this goal. The policy allows a development to purchase in-lieu spaces and the funds to be placed into a trust fund. The trust fund is described to create and counteract the shortage of parking created by purchasing In-Lieu spaces. This Trust Fund was created in 1988 as a part of the Venice ICO. To this date, the books show that his account has received well over a million dollars and spent nearly all of it, yet over the same period the City has NOT created a single new parking space with these funds.
- 2. Before the City can mitigate the parking In-Lieu deficit they have already allowed through receiving these funds on other projects, they will have to locate and purchase the land where the lot(s) can be created. In a Request for Proposal the City published in 2014, of the six sites under consideration none were within a mile of this project location. When recently questioned if the City had any plans to build a lot in this area, they responded nothing at present is being considered. Any increase on the parking short fall in this projects area will be greatly felt by the residents, other businesses and visitors and will only serve to further impact access to the coast.
- 3. The City established the \$18,000 fee for In-Lieu parking in 1988. The fee as described in the LUP is not a fixed amount but rather refers to it as "a rate proportional to the cost of providing a physical parking space". In 2012 the City Department of Transportation hired a consulting firm to evaluate the In-Lieu Parking policy as described in the LUP. They studies five local Cities besides Los Angeles who all have similar plans in place. They determined that a program that charged \$50,000.00 per space plus land cost would be more in line with today's costs to create a successful In-Lieu program. The City has the fixed rate in the Municipal Code and therefore cannot legally charge the going rate.
- 4. The LUP requires this project to provide Beach Impact Zone parking spaces. The LUP allows a maximum of 50% of said BIZ parking spaces to be purchased through the in-lieu policy. The City approved this project to buy 100% of the required BIZ spaces although the code requires 50% to be physically provided. These spaces are required for any Change of Use.
- No commercial Loading Zone is being provided nor any ADA Handicap Parking. The City is allowing this since the site has NO on-site parking and the seven spaces they are claiming are credits (grandfathered), not actual spaces.
- 6. The City's approval of increased commercial intensity in the coastal zone without mitigating the parking demands (by providing more parking or other means to access the area) will result in cumulative adverse effects to public access. In the immediate area around this site NONE of the properties conform to the minimum parking requirements and many are in violation of their current Certificate of Occupancy Use permits as they relate to parking.

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT #_	3
PAGE 4	_OF_17

Narrative to Appeal 259 Hampton Ave., Venice Ca 90291 By James Murez 6/2/2015

WLA Area Planning Commission Approval of Planning Permits
Case No.'s ZA 2012-1770-CDP-CUB-1A, DIR 2010-2932-SPP-1A, ENV-2013-2592-MMD

Narrative reasoning of why I believe the City erred in approving this project and why it will jeopardize their ability to implement a Local Coastal Program without prejudice.

This project is located in an area of Venice which is already heavily impacted by a lack of parking opportunities. There are two public lots in the area. The one at the beach on Rose Av. is about 1300 feet from this site and requires crossing two major traffic light intersections. It has space for about 100 cars. The second public lot is located at Rose Av. and Main St. and can accommodate about 40 cars. The next closest public parking lot is over a mile south, at Venice Blvd. Essentially, there is no visitor parking in the North Venice area where this project exists.

Private parking in this area is also very limited. Besides many of the older residential multi-unit properties not having any parking, many businesses have received change of use permits lacking required parking over the years or are operating without proper use permits, adding a tremendous burden on what little street parking exists.

The City in 2014 released a Request for Proposals to create additional parking opportunities in Venice. None of the specified sites where the City already owns the land were within one mile of this site. More recently, when asked if the City had any intentions to provide any new parking solutions for the Rose Av. business corridor, they responded that there is nothing being considered or talked about at present.

As part of the CCC Certified Land Use Plan (LUP) for Venice, a policy is described that allows a developer to purchase parking spaces in-lieu of providing the physical spaces. This policy is tied into several concepts in the LUP and does not stand out as an island all on its own. The implementation strategy describes the concept of adapting the community's historic structures for reuse in more modern ways. For example, taking a 100 year old craftsman house on a business street and converting it to a retail store. But the policy also described the creation of new parking lots, along with creating and maintaining a shuttle bus solution to help manage visitor access.

The City seems to be stuck with a poorly written Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan (VSP) which has become part of the Municipal Code. It does not contain the details about implementing the policies of the LUP and, even worse, in the summary of In-Lieu parking opportunities, left out the wording that allowed the fee to remain current with actual costs to replace the parking space that was being purchased. So the VSP, which is based on the Venice Interim Control Ordinance, a document that went into effect in 1988 and specified the cost of a parking space at \$18,000, has never been revised. The City finally in 2012 had a study prepared and published that the real cost is currently about \$50,000 per

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT#_	3		
PAGE 5	_OF_	17	

to be taken for this project, it is the City's responsibility to identify where and when replacement parking will exist. Or they need to demonstrate how an accumulation of sites like what is proposed here will be able operate without impacting access to the beach. Think of this in another way: ten projects similar in size with requests similar to this request would reduce the parking in this area by 210 parking spaces — that is 25% more than all the combined public parking lots in the North Venice Subarea! And, with the Rose Av business district from the beach to Lincoln Blvd taking off with new shops and development projects daily, how will the City provide for the shortcoming that already exists, much less allow for further deficit approvals? As proposed, this project is required to provide twenty-one parking spaces, of which the City approved seven credits (grandfathered, not physical spaces), and allowed fourteen more to be purchased in-lieu.

Where will the required Commercial Loading zone for this project be located? This is a good question. Because there is an alley, the loading zone by LAMC is required to be off the alley. However, the City is allowing this project to be approved without any loading zone, suggesting that public parking on the street in front of the site will be converted into a restricted commercial loading zone.

The proposed project is located in an industrial zoned M1 area of North Venice. This property is currently operating as a restaurant. The use permit states that about fifty percent of the site is a Retail Store and the other half is a take-out food service only counter. It was cited about five years ago, but the City process, being what it is, has allowed them to continue to operate until they have received a determination from this pending permit. They have also been cited for sidewalk dining, but seem to have total disregard for the rules.

LUP ... "Implementation Strategies"

"The in lieu fee for a BIZ parking space shall be established in the (LIP) at a rate proportional to the cost of providing a physical parking space." Too bad the City has dropped the ball on the LIP!

The City should not be allowed to approve CDP's with parking issues until they live up to their prior commitments, and not be allowed to further prejudice their ability to produce a Coastal Development Plan. Please help preserve our coastal community and deny this project.

####

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT#_	3		
PAGE Le	_OF_17		

Have Havosi, Robin Rudisill, Kinning Hiller, Rotanne Brown South Coast Region James McCullage, Mari paz Maramba, & Marie Pabianova

South Coast Region

COASTAL PERMIT DECISION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT (Page 13)

SECTION IV. Reasons Supporting This Appeal

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

PLEASE NOTE:

Appeals of local government coastal permit decisions are limited by a variety of factors and requirements of the Coastal Act. Please review the appeal information sheet for assistance in completing this section.

State briefly your reasons for this appeal. Include a summary description of Local Coastal Program, Land Use Plan, or Port Master Plan policies and requirements in which you believe the project is inconsistent and the reasons the decision warrants a new hearing. (Use additional paper as necessary.)

This need not be a complete or exhaustive statement of your reasons of appeal; however, there must be sufficient discussion for staff to determine that the appeal is allowed by law. The appellant, subsequent to filing the appeal, may submit additional information to the staff and/or Commission to support the appeal request.

We are seriously concerned that the Coastal Commission's review process and related "Notification of Deficient Notice" form did not result in this CDP being returned to the City in order for them to, at a minimum, provide a clear Project Description and clear, legible plans, that conform to the instructions and are complete. See attached Exhibit A for details on the deficiencies and the requirements. This is one of the few controls that the Coastal Commission has in place and to find that it has no integrity is devastating.

The determinations at issue, ZA-2012-1770-CDP-CUB-1A and DIR-2010-2932-SPP-1A, took almost two months from hearing to issuance. This is very unusual for the determinations to be dangling out there unissued for that long, and should be explained. Also, our detailed review of these determinations has revealed numerous errors and differences compared to what was approved in the West L.A. Area Planning Commission (APC) hearing. We are very concerned that there has been such an erroneous preparation of these determinations and that there has not been adequate review by the Area Planning Commission prior to issuance (it may even be that City Planning themselves is preparing these determinations, with NO review by the APC, and we are fairly certain that the City Attorney as well as the Applicant and their lawyer(s) are also involved). In addition, the APC determinations are normally marked to show ALL changes, not just deletions, but there are no markings on these particular determinations in order to show what has been added or changed. This is concerning and even suspicious in and of itself. It is also not clear whether the Exhibit A plans reflect the text of the determinations, which has been one of the big concerns of the community and the Commissioners.

One major issue is that the determinations do not reflect the expansion and additional square footage of the building resulting from the addition of the fully enclosed second floor that was approved by the APC. The impact of this expansion seems to be ignored. The expansion must be consistently (and correctly) noted and its impact factored in and tracked in each aspect of each of the determinations. The parking calculation is materially affected, and must be redone due to the increase in square footage.

Also significant is that the updated Findings are not consistently applied, but must be consistently applied; for example, CUB Finding 10. on page F-5 with respect to Coastal Access, one of the Findings causing the CUB to be denied, must be consistently applied to CDP Finding 1: with respect to Coastal Access, and the result is that Finding 1. cannot be made.

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT#_	3	
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Another material problem is for Finding 2., for which consideration of the Finding only "on an individual basis" is not acceptable, as cumulative impact MUST also be considered for all projects. Materially changing the required Finding itself is obviously not acceptable.

In general, the Findings are conclusory – no supporting evidence is offered.

In addition, the use of the in lieu fee and not providing actual parking is clearly resulting in a cumulative adverse impact on parking and traffic in this area, which is a beach tourist area and coastal access area, as no parking is provided and funds that are woefully inadequate in representing the value of the parking have been going into a City fund that has not been used to create any parking. CEQA requires a review when the cumulative impact of successive projects of the same type in the same place may be significant (City of L.A. Environmental Quality Act Guidelines, page 26), which is clearly the case here and cumulative impact of use of this in lieu fee as opposed to providing real parking must be evaluated.

The Councilmember for the district has submitted a Motion to City Council indicating that he will amend the Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan to increase this fee to a more representative amount, reflecting the fair value of the parking, and that it will include an index for COLA type increases (which should have been done years ago) but, as he knows, this will take a very long time to do this and he is not putting a hold on use of the in lieu parking fee in the meantime, which is often what is done in such a situation. Thus, he is allowing for developers to try to take full advantage of Venice by using the current, lower, in lieu fee to pay for parking for their projects, creating a one-time, gigantic windfall for these owners/developers, with a corresponding detrimental adverse, gigantic impact to Venice and our visitors.

If there is inadequate parking available for the commercial businesses, perhaps projects should be delayed or contingent on the parking becoming constructed or otherwise available via shuttle buses, etc. Other options for parking MUST be considered, as use of the in lieu parking fee is creating a cumulative adverse impact that cannot and should not be tolerated. The City has proven that they will not address this, thus we request that the Coastal Commission does so.

Perhaps the Abbot Kinney area should be looked at for use by the Artcraft population, as it is a preferred use as per the Venice Land Use Plan.

RECEIVED
South Coast Region

JUL 0 6 2015

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

COASTAL COMMISSION

PAGE 8 OF 17

ExhibitA

"Posner, Chuck@Coastal" < Chuck.Posner@coastal.ca.gov>6

June 16, 2015 4:03 PM

To: 'Robin Rudisill' <wlldrudi@me.com>

Cc: "Chris Robertson (chris.robertson@lacity.org)" <chris.robertson@lacity.org>, "Henry,

Teresa@Coastal" <Teresa.Henry@coastal.ca.gov>

RE: Determination Letters West Los Angeles APC--259 Hampton Drive

Preced together from Conditions & Findings and STILL NOT CORPECT 1 Attachment 1.2 MI

This is what the cdp says:

Sit-down restaurant. See Cond. 8 on page C-1 ("60 seats"). See Findings 7 on page F-2 ("2,831 sq. ft. restaurant.... with seating for 60 patrons").

From: Robin Rudisill [mailto:wildrudi@me.com]

Sent: Tuesday, June 16, 2015 2:15 PM

To: Posner, Chuck@Coastal

Subject: Fwd: Determination Letters West Los Angeles APC-259 Hampton Drive

URONG

As per the City of Los Angeles Code of Ethics, please be sure that you are acting in the Public's interest at all times, and that you are EVER CONSCIOUS that Public Service is a Public Trust. Also, please be ever cognizant that you are required to fulfill your moral obligation of your position by disclosing improper governmental activities within your knowledge, to the extent not expressly prohibited by law.

What document do you have that says "2,831 square foot restaurant with a maximum of 60 seats at 259 Hampton Drive in Venice (ZA-2012-1770-CDP)" Can you please send that to me and then call me?

Thanks.

South Coast Region

JUL 0 6 2015

Cheers, Citizen Robin Best

Leaders

Of

Venice

Everlasting

CELL: (310) 721-2343

OFFICE PH/FAX: (\$10) 745-3240

Viva the Venice Vibe!

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

Begin forwarded message:

From: Robin RudisIII <wildrudi@me.com>

Subject: Re: Determination Letters West Los Angeles APC--259 Hampton Drive

Date: June 16, 2015 12:46:41 PM PDT

To: "Posner, Chuck@Coastal" < Chuck.Posner@coastal.ca.gov>

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT#	3	
PAGE 9	OF	17

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

Louis Coast District Office 300 Occupate, 10th Piece Long Beach, Cathlemia 90801-44 (662) 390-508 (WW.COASTALCA.GOV



NOTIFICATION OF DEFICIENT NOT	TOT
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DATE: May 26, 2015

West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission TO:

200 North Spring Street, Room 272, Lons Appelos Ca. 90012

FROM: Charjes Posner

Location:

Local Permit No. ZA-2012-1770 CDP-CUB-1A (Commission File No. 5

Please be advised of the following deficiency(ies) in the notice of local action w have received for Local Permit No. pursuant to 14 Cal. Admin. Code Section 13571 or 13332.

Applicant(s): Richard J. Gottlieb, Dunes Development LLC

Description: UNCLEAR

259 Hampton Drive, Venice

Deficiency noted by check mark below: 1.XX Project description not included or not clear

Conditions for approval and written findings not included.

Procedures for appeal of the decision to the Coastal Commission not included.

Notice not given to those who requested it.

Notice does not indicate if local government action is appealable to Coastal Comm

6. Final Local Action Notice not sen

7.XX Exhibit " A "not attacked.

As a result of the deficiency(ies) noted ab-

Post-Certification LCP Permits:

XX The effective date of the local government action has been suspended, and the 10 working day Commission appeal period will not commence until a sufficient notice of action is received in this office. (14 Cal. Admir, Code Sections 13570, 13572.)

Post-Certification LUP Permits:

The effective date of the local government action has been suspended, and the 20 working day.

Commission appeal period will not commence until a sufficient notice of action is received in this office. (14 Cal. Admin. Code Sections 13570, 13572.)

If you have any questions, please contact Charles Posner at the South Coast District Office.

cc: Richard J. Gottieb

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

ould be this box checked

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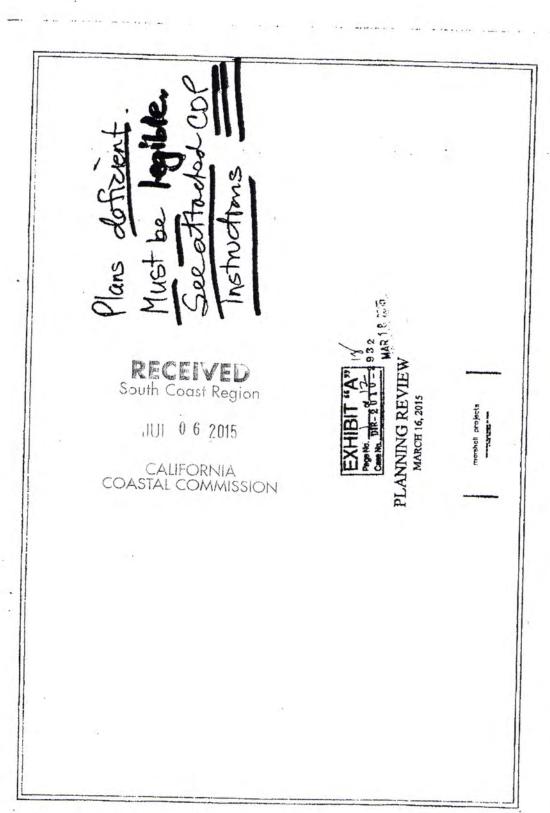
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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

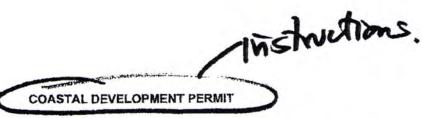
COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT #



COASTAL COMMISSION

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ZONE CODE SECTIONS 12.20.2 prior to LCP certification.

The MASTER LAND USE APPLICATION INSTRUCTION SHEET—500' RADIUS should also be followed, except that a 100-foot radius map is required, and b copies of the site plan are required. The 100-foot radius starts across the street from the subject property.

·dual permit area

PREMIOUS ACTIONS

· -single permit area

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING. When the Coastal application is accepted for filing, the applicant must post within 24 hours a NOTICE OF INTENT sign (sample attached) at a conspicuous place, easily read by the public, and as close as possible to the site of the proposed development. The notice shall indicate that an application for a permit for the proposed development has been submitted to the City Planning Department. The form to be used for the posting, as well as a statement of Certificate of Posting to be submitted after notice of intent is posted is attached. If the applicant fails to post the completed notice of intent form and sign the Certificate of Posting, the Department will withdraw the application and all processing will stop.

2. GEOLOGY REPORT. If the property is in a Hillside area, submit a certified Geology Report.

J.	PKE	KEYIODS ACTIONS	
	Has t	as this property ever had an application submitted to the State of the State of Los Angeles for Coastal approvals? Yes	Coastal Commission or the
	If yes	yes, state the previous application number(s)	
		escribe on a separate page the facts (dates and determiniplications.	nations) of each of these
4.	EXIS	XISTING CONDITIONS	
	a.	Existing use of land	
	b.	Number, type and approximate age of structures to be remo	
	C.	If residential units are being removed or demolished, indicate monthly rent	ate the number of units and
	d.	Is there any similar housing at this price range available in Where?	
5.	TRE	REES: Number of existing trees more than 6 inches in diamet	er (show on plot plan)
6.	TRE	REES: Number, size and type of trees being removed (show or	on plot plan)
7.	SLC	SLOPE: State percent of property:	CEIVED
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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION COASTAL COMMISSION

PAGE 13 OF 17

MASTER LAND USE APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

City of Los Angeles - Department of City Planning

1 .	The MASTER LAND USE APPLICATION FORM must be filled out completely. It is recommended that you use the interactive online form available under the Forms & Processes section at planning.lacity.org. The application must be signed and
	notarized by the property owner/owners, lessee, authorized agent of the owner or officers of a corporation. Note: A lessee may not sign the Master Land Use Application for an application involving a plan amendment and/or zone
	change.

- □ a. PROOF OF OWNERSHIP. In order to accept any application submitted to City Planning, the property owner is required to have given consent to file said application on their property. Proof of Ownership can provided as necessary:
 - Di. An Ownership Disclosure is required if the property is owned by an LLC, corporation, partnership or trust. The disclosure must reveal the agent for service of process or an officer of the ownership entity. The disclosure must list the names and addresses of the principal owners (25% interest or greater) and attach a copy of the current corporate articles, partnership agreement, or trust document, as applicable.
 - The Grant Deed is required if the ownership does not match City Records. Ownership on the deed must correspond EXACTLY with the ownership listed on the application.
 - □ lii. A notarized Letter of Authorization (LOA) is required from the property owner if anyone other than the owner signs and notarizes the application. The authorized person on the LOA must correspond with the signatory listed on the application.
 - □ iv. A Lease Agreement is required when the applicant is the lessee of the <u>entire site</u> and signs/notarizes the application.
- □ b. SIGNATURES of adjacent property owners who support your request may be included on a supplemental sheet. The Signature Sheet is the third page of the Master Land Use Application available under the <u>Forms & Processes</u> section at planning lactivorg.
- 2. FINDINGS/JUSTIFICATIONS are required for each entitlement that is requested. Most entitlements require specialized findings (such as Conditional Use Permits, Over-Height Fence cases, Zone Variances, etc...) that are available at the Public Counters or under the Forms & Processes section at planning.lacity.org.
- CITYWIDE DESIGN GUIDELINES CHECKLIST: A completed copy of the applicable checklist is required if the project meets the following criteria:
 - A discretionary Planning Department application that requires a building permit, and
 - Building or structure that is visible from the public right-of-way, and
 - The project involves the construction of, addition to, or exterior alteration of any building or structure.

Single family dwellings are exempt. Small lot subdivisions will be exempt when the Small Lot Design Guidelines are issued.

4. RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- □ a. Community Planning Referral Form. These forms are required if the project site is located in a Specific Plan or overlay zone (i.e., HPOZ/CDO/POD/NOD/SN, etc...), requires a Design Review Board approval, or is utilizing affordable housing incentives pursuant to the procedures in Section 12.22 A 25 of the Zoning Code (aka Density Bonus ordinance). The form is required to be filled out and signed by the planner designated for that area. The Department current assignment list is available at planning.lgclty.org.
- ☐ b. Bureau of Engineering Planning Case Referral Form (PCRF). Required if the project is any of the following:
 - New construction, or floor area additions to buildings used for commercial or industrial purposes in any zone. Including mixed use projects with a commercial or industrial component, and associated building/surface parking facilities in any zone, or;

CP-7810 - Master Land Use Application Instructions [01.09.2014]

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Q 7.	DUDLIC NOTICE	MIF.
L 1.	PUBLIC NOTICE	rete:

- The Abutting Property Owners' List includes those properties adjacent, across a street/alley, to the rear or having a common corner with the subject property. Names and addresses of owners shall be secured from the City Clerk's Land Records Division, 201 N Figueroa St, Suite 730. Four (4) sets of the list are required: two (2) on self-adhesive labels, plus two (2) photocopies. All of the labels must be typewritten and prepared according to the Mailing Procedures handout.
- Db. 500 FOOT NOTIFICATION. Several entitlements require notification to extend up to 500' from the subject property. If the entitlements that you are requesting require such notification, provide the following in addition to the Abutting Property Owners' List:
 - Di. A Radius Map + 7 copies, with a minimum size of 18"x24" prepared according to the Radius Map Requirements document available at the Public Counters.
 - A list of the Property Owners' & Occupants within 500' corresponding to the Radius Map. Names and addresses of owners shall be secured from the City Clerk's Land Records Division, 201 N Figueroa St, Suite 730. Two (2) sets of the list are required; one on self-adhesive labels (for BTC purposes), plus a photocopy. The labels must be typewritten and prepared according to the Malling Procedures handout.

The Radius Map and Property Owners & Occupants List can be prepared by a number of professionals in the industry. A Map Makers List is available under the Forms & Processes section at planning lacity.org.

- The Owner's, Applicant's and Representative's Names must be included as an individual label in both the Property Owners/Occupants List as well as the Abutting Property Owners list.
- Dd. A Penalty of Perjury Statement certifying the lists' accuracy is required and is attached to the Malling Procedures handout.
- A copy of the BTC Receipt, which verifies that the self-adhesive labels on the owners/occupants lists have been submitted to BTC, is required at filing. BTC is the Department's contractor for the mailing of public hearing notices. Refer to the Mailing Procedures handout for BTC's location, fees and hours.
- Df. A County Assessor's Map or City Clerk's District Map or ZIMAS Map indicating which property belongs to which owner, keyed by numbers next to each name on the Abutting Property Owners' List is required. The City Clerk's District Map can be obtained from the City Clerk's Land Records Division, 201 N Figueroa St, Suite 730.
- The property owner and occupant data must be dated within 90 days of submittal.

The M shandout is also available under the Forms & Processes section at planning lacity.org.

PLANS REQUIRED

TYPE. Provide the following types of plans as necessary:

Di.

- Plot Plan must be submitted for all cases. (See Plot Plan Instructions)
 Floor Plans should be submitted if the request involves the interior lay-out of a pro-U ii. t. Floor Plans are required for all projects in Hillside Areas, involving alcohol—with seats numbered and alcohol storage areas identified, and where the CPC/APC is the decision-maker. (See Floor Plan Instructions)
- Elevations must be submitted if the request involves issues regarding height, aesthetics or design elements. O III. For CPC/APC cases, color elevations are mandatory if anything is constructed. (See Elevation Instructions)
- Color Renderings are highly recommended for all cases to assist in evaluating a proposed project and are □ iv. mandatory for cases where the City Planning Commission is the decision maker.
- Sections should be submitted if the project involves multiple levels or subterranean/basement floors which can only be shown through a section cut of the property.
- Landscape, Hardscape, and Open Space Plans must be submitted for certain projects. (See Landscape Plan Instructions)

CP-7810 - Master Land Use Application Instructions [01.09.2014]

South Coast Region

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COASTAL COMMISSION

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION EXHIBIT:



City of Los Angeles - City Planning Department

Plot Plans submitted to City Planning Department shall comply with the following specifications. Additional materials or information may be required according to each type of application. Application forms are available under the <u>Forms & Processes</u> section at <u>www.planning.lacity.org</u> and at the Public Counters, located at 201 N. Figueroa Street, 4th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90012 (phone: 213-482-7077) and at 6262 Van Nuys Boulevard, Room 251, Van Nuys, CA 91401 (phone: 818-374-5050).

NOTE: An Illegible or inadequate Plot Plan cannot be accepted. When reducing full-sized plans, font sizes and dimensions shall be made large enough so they can be read at the reduced size (see "Size and Number of Copies" in the Master Land Use Instructions). Include only information necessary to depict the project and its setting (do not include mechanical or structural drawings).



The True-Pierr small include a Summary Table that identifies relevant information to the proposed project. Depending on the application, categories should include:

square footage

parking spaces required and provided number of seats indoor and autdoor

heights of buildings See exhibits for examples. open space required and provided

Shakscaping required and provided

- existing and proposed number of units
- other relevant data...

🗖 2. Boundaries:

The Plot Plan shall include all property in the project site or ownership, whichever is larger, unless permission has been obtained from a Public Counter staff supervisor to include an area less than the entire site or ownership. If the project is located on only a portion of a larger site, indicate those portions of the site that are not a part of the project.

3. Technical Requirements:

- Da. Scale:
 - 1) All plans shall indicate a scale and display a graphic scale.
 - 2) Plot Plan shall be accurate to within 1/16".
 - 3) Full size plans shall be at a scale of 1/8"=1" or larger (if not possible, see 3. a. 4 below).
 - 4) Full size plans for large sites (over 2 acres) may be provided at a scale smaller than 1/16"=1', provided, additional plans of key areas are provided at 1/8"=1' scale.
 - 5) Reduced plans at 11"x17" or 8.5"x11" size shall be drawn to scale and legible.
- D b. North Arrow: North shall be shown and oriented towards the top of the page. True north shall be indicated.
 - location: The site address(es), legal description(s) including Arb number(s) and names of abutting streets.

Boundary Line: The boundaries of the property shall be shown by a heavy-broken line and clearly labeled. Dimensions: Dimensions shall be provided for all important measurements, including:

- Property lines, yards, setbacks, building or structure height, building footprints, other key features (as applicable to the request).
- If there is more than one zone classification on the subject property, the zone boundary and dimensions shall be indicated.

Area Calculations: Square-footage calculations for all notable areas (e.g., main and accessory structures, landscape area, common and private open space, lot coverage, etc...).

Floor Area Ratio (FAR) calculations.

- 4. Plot Plan must clearly and completely show the intent of the project and its uses and their locations on the site. Clearly label, identify and differentiate the following features (and include dimensions for important distances):
 - a. Location and uses of all buildings and structures (including walls and fences):
 - 1) Existing structures to be demolished and existing structures to remain.
 - 2) Existing structures or walls that will be demolished to be shown with dashed or shadowed lines.
 - 3) Proposed structures to be constructed or added.

CP-7752 (5/04/10)

South Coast Region .

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EXHIBIT# 3

City of Los Angeles - City Planning Department

Floor Plans submitted to City Planning Department shall comply with the following specifications. Additional materials or information may be required according to each type of application. Application forms are available under the <u>Forms & Processes</u> section at <u>www.planning.locity.org</u> and at the Public Counters, located at 201 N. Figueroa Street, 4th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90012 (phone: 213-482-7077) and at 6262 Van Nuys Boulevard, Room 251, Van Nuys, CA 91401 (phone: 818-374-5050).



NOTE: An illegible or inadequate Floor Plan cannot be accepted. When reducing full-sized plans, font sizes and dimensions shall be made large enough so they can be read at the reduced size (see "Size and Number of Copies" in the Master Land Use Instructions). Include only information necessary to depict the project and its setting (do not include mechanical or structural drawings).



_		
	1.	Boundaries

Floor Plans shall include the entire building or premises subject to the approval.

Z. Technical Requirements:

- Q a. Walls Shown as double lines. Walls that will be demolished to be shown as dashed or shadowed lines.
- D b. Scale No less than 1/16" to equal 1'.
- C. North Arrow.
- d. Street Address of project.
- De. All dimensions of the premises.
- Area calculations in square feet for all notable areas.
- D g. Locations of all seats, bars and tables for restaurants. Seats to be individually numbered.
- Oh. Total number of seats.
- Floor Plans must include any outdoor areas if they are to be used as part of the project.
- Label individual areas, features, rooms, uses and major items of equipment (e.g. living room, auditorium, entry, freezers, stoves, etc...)
- To k. For CUB and CUE filings, include location of all alcohol storage and display areas.



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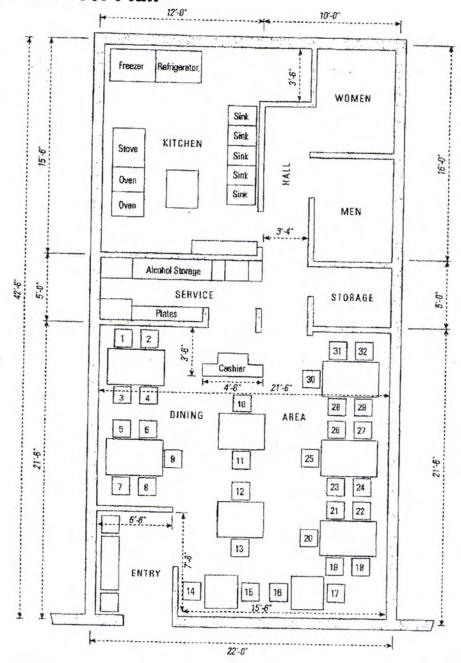
CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

CP-7751 (5/04/10)

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT :	#	3	
PAGE_	6	_OF_	17

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Scale: 3/16" = 1'0"

CP-7751 (5/04/10)

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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSIONASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT# 3
PAGE 17 OF 17



WEST LOS ANGELES AREA PLANNING COMMISSION

200 N. Spring Street, Room 272, Los Angeles, California, 90012-4801, (213) 978-1300 www.lacity.org/PLN/index.htm

Determination Mailing Date: MAY 18 2015

CASE NO.: DIR-2010-2932-SPP-1A

Related Case: ZA-2012-1770-CDP-CUB-1A

CEQA: ENV-2013-2592-MND

Location: 259 South Hampton Drive

Council District: 11

Plan Area: Venice

Zone: M1-1

Fall Coast Region

WAY 2 1 2015

APPLICANT:

Richard J. Gottlieb, Dunes Development LLC

APPELLANT: Ilana Marosi

CAUFORMA COASTAL COMMISSION

At its meeting on April 1, 2015, the following action was taken by the West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission:

- 1. Adopted the Findings.
- 2. Granted the appeal in part.
- 3. Sustained the Determination of the Director of Planning and Approved:
 - a. Specific Plan Project Permit Compliance Review changing the use of a building containing 1,042 square feet of retail store area and 616 square feet of fast food (take-out) only restaurant area to a 1,658 square foot full service sit-down restaurant, subject to modified Conditions of Approval.
- 4. Adopted Mitigated Negative Declaration ENV-2013-2592-MND.

Fiscal Impact Statement: There is no General Fund impact as administrative costs are recovered through fees.

This action was taken by the following vote:

Moved:

Commissioner Donovan Commissioner Margulies

Seconded: Ayes:

Commissioner Halper

Nay:

Commissioners Merritt and Waltz Morocco

Vote:

3 - 0

Effective Date

Effective upon the mailing of this notice

Appeal Status

Not further appealable to City Council

Rhonda Ketay, Commission Executive Assistant West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission

COASTAL COMMISSION

A-5-VEN-15-0038

EXHIBIT #.

PAGE OF 30

If you seek judicial review of any decision of the City pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.5, the petition for writ of mandate pursuant to that section must be filed no later than the 90th day following the date on which the City's decision became final pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.6. There may be other time limits which also affect your ability to seek judicial review.

Attachment: Modified Conditions of Approval and Findings

cc: Notification List Kevin Jones

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT# 4

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

NOTE: This Specific Plan Project Permit Compliance is only applicable to the provisions of the Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan relative to use, height, and parking. Whenever the Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan is silent, all other relevant provisions of the Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) shall apply.

NOTE: Building and Safety will determine if the proposed rooftop dining is permitted per Zoning Administrator Interpretation 1808.

Specific Plan Compliance Conditions

- 1. Site Development. Except as modified herein, the project shall be in substantial conformance with the plans/floor plan and materials submitted by the Applicant, stamped "Exhibit A," and attached to the subject case file. No change to the plans will be made without prior review by the Department of City Planning, Plan Implementation Division, and written approval by the Director of Planning. Each change shall be identified and justified in writing. Minor deviations may be allowed in order to comply with the provisions of the Municipal Code, the project conditions, or the project permit authorization.
- 2. Floor Area and Use. The use of the subject property shall be limited to a 1,658 square foot restaurant use with a maximum of 1,000 square feet of Service Floor Area (SFA). Roof top areas as shown on Exhibit A dated March 16, 2015 may be used for servicing of equipment or emergency access but shall not be used in any other manner by patrons of the site.
- 3. Service Floor Area. The restaurant's total Service Floor Area (SFA) shall be limited to a maximum of 1,000 square feet of area (downstairs and upstairs) as shown on the floor plan of Exhibit A. The path of travel to the restrooms and required exits mandated by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) are not included in calculating the Service Floor Area. The path of travel shall conform to the floor plan contained in the file, and shall not be used as Service Floor Area. Service floor areas shall be fully enclosed within exterior walls.
- 4. Height. The project shall maintain its existing height which is below 30 feet.
- 5. Parking. Two (2) Beach Impact Parking Spaces are required for a change of use that results in an intensification of use (increased vehicle trips). Pursuant to LAMC Section 12.23 B 8 (non-conforming parking) the project maintains a seven (7) space parking credit. The project shall provide 14 additional parking spaces based on the approved SFA and the required Beach Impact Parking, either on or off-site (as provided by Section 12.26 E 5 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code). Alternatively, the applicant can either use one or all of the following:
 - a. Pay an in-lieu fee of \$18,000 per parking space, payable to the Department of Transportation, for the required parking spaces that cannot be provided. Proof of payment is required prior to clearance by the Department of City Planning.

b. Reduce the Service Floor Area to match the amount of parking being supplied and reflect that change on the floor plans.

EXHIBIT #______

PAGE 3 OF 30

c. Reduce the required 14 parking spaces by utilizing the new bicycle parking ordinance standards for a change of use.

Prior to the issuance of a Building Permit, the applicant shall obtain a valet parking permit and shall provide valet parking services for patrons during all serving hours. An off-site parking location shall be identified for this service. This valet parking service shall not park any vehicle on a public street or in a City, County, or State owned parking lot.

6. One year after the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the applicant shall have a Noise Impact Study prepared by a third party to analyze noise impacts from the operation of the restaurant to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of the Los Angeles Municipal Code and the mitigation measures of this approval. Any recommendations from that impact study that indicate additional noise attenuation methods are required shall be fully implemented within 90 days of the receipt of the noise study by the Department of City Planning.

Environmental Conditions

- 7. Aesthetics Signage. On-site signs shall be limited to the maximum allowable under the Municipal Code. Except that the signage program approved as part of the zone variance request are permitted. The comprehensive sign program shall reflect and enhance the Art Deco typeface and general style. Multiple temporary signs in store windows and along building walls are not permitted.
- 8. Aesthetics Glare. The exterior of the proposed structure shall be constructed of materials such as, but not limited to, high-performance and/or non-reflective tinted glass (no mirror-like tints or films) and pre-cast concrete or fabricated wall surfaces to minimize glare and reflected heat.
- 9. Aesthetics Vandalism. Every building, structure, or portion thereof, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition and good repair, and free from, debris, rubbish, garbage, trash, overgrown vegetation or other similar material, pursuant to Municipal Code Section 91.8104. The exterior of all buildings and fences shall be free from graffiti when such graffiti is visible from a street or alley, pursuant to Municipal Code Section 91.8104.15.
- 10. Aesthetics -Light. Outdoor lighting shall be designed and installed with shielding, such that the light source cannot be seen from adjacent residential properties or the public right-of-way.
- 11. Objectionable Odors Commercial Trash Receptacles.
 - a. Open trash receptacles shall be located a minimum of 50 feet from the property line of any residential zone or use.
 - b. Trash receptacles located within an enclosed building or structure shall not be required to observe this minimum buffer.
- 12. Objectionable Odors -No window openings or exhaust vents shall be building facade which abuts a residential use or zone.

- 13. Explosion/Release (Existing Toxic/Hazardous Construction Materials)

 Due to the age of the building being demolished, toxic and/or hazardous construction materials may be located in the structure. Exposure to such materials during demolition or construction activities could be hazardous to the health of the demolition workers, as well as area residents, employees, and future occupants. However, these impacts can be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
 - a. (Asbestos) Prior to the issuance of any permit for the demolition or alteration of the existing structure(s), the applicant shall provide a letter to the Department of Building and Safety from a qualified asbestos abatement consultant indicating that no Asbestos-Containing Materials (ACM) are present in the building. If ACMs are found to be present, it will need to be abated in compliance with the South Coast Air Quality Management District's Rule 1403 as well as all other applicable State and Federal rules and regulations.
 - b. (Lead Paint) Prior to issuance of any permit for the demolition or alteration of the existing structure(s), a lead-based paint survey shall be performed to the written satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety. Should lead-based paint materials be identified, standard handling and disposal practices shall be implemented pursuant to OSHA regulations.
 - c. (Polychlorinated Biphenyl Commercial and Industrial Buildings) Prior to issuance of a demolition permit, a polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) abatement contractor shall conduct a survey of the project site to identify and assist with compliance with applicable state and federal rules and regulation governing PCB.
- 14. Increased Noise Levels -Retail Markets, Bars, Entertainment. No window openings shall be permitted along the residential sides of the building. A 6-foot-high solid decorative masonry wall adjacent to the residential properties shall be constructed, if no such wall currently exists. The proposed facility shall incorporate noise-attenuating features (physical as well as operational) designed by a licensed acoustical sound engineer to assure that operational sounds shall be inaudible beyond the property line.

15. Increased Noise Levels (Demolition, Grading, and Construction Activities)

- a. The project shall comply with the City of Los Angeles Noise Ordinance No. 144,331 and 161,574, and any subsequent ordinances, which prohibit the emission or creation of noise beyond certain levels at adjacent uses unless technically infeasible.
- b. Construction and demolition shall be restricted to the hours of 7:00 am to 6:00 pm Monday through Friday, and 8:00 am to 6:00 pm on Saturday.
- c. Demolition and construction activities shall be scheduled so as to avoid operating several pieces of equipment simultaneously, which causes high noise levels.
- d. The project contractor shall use power construction equipment with state-of-the-art noise shielding and muffling devices.
- 16. Public Services –Police. Building plans shall incorporate design guidelines relative to security, semi-public and private spaces, which may include but not be limited to access control to building, secured parking facilities, walls/fences with key systems, well-illuminated public and semi-public space designed with a minimum of dead space to eliminate areas of concealment, location of toilet facilities or building entrances in high-foot traffic areas, and provision of security guard patrol throughout the project site if

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needed. Please refer to "Design Out Crime Guidelines: Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design", published by the Los Angeles Police Department. Contact the Community Relations Division, located at 100 W. 1st Street, #250, Los Angeles, CA 90012; (213) 486-6000. These measures shall be approved by the Police Department prior to the issuance of building permits.

17. Utilities -Local Water Supplies - Restaurant, Bar, or Nightclub.

- a. Install/retrofit high-efficiency toilets (maximum 1.28 gpf), including dual-flush water closets, and high-efficiency urinals (maximum 0.5 gpf), including no-flush or waterless urinals, in all restrooms as appropriate.
- b. Install/retrofit restroom faucets with a maximum flow rate of 1.5 gallons per minute.
- c. Install/retrofit and utilize only restroom faucets of a self-closing design.
- d. Install and utilize only high-efficiency Energy Star-rated dishwashers in the project, if proposed to be provided. If such appliance is to be furnished by a tenant, this requirement shall be incorporated into the lease agreement, and the applicant shall be responsible for ensuring compliance.
- e. Single-pass cooling equipment shall be strictly prohibited from use. Prohibition of such equipment shall be indicated on the building plans and incorporated into tenant lease agreements. (Single-pass cooling refers to the use of potable water to extract heat from process equipment, e.g. vacuum pump, ice machines, by passing the water through equipment and discharging the heated water to the sanitary wastewater system.)
- 18. Utilities -Solid Waste Recycling. Recycling bins shall be provided at appropriate locations to promote recycling of paper, metal, glass, and other recyclable material. These bins shall be emptied and recycled accordingly as a part of the project's regular solid waste disposal program. Prior to the issuance of any demolition or construction permit, the applicant shall provide a copy of the receipt or contract from a waste disposal company providing services to the project, specifying recycled waste service(s), to the satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety. The demolition and construction contractor(s) shall only contract for waste disposal services with a company that recycles demolition and/or construction-related wastes.

Administrative Conditions

- 19. Final Plans. Prior to the issuance of any building permits for the project by the Department of Building and Safety, the applicant shall submit all final construction plans that are awaiting issuance of a building permit by the Department of Building and Safety for final review and approval by the Department of City Planning. All plans that are awaiting issuance of a building permit by the Department of Building and Safety shall be stamped by the Department of City Planning staff "Final Plans". A copy of the Final Plans, supplied by the applicant, shall be retained in the subject case file.
- 20. **Notation on Plans.** Plans submitted to the Department of Building and Safety, for the purpose of processing a building permit application shall include all of the Conditions of Approval herein attached as a cover sheet, and shall include any modifications or notations required herein.

PAGE OF 30

- 21. Approval, Verification and Submittals. Copies of any approvals, guarantees or verification of consultations, review of approval, plans, etc., as may be required by the subject conditions, shall be provided to the Department of City Planning prior to clearance of any building permits, for placement in the subject file.
- 22. Code Compliance. Use, area, height, and yard regulations of the zone classification of the subject property shall be complied with, except where granted conditions differ herein.
- 23. **Enforcement.** Compliance with these conditions and the intent of these conditions shall be to the satisfaction of the Department of City Planning.
- 24. Indemnification. The applicant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City, its agents, officers, or employees from any claim, action, or proceeding against the City or its agents, officers, or employees relating to or to attack, set aside, void or annul this approval which action is brought within the applicable limitation period. The City shall promptly notify the applicant of any claim, action, or proceeding and the City shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the City fails to promptly notify the applicant of any claim action or proceeding, of if the City fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless the City.

PROJECT PERMIT COMPLIANCE FINDINGS

1. The project substantially complies with the applicable regulations, findings, standards, and provisions of the specific plan.

The property is bounded by residential properties to the north and east and commercial and industrial developed properties to the south and west. The subject property is zoned M1-1 and is currently developed with a 1,658 square foot commercial building that encompasses the majority of the 1,871 square foot property. The project will change use of the existing permitted 1,042 square foot retail portion and 616 square foot take-out only portion into a sit-down restaurant for a total size of 1,658 square feet. A second floor dining area that will be enclosed within exterior walls and windows is being added to the building. The restaurant's total Service Floor Area (SFA) is proposed to be limited to a maximum of 1,000 square feet of area (downstairs and upstairs) as shown on the floor plan of Exhibit A. Building and Safety will determine if the proposed rooftop dining is permitted per Zoning Administrator Interpretation 1808.

A. Section 8.C. Findings

The project meets the four required findings set forth in Section 8.C of the Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan, as shown below:

1. The Venice Coastal Development Project is compatible in scale and character with the existing neighborhood, and that the Venice Coastal Development Project would not be materially detrimental to adjoining lots or the immediate neighborhood.

The subject property and the adjoining properties to the south and west are zoned M1-1 and are developed with a mix of office, retail, and industrial uses and restaurant uses. The adjoining properties to the north and east are zoned RD1.5-1-O and developed with a mix of single-family and multi-family residential uses. An existing church that is being proposed to be converted to an office use is located on the east side of the subject property directly across the street.

Owing to the nature and characteristics of the existing commercial uses and activities in the surrounding area, the resulting legalization of the existing sit down restaurant and the addition of an enclosed second floor dining area will further the continued revitalization of the Venice area. The Venice Specific Plan supports this type and scale of development in the North Venice subarea. This project will create a pedestrian friendly commercial use that will attract customers from the surrounding businesses, homes and visitors to the area. As further conditioned, the project is not anticipated to be detrimental to the adjoining properties or the immediate area.

The second floor dining area will be fully enclosed within exterior walls and windows to address the testimony from the APCW meeting regarding the reconsideration of the appeal. A noise analysis is required one year after the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy for the proposed use to demonstrate that the operation fully complies with the Los Angeles Municipal Code and the mitigation measures of this approval.

The Venice Coastal Development Project is in Conformity with the Certified Venice Local Coastal Program.

The subject property is designated Limited Manufacturing in the Venice Local Coastal Program Land Use Plan and is zoned M1-1. The proposed project is

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consistent with the zoning and the intent of the Land Use Plan and the Specific Plan, which are parts of the Venice Coastal Program by continuing to provide visitor and resident serving restaurant uses. As stated above the project complies with all applicable development requirements of the Venice Coastal Specific Plan.

3. The applicant has guaranteed to keep the rent levels of any Replacement Affordable Units at an affordable level for the life of the proposed project and to register the Replacement Affordable Unit with the Los Angeles Housing Department.

The proposed project is a commercial project and therefore, not subject to the affordable housing provisions of the State Mello Act.

4. The Venice Coastal Development Project is consistent with the special requirements for low- and moderate-income housing units in the Venice Coastal Zone as mandated by California Government Code Section 65590 (Mello Act).

The proposed project is a commercial project and therefore, not subject to the Inclusionary housing requirement of the Mello Act.

In addition to the requisite findings set forth in Section 8.C of the Specific Plan, the project also complies with all applicable provisions of the Specific Plan, as set forth below:

A. Section 10 - Land Use and Development Regulations for North Venice

The project involves the legalization of an existing sit-down restaurant with an increased Service Floor Area of no more than 1,000 square feet. The development standards in Section 10.F pertain to the construction of new structures and additions. The existing building footprint will remain and an enclosed second floor dining area will be added. The subject project is an allowed use in the Limited Manufacturing Land Use Designation.

B. Section 11- Commercial and Industrial Design Standards in Section 11

The Commercial and Industrial Design Standards in Section 11 pertain to projects, which are new buildings or additions therefore this Section does not apply to the project.

C. Section 13.- Parking

Pursuant to Section 13.D of the Specific Plan one parking space for every 50 square feet of Service Floor Area (SFA) is required. When calculating the total number of parking spaces that will be required, a "parking credit" is assigned pursuant to LAMC 12.23.B.8, (addressing non-conforming parking spaces) which states that existing parking must be maintained and that additional parking spaces shall be provided equal to the difference between the number of required parking spaces for the existing use (retail and take-out), and the number of required parking spaces based on the SFA for the new use (sit-down restaurant).

Both the retail and take-out have the same parking ratio per the Specific Plan. The parking credits are calculated as follows: 1,658 square foot of general retail (1,658/225 retail parking per Specific Plan) is a 7.36 space credit or 7 spaces.

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parking credit will allow a maximum SFA of 375 square feet at one parking space for every 50 square feet of Service Floor Area.

The project is proposing a maximum SFA of 1,000 square feet (located both upstairs and downstairs), Once the seven parking space credit of 735 square feet of SFA is subtracted from the proposed 1,000 square feet of SFA, at least 12 additional parking spaces will be required. In addition, the change of use will require two Beach Impact Parking Spaces to be provided. The parking credit can be utilized to supply the Beach Parking Spaces. The proposed project has been conditioned to provide the 12 additional parking spaces based on the approved SFA, either on or off-site parking (as provided by Section 12.26 E 5 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code. Alternatively, the applicant can either use one or all of the following:

- a. Pay an in-lieu fee of \$18,000 per parking space, payable to the Department of Transportation, for the required parking space that cannot be provided. Proof of payment is required prior to clearance by the Department of City Planning.
- b. Reduce the SFA to match the amount of parking being supplied and reflect that change on the floor plans.
- c. Reduce the required 14 parking spaces by utilizing the new bicycle parking ordinance standards for a change of use.

The West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission (APCW) considered a proposal from the applicant to provide valet parking services during serving hours. The Commission found that valet service for the proposed use could have some impact on the surrounding residential streets based on the testimony from the meeting reconsidering the appeal of the SPP. To minimize this potential impact the recommended that prior to the issuance of any Building Permit the applicant shall obtain a valet parking permit and that an off-site parking location shall be identified for this service. The APCW prohibited the use of public-street or government owned parking lots for the valet parking service.

 The project incorporates mitigation measures, monitoring measures when necessary, or alternatives identified in the environmental review, which would mitigate the negative environmental effects of the project, to the extent physically feasible.

A Mitigated Negative Declaration, ENV-2013-1298-MND was prepared for the proposed project. On the basis of the whole of the record before the lead agency including any comments received, the lead agency finds that, with imposition of the mitigation measures described in the MND (and incorporated into the Conditions of Approval herein), there is no substantial evidence that the proposed project will have a significant effect on the environment. The attached Mitigated Negative Declaration reflects the lead agency's independent judgment and analysis. The records upon which this decision is based are with the Environmental Review Section of the Planning Department in Room 750, 200 North Spring Street.

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OBSERVANCE OF CONDITIONS - TIME LIMIT - LAPSE OF PRIVILEGES

All terms and conditions of the Director's Determination shall be fulfilled before the use may be established. The instant authorization is further conditioned upon the privileges being utilized within **three years** after the effective date of this determination and, if such privileges are not utilized, building permits are not issued, or substantial physical construction work is not begun within said time and carried on diligently so that building permits do not lapse, the authorization shall terminate and become void.

TRANSFERABILITY

This determination runs with the land. In the event the property is to be sold, leased, rented or occupied by any person or corporation other than yourself, it is incumbent that you advise them regarding the conditions of this grant. If any portion of this approval is utilized, then all other conditions and requirements set forth herein become immediately operative and must be strictly observed.

VIOLATIONS OF THESE CONDITIONS, A MISDEMEANOR

Section 11.00 of the LAMC states in part (m): "It shall be unlawful for any person to violate any provision or fail to comply with any of the requirements of this Code. Any person violating any of the provisions or failing to comply with any of the mandatory requirements of this Code shall be guilty of a misdemeanor unless that violation or failure is declared in that section to be an infraction. An infraction shall be tried and be punishable as provided in Section 19.6 of the Penal Code and the provisions of this section. Any violation of this Code that is designated as a misdemeanor may be charged by the City Attorney as either a misdemeanor or an infraction.

Every violation of this determination is punishable as a misdemeanor unless provision is otherwise made, and shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both a fine and imprisonment."

FINAL PLAN SIGN OFF AND APPROVAL

Verification of condition compliance with building plans and/or building permit applications are done at the Development Services Center of the Department of City Planning at either Figueroa Plaza in Downtown Los Angeles or the Marvin Braude Building in the San Fernando Valley. In order to assure that you receive services without waiting, applicants are encouraged to schedule an appointment with the Development Services Center by calling (213) 482-7077 (Figueroa Plaza) or (818) 374-5050 (Marvin Braude Building) San Fernando Valley or through the Department of City Planning website at http://cityplanning.lacity.org. The applicant is further advised to notify any consultant representing you of this requirement.

EXHIBIT#_______OF___30____



West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission

200 North Spring Street, Room 272, Los Angeles, CA 90012-4801 (213) 978-1300

Website: http://www.lacity.org/pln/index.htm

TO:

California Coastal Commission South Coast District Office 200 Oceangate, Suite 1000 Long Beach, CA 90802

Mailing Date:

JUN 05 2015

Case No.: ZA-2012-1770-CDP-CUB-1A

Address: 259 Hampton Drive

Plan Area: Venice

Council District: 11

South Coast Region

JUN 8 2015

FROM: West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

NOTICE OF COASTAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT ISSUANCE

Applicant name/address

Richard J. Gottlieb Dunes Development, LLC 439 North Bedford Drive Beverly Hills, CA 90210

Representative name/address

Stephen Vitalich Stephen Vitalich Architects 1301 Abbot Kinney Boulevard Venice, CA 90291

JUN 05 2015

The above-referenced Coastal Development Permit was approved effective public hearing conducted by the West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission on April 1, 2015. An appeal was not filed with the City Council during the mandatory appeal period or no appeal to City Council was permitted from the Commission's action; whichever is indicated in the Commission's Determination Report.

Appeals must be filed within a 20 working-day appeal period, to be determined by the South Coast District Office of the Coastal Commission in accordance with said Commission's procedures.

- The proposed development is in the dual permit jurisdiction area, and will require an additional permit from the California Coastal Commission upon the expiration of the above 20-working-day appeal period.
- The proposed development is in the single permit jurisdiction area, and if the application is not (X) appealed within the 20-working-day period the applicant may proceed with the subject project.

Attachments:

Coastal Development Permit / Commission Determination Report

Zoning Administrator's Determination Miscellaneous relevant documents

cc: Applicant and Applicant's Representative (Notice, Coastal Permit/APC Determination) APC Determination Report mailing list (Notice & Coastal Permit/APC Determination)



WEST LOS ANGELES AREA PLANNING COMMISSION

200 N. Spring Street, Room 272, Los Angeles, California, 90012-4801, (213) 978-1300 www.lacity.org/PLN/index.htm

JUN	05	2015

	TON BU LUID
Corrected Determination Mailing	g Date:

Correction: Project description

CASE NO: ZA-2012-1770-CDP-CUB-1A Related Case: DIR-2010-2932-SPP-1A

CEQA: ENV-2013-2592-MND

Location: 259 South Hampton Drive

Council District: 11 Plan Area: Venice

DECEIVED South Coast Region

Zone: M1-1

JUN 8 2015

COASIAL COMMISSION

APPLICANT: Richard J. Gottlieb, Dunes Development LLC

Representative: Stephen Vitalich, Stephen Vitalich Architects

CALIFORNIA

APPELLANT: Ilana Marosi

At its meeting on April 1, 2015 the following action was taken by the West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission:

1. Adopted the revised Findings, granted the appeal in part, overturned the Zoning Administrator's decision and denied the Conditional Use to permit the sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption in conjunction with a proposed restaurant in the M1-1 Zone.

This action was taken by the following vote:

Moved: Commissioner Margulies Seconded: Commissioner Donovan Ayes: Commissioner Halper

Absent: Commissioners Merritt and Waltz Morocco

Vote: 3 - 0

2. Adopted the revised Findings, granted the appeal in part, sustained the Zoning Administrator's decision and approved the Coastal Development Permit authorizing the conversion, construction, use and maintenance of a take-out restaurant and retail establishment into a sit-down restaurant located within the single jurisdiction of the California Zone, subject to modified Conditions of Approval, and adopted Mitigated Negative Declaration ENV-2013-2592-MND.

This action was taken by the following vote:

Moved: Commissioner Donovan Seconded: Commissioner Margulies Aves: Commissioner Halper

Absent: Commissioners Merritt and Waltz Morocco

Vote: 3 - 0

Fiscal Impact Statement: There is no General Fund impact as administrative costs are recovered through fees.

Effective Date

Effective upon the mailing of this notice

Appeal Status

Not further appealable to City Council

Rhonda Ketay, Commission Executive Assistant West Los Angeles Area Planning Commission

The Coastal Development Permit is effective at the City level on the mailing date of this determination. The Coastal Development Permit is not further appealable at the City level, but appealable only to the California Coastal Commission – South Coast District Office. The California Coastal Commission, upon receipt and acceptance of this determination, will establish the start of the 20-day appeal period.

If you seek judicial review of any decision of the City pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.5, the petition for writ of mandate pursuant to that section must be filed no later than the 90th day following the date on which the City's decision became final pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.6. There may be other time limits which also affect your ability to seek judicial review.

Attachment: Modified Conditions of Approval, revised Findings, and Exhibit A

cc: Notification List Theodore Irving Linda Clarke

EXHIBIT # 4
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Conditions of Approval

- All other use, height and area regulations of the Municipal Code and all other applicable government/regulatory agencies shall be strictly complied with in the development and use of the property, except as such regulations are herein specifically varied or required.
- The use and development of the property shall be in substantial conformance with the plot plan submitted with the application and marked Exhibit "A", except as may be revised as a result of this action.
- 3. The authorized use shall be conducted at all times with due regard for the character of the surrounding district, and the right is reserved to the Zoning Administrator to impose additional corrective Conditions, if, in the Administrator's opinion, such Conditions are proven necessary for the protection of persons in the neighborhood or occupants of adjacent property.
- All graffiti on the site shall be removed or painted over to match the color of the surface to which it is applied within 24 hours of its occurrence.
- 5. A copy of the first page of this grant and all Conditions and/or any subsequent appeal of this grant and its resultant Conditions and/or letters of clarification shall be printed on the building plans submitted to the Development Services Center and the Department of Building and Safety for purposes of having a building permit issued.
- 6. The applicant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City, its agents, officers, or employees from any claim, action or proceedings against the City or its agents, officers, or employees relating to or to attack, set aside, void or annul this approval which action is brought within the applicable limitation period. The City shall promptly notify the applicant of any claim, action, or proceeding and the City shall cooperate fully in the defense. If the City fails to promptly notify the applicant of any claim action or proceeding, or if the City fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless the City.
- 7. Approved herein is the sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption in conjunction with a proposed 2,831 square-foot restaurant (1,658 square feet indoors and 1,173 square feet outdoors on the second floor, with a total of 60 seats (24 indoor and 36 outdoor) and daily hours of operation from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (Sunday through Thursday) and 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. (Friday and Saturday). The hours of operation for the proposed 2,831 square-foot restaurant shall be limited to 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. daily. Patron access to the 2nd floor outside area shall be prohibited.
- 8. This grant shall not extend to any seating on such public right-of-way unless a revocable permit is obtained and the floor plan in Exhibit "A" is modified to reflect any seat count on the sidewalk, provided that the maximum seat count remains at 60 seats, inclusive of any public right-of-way sidewalk seating. Proof of a revocable permit approval and a revised floor plan shall be submitted to the Zoning Administrator prior to any use of this grant on any sidewall EXHIBIT #_____

- 9. The authorization granted herein for the on-site sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages for a period of **five (5)** years from the effective date of this grant. Thereafter, a new authorization to allow the on-site sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages will be required.
- 10. Approval of Plans Review: The applicant shall file a Plan Approval no sooner than 21 months and no later than 24 months from the effective date of this determination. The operational date of this determination shall be identified and confirmed by the Planning Department's Condition Compliance Unit. The Plan Approval application shall be subject to filing fees established by the Los Angeles Municipal Code Section 19.01-E. A public hearing shall be conducted subject to notification requirements established by the Los Angeles Municipal Code Section 12.24-D. The purpose of the Plan Approval is to review the effectiveness of, and compliance with the express terms of the Conditions of this grant. Upon review of the effectiveness of and compliance with the conditions, the Zoning Administrator may modify such conditions, delete, or add new ones as appropriate and require a subsequent plan approval, as necessary, and reserves the right to conduct this public hearing for nuisance abatement/revocation purposes.
- 11. The premises shall be maintained as a bona fide restaurant with a kitchen to be used for cooking and preparing of food as defined by Section 91.0403 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code, and shall provide a menu containing an assortment of foods normally offered in such restaurants. Food service shall be available at all times the facility is open for business.
- 12. Amplified music inside the restaurant shall be kept at a low volume for background music such that any music playing shall not be audible beyond the subject premises. No amplified music shall be permitted on the outdoor secondstory patio.
- 13. No pay phone shall be maintained on the exterior of the premise.
- There shall be no dancing permitted on the premises at any time.
- 15. There shall be no pool tables, coin-operated game machines, video, or mechanical amusement devices permitted on the premises at any time.
- There shall be no adult entertainment of any type pursuant to Section 12.70 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC).
- 17. The conditions of this grant, a police permit, a copy of a business license, insurance information and an emergency contact phone number for the operator and valet service(s), if any, shall be retained on the premises at all times and be immediately produced upon request of the Los Angeles Police Department, the Department of City Planning, State Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control or other responsible agencies. The manager and all employees shall be knowledgeable of these Conditions.
- 18. Within six months of the effective date of this action, all employees involved with the sale of alcoholic beverages shall enroll in the Los Angeles Police Department "Standardized Training for Alcohol Retailers" (STAR). Upon completion of such EXHIBIT #_____

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training, the applicant shall request the Police Department to issue a letter identifying which employees completed the training. The applicant shall transmit a copy of the letter from the Police Department to the Zoning Administrator who acted on this case as evidence of compliance. In the event there is a change in the licensee, within one year of such change, this training program shall be required for all new staff. All employees who serve alcoholic beverages shall attend follow-up STAR classes every 24 months. The STAR training shall be conducted for all new hires within 2 months of their employment.

- 19. No employee or agent shall be permitted to accept money or any other thing of value from a customer for the purpose of sitting or otherwise spending time with customers while in the premises. Additionally, the licensee(s) shall not provide, permit or make available, either gratuitous or for compensation, male or female patrons who act as escorts, companions or guests of and for the customers.
- 20. No cover charge or any after-hours use of any of the restaurant shall be permitted.
- 21. An electronic age verification device shall be retained on the premises available for use during operational hours. This device shall be maintained in operational condition and all employees shall be instructed in its use.
- 22. The premises shall not be used for private parties in which the general public is excluded nor will the applicant sublet the premises for nightclub activity.
- 23. The property under control of the applicant and the area immediately adjacent shall be kept free of litter.
- 24. The applicant shall not permit any loitering on the premises or on property adjacent to the premises.
- 25. No deviation from required parking has been requested or granted herein. Parking shall be provided as required in the Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan and shall comply with the requirements of Case No. DIR 2010-2932(SPP). Prior to the issuance of a Building Permit, the applicant shall show proof of an agreement with a Certificate Valet Parking Service provider. Valet parking on the public streets shall be prohibited.
- 26. No music, sound or noise shall be emitted from the subject businesses at a level prohibited by the noise regulations of the Los Angeles Municipal Code. Amplified recorded-music or by a live band shall not be audible beyond the area under control of the applicant, and any sound or noise emitted that is under the control of the petitioner shall constitute a violation of Section 116.01 of the LAMC, including any loud, unnecessary or unusual noise that disturbs the peace or quiet of any neighborhood or that causes discomfort.

The establishment shall make an effort to control any unnecessary noise made by restaurant staff or any employees contracted by the restaurant, or any noise associated with the operation of the establishment, or equipment of the restaurant.

27. The applicant/restaurant operator shall identify a contact person and provide a 24-hour "hot line" telephone number for any inquiries or complaints from the community regarding the subject facility. Prior to the utilization of this grant, the

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phone number shall be posted on the site so that is readily visible to any interested party. The hot line shall be:

- posted at the entry, and the cashier or customer service desk,
- responded to within 24 hours of any complaints/inquiries received on this hot line, and
- the applicant shall document and maintain a log of complaints received, the date and time received and the disposition of the response. The log shall be made available for review by the Los Angeles Police Department and the Zoning Administrator upon request.
- 28. The applicant shall comply with 6404.5(b) of the Labor Code, which prohibits smoking within any place of employment. The applicant shall not possess ashtrays or other receptacles used for the purpose of collecting trash or cigarettes/cigar butts within the interior of the subject establishment.
- 29. The applicant, owner, and on-site managers shall comply with all applicable laws and conditions and shall properly manage the facility to discourage illegal and criminal activity on the subject.
- All of the mitigation measures identified in Environmental Case No. ENV 2013-2592-MND shall be complied with as a part this instant action.
 - a. Aesthetics (Vandalism)
 - Every building, structure, or portion thereof, shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition and good repair, and free from graffiti, debris, rubbish, garbage, trash, overgrown vegetation or other similar material, pursuant to Municipal Code Section 91.8104.
 - The exterior of all buildings and fences shall be free from graffiti when such graffiti is visible from a public street or alley, pursuant to Municipal Code Section 91.8104.15.
 - b. Aesthetics (Signage)
 - On-site signs shall be limited to the maximum allowable under the Municipal Code.
 - Multiple temporary signs in store windows and along building walls are not permitted.
 - c. Aesthetics (Light)

Outdoor lighting shall be designed and installed with shielding, so that the light source cannot be seen from adjacent residential properties.

d. Aesthetics (Glare)

The exterior of the proposed structure shall be constructed of materials, such as, but not limited to, high-performance and/or non-reflective glass (no mirror-like tints or films) and pre-cast concrete or fabricated wall

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surfaces to minimize glare and reflected heat.

- e. Objectionable Odors (Commercial Trash Receptacles)
 - Open trash receptacles shall be located a minimum of 50 feet from the property line of any residential zone or use.
 - Trash receptacles located within an enclosed building or structure shall not be required to observe this minimum buffer.

f. Objectionable Odors

No window openings or exhaust vents shall be permitted on the building façade which abuts a residential use or zone.

- g. Explosion/Release (Existing Toxic/Hazardous Construction Materials)
 - (Asbestos) Prior to the issuance of the demolition permit, the applicant shall provide a letter to the Department of Building and Safety from a qualified asbestos abatement consultant that no ACM are present in the building. If ACM are found to be present, it will need to be abated in compliance with the South Coast Air Quality
 - Management District's Rule 1403 as well as all other state and federal rules and regulations.
 - (Lead Paint) Prior to the issuance of any permit for demolition or alteration of the existing structure(s), a lead-based paint survey shall be performed to the written satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety. Should lead-based paint materials be identified, standard handling and disposal practices shall be implemented pursuant to OSHA regulations.
 - (Polychlorinated Biphenyl Commercial and Industrial Buildings) Prior to issuance of a demolition permit, a polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) abatement contractor shall conduct a survey of the project site to identify and assist with compliance with applicable state and federal rules and regulations governing PCB removal and disposal.
- h. Increased Noise Levels (Demolition, Grading and Construction Activities)
 - The project shall comply with the City of Los Angeles Noise Ordinance Nos. 144,331 and 161,574, and any subsequent ordinances, which prohibit the emission or creation of noise beyond certain levels at adjacent uses unless technically infeasible.
 - Construction and demolition shall be restricted to the hours of 7 a.m. to 6 p.m. Monday through Friday, and 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. on Saturday.
 - Demolition and construction activities shall be scheduled so as to avoid operating several pieces of equipment simultaneously, which EXHIBIT #

causes high noise levels.

- 4) The project contractor shall use power construction equipment with state-of-the-art noise shielding and muffling devices.
- i. Increased Noise Levels (Retail Markets, Bars, Entertainment etc...)
 - No window openings shall be permitted along the residential sides of the building, and
 - The proposed facility shall incorporate noise-attenuating features (physical as well as operational) designed by a licensed acoustical sound engineer to assure that operational sounds shall be inaudible beyond the property line.
 - 3) Within one year of the Certificate of Occupancy, the applicant shall submit to the Zoning Administrator's Office the results of a sound analysis completed by a licensed sound engineer.
- j. Public Services (Police)
 - The plans shall incorporate the design guidelines relative to security, semi-public and private spaces, which may include but not be limited to access control to building, secured parking facilities, walls/fences with key systems, well-illuminated public and semi-public space designed with a minimum of dead space to eliminate areas of concealment, location of toilet facilities or building entrances in high-foot traffic areas, and provision of security guard patrol throughout the project site if needed. Please refer to "Design out Crime Guidelines: Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design" published by the Los Angeles Police Department. Contact the Community Relations Division, located at 100 West 1st Street, #250, Los Angeles, CA 90012; (213) 486-6000. These measures shall be approved by the Police Department prior to the issuance of building permits.
- k. Utilities (Local Water Supplies Restaurant, Bar, or Nightclub)
 - 1) Install/retrofit high -efficiency toilets (maximum 1.28 gpf), including dual-flush water closets and high-efficiency urinals (maximum 0.5 gpf), including no -flush or waterless urinals, in all restrooms as appropriate.
 - 2) Install/retrofit restroom faucets with a maximum flow rate of 1.5 gallons per minute.
 - 3) Install/retrofit and utilize only restroom faucets of a self-closing design.
 - 4) Install and utilize only high-efficiency Energy Star-rated dishwashers in the project, if proposed to be provided. If such appliance is to be furnished by a tenant, this requirement shall be EXHIBIT#

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incorporated into the lease agreement, and the applicant shall be responsible for ensuring compliance.

Single-pass cooling equipment shall be strictly prohibited from use. Prohibition of such equipment shall be indicated on the building plans and incorporated into tenant lease agreements. (Single-pass cooling refers to the use of potable water to extract heat from process equipment, e.g., vacuum pump, ice machines, bypassing the water through equipment and discharging the heated water to the sanitary wastewater system.

Utilities (Solid Waste)

- (Operational) Recycling bins shall be provided at appropriate locations to promote recycling of paper, metal, glass, and other recyclable material. These bins shall be emptied and recycled accordingly as a part of the project's regular solid waste disposal program.
- (Construction/Demolition) Prior to the issuance of any demotion or construction permit, the applicant shall provide a copy of the receipt or contract from a waste disposal company providing services to the project, specifying recycled waste service(s), to the satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety. The demolition and construction contractor(s) shall only contract for waste disposal services with a company that recycles demolition and/or construction-related wastes.
- (Construction/Demolition) To facilitate on-site separation and recycling of demolition and construction-related wastes, the contractor(s) shall provide temporary waste separation bins on-site during demolition and construction. These bins shall be emptied and recycled accordingly as a part of the project's regular solid waste disposal program.
- 31. Within 30 days of the effective date of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control license, and within 30 days of the effective date of any modification or alteration of terms of said license, the applicant shall transmit a copy of the valid Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control license to the Zoning Administrator for attachment to the case file.
- 32. Within 30 days of the effective date of this grant, a covenant acknowledging and agreeing to comply with all the terms and conditions established herein shall be recorded in the County Recorder's Office. The agreement (standard master covenant and agreement form CP-6770) shall run with the land and shall be binding on any subsequent owners, heirs or assigns. The agreement with the conditions attached must be submitted to the Development Services Center for approval before being recorded. After recordation, a certified copy bearing the Recorder's number and date shall be provided to the Zoning Administrator for attachment to the subject case file.

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OBSERVANCE OF CONDITIONS - TIME LIMIT - LAPSE OF PRIVILEGES

All terms and conditions of the approval shall be fulfilled <u>before</u> the use may be established. The instant authorization is further conditional upon the privileges being utilized within three years after the effective date of approval and, if such privileges are not utilized or substantial physical construction work is not begun within said time and carried on diligently to completion, the authorization shall terminate and become void.

TRANSFERABILITY

This authorization runs with the land. In the event the property is to be sold, leased, rented or occupied by any person or corporation other than yourself, it is incumbent upon you to advise them regarding the conditions of this grant.

VIOLATIONS OF THESE CONDITIONS, A MISDEMEANOR

Section 12.29 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code provides:

"A variance, conditional use, adjustment, public benefit or other quasi-judicial approval, or any conditional approval granted by the Director, pursuant to the authority of this chapter shall become effective upon utilization of any portion of the privilege, and the owner and applicant shall immediately comply with its Conditions. The violation of any valid Condition imposed by the Director, Zoning Administrator, Area Planning Commission, City Planning Commission or City Council in connection with the granting of any action taken pursuant to the authority of this chapter, shall constitute a violation of this chapter and shall be subject to the same penalties as any other violation of this Code."

Every violation of this determination is punishable as a misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$2,500 or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL RELATIVE TO THE SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

In approving the instant grant, the Zoning Administrator has not imposed Conditions specific to the sale or distribution of alcoholic beverages, even if such Conditions have been volunteered or negotiated by the applicant, in that the Office of Zoning Administration has no direct authority to regulate or enforce Conditions assigned to alcohol sales or distribution.

The Zoning Administrator has identified a set of Conditions related to alcohol sales and distribution for further consideration by the State of California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC). In identifying these conditions, the Office of Zoning Administration acknowledges the ABC as the responsible agency for establishing and enforcing Conditions specific to alcohol sales and distribution. The Conditions identified below are based on testimony and/or other evidence established in the administrative record, and provide the ABC an opportunity to address the specific conduct of alcohol sales and distribution in association with the Conditional Use granted herein by the

PAGE 22 OF 30

Zoning Administrator.

- No cocktail lounge shall be maintained on the premises separate from the dining area.
- No alcohol shall be allowed to be consumed on any adjacent property under the control of the applicant.
- No "Happy Hour" type of reduced-price alcoholic beverage or "2 for 1" promotion shall be allowed at any time. Discounted food promotions are encouraged.
- The sale of alcohol for consumption off the premises is prohibited.
- There shall be no exterior advertising or signs of any type, including advertising directed to the exterior from within, promoting or indicating the availability of alcoholic beverages. Interior displays of alcoholic beverages or signs which are clearly visible to the exterior shall constitute a violation of this condition. This condition is not meant to preclude an interior display of alcoholic beverage containers within the interior of the restaurant space. The only exception to this restriction is the posting of a single menu on the outside wall.
- The off-site sale of alcoholic beverages as a secondary use (i.e., "take out") is not permitted.
- All service of alcoholic beverages shall be conducted by a waitress or waiter or bartender.
- The single unit sales of malt liquors and/or malt based products shall be prohibited.
- The alcoholic beverage license shall not be exchanged for a public premises type license nor operated as a public premise.
- All personnel selling, dispensing and serving the alcoholic beverages must be 21 years old or older.
- Any alcohol sold or dispensed for consideration shall only be for consumption on the premises, within the subject restaurant, and shall be served at tables or sitdown counters by employees of the restaurant.
- Alcohol sales shall be incidental to the sale of food. Food service shall be available at all times the facility is open for business.

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COASTAL DEVELOPMENT FINDINGS

In order for a coastal development permit to be granted all of the requisite findings maintained in Section 12.20.2 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code must be made in the affirmative. Following is a delineation of the findings and the application of the facts of this case to same.

 The development is in conformity with Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act of 1976.

Chapter 3 of the Coastal Act contains the various policy provisions of such legislation. Pertinent to the instant request are the policies with respect to Development.

The Coastal Act's Section 30250 and Section 30252 provide in part that:

New residential, commercial, or industrial development, except as otherwise provided in this division, shall be located within, contiguous with, or in close proximity to, existing developed areas able to accommodate it or, where such areas are not able to accommodate it, in other areas with adequate public services and where it will not have significant adverse effects, either individually or cumulatively, on coastal resources...

The location and amount of new development should maintain and enhance public access to the coast by (1) facilitating the provision or extension of transit service, (2) providing commercial facilities within or adjoining residential development or in other areas that will minimize the use of coastal access roads, (3) providing non-automobile circulation within the development, (4) providing adequate parking facilities or providing substitute means of serving the development with public transportation. The proposed project does not consist of new ground-up construction. However, since it involves a change of use from retail and take-out restaurant to an expanded sit-down restaurant, it triggers a Coastal Development Permit. The project's location within an already developed area does not change.

The project has no adverse effects on public access, recreation, public views, or the marine environment. The proposed use will neither interfere nor reduce access to the shoreline. There will be no dredging, filling, or diking of coastal waters or wetlands associated with the request or with any sensitive habitat areas, archeological or paleontological resources identified on the site. The proposed use will not block any designated public access views.

 The development will not prejudice the ability of the City of Los Angeles to prepare a local coastal program that is in conformity with Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act of 1976.

Currently there is no adopted Local Coastal Program (LCP) for this portion of the Coastal Zone. Therefore, the adopted Venice Community Plan and the Venice Specific Plan serve as the functional equivalent plan. The Community Plan designates the subject property for Limited Industrial weeks with U

PAGE 24 OF 30

corresponding zones of CM, MR1, M1, and Height District No. 1. The basic use is permitted by the Plan designation and the corresponding zone. On an individual basis, the project is not anticipated to prejudice the ability of the City to prepare a Local Coastal Plan.

3. The Interpretive Guidelines for Coastal Planning and Permits as established by the California Coastal Commission dated February 11, 1977 and any subsequent amendments thereto have been reviewed, analyzed and considered in light of the individual project in making this determination. Such Guidelines are designed to provide direction to decision-makers in rendering discretionary determinations on requests for coastal development permits pending adoption of an LCP. In this instance, the Guidelines standards concerning the following are relevant:

Such Guidelines are designed to provide direction to decision makes in rendering discretionary determinations on requests for coastal development permits pending adoption of an LCP. No deviations from the standards of the Venice Coastal Specific Plan associated with new development as these relate to a change of use and expansion of an existing restaurant have been requested in this action. As such, no deviations from the Specific Plan have been requested or approved herein.

4. The decision of the permit granting authority has been guided by any applicable decision of the California Coastal Commission pursuant to Section 30625(c) of the Public Resources Code, which provides that prior decisions of the Coastal Commission, where applicable, shall guide local governments in their actions in carrying out their responsibility and authority under the Coastal Act of 1976.

No outstanding issues have emerged which would indicate a conflict between this requested conversion and expansion and any other decision of the Coastal Commission.

5. The development is/is not located between the nearest public road and the sea or shoreline of any body of water located within the coastal zone, and the development is/is not in conformity with the public access and public recreation policies of Chapter 3 of the California Coastal Act of 1976.

The project site is not so located.

 An appropriate environmental clearance under the California Environmental Quality Act has been granted.

On September 30, 2013, the Department of City Planning issued Mitigated Negative Declaration No. ENV 2013-2592-MND and determined that by imposing conditions, project-related impacts could be reduced to less than significant levels (Section 15074, State CEQA Guidelines).

BASIS FOR CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS

A particular type of development is subject to the conditional use process because it

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has been determined that such use of property should not be permitted by right in a particular zone. All uses requiring a conditional use permit from the Zoning Administrator are located within Section 12.24-W of the Los Angeles Municipal Code. In order for the sale of a full line of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption to be authorized, certain designated findings have to be made. In these cases, there are additional findings in lieu of the standard findings for most other conditional use categories.

FINDINGS

Following (highlighted) is a delineation of the findings and the application of the relevant facts to same:

7. The project will <u>not</u> enhance the built environment in the surrounding neighborhood or will perform a function or provide a service that is essential or beneficial to the community, city or region.

The subject project entails a request for the sale of a full line of alcoholic beverages

for on-site consumption, in conjunction with a new 2,831 square-foot sit-down restaurant inclusive of a 1,173 square-foot outdoor patio located on the second floor with seating for 60 patrons total – 24 patrons first floor, interior and 36 patrons second floor, outdoor.

The area serves a mixture of commercial uses, which includes a number of coffee shops, retail uses, and offices. The proposal restaurant is in keeping with the nature of the development in the area which caters to a variety of needs and provides alternative choices in dining. As such, the use restaurant will serve a function and provide a service that will be beneficial to the community, which in conjunction with the imposition of a number of conditions addressing operational measures will result in the enhancement of the built environment.

However, the sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages will not benefit the community. As stated by the Los Angeles Police Department, the immediate area has a high concentration of alcohol establishments and allowing another alcohol establishment would adversely impact the surrounding neighborhood. Also, testimony was supplied that highlighted the correlation between alcohol sales and crime, and other nuisances such as noise, traffic, and parking.

8. The project's location, size, height, operations and other significant features will be compatible with and will not adversely affect or further degrade adjacent properties, the surrounding neighborhood, or the public health, welfare and safety.

The Any grant authorized herein incorporates a number of conditions. These conditions are intended to insure that the proposed operation with the addition of alcohol sales will be compatible with other uses in the surrounding community. However, testimony was provided that highlight the correlation between alcohol sales correlation between alcohol sales and crime, and other nuisances such as noise, traffic, and parking, which suggest that the alcohol establishment will adversely affect adjacent and neighboring properties. The Los Angeles Police

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Department testimony supported the statements offered by the community.

The conditions will make the <u>proposed restaurant</u> use more compatible with other uses in the surrounding community. Conditions include but are not limited to alcohol-service training for employees, prohibition of the use of the restaurant after hours and no live entertainment. The hours proposed are reasonable, and in line with other restaurants along the nearby Rose Avenue and Main Street commercial corridor. The facility, as proposed, reflects a bona fide neighborhood-serving restaurant, but the sales and dispensing of alcohol beverages will not be compatible with and will adversely affect adjacent properties and the surrounding neighborhood's welfare and safety.

The subject grant is authorized for a term of **five** (5) years after which time the applicant will need to apply for a new authorization to continue any alcohol sales. The term grant allows the City an opportunity to review the operation of the restaurant anew. If the operation has been conducted appropriately and without creating problems for the neighborhood, then a subsequent decision on a new authorization may take that into favorable consideration. A record of poor compliance and/or nuisance complaints would allow the City the discretion to not allow alcohol sales and thus avoid the need to proceed with prolonged nuisance abatement proceedings. Thus, as conditioned, the use is anticipated to not degrade adjacent areas, properties, or the neighborhood.

The project substantially conforms with the purpose, intent and provisions
of the General Plan, the applicable community plan, and any specific plan.

The Venice Community Plan designates the property for Limited Industrial land uses with the corresponding zones of CM, MR1, M1, and Height District No. 1.

The property is within the area of the Los Angeles Coastal Transportation Corridor Specific Plan and the Venice Coastal Zone Specific Plan – Subarea: North Venice, Venice Canals Part I.

The subject property is planned and zoned for industrial uses, which allows for limited commercial uses including restaurant use. The conditional use authorization for the sale of a full line of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption is allowed through the approval of the Zoning Administrator subject to certain findings. The required findings in support have <u>not</u> been made herein.

The issue of alcoholic beverage sales is not specifically addressed in the Community Plan or Specific Plan text. In such cases, the Zoning Administrator must interpret the intent of the Plan. The use restaurant is in conformance with the plan objectives to encourage and maintain the vitality of local businesses within the community with respect to other properties, residents, and stakeholders in the area.

Given the scope of the conditions and limitations established herein in response to concerns raised by residents, the surrounding land uses will not be significantly impacted by the operation of the restaurant. The subject property is planned and zoned for light industrial and commercial uses. The project has been conditioned to limit their hours of operation from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (Sunday through Thursday) and 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. (Friday and Saturday).

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ADDITIONAL REQUIRED FINDINGS FOR THE SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

 The proposed use will not adversely affect the welfare of the pertinent community.

Main Street and Rose Avenue are home to many restaurants and entertainment venues that sell alcohol. An eight-unit apartment complex abuts the subject site to the north across the alleyway within the M1-1 Zone.

The applicant has proposed new hours of operation from 9 a.m. to 11 p.m. (Sunday through Thursday) and 9 a.m. to 1 a.m. (Friday and Saturday) to 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (Sunday through Thursday) and 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. (Friday and Saturday). Additionally, the applicant has reduced the seating from 90 patrons to 60 patrons. The reduced hours and seating will lessen the burden on the surrounding property. Furthermore as part of the mitigation measures identified in ENV-2013-2592-MND, the applicant is required to incorporate noise attenuating features designed by a licensed acoustical sound engineer to assure that operation sounds shall be inaudible beyond the property line. Based upon the public testimony, amplified music has been restricted to the first floor of the establishment only.

This grant has placed numerous conditions on the request and not authorized uses of the property, which might create potential nuisances for the surrounding area. Such imposition of conditions, as well as the imposition of a five year term grant, will make the use a more compatible and accountable neighbor to the surrounding uses than would otherwise be the case.

However, the sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages will not benefit the community. As stated by Los Angeles Police Department, the immediate area has a high concentration of alcohol establishments and that granting another alcohol use would adversely impact the surrounding neighborhood. Also, testimony was supplied that highlighted the correlation between alcohol sales and crime.

The area's demand for parking far exceed the existing supply and the proposal to expand the existing restaurant, while providing a full line of alcohol beverages, will add to the parking demand and place an additional burden on the existing limited parking supply. The subject property was originally constructed without on-site parking and the absence of on-site required parking for the proposed restaurant will adversely affect the immediate neighborhood.

The granting of the application will not result in an undue concentration of premises for the sale or dispensing for consideration of alcoholic beverages, including beer and wine, in the area of the City involved, giving consideration to applicable State laws and to the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control's guidelines for undue concentration; and also giving consideration to the number and proximity of these establishments within a one thousand foot radius of the site, the crime rate in the area (especially those crimes involving public drunkenness, the illegal sale or use of narcotics, drugs or alcohol, disturbing the peace and disorderly conduct), and whether revocation or nuisance proceedings, have been upon the proceedings.

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initiated for any use in the area.

According to the State of California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC) licensing criteria, 2 on-sale and 2 off-sale licenses are allocated to Census Tract No. 2734.02. There are currently 12 on-site and 3 off-site licenses in this Census Tract.

The subject request for a new license will result in a license count above the allocated threshold. However, this grant is approved for a limited term of five years which allows for a review of the grant in its entirety at the end of such term and of an evaluation of any impacts associated with any future potential increase in licenses within this census tract.

According to statistics provided by the Los Angeles Police Department, within Crime Reporting District No. 1412, which has jurisdiction over the subject property, a total of 539 crimes were reported in 2012, compared to the citywide average of 146 crimes and the high crime reporting district average of 176 crimes for the same period.

The crime rate numbers are higher than those rates identified for the citywide average and the district average. A number of specific conditions have been incorporated into this action, which are targeted at safeguarding the community and providing for a reasonable operation. The requirement for the term grant will additionally insure that oversight is maintained if the applicant wants to obtain an approval to continue such sales upon the expiration of the term grant. The sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages will not provide a benefit to the community. As stated by Los Angeles Police Department, the immediate area has a high concentration of alcohol establishments and allowing another alcohol establishment would not reduce the crime rate in the immediate neighborhood. Also, testimony was supplied that highlighted the correlation between alcohol sales and crime.

12. The proposed use will not detrimentally affect nearby residentially zoned communities in the area of the City involved, after giving consideration to the distance of the proposed use from residential buildings, churches, schools, hospitals, public playgrounds and other similar uses, and other establishments dispensing, for sale or other consideration, alcoholic beverages, including beer and wine.

The following sensitive uses are located within 1,000 feet of the subject site:

- Multi-family residences
- Single-family residences
- St Clements Catholic Church
- Mishkon Tephilo Synagogue

The applicant understands the character of the neighborhood and is committed to help preserve such character through responsible service of alcohol in conjunction with the operation of the restaurant. The applicant has reduced the proposed hours of operation from 9 a.m. to 11 p.m. (Sunday through Thursday) and 9 a.m. to 1 a.m. (Friday and Saturday) to 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. (Sunday through Thursday) and 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. (Friday and Saturday). Additionally, the

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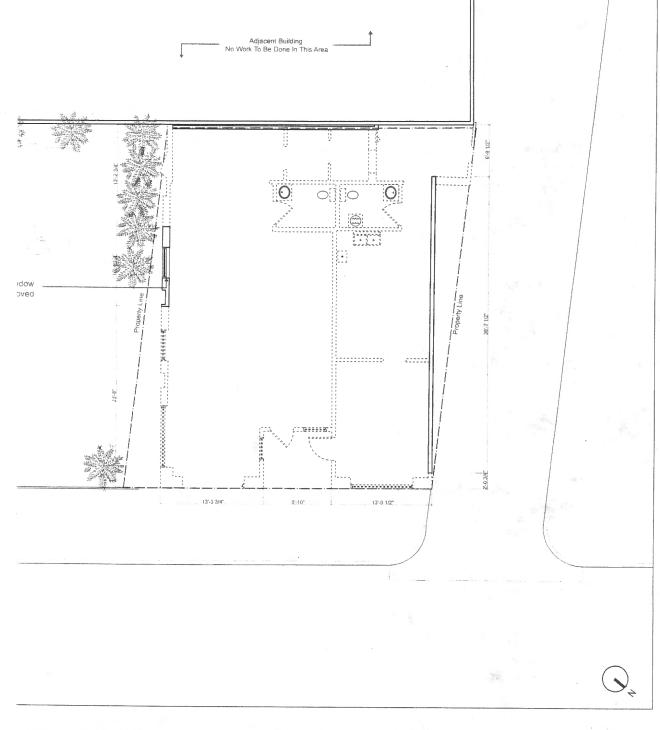
applicant has reduced the seating from 90 patrons to 60 patrons. The reduced hours and seating will lessen the burden on the surrounding property. Furthermore as part of the mitigation measures identified in ENV-2013-2592-MND, the applicant is required to incorporate noise attenuating features designed by a license acoustical sound engineer to assure that operation sounds shall be inaudible beyond the property line. Based upon the public testimony, amplified music has been restricted to the first floor of the establishment only.

The site is located in a commercial area central to the active area of Venice where diversity amongst the uses is not uncommon. Overall, the subject location is situated in an area that is characterized by a mix of uses, including large multifamily buildings, retail/restaurant uses, auto uses, offices and light industrial uses. This grant has placed numerous conditions on the proposed project. Such imposition of conditions, will make the use a more compatible and accountable neighbor to the surrounding and on-site uses than would otherwise be the case. The sale and dispensing of a full line of alcoholic beverages will not benefit the community. As stated by Los Angeles Police Department, the immediate area has a high concentration of alcohol establishments and allowing another alcohol use could adversely impact the surrounding neighborhood. Also, testimony was supplied that highlighted the correlation between alcohol sales and crime. Therefore, the sale of a full line of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption will not detrimentally affect the neighboring residential properties or other sensitive uses in the area.

ADDITIONAL MANDATORY FINDINGS

- 13. The National Flood Insurance Program rate maps, which are a part of the Flood Hazard Management Specific Plan adopted by the City Council by Ordinance No. 172,081, have been reviewed and it has been determined that this project is located in Zone C, areas of minimal flooding.
- 14. On September 30, 2013, a Mitigated Negative Declaration (ENV 2013-2592-MND) was prepared for the proposed project. On the basis of the whole of the record before the lead agency including any comments received, the lead agency finds that with imposition of the mitigation measures described in the MND (and identified in this determination), there is no substantial evidence that the proposed project will have a significant effect on the environment. I hereby adopt that action. This Mitigated Negative Declaration reflects the lead agency's independent judgment and analysis. The records upon which this decision is based are with the Environmental Review Section of the Planning Department in Room 750, 200 North Spring Street.

Inquiries regarding this matter shall be directed to Theodore L. Irving, Planning Staff for the Office of Zoning Administration at (213) 978-1366.



: 1/8" = 1'-0" | DEMOLITION PLAN

RECEIVED
South Coast Region

FEB 2 2016

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

South Coast Region

FED 2 2018

Legend :

To Be Demolished

No Work To Be Performed

Lot Line

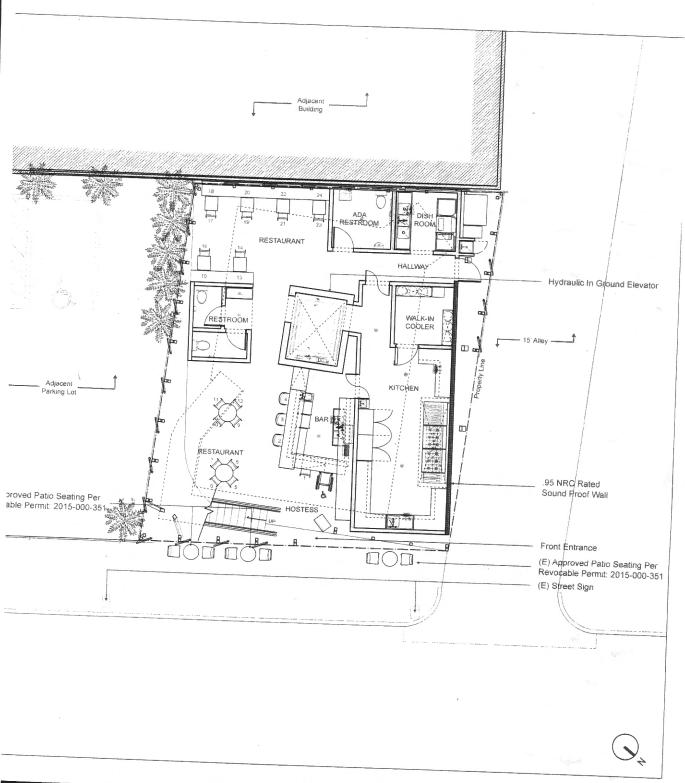
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259 Hampton Drive 05

COASTAL COMMISSION A-S-VEN-15-0038

PAGE 1 OF 1D

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION



PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN

ed Seating

posed Seating: 60

Table: 8

Booth / Banquette : 12

ind Floor Seating: 24

oor: Table : 16

Booth / Banquette : 20

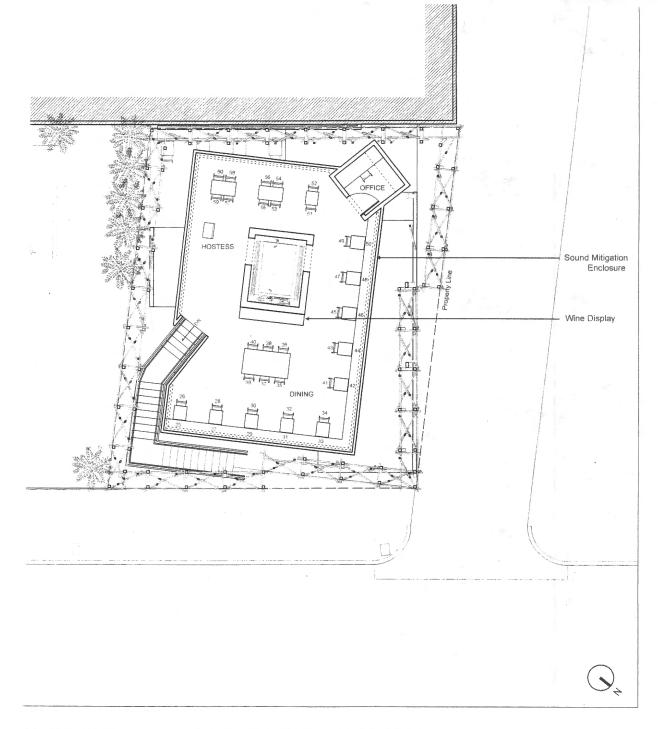
COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT # PAGE 2

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South Coast Region

FEB 2 2016

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" = 1'-0" PROPOSED SECOND FLOOR PLAN

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South Coast Region

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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

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South Coast Region

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CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

Legend:

No Work To Be Performed In This Area

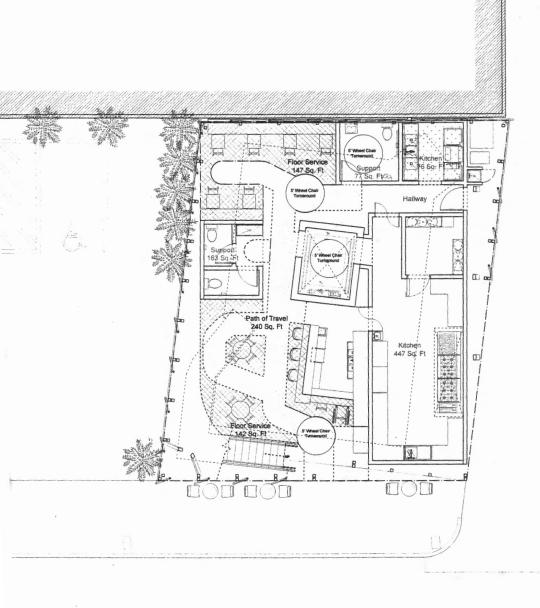
Gravel Lot Line

ADA Accessible Seat

259 Hampton Drive Venice, CA 90291 06

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT #___ PAGE3____





SCALE : 1/8" = 1'-0" OCCUPANCY PLAN - GROUND FLOOR

Area Analysis

a : 1, 870 Sq. Ft.

Floor Service Area

Path of Travel

Floor Service Area (Mini

roposed Restaurant Area: 1.960 Sq. Ft.

Total Proposed Floor Service Area: 1.140 Sq. Ft.

Total Path Of Travel: 491 Sq. Ft.

Total Proposed Floor Se

M1 - 1 Zone

- Ground Floor: 527 Sq. Ft.

- Ground Floor: 2 - Second Floor: 3

- Second Floor: 613 Sq. Ft.

Maximum Allowable FAR 1.5:1
 Light Industrial Use
 Allowable Use: Restaurant

- Ground Floor: 238 Sq. Ft. - Second Floor: 253 Sq. Ft.

RECEIVED South Coast Region

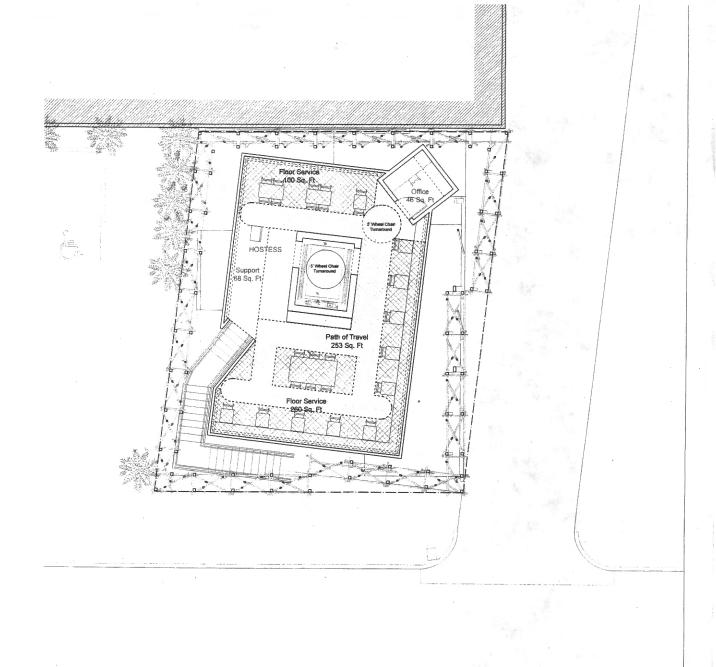
Area: 2,798 Sq. Ft. a: 2,089 Sq. Ft.

COASTAL COMMISSION

PAGE 4 OF

2 2016 **FEB**

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION



: 1/8" = 1'-0" OCCUPANCY PLAN - SECOND FLOOR

'ath of Travel): 649 Sq. Ft.

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EXHIBIT # 5
PAGE 5 OF 10

RACE VED South Coast Region

FED 2 2018

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

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South Coast Region

FEB 2 2016

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION Legend:



Floor Service



Path Of Travel



Kitchen



Support

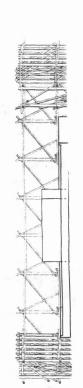
These drawings, specifications, tibes, desponder for the property of the prope

259 Hampton Drive Venice, CA 90291 07

COASTAL COMMISSION

FEB 2 2016

South Coast Region



COASTAL COMMISSION

EL (+27'-0") T.O. (N) Elevator

EL [+30'-0'] T.O (N) Trellis

O. EXHIBIT #. PAGE_

Hydraulic In-Ground Elevator

1 SCALE: 1/8" = 1:-0" SECTION A

EL [+30-0'] TO (N) Trellis

EL [+27-0"] T.O (N) Elevator

EL (+28-07) T.O (N) Parapet

EL [+17-4"]
T.O (N) Railing
EL [+15-0"]
T.O. (N) Fin Ft 2

EL [+9-07]

EL [+0'-0"] T.O. (N) Fin. Fi. 1

South Coast Region

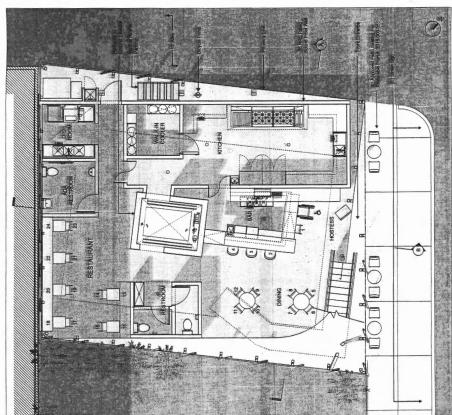
fotal Proposed Sesting: 60

Second Floor;
- Table: 16
- Booth / Banquette: 20 fotal Ground Floor Seating: 24

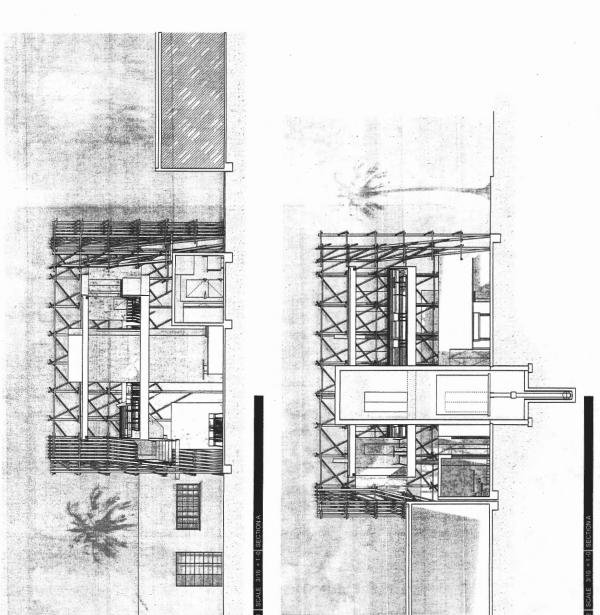
Total Second Floor Sealing: 38

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT # PAGE_



South Coast Region Water CANNOT 106



FL. [415-07 C. C.) Fh. FL.2

T.O. (N) Roof

T.O. (4) Fh. Ft. 1

T.O. (N) Railing

T.O. (M) Roal T.O. (M) Pampel

T.O. (M) Roof

Et. (+277-07)

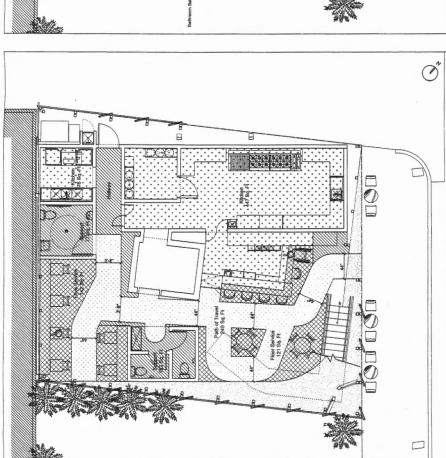
EL (+24'-67) & T.O. (M) Parapet

T.O. (N) Ph. Pt. 2

EL |+17-47

COASTAL COMMISSION

9 6 PAGE_



O

South Coast Region

Legend:
Floor Service Path Of Travel

..... Bussing Station Hostess Sland

Kitchen

Total Path Of Travel: 490 Sq. Ft.

fotal Proposed Restaurant Area : 1,960 Sq. Ft.

Lot Area : 1, 870 Sq. Fl. Floor Area Analysis

Total First Floor Area: 1,352 Sq. Ft. Gross Area: 2,798 Sq. Ft. Net Area: 2,089 Sq. Ft.

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT # PAGE.

COASTAL COMMISSION MAY 2 6 2016

South Coast Region

Wall Afteration Analysis

O

To Be Demolished No Work To Be Per In This Area

> Total Length Of As-Buill Exterior Wall To Be Demolshed: 77 Lin. FL Total Length Of As-Bull Exterior Wall To Remain: 83 Lin. Ft

Total Length Of As-Bullt Extentor Wall: 160 Lin. Ft.

O^{*} 39'-8"

0

33'-10" 20% OF EXISTING EXTERIOR WALL TO REMAIN

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT # PAGE

= III		ALTER-REPAIR-DEMOL	
INSTRUCTIONS: 1. Applican			T AT BUTEDING AND SAFETY
1. LEGAL LOT DESCR. 7 C	BLK. TRACT	ms Only. 2. Flot Plan Requi	CENSUS TRACT
		Rosemont Terra	
2. PRESENT USE OF BUILDING	NEW USE OF	BUILDING	DIST. MAP
12) Tool Eng!	n. () Sam	9	7184
259 Hampto	n Dr.		M-1-1
4. BETWEEN CROSS STREETS			FIRE DIST.
Rose 5. OWNER'S NAME	AND City	Bdry Line	#2
G. E. Perr	v	396-4640	LÖT (TYPE)
6. OWNER'S ADDRESS		CITY ZIP	LOT SIZE
259 Hampto	n Dr.		46.74x125
7. ARCHITECT OR DESIGNER		STATE LICENSE No. PHONE	
8. ENGINEER		STATE LICENSE No. PHONE	ALLEY
			15' rear
9. CONTRACTOR	0- 101/01	STATE LICENSE No. PHONE	BLDG. LINE
Dobkih Const.	Co. 101481 BRANCH	385-5006 ADDRESS	AFFIDAVITS
	anni on	7,5	Y.V. 7787
11. SIZE OF EXISTING BLDG. STO	RIES HEIGHT NO. OF EXISTING	BUILDINGS ON LOT AND USE	T. A. 1101
30/x 50 1 12. MAYERIAL OF EXT	WALLS 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Comm	
CONSTRUCTION		1	
13. JOB ADDRESS	Stucco	comp cond	DISTRICT OFFICE
259 Hampte	on Dr.		WLA
14. VALUATION TO INCLL EQUIPMENT REQUIRE AND USE PROPOSED	D TO OPERATE \$ 400 C	20	GRADING
15. NEW WORK:	BUILDING \$ 400.0	00	CRIT. SOLV
(Describe) Repa:	ir motor wax vel	nicle damage to	
		1	HIGHWAY DED.
NEW USE OF BUILDING	t elevation /ns		
Same		TION STORIES / NEIGHT	1
TYPE GROUP	SPRINKLERS	INSPECTION ACTIVITY	CONS.
1 7-1	REQ'D SPECIFIED	COMB GEN MAJ. S. COM	
ELDG. AREA MAX. OCC.	TOTAL	PLANS CHECKED	ZONED BY
DWELL. GUEST	PARKING AND PROVIDED	PLANS APPROVED	Stuart
UNITS / C ROOMS	SPAGES 2	6.	
P.C. No. CONT. INSP.		APPLICATION APPROVED	INSPECTOR
P.C. S.P.C.	G.P.I. B.P. > 0	I.F. O.S.	C/O TYPIST
5.1.0.	- 35	1.6.	ci.
PLAN CHECK EXPIRES SIX MONTHS FEE IS PAID IF CONSTRUCTION IS	AFTER FEE IS PAID. PERMIT EXPI	RES ONE YEAR AFTER FEE IS PA	AID OR SIX MONTHS AFTER
S S PAID IF CONSTRUCTION IS	NOT COMMENCED.		
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5 Aug. 469 7851	8 W	16	
S. G.	AUG4-69 01	307 B-1	CK 3.30
CASHIER-S			
¥			
	STATEMENT OF RE		1
Code of the State of Califo	work authorized hereby I w rnia relating to workmen's c	ill not employ any person in o	violation of the Labor
"This permit is an an	plication for inspection, the	issuance of which is not on a	pproval or an author-
ization of the work specifie	d herein. This permit does n	not authorize or permit, nor comply with any applicable	shall it be construed
of Los Angeles nor any h	nord department officer of	employee thereof make any	warrants or chall be
cr soil upon which such we	ance or results of any work	described herein, or the conce Sec. 91.0202 L.A.M.C.)	dition of the property
///	(1) 1/1/1		
Signed Melicel	er of Agent)	Name	Date
V	ADDRESS APPROVED	CP	8/4/69
Bureau of Engineering	SEWERS AVAILABLE	CP	8/4/60
	NOT AVAILABLE		5/-1/57
DRIVEWAY APPROVED HIGHWAY DEDICATION REQUIRED		CP	8/4/69
	COMPLETED		
	FLOOD CLEARANCE APPROVED APPROVED FOR ISSUE		
Conservation	FILE #		
Plumbing	PRIVATE SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM APPROVED		
Planning	APPROVED UNDER		
	CASE # APPROVED (TITLE 19)		
Fire	(L A M C -S700)		
Traffic	APPROVED FOR		

COASTAL COMMISSION
A-S-VEN-15-0038
EXHIBIT # 6

Signed <u>†</u>

(Owher or agent having property ewner's consent)

COASTAL COMMISSION

EXHIBIT# C

INSP	ECTION -	***				OF	OCCUPA	NCY
INS	TRUCTIONS:	1. Applicant to	Comple	ete Numbered j	ijems O	ily.		
1. LOT		BLOCK TF	RACT			COUNCIL DISTRICT NO.	DIST. MAP	
LEGAL						DISTRICT NO.	111B1	41
DESCR.	15	R	osem	ont Terr	ace	6	CENSUS TR	ACT
2. PRESENT US	E OF BUILDING	MOTO 2 VEYELE	NEW_L	SE OF BUILDING			2734 ZONE	
2. PRESENT USE OF BUILDING MOTO & WILL NEW USE OF BUILDING OT PERAIR SECOND SHOP IT food take-out								
3. JOB'ADDRES	5		77				FIRE DIST.	
4. BETWEEN	CROSS STREETS	on Drive,	Ven				LOT TYPE	
Rose				Marine		(LEASE)	LOT SIZE	
5. owner's Na Bern	ard Per	loff & Ro	ger 1	Webster	PHONE	O A KASIL		
6. OWNER'S AD	DRESS Hampton	D? !!	CITY		ZIP	00001	Irreg	•
	Hampton	BUS. LIC. N	202	Venice	410	90291 PHONE		
7. ENGINEER		BUS. LIC. N	υ. μ	CHIVE STATE LIC.	NU.	PHONE	269 r	ear
8. ARCHITECT	Design	BUS. LIC. N	0. A	CTIVE STATE LIC.	NO.	PHONE	BLDG, LINE	/rose
9. ARCHITECT	Design	paneer.	OLTY.		ZIP			
321	R ENGINEER'S A Hampton	Dr., #21	Ö''	Venice	ZIP	90291	₹ 6778 7	
10. CONTRACTOR		RIIS THE N	D. A	CTIVE STATE LIC.	NO. 204	PHONE	7T 11	05
	XISTING. BLDG.	STORIES HEIGH		OF EXISTING BUIL			ZI 11	05
WIDTH	LENGTH	Jaronies Heldr	" ""	OL EXISTING BOTE	.DINUS UN	LUI AND USE	P.C. REQ'D	
12. CONST. MATE		EXT. WALLS	ROOF		FLOOR		NO. A	
OF EXISTING		mass.		COOC		GUIDE		
259	Hampton	Drive			STREET	GUIDE	WLA O	FFICE
							SEISMIC STUDY ZONE	
AND	ATION TO INCLUD PMENT REQUIRED USE PROPOSED 8	UILDING		* 10.	വ	0		
15. NEW WORK (Describe)	0	0-	00		,		GRADING	FL00D
- Coestines	CHAL	GE OF	Coc	WPALK!	المناركم	wstall,	HWY, DED.	CONS.
FOOD	ESTA	LISHMEL	57 F	E COUIPA	VEL.	A	ves	V-1.01
NEW USE OF BUILD		SIZ	E OF ADD	אסודוסא	STOR	IES HEIGHT	ZONED BY	
TYPE JEN GRO	NP C C	FLOOR AREA	_~	PLANS CHERKE	D		Drehe	<u></u>
All I				100	175.Q.	4		
UNITS A	OCC. The	. TOTAL		APPLICATION A	PROVID	/	TYPIŞT	
GUEST	PASKING	PARJEING PR	QUIVO		THON ACT	IVITY	THE THE TOR	
ROOMS	REQ'D	1 Stur tom	IPA 2	COM GEN.	MAJ.S.	ONS. EQ.		
\$ 62,90	GP.L	CONT. INSP.					84	S B-3 (R 6.85)
SP.C.	P.M.							
4	1	-						
50,74° ►	OF, "	Claims for refund of fee permits must be filed:	s paid on 1. Within	AND .C	501	90 8-PC		
₫	F.H.	one year from date of p fee; or 2. Within one date of expiration of	year from	, L	74	OD BP-R		
4 C.D.	oss	date of expiration of for building or grading	extension g permits	No 350 Ci	(")	70 E		
4_NIA	2.75	for building or grading granted by the Dept. o SECTIONS 22.12 & 22.13	I B. & S.	CASHIER'S	ō°	76 OSS		
DIST. OFFICE	\$0.55	SPRINKLERS REO'D SPEC.	-	185		וֹפּמִם פָפּי		
P.C. NO.	C/O	ENERGY	-	l venei	-	6/01/87	140.38	CHTD
■			۵	1 4,000	, E	15101151	7.22.22	2272
YEARS AFTER FEE IS PA	ID OR 180 DAYS AFTE	EE IS PAID. PERMIT EXPI ER FEE IS PAID IF CONSTRU	UCTION IS	1				
NOT COMMENCED.								
		DECLARATIO	NS A	ND CERTIFI	CATIC	NS		
16. I haveby attim	a that I am IIaa	LICENSED Consed under the provend my license is in	ONTRA	CTORS DECLA	RATION	l 	M -4 Mi-1-1	
Business and Pri	ofessions Code,	and my license is in	full force	e and effect.	iencing w	nth Section 700	o) of Division	3 of the
Date	Lic. Class	40- 1	Number	Co	niractor _			
\mathcal{C}		OWNER-	BUILDE	R DECLARATI	ON	(Signa		
17. hereby affirm	that I am exem	apt from the Contraction to the applicant for a cense Law (Chapter to the applicant to a cense Law (chapter to the applicant to a cense Law (chapter t	tor's Lice	onse Law for the	following	reason (Sec.	7031.5, Busin	ess and
prior to its issua	nce, also require	s the applicant for a	uch perm	It to file a signed	statemen	nt that he is lic	ensed pursua	nt to the
fessions Code) o	r that he is exe	mpt therefrom and t	he basis	for the alleged e	xemption	. Any violation	of Section 7	031.5 by
I, as owner	of the property.	or my employees wil	th wages	as their sole com	pensation	, will do the w	ork, and the	structure
to an owner of a	cobeuth who pri	or my employees will e (Sec. 7044, Busine ilds or improves the are not intended or er-builder will have	reon, and	who does such	work him	ractor's Licens	h his own en	ot apply
one year of com	pletion, the own	are not intended of ar-builder will have	the burde	in of proving that	he did	not build or impro	prove for the	barbase .
Business and Pro	lessions Code: 1	, am exclusively cor The Contractor's Lice such projects with a	nse Law	does not apply to tor(s) licensed nu	an owne	r of property w	ho builds or i	mproves
☐ I amy exemp	o contracts for the under Sec.	B. & F	. G. for	this reason	-6	1		
Date	1/178		Signature.	provide	1	och		
18. I hereby affirm	that I have a	WORKERS' CO certificate of consen	MPENS	ATION DECLA	ARATION	V Vorker's Compe	ensation Insur	ance, or
a certified copy	thereof (Sec. 380	00, Lab, C.).						
Policy No.	y is hereby furni	Insurance Com ished.	ipany					
		e Los Angeles City D	Dept. of B	idg. & Salety.				
Date		Applicant's 8kg	gnature					
Applicant's Mailin	TICICATE OF	EXEMPTION FI	ROM W	ORKERS' COM	APENSA	TION INSUE	RANCE	— i
19. It certify that in	the performance	e of the work for wh	lich this	pormit is issued,	i shall no	tremploy any	person in any	manner
Date Suno	1798-7	e of the work for wh Workers' Compensal Applicant's Sig	nature	15 an bar	9	rela		
NOTICE TO APP	LICANT: If, afte	er making this Certi	ficate of	Exemption, you s	should be	come subject t	o the Worker	s' Com-
revoked.	1114 6800			ENDING AGE		une pati		
20. I hereby affirm (Sec. 3097, Civ. C	that there is a	construction lending	agency	for the performance	ce of the	work for which	this permit is	issued
	t-j-					'		
Lender's Name				Lender's Address				
21/1 certify that I I	have read this ap	polication and state to laws relating to build	that the a	above Information	is corre	ct. I agree to	comply with	all city
enter upon the ab	ove-mentloned pr	roperty for inspection	purpose:	5,				
I realize that the	ulhorize or perm	application for inspendit any violation of i	adure to	comply with any	sbbjicap	le law, that as	ork specified ther the city	ci Los
ance or results of	ooara, aeparime	m. onicer or employ	on there	or make any water	TUTA GL 25	snoctes en sun	any sor the E	AREACES
(See Sec. 91.0202	any work doscr	lbed herein or the co	ondition (of the property o	r soil up	on which such	MOLK IS DEL	tormed.
	any work doscr.	application for Inspendit any violation of f nit, officer or employ ibed herein or the co	ondition	of the property o	r soil up	7	1 10	tomed.
Signed Da	ikara	bed herein or the co		Our property o		7	e. 1, 19	PZ

COASTAL COMMISSION EXHIBIT # PAGE.

P.

Address of Building

-B HAMPTON DRIVE



CITY OF LOS ANGELES CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY

CITY OF LOS ANGELES	
CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY	, ,
Note: Any change of use of occupancy must be approved by the Department of Buildi and Safety.	ing
This certifies that, so far as ascertained or made known to the undersigned, the vacant land, building portion of building described below and located at the address complies with the applicable construct requirements (Chapter 9) and/or the applicable zoning requirements (Chapter 1) of the Los Angeles Municipal Code for the use, or occupancy group in which it is classified.* (Non-Residential Uses)	tion
This certifies that, so far as ascertained by or made known to the undersigned, the building or port of building described below and located at the above address complies with the applicable requirement of the Municipal Code, as follows: Ch. 1, as to permitted uses, Ch. 9, Arts. 1, 3, 4, and 5; and with application requirements of State Housing Law-for following occupancies: (Residential Uses)	ents :
Permit No. and Year 87WL68789	
CONVERT EXISTING REPAIR SHOP TO TAKE-OUT FOOD RESTAURANT WITHIN 1 STORY, TYPE V-N, B-2 BUILDING	~ 99
M1-1	
YC 7787	And at the Co
ZI 1105 COASTAL COMMISS	SION
	٠. ا
EXHIBIT#	-
PAGE 4 OF	4
Total Parking Required No Change in Parking requirement.	
Total Parking Required	
Total Parking Provided = Standard + Compact + Disabled	
* ALSO SUBJECT TO ANY AFFIDAVITS OR BUILDING AND ZONING CODE MODIFICATIONS WHETH LISTED ABOVE OR NOT:	IER (
Issued By / Office: LA-VN-WLA-SP-C.D. #6 BLDG - BCS Division. GI-MS-MSS-EQ-BMI-COMM	
Owner BERNARD PERLOFF & ROGER WEBSTER	
321 HAMPTON DR. #202	
Owners	1 5
Address VENICE, CA 90291 Stephen Judlands	4
Owners	h