CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

455 MARKET STREET, SUITE 300 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105-2219 FAX (415) 904-5400 TDD (415) 597-5885



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Upper Los Cerritos Mitigation Bank (LCW, LLC) February 12, 2021

EXHIBITS

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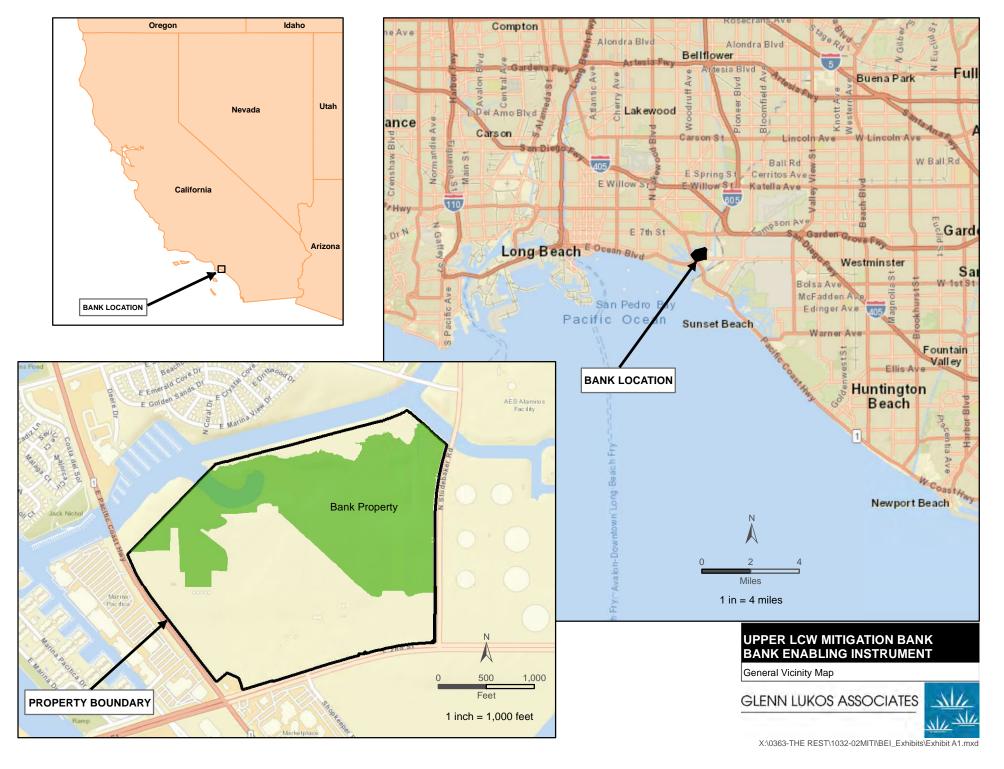
Exhibit 2 – Historical Wetlands at Project Location

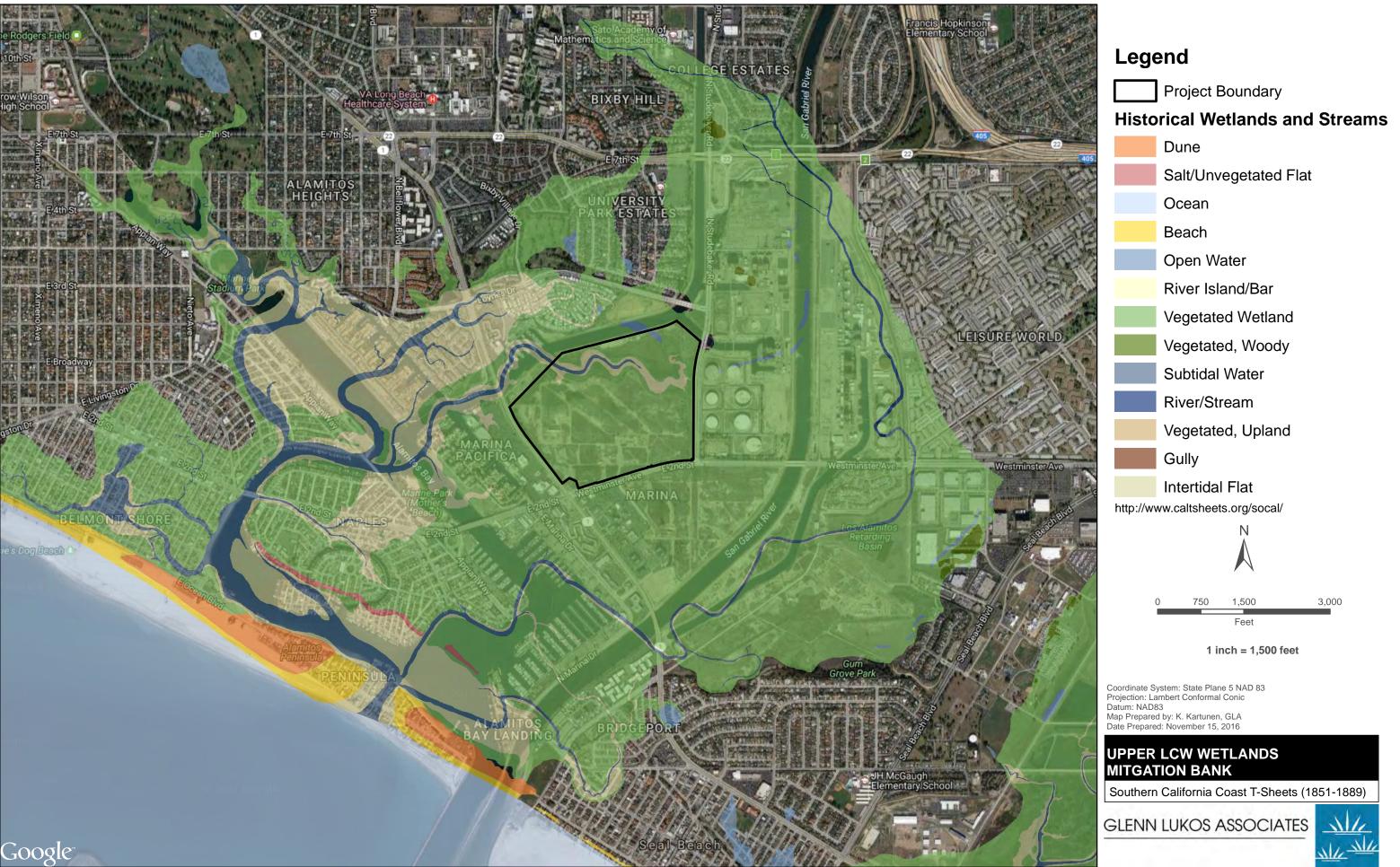
Exhibit 3 – Oil Field Boundaries at Project Location

Exhibit 4 – ULCMB Mitigation Types and Acreage

Exhibit 5 – ULCMB Service Area

Exhibit 6 – Ecological Performance Standards

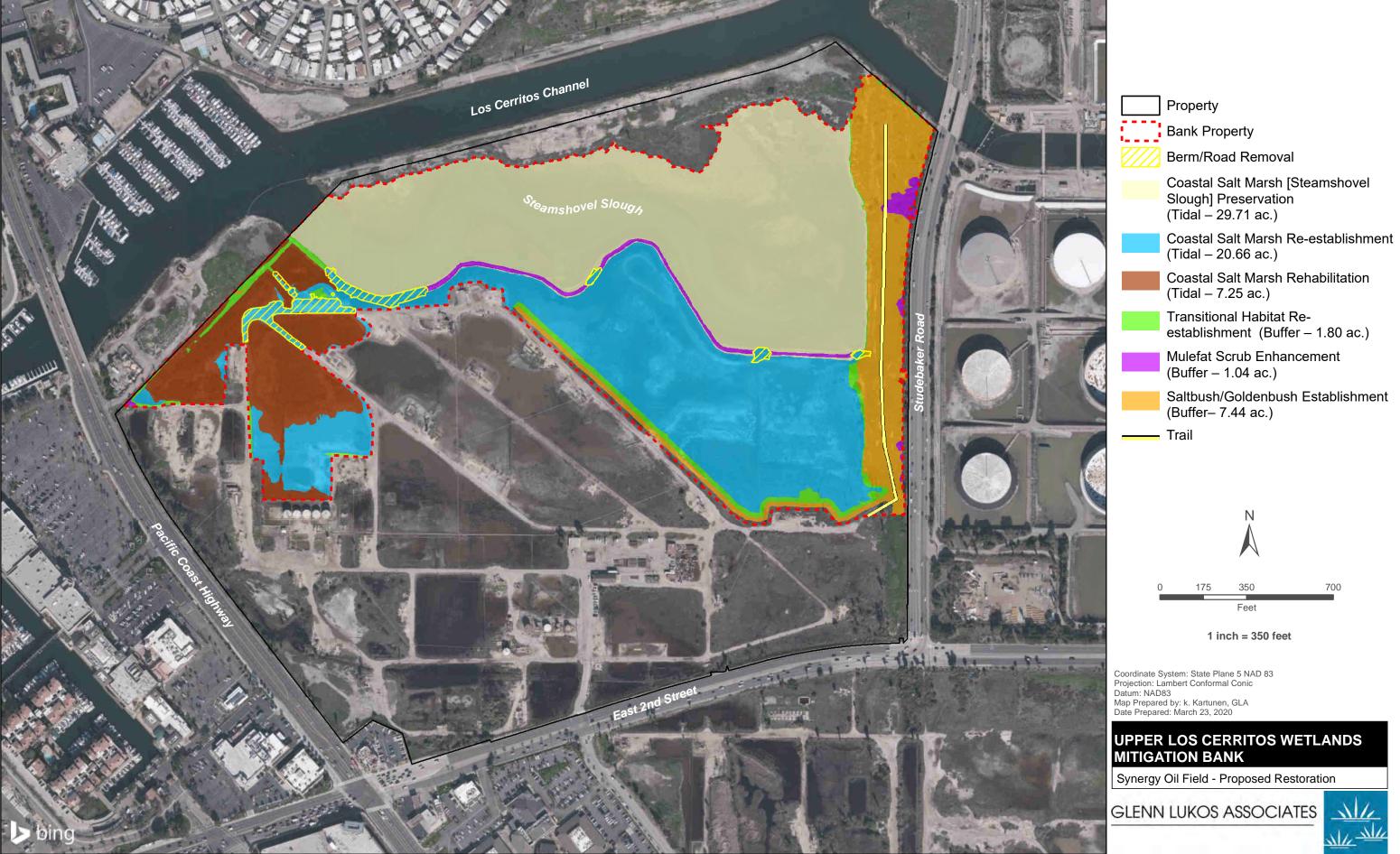


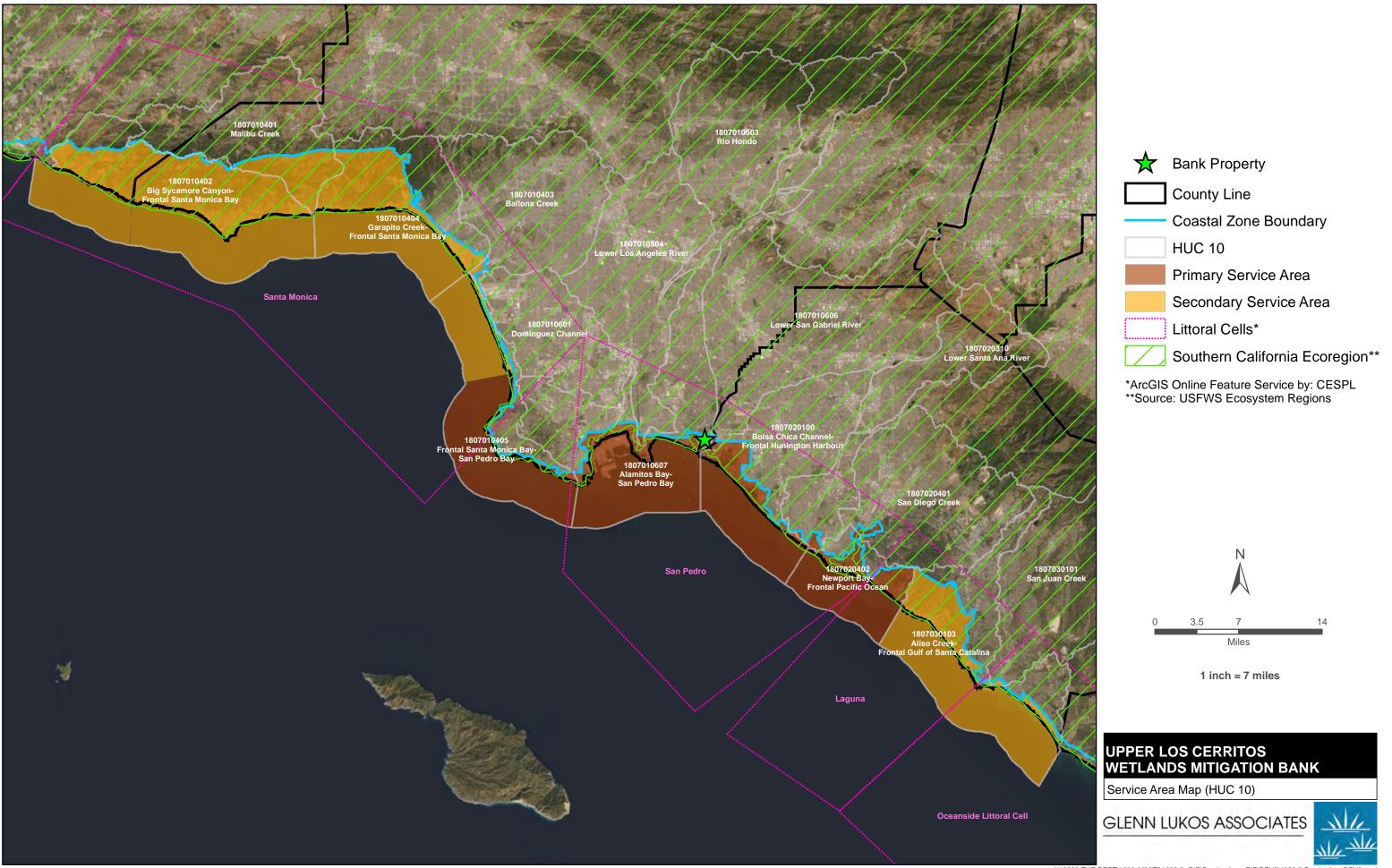




-Long Beach Cerritos Wetland . 150712

Figure 2-4 Synergy Oil Field Site





Interim Management Plan

Table 2 below outlines ecological Performance Standards for this Bank.

TABLE 2 ECOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS								
Performance Standards	Monitoring Method	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5		
VEGETATION								
a) Dominance of Hydrophytes (percentage of total native species)								
Steamshovel Slough	Quadrats	<u>≥</u> 91%	<u>></u> 91%	<u>></u> 91%	<u>≥</u> 91%	<u>></u> 91%		
Coastal Salt Marsh Restoration	Quadrats	<u>></u> 86%						
Transitional Buffer	Quadrats	<u>></u> 50%						
Non-transitional Buffer	Quadrats	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
b) Native Plant Coverage (absolute cover)								
Steamshovel Slough	Quadrats	<u>></u> 91%						
Coastal Salt Marsh Restoration	Quadrats	<u>≥</u> 30%	<u>></u> 40%	<u>></u> 60%	<u>></u> 70%	<u>></u> 86%		
Transitional Buffer	Quadrats	<u>></u> 30%	<u>></u> 40%	<u>></u> 60%	<u>></u> 80%	<u>></u> 91%		
Non-transitional Buffer	Point- Intercept	<u>></u> 30%	<u>></u> 40%	<u>></u> 60%	<u>></u> 80%	>80% shrub cover		
c) Non-Native Plant Coverage/Invasive Plant Species Coverage (absolute cover)								
Steamshovel Slough	Quadrats	≤2% Non-Native 0% Invasive						
Coastal Salt Marsh Restoration	Quadrats	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive						
Transitional Buffer	Quadrats	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive*		
Non-transitional Buffer	Point- Intercept	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive	≤5% Non-Native 0% Invasive*		
d) Plant Species Richnes	s (number of spe	cies)						
Steamshovel Slough	Quadrats	11	11	11	11	11		
Coastal Salt Marsh Restoration	Quadrats	N/A	N/A	<u>8</u>	N/A	<u>10</u>		
Transitional Buffer	Quadrats	8	8	8	8	8		
Non-transitional Buffers	Point- Intercept	16	16	16	16	16		
e) Wetland Delineation								
Steamshovel Slough	Mapping	N/A	N/A	10% of baseline	N/A	10% of baseline		
Coastal Salt Marsh Restoration	Mapping	N/A	N/A	10% of baseline	N/A	10% of baseline		
Transitional Buffer	Mapping		N/A	10% of baseline	N/A	10% of baseline		

Non	-transitional Buffers	Mapping	N/A	N/A	10% of baseline	N/A	10% of baseline
FAL	JNAL (percentage	relative to Stear	mshovel Slough re	ference standard)			
Stea	mshovel Slough						
a)	Infaunal and Macro-Epifaunal Species Richness	Core Sampling	within one st. deviation of baseline				
b)	Infaunal and Macro-Epifaunal Community Species Density	Core Sampling	within one st. deviation of baseline				
c)	Marine Bird Diversity	Quarterly Bird Surveys	within one st. deviation of baseline				
d)	Marine Bird Density	Quarterly Bird Surveys	within one st. deviation of baseline				
e)	Belding's Savannah Sparrow Abundance	Annual Survey	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	≥95% of baseline
f)	Fish Species Abundance & Diversity	Beach Seine	≥95% of baseline	≥95% of baseline	≥95% of baseline	≥95% of baseline	≥95% of baseline
Coa	stal Salt Marsh Resto	ration					
a)	Infaunal and Macro-Epifaunal Species Richness	Core Sampling	≥30% of baseline	≥40% of baseline	≥50% of baseline	≥60% of baseline	≥80% of baseline
b)	Infaunal and Macro-Epifaunal Community Species Density	Core Sampling	≥30% of baseline	≥40% of baseline	≥50% of baseline	≥60% of baseline	>80% of baseline
c)	Marine Bird Diversity	Quarterly Bird Surveys	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Presence of one member of the following guilds waterfowl, wading/marsh birds, small shorebirds, larg shorebirds, aeria foragers, and gulls
d)	Marine Bird Density	Quarterly Bird Surveys	≥30% of baseline	≥40% of baseline	≥50% of baseline	≥60% of baseline	≥80% of baseline
e)	Fish Species Abundance & Diversity	Beach Seine	≥30% of baseline	≥40% of baseline	≥50% of baseline	≥60% of baseline	≥80% of baseline

PHY	PHYSICAL & WATER QUALITY								
Stea	Steamshovel Slough								
a)	Tidal Range – Water Level Survey	Water level measurement via tide gauge	100% of Los Cerritos Channel	N/A	N/A	N/A	100% of Los Cerritos Channel		
b)	Sediment Surface Elevations	Topographic Survey	+/6 inches of baseline	+/- 6 inches of baseline	+/- 6 inches of baseline	+/- 6 inches of baseline	+/- 6 inches of baseline		
c)	Water Quality – Dissolved Oxygen and Water Temperature	Continuous measurement via data sonde	Daily DO ≥5 mg/l, no measurement ≥ 3 mg/L ≤82°F						
Coas	Coastal Salt Marsh Restoration								
a)	Tidal Range – Water Level Survey	Water level measurement via tide gauge	100% of Los Cerritos Channel	N/A	N/A	N/A	100% of Los Cerritos Channel		
b)	Sediment Surface Elevations	Topographic Survey	+/- 6 inches of baseline/as-built						
c)	Water Quality – Dissolved Oxygen and Water Temperature	Continuous measurement via data sonde	Daily DO ≥5 mg/l, no measurement ≥ 3 mg/L ≤82°F						

D. CRAM Monitoring and Performance Standards

1. CRAM Monitoring

CRAM assessments will be conducted during years 3 and 5 to compare to the baseline CRAM. The most current version of CRAM should be used to assess the condition of the site during each monitoring period to ensure consistency of scoring. However, the original version of CRAM may be consulted to explain any scoring changes that may have occurred due to changes in the CRAM methodology. Permanent photo-documentation stations were established during the baseline CRAM and will be used for future CRAM assessments. CRAM assessments will be conducted during the growing season, generally March through September, and will follow CRAM guidelines. Scores will be uploaded to eCRAM. CRAM assessment locations within Steamshovel Slough are depicted as Exhibit 4.

2. CRAM Performance Standards

Scores for the Steamshovel Slough are not expected to increase based on the activities being performed (i.e., trash removal) and the CRAM scoring methodology, but were considered when projecting scores for the AAs subject to restoration activities. The Assessment Areas (AAs) associated with the restored marsh habitats are

Prepared by Glenn Lukos Associates, Inc.

Revisions by WRA, Inc.