

CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION

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DATE: MARCH 13, 2024

TO: Coastal Commission and Interested Persons

FROM: Kate Huckelbridge, Executive Director
Sarah Christie, Legislative Director
Sean Drake, Legislative Manager

SUBJECT: LEGISLATIVE REPORT FOR MARCH 2024

CONTENTS: This report provides summaries and status of bills affecting the Coastal Commission and California's Coastal Program, and coast-related legislation identified by staff.

Note: Information contained in this report is accurate as of March 8, 2024. Bills added since the previous report are marked by an asterisk (*). Substantive amendments are summarized in *italics*. Bill text, votes, analyses, and the current status of any bill may be viewed on the California Legislature's Homepage at <http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/>. This report can also be accessed through the Commission's homepage at www.coastal.ca.gov.

2024 Legislative Calendar

Jan 1	Statutes take effect.
Jan 3	Legislature reconvenes.
Jan 10	Budget Bill must be submitted by Governor.
Jan 12	Last day for policy committees to hear and report to fiscal committees fiscal bills introduced in that house in 2023.
Jan 19	Last day for committees to hear and report to the Floor bills introduced in that house in 2023. Last day to submit bill requests to Legislative Counsel.
Jan 31	Last day for each house to pass bills introduced in that house in 2023.
Feb 16	Last day for bills to be introduced.
Mar 21	Spring Recess begins upon adjournment.
Apr 1	Legislature reconvenes from Spring Recess.
Apr 26	Last day for policy committees to hear and report fiscal bills introduced in that house in 2024.

May 3	Last day for policy committees to hear and report non-fiscal bills introduced in that house in 2024.
May 10	Last day for policy committees to meet prior to May 28.
May 17	Last day for fiscal committees to hear and report to the Floor bills introduced in that house in 2024.
May 24	Last day for each house to pass bills introduced in that house in 2024.
May 28	Committee meetings may resume.
June 15	Budget Bill must be passed by midnight.
June 27	Last day for legislative measures to qualify for the November 5 General Election ballot.
July 3	Last day for policy committees to meet and report bills. Summer Recess begins upon adjournment.
Aug 5	Legislature reconvenes from Summer Recess.
Aug 16	Last day for fiscal committees to meet and report bills.
Aug 19-31	Floor session only.
Aug 23	Last day to amend bills on the Floor.
Aug 31	Last day for each house to pass bills. Recess begins upon adjournment.
Sept 30	Last day for Governor to sign or veto bills.
Nov 5	Statewide General Election
Dec 2	Legislature reconvenes to swear in new members.

PRIORITY LEGISLATION

COASTAL ACT AMENDMENTS

[SB 951 \(Wiener\) California Coastal Act of 1976: coastal zone: City and County of San Francisco](#)

This bill would amend the Coastal Act to relocate the coastal zone boundary in San Francisco seaward to along the Great Highway and Sloat Avenue, and to narrow the types of coastal development permits that can be appealed to the Coastal Commission statewide. The bill would also amend Housing Element Law to require any local government in the coastal zone, as part of updating its housing element, to complete all necessary local coastal program amendments by the deadline for rezones.

Introduced	01/18/24
Status	Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee (4/9/24)
Position	Oppose Unless Amended

[SB 1077 \(Blakespear\) Coastal resources: coastal development permits: accessory and junior accessory dwelling units: parking requirements](#)

This bill would amend Coastal Act Section 30610 to add accessory dwelling units (ADUs) and junior accessory dwelling units (JADUs) to the list of types of development that do not require a coastal development permit.

Introduced	02/12/24
Status	Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee (4/9/24)

SB 1234 (Allen) Coastal resources: local land use plan: zoning ordinances and district maps: modifications: ministerial approval

This bill would allow local governments to ministerially adopt modifications that are suggested by the Coastal Commission as a condition of certifying a proposed local coastal program amendment.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee (4/9/24)

AB 1881 (Davies) California Coastal Commission: membership

This bill would amend the Coastal Act to allow the Governor's appointment to the Commission who is currently required to reside in and work with environmental justice communities to, alternatively, have a professional background in geology, environmental engineering, carpentry, or building and construction trades.

Introduced 01/22/24
Status Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 2025 (Bennett) Coastal resources: certification of local coastal programs

This bill is a spot bill that would make non-substantive changes to Coastal Act Section 30522 regarding certification of local coastal programs

Introduced 02/01/24
Status Assembly Desk

AB 2560 (Alvarez) Density Bonus Law: California Coastal Act of 1976

This bill is a reintroduction of AB 1287 from 2023. It would repeal long-standing language in the Density Bonus law that requires eligible projects to harmonize the development incentives provided by Density Bonus Law with the requirements of the Coastal Act. While this bill would not amend the Coastal Act, it would have the effect of creating a Coastal Act exemption for the incorporation of Density Bonus Law incentives into multifamily housing projects.

Introduced 02/14/24
Status Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee

AB 2820 (Davies) Coastal development: permit applications and appeals: notice

This bill is a spot bill that would make non-substantive changes to the Coastal Act section regarding appeals of local coastal development permits.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

[AB 3192 \(Muratsuchi\) Major coastal resorts: coastal development permits: audits](#)

This bill would require the Coastal Commission, with the assistance of a consultant, to every 2 years prepare an audit of every major coastal resort's compliance with the requirements of multiple statutes and permits, including its coastal development permit. The bill would require the Commission to compile the audit's findings into a public report that would be posted online. The bill would also require any coastal development permit issued to a major coastal resort after January 1, 2025, to include a condition requiring submittal of a turf, landscape, and pest management plan; and the Commission would be required to add this condition to any existing coastal development permit pertaining to a major coastal resort whenever such a permit is next amended. Finally, the bill would require major coastal resorts to not use nonorganic pesticides, not provide single-use plastic bottled beverages, and place at least one recycling bin in each guest room. Violation of these requirements would be punishable by a civil penalty of \$500 per day. This bill is a reintroduction of [AB 1590 \(Friedman, 2023\)](#).

Introduced 02/16/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

PUBLIC ACCESS

[SB 964 \(Seyarto\) Property tax: tax-defaulted property sales](#)

This bill would prohibit County Treasurers/Boards of Supervisors from selling tax-default parcels to non-profit organizations for a public purpose without first making them generally available for private purchase. *Amendments of 03/05/24 would specify conditions that, if met, would still allow a County to sell a tax-default parcel to a non-profit organization, including that the property is worth less than the defaulted debt and that the Board of Supervisors has made specified findings.*

Introduced 01/23/24
Last Amended 03/05/24
Status Senate Revenue and Taxation Committee

[AB 1937 \(Berman\) State parks: Pedro Point](#)

This bill states the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would authorize the Department of Transportation to transfer surplus property in San Mateo County for state park purposes and to facilitate access to the California Coastal Trail.

Introduced 01/29/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

[AB 2038 \(Quirk-Silva\) State parks: outdoor equity programs](#)

This bill would require the Department of Parks and Recreation to regulate use of a State Park or State Beach by a non-profit or tribal organization providing outdoor equity programs to underserved park users in groups of 30 or fewer participants in the same manner that it regulates general public use, so long as the Department is not conferring any benefit to the organization that it does not provide to the general public.

Introduced 02/01/24
Last Amended 03/04/24
Status Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee

[AB 2939 \(Rendon\) Parks: cities and counties: interpretive services](#)

This bill would require every local government to regulate use of a local park or beach by a non-profit or tribal organization providing interpretive services to 30 or fewer participants in the same manner that it regulates general public use, so long as the local government is not conferring any benefit to the organization that it does not provide to the general public.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

NATURAL RESOURCES

[AB 1992 \(Boerner\) Coastal resources: coastal development permits: blue carbon projects](#)

This bill would add Section 30237 to the Coastal Act, explicitly authorizing the Coastal Commission to authorize blue carbon demonstration projects. A blue carbon project is defined as the creation or restoration of coastal wetland, intertidal, or marine habitats or ecosystems, including, but not limited to, seagrasses and wetlands, that capture carbon. State grant programs may be used to contribute toward the project. This bill is a reintroduction of [AB 45 \(Boerner, 2023\)](#).

Introduced 01/30/24
Status Assembly Natural Resources Committee

[AB 2162 \(Papan\) Shellfish and seaweed operations: marine restoration projects](#)

This bill is a spot bill that would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to consider new approaches to permitting efficiency for shellfish and seaward aquaculture and marine restoration projects.

Introduced 02/06/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

AB 2220 (Bennett) Fish: commercial fishing

This bill would expand the existing prohibition on use of gill nets and trammel nets in Marine Resources Protection Zones to all waters of the state; would prohibit the Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) from renewing a gill net or trammel net fishing permit for anyone other than the original permit holder, and would prohibit the transfer of such permits; would remove the incidental take authorizations currently in statute for giant seabass and for white sharks caught using gill nets, drift gills nets, or roundhaul nets; and would authorize CDFW to adopt and enforce regulations to require commercial fishing vessels to carry an independent third-party observer while operating within state fisheries.

Introduced 02/07/24
Status Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee

AB 2393 (Dixon) Tidelands and submerged lands: County of Orange and Newport Bay: franchises or leases

This bill would extend from 50 to 66 years the maximum period for which Orange County may grant franchises or leases for the use of its state-granted tidelands and submerged lands in Newport Bay for public trust purposes.

Introduced 02/12/24
Status Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 2298 (Hart) Coastal resources: voluntary vessel speed reduction and sustainable shipping program

This bill would require the Ocean Protection Council (OPC), in coordination with various state and federal agencies, to implement a statewide voluntary vessel speed reduction and sustainable shipping program for the California coast in order to reduce air pollution, the risk of vessel strikes on whales, and harmful underwater acoustic impacts. The bill would require the program to expand upon an existing program, would authorize the program to include specified components, including incentives to program participants, and would limit application of the program to vessels that are 300 gross tons or greater. The bill would also require OPC, by December 31, 2027, to submit a report to the Legislature regarding the implementation of the program.

Introduced 02/12/24
Status Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee

AB 2875 (Friedman) Wetlands: state policy

This bill would declare that it is the policy of the state to ensure no net loss and long-term gain in the quantity, quality, and permanence of wetlands in California.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

[AB 3162 \(Bennett\) Octopus: aquaculture: sale: prohibition](#)

This bill would prohibit any person or business from propagating, cultivating, maintaining, or harvesting any species of octopus for the purpose of human consumption.

Introduced 02/16/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

WATER QUALITY

[AJR 12 \(Alvarez\) Tijuana River: cross-border pollution](#)

This joint resolution would urge the United States Congress to support President Biden’s \$310,000,000 supplemental funding request for the United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission due to the ongoing impacts to public health, the environment, and the local economy caused by cross-border pollution in the Tijuana River Valley, and would urge President Biden to declare a national emergency due to those ongoing impacts.

Introduced 01/24/24
Status Senate Rules Committee
Position Support

[SB 1053 \(Blakespear\) Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition](#)

This bill would revise the existing statutory prohibition of single-use plastic bags to require reusable grocery bags to meet more stringent requirements, including that it not be made from plastic film material. The bill would also, commencing January 1, 2026, narrow the exception for allowable single-use plastic bags to those used solely to contain or wrap specified uncooked foods and other specified items to avoid contamination, prevent damage from moisture, or for sanitary purposes. The bill would further revise the definition of “recycled paper bag” to require it be made from 100 percent postconsumer recycled materials.

Introduced 02/08/24
Status Senate Environmental Quality Committee

[SB 1178 \(Padilla\) Tijuana River](#)

This bill is a spot bill that would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to pollution in the Tijuana River.

Introduced 02/14/24
Status Senate Rules Committee

AB 2236 (Bauer-Kahan) Solid waste: reusable grocery bags: standards: plastic film prohibition

This bill would revise the existing statutory prohibition of single-use plastic bags to require reusable grocery bags to meet more stringent requirements, including that it not be made from plastic film material. The bill would also, commencing January 1, 2026, narrow the exception for allowable single-use plastic bags to those used solely to contain or wrap specified uncooked foods and other specified items to avoid contamination, prevent damage from moisture, or for sanitary purposes. The bill would further revise the definition of “recycled paper bag” to require it be made from 100 percent postconsumer recycled materials.

Introduced 02/08/24
Status Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 2599 (Assembly Committee on Environmental Safety & Toxic Materials) Public beaches: minimum standards: untreated sewage release: testing requirements

This committee bill would authorize a health officer who is responsible for testing water quality at a public beach to meet the existing statutory requirements for water quality testing using test results obtained from other parties who conducted the testing under the health officer’s jurisdiction. *Amendments of 03/06/24 add an unrelated section concerning discontinuation of residential water service.*

Introduced 02/14/24
Last Amended 03/06/24
Status Assembly Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials Committee

AB 2916 (Friedman) Environmental health: floating devices: polystyrene

This bill would prohibit, beginning January 1, 2026, a buoy, dock, pier, or other floating device made of polystyrene from being placed into state waters unless it is completely encased in another material that prevents the release of polystyrene into the environment. Any polystyrene floating device that is repaired after January 1, 2026 would also be required to comply with this requirement.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

HOUSING

SB 1055 (Min) Accessory dwelling units: regional housing need

This bill would specify that a local government that has permitted more than its share of its regional housing need of low-income and very low-income units for its current housing element reporting period may establish by ordinance a maximum height limitation on attached accessory dwelling units of 16 feet, as opposed to the current maximum of 25 feet.

Introduced 02/08/24
Status Senate Housing Committee (3/19/24)

SB 1211 (Skinner) Land use: accessory dwelling units

This bill would expand ADU law to require a local agency to allow a minimum of 2 detached accessory dwelling units on lots with existing multifamily residential structures, and a maximum number of ADUs (both attached and detached) equal to 25% of the number of units in the existing multifamily structure. The bill would also specify that when a carport, covered parking structure, or uncovered parking space is demolished in conjunction with the construction of an ADU, the local agency cannot require those parking spaces to be replaced.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Senate Housing Committee (3/19/24)

SB 1395 (Becker) Shelter crisis: Low Barrier Navigation Center: use by right: building standards

This bill would remove the statutory sunset for the CEQA exemption for low barrier navigation centers, and would expand the definition of low barrier navigation centers by specifying that they may be non-congregate and relocatable. The bill would also expand the scope of the exemption to apply to any action by a local government to construct a low barrier navigation center, lease land for a low barrier navigation center, and other actions; and to include any action taken by a state or local agency to approve a contract related to a low barrier navigation center.

Introduced 2/16/24
Status Senate Housing Committee (3/19/24)

AB 1893 (Wicks) Housing Accountability Act: housing disapprovals: required local findings

This bill would allow a local government that is out of compliance with Housing Element Law to deny a qualifying affordable housing project under the Housing Accountability Act (HAA) if the proposed project would be more than twice the maximum density allowed by local and state law, would be less than the minimum density allowed by local and state law, or does not meet the objective standards to accommodate development at the greatest density permitted for the site. The effect of this bill would be to limit the applicability of the “Builder’s Remedy” provision of the HAA to those projects that do not meet the density criteria of the bill.

Introduced 01/23/24
Status Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee

AB 2361 (Davies) Planning and zoning: regional housing needs: exchange of allocation: Counties of Orange and San Diego

The bill would authorize any city or county within Orange and San Diego Counties to, by agreement, to transfer all or a portion of its regional housing needs allocation (RHNA) to another city or county within the counties, in exchange for payment.

Introduced 02/12/24
Status Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee

AB 2387 (Pellerin) Mobilehome parks: additional lots: exemption from additional fees or charges

This bill would allow a fully entitled mobilehome park that has never had its operations permit suspended to add new lots up to 10% of its approved number of lots. This bill would prohibit a city, county, or local enforcement agency from requiring any discretionary permit for the new lots, and would deem the expansion to be compliant with the existing zoning and regulatory approvals of the existing mobilehome park.

Introduced 02/12/24
Status Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee

AB 2553 (Friedman) Housing development: major transit stops: vehicular traffic impact fees

This bill would revise the definition of “major transit stop,” as defined in CEQA and incorporated by reference into other statutes, to reduce the frequency of required bus service from 15 minutes to 20 minutes, and to also include areas that are serviced by an on-demand transit service at least 12 hours each day. The bill would also replace references in the Mitigation Fee Act from “transit station” to “major transit stop.”

Introduced 02/14/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

AB 2649 (Wicks) State government: housing projects

This bill is a spot bill that would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would designate an unspecified state entity with permitting authority for housing projects of statewide significance.

Introduced 02/14/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

AB 3116 (Garcia) Housing development: density bonuses: student housing developments

This bill would amend Density Bonus Law to expand the eligibility provisions related to density bonuses for lower income student housing to also include housing for lower income school faculty members and staff, and would establish various eligibility criteria and requirements. The bill would also establish a sliding scale for determining the percentage density bonus and the number of incentives/concessions to which a qualifying lower income student housing project is entitled, up to a 200% density bonus and five incentives/concessions.

Introduced 02/16/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

ENERGY

SB 1085 (Nguyen) Offshore energy production: wildlife impacts: report

This bill would require the Department of Fish and Wildlife to prepare and submit a report to the Legislature by January 1, 2029, evaluating the environmental impacts on marine wildlife from offshore energy production off the California coast.

Introduced 02/12/24
Status Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee

SB 1092 (Blakespear) Coastal Resources and Energy Assistance Act

This bill is a spot bill that would make non-substantive changes to the Coastal Resources and Energy Assistance Act

Introduced 02/12/24
Status Senate Rules Committee

AB 2208 (Zbur) Offshore wind energy projects: bond act

This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislative to submit to the voters an act authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$1 billion for seaport infrastructure improvements to facilitate offshore wind energy projects off the California coast.

Introduced 02/07/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

TRANSPORTATION

SB 1098 (Blakespear) Passenger and freight rail: LOSSAN Rail Corridor

This bill would require the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Director of Transportation and the Secretary for Environmental Protection, to submit a report to the Legislature by January 1, 2026 that recommends changes to state agencies, policies, planning documents, and programs to support the LOSSAN Rail Corridor. The bill would also require the Secretary of Transportation to submit a report to the Legislature, by January 1, 2027 and biennially thereafter, on the management of the LOSSAN Rail Corridor. This bill would further require the metropolitan planning organizations for the counties located within the LOSSAN Rail Corridor to jointly submit a report to the Legislature by January 1, 2026, that provides recommendations on various topics relating to rail service in the corridor, including recommended changes to state legislation, policies, rules, or funding.

Introduced 02/13/24
Status Senate Transportation Committee (4/9/24)

AB 2558 (Hart) Department of Transportation: projects: fish passage

This bill would make multiple changes to the statutory provisions concerning Caltrans' fish passage program, including extending the annual reporting requirement until 2030, requiring annual reports to contain additional information, and expanding the Caltrans projects for which a fish passage assessment is required to include projects that are adjacent to or have a nexus with a stream historically containing anadromous fish. The bill would also amend the Fish and Game Code to expand the prohibition on installing structures that impede fish passage from certain applying only in fish and game districts to applying statewide.

Introduced 02/14/24
Status Assembly Transportation Committee

AB 2869 (Friedman) Department of Transportation: trail access: infrastructure projects

This bill would require Caltrans to mitigate the impact of its transportation projects that would interfere with or eliminate trail access to parks and recreational areas by maintaining safe access for users of existing trails or providing alternative safe access to those areas.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

ADMINISTRATIVE

SB 908 (Cortese) Public records: legislative records: electronic messages

This bill would prohibit an elected or appointed official or an employee of a public agency from creating or sending a public record using a non-official electronic messaging system unless the official or employee sends a copy of the public record to an official electronic messaging system.

Introduced 01/08/24
Status Senate Rules Committee

SB 1104 (Niello) Office of Regulatory Counsel

This bill would establish the Office of Regulatory Counsel within the Governor's office, and would require the Office to draft and assist in the preparation, consideration, amendment, and repeal of regulations for a state agency, before the agency submits a proposed regulation to the Office of Administrative Law for publication in the California Regulatory Notice Register.

Introduced 02/13/24
Status Senate Governmental Organization Committee

SB 1114 (Niello) State agencies: budget and personnel disclosure

This bill would require every state agency to post on its website homepage a disclosure that states the agency's total staff personnel, annual budget, and the state funds contributing to the agency's budget, for the current and previous three fiscal years.

Introduced 02/13/24
Status Senate Governmental Organization Committee

SB 1246 (Limón) California Prompt Payment Act: nonprofit organizations

This bill would expand the existing statutory requirement that state agencies make on-time payments for grants of more than \$500,000 to local governments and small businesses to remove the \$500,000 threshold and also to include non-profit organizations. The bill would also require a state agency that disputes an invoice received from a nonprofit organization claimant to pay, within 45 calendar days from receipt of the invoice, the undisputed portion of the invoice if the disputed amount is equal to or less than \$250 or 5% of the total amount of the invoice.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Senate Governmental Organization Committee

AB 1964 (Fong) State agencies: budgeting

The bill would require the Department of Finance, on January 1, 2027, and annually thereafter, to require one-fifth of state agencies to develop their budgets using a zero-based budgeting method described by the bill. The one-fifth of agencies to which this requirement would apply would revolve annually on a five-year cycle. In developing its zero-based budget, the bill would require each state agency to work with Finance to submit a report to the Senate Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review, the Assembly Committee on Budget, and the Joint Legislative Budget Committee.

Introduced 01/29/24
Status Assembly Budget Committee

AB 2197 (Addis) Personal income taxes: Protect Our Coast and Oceans Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund

This bill would extend the operation of the Protect Our Coast and Oceans Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund, by which the public may donate a portion of their state tax return to support the Coastal Commission's Whale Tail Grant Program, until January 1, 2032, unless the minimum annual total contribution amount of \$250,000 is not met.

Introduced 02/07/24
Status Assembly Revenue and Taxation Committee (3/11/24)
Position Support

AB 2904 (Quirk-Silva) Zoning ordinances: notice

This bill would increase the noticing period for a planning commission hearing on a proposed zoning ordinance or zoning ordinance amendment that would affect the permitted uses of real property from 10 days to 60 days before the hearing. The bill would require the written notice that a local government is required to send to property owners affected by a proposed zoning ordinance or zoning ordinance amendment to include details describing the proposed ordinance or amendment, the reasons for the proposal, and information describing how to participate in public hearings. The bill would require this notice to also be posted on the local government’s website.

Introduced 02/15/24
Status Assembly Rules Committee

TWO-YEAR BILLS

AB 305 (Villapudua) California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024

This bill would enact the California Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters in the November 2024 general election, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,500,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law for flood protection projects. *Amendments of 04/25/23 specify that projects funded by the bond shall provide workforce education and training, contractor, and job opportunities for vulnerable populations or socially disadvantaged groups.*

Introduced 01/26/23
Last Amended 04/25/23
Status Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee

SB 584 (Limón) Laborforce housing: Short-Term Rental Tax Law

This bill would impose a 15% state tax on the occupancy of a short-term rental. The bill would define “short-term rental” for this purpose to mean the occupancy of a home, house, a room in a home or house, or other lodging that is not a hotel, inn, motel, or bed and breakfast, in this state for a period of 30 days or less. The bill would direct the collected tax revenues to the Laborforce Housing Fund, which the bill would create for the construction of permanently deed-restricted housing owned and managed by public entities or mission-driven non-profit organizations. The fund would be administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development.

Introduced 01/15/23
Last Amended 05/18/23
Status Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee

SB 638 (Eggman) Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024

This bill would enact the Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters in the November 5, 2024 general election, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,500,000,000, for flood protection and climate resiliency projects. *Amendments of 03/20/23 increase the amount of the bond to \$6,000,000,000. Amendments of 06/28/23 make changes to the findings, and add definitions and administrative processes.*

Introduced	02/16/23
Last Amended	06/28/23
Status	Assembly Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee

SB 689 (Blakespear) Local coastal program: bicycle lane: amendment

As amended, this bill would add Section 30610.91 to the Coastal Act, which would specify that a traffic study is not required for a coastal development permit or a local coastal program amendment proposed by a local government to convert an existing motorized vehicle travel lane into a dedicated bicycle lane. If a local coastal program amendment is required to convert a developed portion of an existing road into a bicycle lane, the bill would require the amendment to be processed as de minimis if the Executive Director determines that the project would provide public access benefits without significantly reducing existing public access opportunities.

Introduced	01/13/23
Last Amended	01/03/24
Status	Assembly Rules Committee
Position	Support

SB 867 (Allen) Drought and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, and Park Creation and Outdoor Access Bond Act of 2024

This bill would enact the above-referenced bond act which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of \$15.5 billion in general obligation bonds to finance projects for drought and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, parks, and outdoor access programs. The bill would require that coastal resilience projects be consistent with the sea level rise policies and guidelines established by the Coastal Commission and partner agencies. *Amendments of 06/22/23 specify that the measure would be on the March 5, 2024 Primary Ballot; add a definition of "Socially Disadvantaged Group"; include a provision for projects using bond funds to workforce education and job training for disadvantaged groups as feasible; and provides \$100,000,000 for brackish and seawater desalination projects.*

Introduced	02/17/23
Last Amended	06/22/23
Status	Assembly Natural Resources Committee

AB 1284 (Ramos) Tribal ancestral lands and waters: co-governance and co-management agreements

As amended, this bill would encourage the Secretary of Natural Resource or the Secretary’s delegate to enter into co-governance and co-management agreements with federally recognized tribes for the purpose of shared responsibility, decision-making, and partnership in resource management and conservation within a tribe’s ancestral lands and waters.

Introduced 02/16/23
Last Amended 01/22/24
Status Senate Rules Committee

AB 1533 (Utilities and Energy Committee) Electricity

Relevant to the Coastal Commission, this bill would specify that energy generated by Diablo Canyon after August 26, 2025 could not be counted toward the state’s “zero carbon” energy goals; extend the work of the Diablo Canyon seismic peer review panel for an additional 5 years; and add additional reporting requirements related to safety, system reliability, and annual electricity demand forecasts. *Amendments of 05/01/23 add an urgency clause to the measure.*

Introduced 02/17/23
Last Amended 05/25/23
Status Senate Energy, Utilities, and Commerce Committee

AB 1567 (Garcia) Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2024

This bill would enact the above-referenced bond act which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$15,105,000,000 for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, and workforce development programs on the March 2024 statewide ballot. Among other provisions, the bond would authorize the Legislature to appropriate \$30 million to the Coastal Commission for grants to local governments for local adaptation planning and updating local coastal programs. *Amendments of 05/26/23 increase the amount of the measure to \$15,995,000,000, and add provisions related to clean energy.*

Introduced 02/17/23
Last Amended 05/26/23
Status Senate Natural Resources and Water Committee

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